Dynamically Replicating memcached



COS 518: Advanced Computer Systems

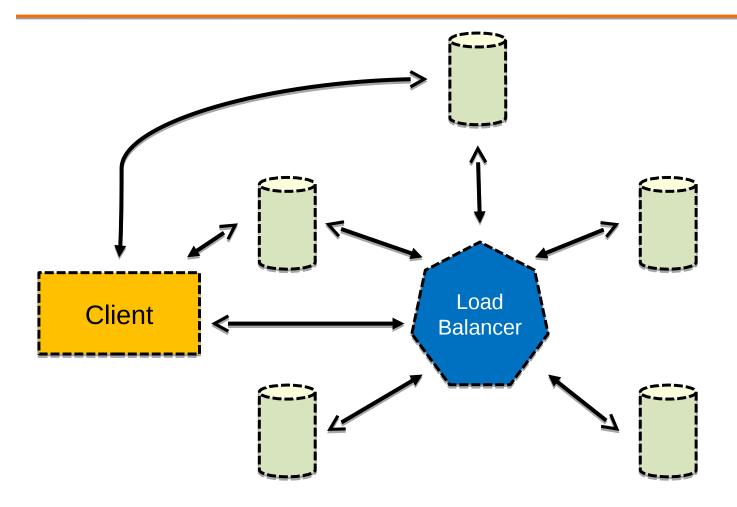
Rushy R. Panchal and Michael J. Freedman Friedman

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Problem Overview

- memcached does not support dynamically replicating keys for performance
- Large-scale systems will have some keys that are accessed significantly more frequently than others ("80/20 rule")
- Most popular keys can be replicated to provide additional throughput and distribute load

Technical Solution



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- Central load balancer
- Load balancer will query servers for most popular keys and dynamically redistribute (and replicate) them across servers
- memcached clients find a key by indexing into a table of servers → load balancer updates client table in-place to change where keys are found

Implementation Plan

- Server-side
 - Create a Load Balancer that can redistribute keys given load characteristics
 - Modify memcached server to provide most popular keys on demand to Load Balancer
- Client-side
 - Modify Load Balancer to reconfigure clients
 - Modify memcached client to accept dynamic configuration from Load Balancer
- Stretch: replicate Load Balancer for fault-tolerance

Evaluation Plan

- Primary evaluation: performance vs standard memcached version with 20% popular keys
- Other useful evaluation: performance vs standard memcached) with no popular keys → evaluate overhead incurred by load balancer