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1. Introduction

This document establishes coding standards for the Safe And Modular Fleet Management System (SAMFMS), a microservices-based application built with Python, FastAPI, MongoDB, and Docker. These standards ensure consistency, maintainability, and readability across all services.

Reference: Based on Chapter 18 software engineering principles and adapted for SAMFMS microservices architecture.

2. General Principles

Core Principles

- Readability: Self-documenting code with clear naming
- Consistency: Follow established patterns throughout codebase
- Modularity: Small, focused functions and classes with single responsibility
- DRY: Avoid code duplication
- **SOLID**: Follow object-oriented design principles

Development Philosophy

- Microservices-First: Independently deployable services
- API-First: Design APIs before implementation
- Security by Design: Built-in security considerations
- Observability: Comprehensive logging and monitoring

3. Python Code Style

3.1 PEP 8 Compliance

Follow PEP 8 with these specifications:

- Line length: 88 characters (Black formatter)
- Indentation: 4 spaces (no tabs)

- Type hints: Required for all functions
- Docstrings: Required for all modules, classes, and public methods

3.2 Import Organization

1. Standard library

import os, logging, asynciofrom datetime import datetimefrom typing import Dict, List, Optional, Any

2. Third-party

from fastapi import FastAPI, HTTPException, Depends
from pydantic import BaseModel, Field
import motor.motor_asyncio

3. Local application

from config.settings import settings
from services.auth_service import AuthService
from logging_config import get_logger

3.3 Function Structure Example

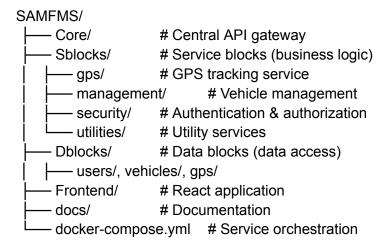
```
async def process_vehicle_data(
       vehicle id: str,
       location_data: Dict[str, Any],
       timestamp: Optional[datetime] = None
) -> Dict[str, Any]:
       Process incoming vehicle location data.
       Args:
     vehicle id: Unique vehicle identifier
     location data: GPS coordinates and metadata
     timestamp: Recording time (defaults to now)
       Returns:
       Processed location information
       Raises:
     ValueError: If vehicle_id invalid
     HTTPException: If processing fails
       if not vehicle_id:
       raise ValueError("Vehicle ID cannot be empty")
```

timestamp = timestamp or datetime.utcnow()

```
try:
    return {
    "vehicle_id": vehicle_id,
    "coordinates": location_data.get("coordinates"),
    "timestamp": timestamp.isoformat(),
    "processed_at": datetime.utcnow().isoformat()
}
except Exception as e:
logger.error(f"Failed to process vehicle data: {e}")
raise HTTPException(status_code=500, detail="Processing failed")
```

4. Project File Structure

4.1 Repository Structure



4.2 Standard Service Structure

Each microservice must follow this layout:

```
service_name/
    - main.py
                      # FastAPI entry point
                             # Dependencies
    requirements.txt
                      # Container config

    Dockerfile

    config/
                      # Settings and database
    – models/
                      # API and database models
                      # API endpoints
     - routes/
    - services/
                      # Business logic
    – middleware/
                      # Logging and security
     - utils/
                      # Helper functions
    - tests/
                      # Unit and integration tests
           - unit/
          — integration/
```

5. Naming Conventions

5.1 General Rules

- Files/Directories: snake_case (e.g., auth_service.py, vehicle_management/)
- Classes: PascalCase (e.g., VehicleService, AuthenticationError)
- Functions/Variables: snake_case (e.g., get_vehicle_location, user_id)
- Constants: UPPER_SNAKE_CASE (e.g., MAX_RETRY_ATTEMPTS, DEFAULT_TIMEOUT)
- Private: Leading underscore (e.g., _connection, _validate_input)

5.2 API and Database

```
# API endpoints: kebab-case
@app.get("/api/vehicle-locations/{vehicle_id}")
@app.post("/api/user-management/create-user")
# Database collections: snake_case
users_collection = db.users
vehicle_locations_collection = db.vehicle_locations
# Document fields: snake case
user_doc = {
       "user_id": "12345",
       "full_name": "John Doe",
       "created_at": datetime.utcnow()
}
# Pydantic models: snake case with camelCase aliases for frontend
class VehicleResponse(BaseModel):
       vehicle_id: str = Field(alias="vehicleId")
       license_plate: str = Field(alias="licensePlate")
```

6. Documentation Standards

6.1 Module Headers

,,,,,,

GPS Service Module

Provides GPS tracking and location management for SAMFMS.

Features: Real-time tracking, geofence monitoring, location history

Author: SAMFMS Development Team

Version: 1.0.0

6.2 Class and Function Documentation

class VehicleLocationService:

,,,,,

```
Manages vehicle location data and GPS tracking.
       Handles GPS processing, location history, geofence detection,
       and real-time updates via WebSocket.
       async def calculate_distance(
       self, point1: Dict[str, float], point2: Dict[str, float]
       ) -> float:
       Calculate distance between geographic points using Haversine formula.
       Args:
        point1: Coordinates with 'lat' and 'lng' keys
       point2: Coordinates with 'lat' and 'lng' keys
       Returns:
        Distance in kilometers
       Raises:
        ValueError: If coordinates are invalid
       pass
7. Error Handling
7.1 Exception Hierarchy
class SAMFMSException(Exception):
       """Base exception for SAMFMS application errors."""
       pass
class AuthenticationError(SAMFMSException):
       """Authentication failure."""
       pass
class VehicleNotFoundError(SAMFMSException):
       """Vehicle not found."""
       pass
```

7.2 Error Handling Pattern

```
async def get_vehicle_by_id(vehicle_id: str) -> Dict[str, Any]:
    """Retrieve vehicle with proper error handling."""

if not vehicle_id.strip():
    raise HTTPException(status_code=400, detail="Vehicle ID required")
```

```
try:
  vehicle = await vehicles_collection.find_one({"_id": vehicle_id})
  if not vehicle:
  raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Vehicle not found")
  return vehicle

except HTTPException:
  raise
  except Exception as e:
logger.error(f"Database error retrieving vehicle {vehicle_id}: {e}")
  raise HTTPException(status_code=500, detail="Retrieval failed")
```

7.3 Logging Standards

```
logger = get_logger(__name__)

# Usage by level:
logger.debug(f"Processing: {data}")  # Detailed diagnostics
logger.info(f"Vehicle {id} updated")  # General information
logger.warning(f"Vehicle {id} outside fence") # Unexpected but recoverable
logger.error(f"Database connection failed")  # Serious problems
logger.critical(f"Service startup failed")  # System-threatening errors

# Structured logging with context
logger.info("Authentication successful", extra={
    "user_id": user_id, "ip": request.client.host
})
```

8. Testing Standards

8.1 Test Organization

8.2 Test Structure Example

```
import pytest
from unittest.mock import Mock
from fastapi.testclient import TestClient

class TestVehicleService:
    """Test suite for VehicleService."""

    @pytest.fixture
    def vehicle_service(self):
    return VehicleService(Mock())
```

```
async def test_get_vehicle_success(self, vehicle_service):
 """Test successful vehicle retrieval."""
 # Arrange
vehicle_service.db.find_one.return_value = {
 " id" "123", "license plate" "ABC123"
 }
 # Act
 result = await vehicle_service.get_vehicle_by_id("123")
 # Assert
 assert result["license_plate"] == "ABC123"
 async def test_get_vehicle_not_found(self, vehicle_service):
 """Test vehicle not found scenario."""
vehicle_service.db.find_one.return_value = None
 with pytest.raises(HTTPException) as exc:
 await vehicle service.get vehicle by id("missing")
 assert exc.value.status_code == 404
```

9. Database and API Conventions

9.1 MongoDB Document Structure

```
# User document
{
    "_id": ObjectId(),
    "user_id": str(uuid.uuid4()),
    "email": "user@example.com",
    "full_name": "John Doe",
    "role": "driver",
    "permissions": ["view_vehicles", "update_location"],
    "profile": {"phone": "+27123456789"},
    "metadata": {
    "created_at": datetime.utcnow(),
    "updated_at": datetime.utcnow(),
```

```
"is_active": True
}
# Vehicle document
{
       " id": ObjectId(),
       "vehicle id": str(uuid.uuid4()),
       "license_plate": "ABC123GP",
       "make": "Toyota", "model": "Hilux", "year": 2023,
       "current_status": {
       "status": "active",
       "location": {"coordinates": [-26.2041, 28.0473]},
       "driver_id": "driver_uuid"
       },
       "metadata": {"created_at": datetime.utcnow(), "is_active": True}
}
9.2 Pydantic Models
class VehicleStatus(str, Enum):
       ACTIVE = "active"
       MAINTENANCE = "maintenance"
       OUT_OF_SERVICE = "out_of_service"
class VehicleBase(BaseModel):
       license_plate: str = Field(..., min_length=6, max_length=10)
       make: str = Field(..., min_length=1, max_length=50)
       year: int = Field(..., ge=1900, le=2030)
       @validator('license_plate')
       def validate_license_plate(cls, v):
       pattern = r'^[A-Z]{2,3}[0-9]{3,4}[A-Z]{0,2}$'
       if not re.match(pattern, v.upper()):
       raise ValueError('Invalid SA license plate format')
       return v.upper()
class VehicleResponse(VehicleBase):
       vehicle_id: str
       status: VehicleStatus
       created_at: datetime
9.3 API Response Formats
# Success response
{
       "success": true,
       "data": {"vehicle_id": "123", "license_plate": "ABC123"},
       "message": "Vehicle retrieved successfully",
       "timestamp": "2024-01-15T10:30:00Z"
}
# Error response
```

```
"success": false,
    "error": {
    "code": "VEHICLE_NOT_FOUND",
    "message": "Vehicle not found",
    "details": {"requested_id": "123"}
    },
    "timestamp": "2024-01-15T10:30:00Z"
}
```

10. Configuration Management

Environment Variables

```
# config/settings.py
class Settings:
      """Application settings from environment variables."""
      # Database
      MONGODB_URL: str = os.getenv("MONGODB_URL", "mongodb://localhost:27017")
      DATABASE_NAME: str = os.getenv("DATABASE_NAME", "samfms")
      # Message Queue
      RABBITMQ_URL: str = os.getenv("RABBITMQ_URL",
"amqp://guest:guest@localhost:5672/")
      REDIS_URL: str = os.getenv("REDIS_URL", "redis://localhost:6379")
      # Authentication
      JWT_SECRET_KEY: str = os.getenv("JWT_SECRET_KEY", "your-secret-key")
      ACCESS_TOKEN_EXPIRE_MINUTES: int =
int(os.getenv("ACCESS_TOKEN_EXPIRE_MINUTES", "30"))
      # Service Configuration
      SERVICE NAME: str = os.getenv("SERVICE NAME", "samfms-core")
      API_PORT: int = int(os.getenv("API_PORT", "8000"))
```

```
DEBUG: bool = os.getenv("DEBUG", "False").lower() == "true" settings = Settings()
```

11. Security Standards

Authentication and Authorization

```
from fastapi import Depends, HTTPException, status
from fastapi.security import HTTPBearer
import jwt
security = HTTPBearer()
async def get_current_user(credentials = Depends(security)):
       """Extract and validate user from JWT token."""
       try:
       payload = jwt.decode(credentials.credentials, settings.JWT_SECRET_KEY,
                     algorithms=[settings.JWT_ALGORITHM])
       user_id = payload.get("user_id")
       if not user id:
       raise HTTPException(status_code=401, detail="Invalid token")
       return user_id
       except jwt.ExpiredSignatureError:
       raise HTTPException(status_code=401, detail="Token expired")
       except jwt.JWTError:
       raise HTTPException(status code=401, detail="Invalid credentials")
def require permission(permission: str):
       """Decorator requiring specific permission."""
       def decorator(func):
       async def wrapper(*args, user id: str = Depends(get current user), **kwargs):
```

12. Performance Guidelines

@validator('license plate')

def validate license plate(cls, v):

 $v = re.sub(r'[^A-Z0-9]', ", v.upper()) # Sanitize$

if not re.match(r'^[A-Z]{2,3}[0-9]{3,4}[A-Z]{0,2}\$', v):

raise ValueError('Invalid license plate format')

Database Optimization

if v:

return v

```
# Create indexes for frequently queried fields
await collection.create index("user id")
await collection.create_index([("location.coordinates", "2dsphere")]) # Geospatial
await collection.create_index([("created_at", -1)])
# Use projections to limit data transfer
async def get_vehicle_summary(vehicle_id: str):
       return await vehicles_collection.find_one(
       {"vehicle id": vehicle id},
       {"vehicle_id": 1, "license_plate": 1, "status": 1, "_id": 0}
       )
# Aggregation for complex queries
async def get vehicle stats():
       pipeline = [
       {"$match": {"is_active": True}},
       {"$group": {"_id": "$status", "count": {"$sum": 1}}},
       {"$sort": {"count": -1}}
       return await vehicles_collection.aggregate(pipeline).to_list(None)
Caching Strategy
class CacheManager:
       def __init__(self, redis_client):
       self.redis = redis client
       self.default_ttl = 300
```

```
async def get_cached_data(self, key: str):
try:
cached = self.redis.get(key)
return json.loads(cached) if cached else None
except Exception:
return None

async def set_cached_data(self, key: str, data: Dict, ttl: int = None):
try:
self.redis.setex(key, ttl or self.default_ttl, json.dumps(data, default=str))
return True
except Exception:
return False
```

Async Best Practices

```
# Concurrent operations
async def update_multiple_vehicles(updates: List[Dict]):
    tasks = [update_single_vehicle(update) for update in updates]
    return await asyncio.gather(*tasks, return_exceptions=True)

# Connection management
@asynccontextmanager
async def get_database_connection():
    connection = None
    try:
    connection = await AsynclOMotorClient(settings.MONGODB_URL)
    yield connection[settings.DATABASE_NAME]
    finally:
    if connection:
    connection.close()
```

13. Version Control Standards

Branch Naming

Features: feature/vehicle-tracking-improvements

Bug fixes: bugfix/authentication-token-expiry

Hot fixes: hotfix/critical-security-patch

Releases: release/v1.2.0

Commit Messages

type(scope): short description

Detailed description if needed

- List specific changes
- Include breaking changes
- Reference issue numbers

Examples:

feat(auth): add JWT refresh functionality

- Implement refresh endpoint
- Add token blacklisting
- Update middleware

Closes #45

fix(vehicles): resolve location race condition

- Add database transactions
- Implement error handling
- Add concurrent update tests

Closes #67

Code Review Guidelines

- Required: All code reviewed by ≥1 developer
- Focus Areas: Quality, security, performance, tests, documentation
- Pull Requests: Descriptive titles, link issues, include screenshots for UI
- Standards: Compliance with this document

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