

Introduction

Business Need

The South African software development industry, valued at USD 1.2 billion in 2023 and projected to reach USD 3.4 billion by 2030, is under increasing pressure to enhance team performance and deliver high-quality solutions efficiently. Engineering managers need data-driven insights to monitor and improve productivity, particularly through the adoption of industry-standard DORA metrics.

Project Scope

DevX360 is an AI-powered DevOps analytics platform designed to automatically track, analyse, and visualize key DORA metrics—**Deployment Frequency**, **Lead Time to Change**, **Mean Time to Recover**, and **Change Failure Rate**. By integrating with existing development tools, DevX360 provides actionable insights through real-time dashboards, automated reports, and AI-based recommendations to help engineering teams optimize workflows and reach elite performance levels.

User Stories

1. User Authentication

- **US1:** As a new user, I want to register via email/password or third-party providers (GitHub, Google) so that I can access the system securely.
- **US2:** As a security-conscious user, I want to enable Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) during login so that my account remains protected.
- **US2.1:** As a security-conscious user, I want to be automatically logged out after 30 minutes of inactivity so that my session isn't left vulnerable.
- **US3:** As a manager, I want to generate invite-only sign-up links for team members to ensure controlled access to the platform.

2. User Roles

- **US4:** As a manager, I want to view team performance metrics and detailed reports so that I can identify bottlenecks and optimize workflows.
- **US5:** As a team member, I want to view my personal metrics and receive AI-driven improvement suggestions so that I can enhance my contributions and commits.
- **US5.1:** As an admin/leader I want to be able to change roles of members to manage access as team structures evolve.

3. DORA Metrics Collection

- **US6:** As a DevOps engineer, I want the system to automatically collect deployment frequency and lead time from GitHub and CI/CD tools so that I can monitor delivery performance without manual effort.
- **US7:** As a team lead, I want real-time updates on Mean Time to Recover (MTTR) so that I can address incidents promptly.
- **US7.1:** As a developer, I want to see visual comparisons of current vs previous DORA metrics so I can track improvements.

4. Team s Individual Metrics

- **US8:** As a manager, I want to view team-level metrics while respecting privacy so that I can foster collaboration without encouraging harmful competition.
- **US9:** As a developer, I want to see my individual contribution metrics privately so that I can self-assess and improve.

5. AI Features

- **US10:** As a developer, I want AI to analyze my pull requests and suggest code quality improvements so that I can reduce technical debt.
- **US11:** As a team member, I want AI-generated commit messages to standardize my workflow so that commit logs are clear and consistent.
- **US11.1:** As a manager, I want AI to summarize team-wide performance trends from metrics so I can identify patterns without digging through raw data.

6. Compliance s Tracking

- **US12:** As a manager, I want alerts when no commits are made on a workday so that I can ensure consistent progress and avoid code loss.
- **US13:** As a developer, I want reminders to commit code daily so that I stay aligned with team expectations.

7. Dashboard s Reporting

- **US14:** As a user, I want a role-based dashboard showing real-time DORA metrics so that I can track performance at a glance.
- **US15:** As a manager, I want automated weekly reports emailed to stakeholders so that I can share progress without manual effort.
- **US15.1:** As a team lead, I want to bookmark or pin specific metrics on my dashboard for easy access.

8. Integrations

- **US16:** As a developer, I want seamless integration with GitHub and Jira so that data flows automatically into DevX360 without duplication.
- **US17:** As an admin, I want API access to connect custom tools so that the system adapts to our existing workflow.

9. Security s Compliance

- **US18:** As a user, I want RBAC to restrict access to sensitive data so that only authorized roles view specific metrics.
- **US19:** As a compliance officer, I want GDPR-compliant data handling so that user privacy is legally protected.

10. Non-Functional Needs

- **US20:** As a user, I want the dashboard to load within 2 seconds so that I can work efficiently without delays.
- **US21:** As a global team, I want the system to support 10,000 concurrent users so that scalability is ensured during peak usage.

User Characteristics

User Roles

- **Team Leader:** Oversees team performance, reviews DORA metrics, receives reports, and configures alerts. Responsible for inviting new Team Members via the invite feature.
- **Team Member:** Contributes code, receives feedback on pull requests and views personal metrics and AI suggestions. For privacy metrics are hidden from other users
- **Admin:** In charge of the initial setup and system configuration. Can select the initial Team Leaders.

Age Range

- Most users are between 21 and 45 years old, typically working as professional developers, team leads, or engineering managers.

User Skill Levels

- **Technical Understanding:** Most users are expected to have experience with GitHub, CI/CD pipelines and other Git-based workflows
- **AI Understanding:** Users are not expected to understand the internals of an LLM. The setup and internal functioning of the LLM will be abstracted from the user and will be handled by the developers
- **Web Interface Understanding:** Users are assumed to be comfortable with modern web interfaces and are expected to be able to interact with web pages (dashboard usage, report downloads).

Internal vs. External Users

- DevX360 is designed for internal use within software development teams.
- All users are authorized, authenticated members of an organization; there are no anonymous or public-facing access points. There is no ambiguity regarding users of the system.

Accessibility Needs

- Some users may need keyboard-only navigation or screen reader support.
- WCAG 2.1 AA compliance is a target to ensure accessibility for users with visual or motor impairments.

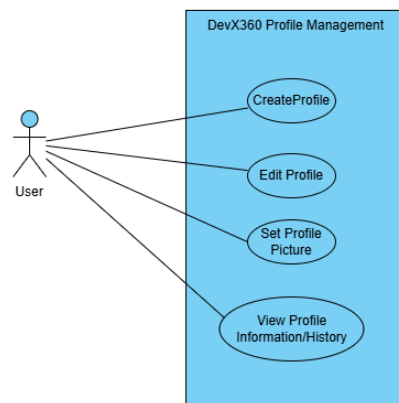
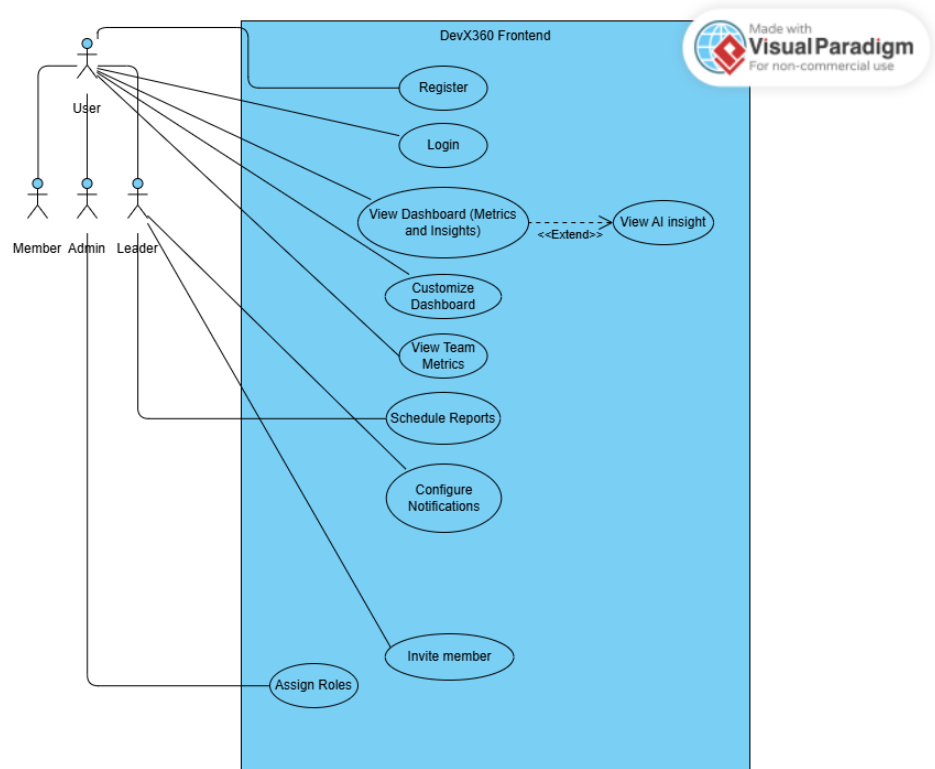
Availability & Usage Patterns

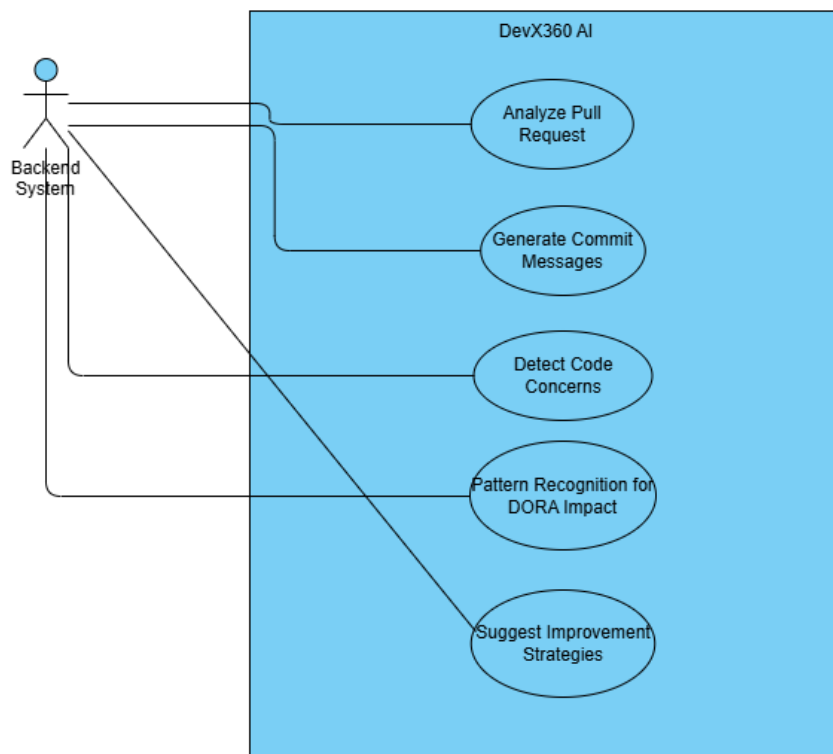
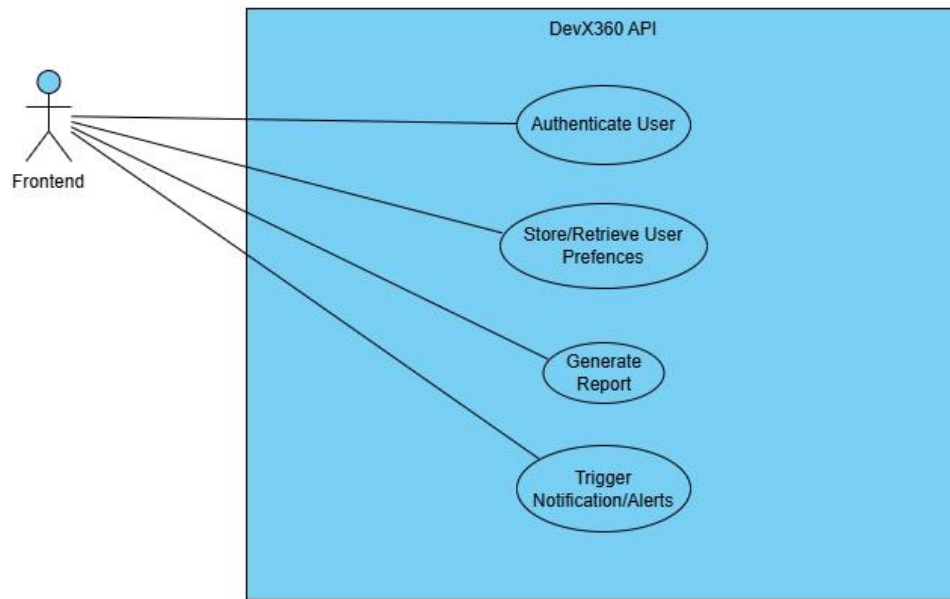
- Users access the platform during typical work hours, but some features like notifications or reports may be used asynchronously.
- Developers may log in multiple times a day to check metrics and PR feedback.
- Managers tend to review dashboards and reports on a weekly or sprint basis.

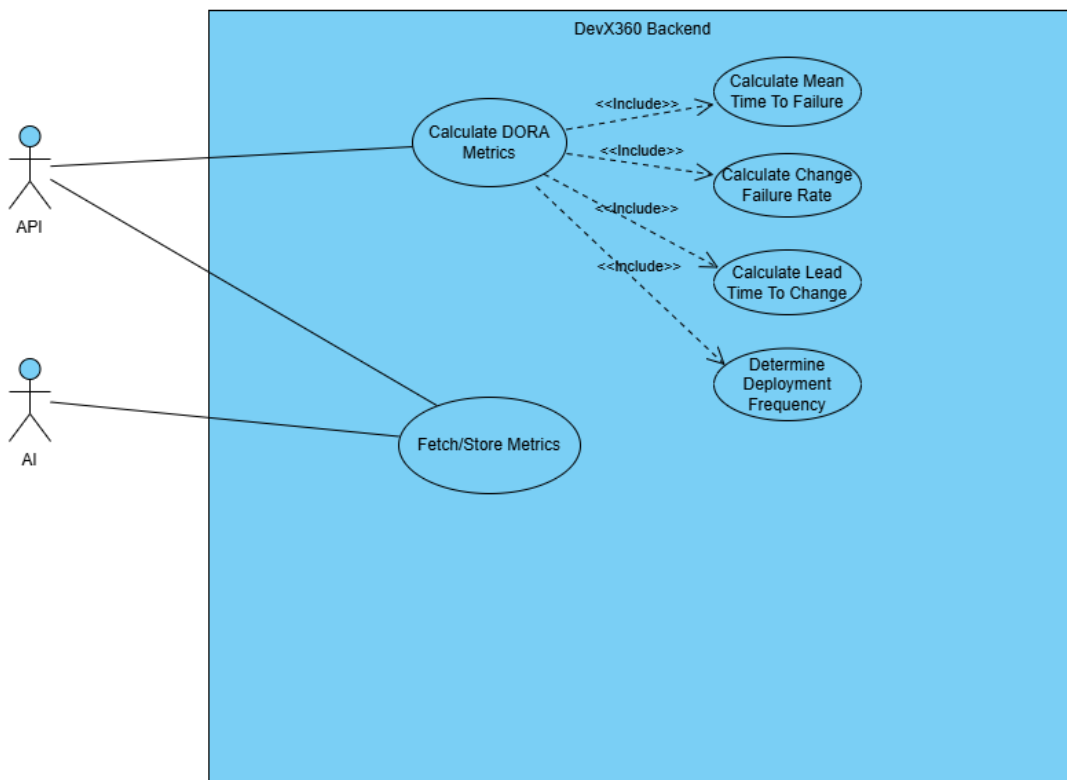
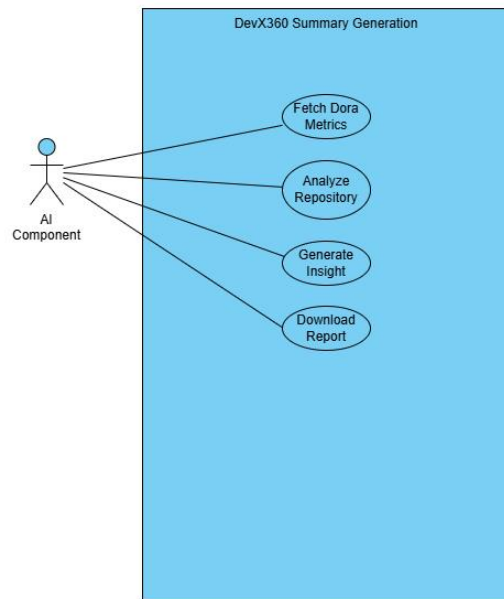
Security Awareness

- Users understand the need for strong authentication, access control, and privacy. Features like MFA, RBAC, and session timeout are expected.
- Compliance with GDPR/POPIA is necessary for both trust and legal alignment.

Use Case Diagrams







Functional Requirements

FR1: User Authentication

- **FR1.1:** The system shall support user registration via email/password and third-party providers (e.g., GitHub, Google).
- **FR1.2:** The system shall implement Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for enhanced security.
- **FR1.3:** The system shall support invite-only registration to ensure controlled team access.

FR2: User Profile Management

- **FR2.1:** The system shall provide a user profile page displaying user details including name, email, role, and join date.
- **FR2.2:** The system shall allow users to upload and update profile pictures/avatars.
- **FR2.3:** The system shall support JPEG, PNG, and GIF formats for profile pictures.
- **FR2.4:** The system shall automatically resize and optimize uploaded profile images for performance.

FR3: User Role Management

- **FR3.1:** The system shall implement Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) for "Manager" and "Team Member" roles.
- **FR3.2:** The system shall restrict access to data based on user roles and privacy settings.
- **FR3.3:** The system shall allow managers to invite team members and assign appropriate roles.

FR4: DORA Metrics Collection

- **FR4.1:** The system shall automatically collect **Deployment Frequency** metrics from CI/CD tools.
- **FR4.2:** The system shall calculate **Lead Time to Change** using data from version control systems.
- **FR4.3:** The system shall track **Mean Time to Recover (MTTR)** from incident and recovery data.
- **FR4.4:** The system shall compute **Change Failure Rate (CFR)** from deployment and rollback information.
- **FR4.5:** The system shall update DORA metrics after data ingestion.

FR5: Team and Individual Metrics

- **FR5.1:** The system shall display team-level DORA metrics accessible to users.
- **FR5.2:** The system shall provide individual performance metrics with configurable privacy controls.
- **FR5.3:** The system shall support filtering of metrics by time periods and individual team members.

FR6: AI Code Analysis

- **FR6.1:** The system shall analyze pull requests to detect code quality issues.
- **FR6.2:** The system shall provide actionable improvement suggestions based on code analysis.
- **FR6.3:** The system shall identify patterns that may negatively affect DORA metrics performance.

FR7: AI-Assisted Commit Messages

- **FR7.1:** The system shall suggest standardized commit messages for developers.
- **FR7.2:** The system shall improve the consistency and clarity of the commit log.

FR8: Commit Compliance Tracking

- **FR8.1:** The system shall track scheduled commit activity per developer.
- **FR8.2:** The system shall generate alerts when no commits are made on scheduled workdays.
- **FR8.3:** The system shall send scheduled commit reminders to team members.
- **FR8.4:** The system shall provide an activity history interface for users to view their most recent action.

FRG: Performance Dashboard

- **FRG.1:** The system shall provide role-based dashboards showing real-time DORA metrics.
- **FRG.2:** The system shall allow users to customize their dashboard views.
- **FRG.3:** The system shall support drill-down features for in-depth performance analysis.

FR10: Automated Reporting

- **FR10.1:** The system shall generate automated performance reports for stakeholders.
- **FR10.3:** The system shall allow users to schedule and configure custom reports.

FR11: Tool Integrations

- **FR11.1:** The system shall integrate with GitHub to collect repository and commit data.

Service Contracts

Authentication Service

Aspect	Description
Purpose	Manages user registration, login, and session management
Inputs	User credentials, authentication tokens, session data
Outputs	Authentication status, user roles, session tokens
Interface	REST API endpoints: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- POST /auth/register- POST /auth/login- POST /auth/logout- GET /auth/verify

Metrics Collection Service

Aspect	Description
Purpose	Collects and processes DORA metrics from integrated tools
Inputs	GitHub webhooks, CI/CD pipeline data, deployment logs
Outputs	Calculated DORA metrics, processed performance data
Interface	Event-driven processing with REST API: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- GET /metrics/team- GET /metrics/individual

AI Analysis Service

Aspect	Description
Purpose	Analyzes code quality and generates improvement suggestions

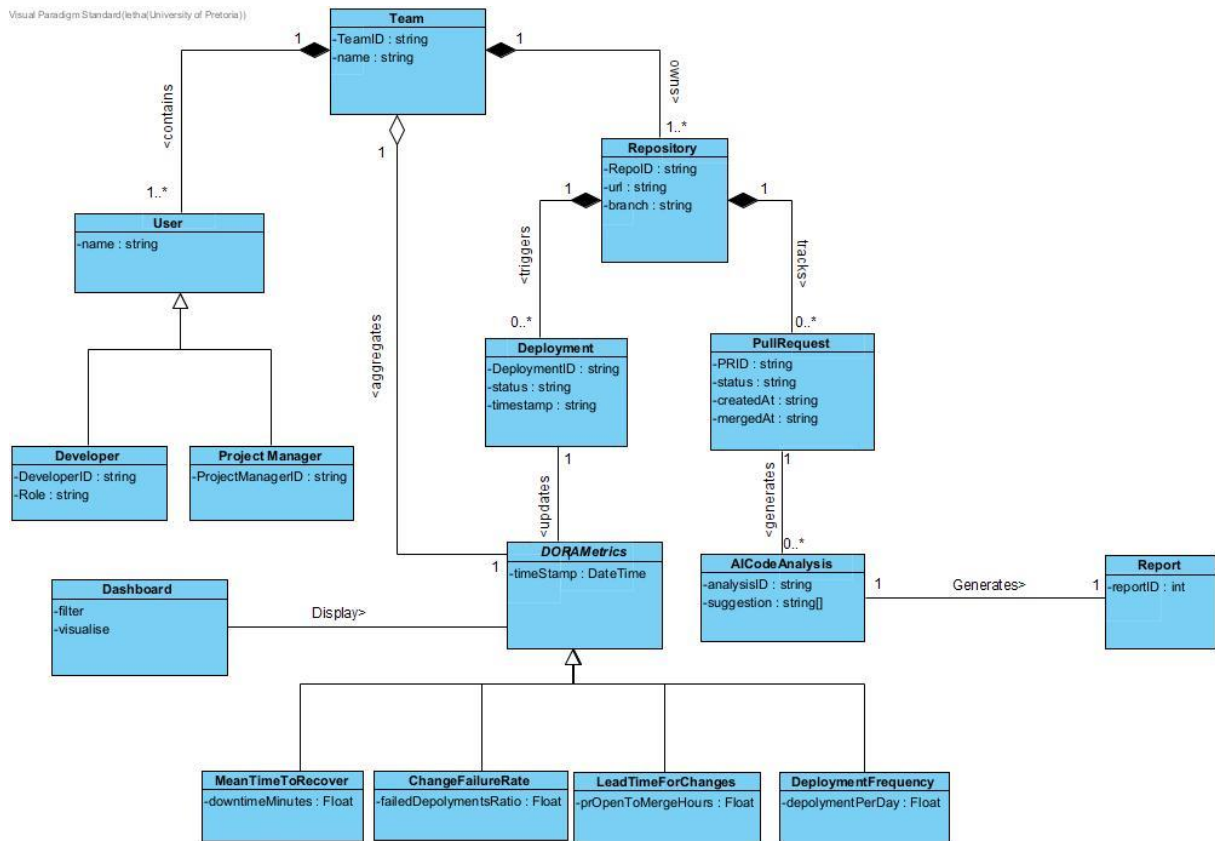
Inputs	Pull request data, commit information, code changes
Outputs	Code quality scores, improvement recommendations, pattern analysis
Interface	Internal service API: - POST /ai/analyze-pr - GET /ai/suggestions

Dashboard Service

Aspect	Description
Purpose	Provides role-based dashboard data and visualizations
Inputs	User role, time filters, team selection
Outputs	Dashboard data, charts, performance summaries
Interface	REST API: - GET /dashboard/manager - GET /dashboard/member

Notification Service

Aspect	Description
Purpose	Manages alerts, reports, and user notifications
Inputs	Metric thresholds, user preferences, schedule configurations
Outputs	Email reports, in-app notifications, alert messages
Interface	Internal service: - POST /notifications/send - GET /notifications/preferences



Architectural Requirements

Quality Requirements

1. Performance Requirements

1.1. Dashboard Load Time: All dashboard pages must load within 2 seconds under normal network conditions.

1.2. Data Processing: DORA metrics calculations must be completed within 5 seconds of data ingestion from integrated tools.

1.3. API Response: API endpoints must respond within 500ms for 95% of requests under typical load.

2. Scalability Requirements

2.1. User Capacity: Support up to 50 concurrent users with no degradation in performance.

3. Reliability Requirements

3.1. Uptime: Achieve 99.5% annual uptime, excluding scheduled maintenance.

3.2. Real-Time Updates: Ensure metric updates reflect in the dashboard with a maximum latency of 300 seconds after data ingestion.

4. Security Requirements

4.1. Access Control: Implement role-based access control (RBAC) for Managers and Team Members.

5. Usability s Accessibility

5.1. Accessibility Compliance: Ensure the dashboard meets WCAG 2.1 AA accessibility standards.

5.2. Responsive Design: Optimize the interface for seamless use on desktop and mobile devices.

6. Compatibility s Integration

6.1. Tool Integration: Support integration with GitHub.

7. Maintainability s Support

7.1. Documentation: Provide detailed API documentation and architectural guidelines.

7.2. Code Quality: Maintain a codebase with at least **80% unit test coverage** and enforce consistent linting rules via CI/CD pipeline.

8. Legal s Compliance

8.1. Data Privacy: Comply with GDPR and POPIA regulations for user data protection.

8.2. User Consent: Obtain explicit user consent for data collection and processing during sign-up.

Architectural Patterns

- **Monolith Architecture:** Design the system using loosely coupled services for independent scaling and deployment.
- **API-First Design:** Ensure all integrations and internal components expose well-documented APIs for extensibility.
- **Event-Driven Processing:** Use asynchronous event handling for real-time metric updates and alerts.

Design Patterns

Pattern	Purpose
Singleton Pattern	To ensure that the api makes one instance of the connection to the database
Observer Pattern	Enables real-time alerting and notification updates
Strategy Pattern	Allows multiple integration strategies for development tools
Factory Pattern	Facilitates creation of metric calculation services based on need

Constraints

- **GitHub Dependency:** The system must prioritize GitHub for sourcing metrics (e.g., commits, pull requests, CI/CD data).
- **Dashboard Functionality:** Dashboards must display at least 4 DORA metrics and support role-based privacy controls.
- **Hosting Limitations:** Deploy only on approved platforms.
- **Real-Time Data:** Metrics must reflect updates within 300 seconds of data ingestion.
- **Compliance Deadlines:** Adhere to GDPR and POPIA requirements from initial deployment.

Technology Requirements

Frontend Technologies

Component	Technology
Framework	JavaScript
Styling	React
Data Visualization	D3.js for advanced charts and metric visualizations

Backend Technologies

Component	Technology
Runtime	Node.js with Express framework
Database	MongoDB Atlas
AI Processing	Ollama (local LLM-based code analysis)

Integration Technologies

Component	Technology
Version Control	GitHub API
CI/CD Pipeline	GitHub Actions
Hosting	Vercel for frontend and serverless API hosting

Development Tools

Purpose	Tool
Code Quality	ESLint, Prettier
Testing	Jest (unit testing)
Monitoring	Built-in analytics and error tracking and database connection mocking

Deployment Model

Live Deployed System