VIR1 ►CPNV – ES Software development orientation ■4th quarter - 2022-2023 ■Glassey Nicolas ■v 05-MAY-2023

What is Virtualization?

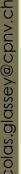
What is Virtualization?

Create a software-based-or virtual-representation of applications, servers, storage and network to reduce IT expenses while boosting efficiency and agility.



What is Virtualization?

- Virtual software mimics the functions of physical hardware to run multiple virtual machines simultaneously on a single physical machine.
- Businesses use virtualization to use their hardware resources efficiently and get greater returns from their investment.
- It also powers cloud computing services that help organizations manage infrastructure more efficiently.







Performance:

✓ Directly access to the hardware resources

✓ In a bare-metal situation, the guest OS performance should close to native speeds

Ecosystem:

✓ Documentation and technical support to implement and manage hypervisor (in case of scale across multiples physical servers).

✓ Look for a healthy community that can provide support with agent, plugins that offer capabilities (backup/restore, fail-over)

- Management tools:
- ✓ Launching and Running VM's is only the start point...
- ✓ VM's need to be:
 - ✓ Provisioned
 - ✓ Maintained
 - ✓ Audited
 - ✓ Clean up (to prevent "VM sprawl" (proliferation in French)
- ✓ Ensured that the vendor supports the hypervisor architecture with comprehensive management tools.

Live migration:

✓ Enable you to move VMs between hypervisors.

✓ Fail-over solution.

✓ Workload balancing.

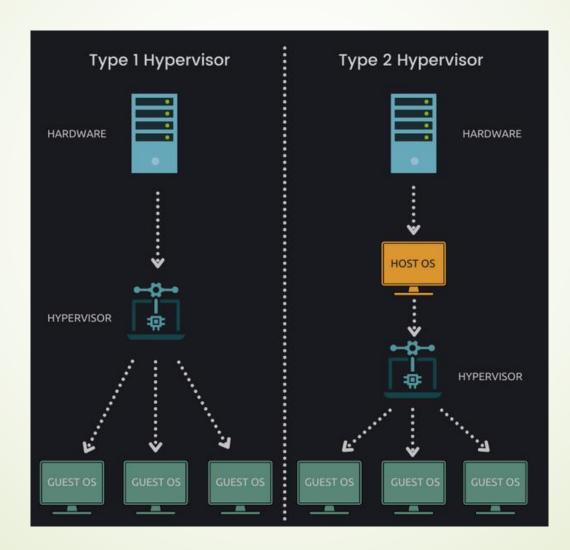
Cost:

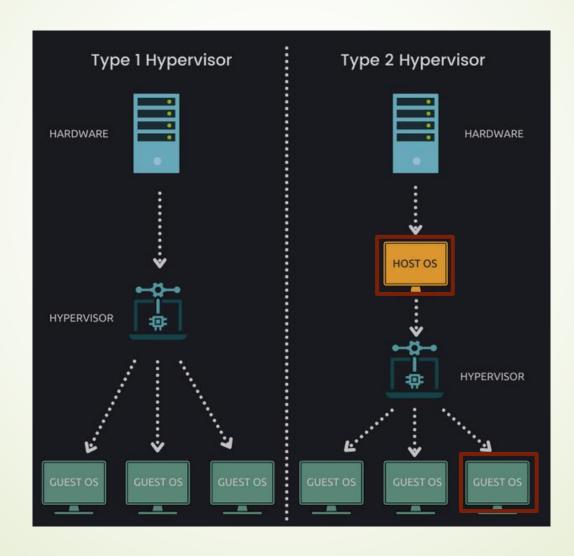
✓ Do not consider only the cost of the Hypervisor.

✓ Saving of human resources (less maintenance load).

Reduces the number of physical machines to be maintained, replaced and replicated.

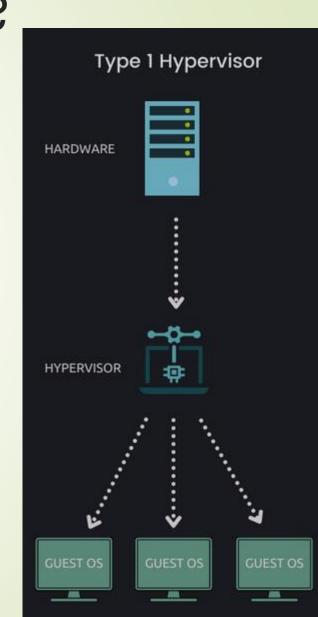






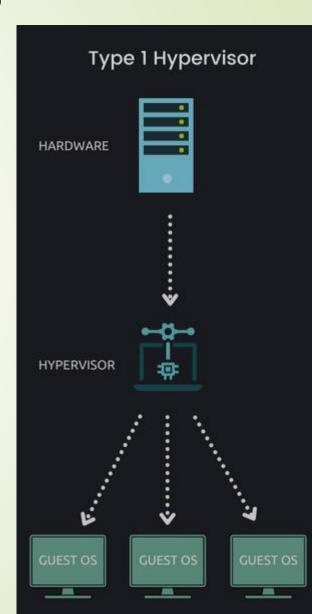
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- Hypervisor Type I
- ✓ ESXi (VMware vSphere)
- ✓ Hyper-V (Microsoft)
- ✓ Open source alternatives (KVM, Xen hypervisor)
- ✓ Oracle Vm (based on Xen)
- ✓ Citrix Hypervisor (based on Xen)

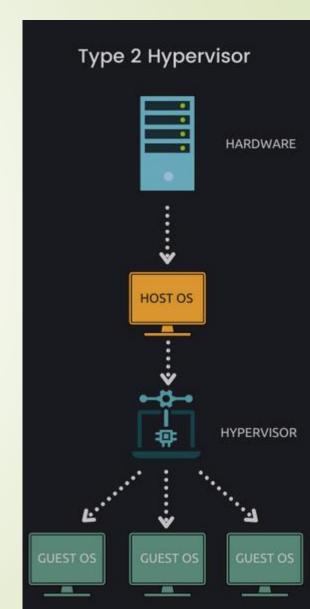


Hypervisor - Type I – Key pointers

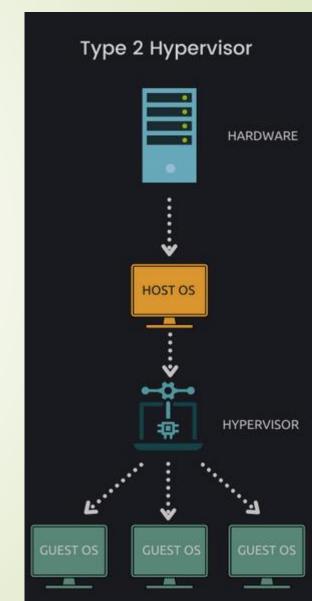
- Directly installed on a bare-metal system or physical host.
- OS installation is not a requirement before installing the Hypervisor itself.
- ✓ Direct access to hardware (CPU, RAM, Network).
- ✓ Better security (absence of any extra layer).
- ✓ 1 Hypervisor = 1 Dedicated physical machine.



- Hypervisor Type II
- ✓ Virtual Box (Oracle) Open Source
- ✓ Workstation and Fusion (VMware)
- ✓ QEMU
- ✓ Parallels Desktop



- Hypervisor Type II Key pointers
- Not Directly installed on a bare-metal system or physical host.
- ✓ OS installation is a requirement before installing the Hypervisor itself.
- ✓ <u>Indirect access to hardware</u> (CPU, RAM, Network).
- ✓ Can cost less and suitable more small business solutions.
- \checkmark N Hypervisors on 1 Dedicated physical machine.

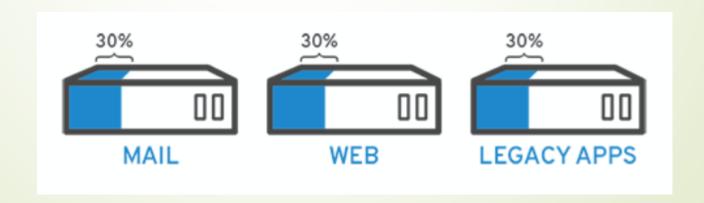


- Virtualization offers substantial benefits for just about any business or development environment.
- It has become a core strategy for improving IT efficiency (agility).

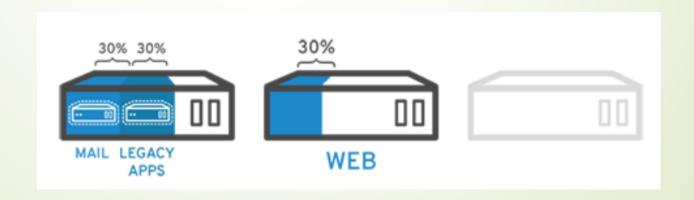
Reduced expenses

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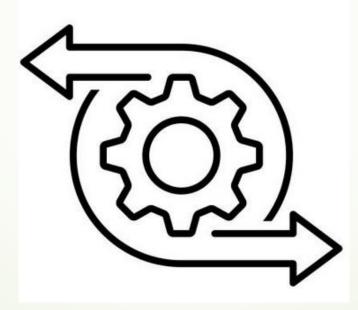
✓ If the only way to get more resources is to purchase new hardware, that
price becomes hefty.



- Reduced expenses
- ✓ With virtualization tactics, you can take a hard look at your existing infrastructure and identify wasted or idle computing resources.

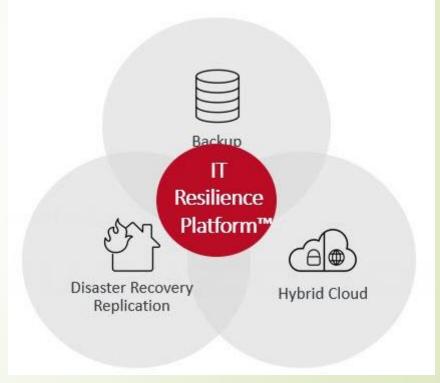


Resiliency



https://www.flaticon.com

- Resiliency IT Approach
- ✓ IT resilience is this ability of an organization to maintain acceptable service levels when there is a disruption of business operations, critical process, or IT ecosystem.



https://ivision.com/blog/modern-disaster-recovery-it-resiliency/

High availability



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High availability

- ✓ Since you can clone a VM almost effortlessly, you can easily set up redundant virtualized environment.
- ✓ Virtualization provides an extremely reliable system with no single point of failure in hardware or software (Failover).
- ✓ Virtualization provides developers constant access (no downtime).

Increased efficiency



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- Increased efficiency
- ✓ Virtual environments are much easier to maintain (than physical).
- ✓ With less hardware to worry about... more time to spend on improving the solution.
- ✓ By nature, virtual environments are inherently scalable.

Easy DevOps



- Easy DevOps
- ✓ You can test features and squash bugs without affecting your live product.
- ✓ Facilitates pipeline usage for development, testing and deployment.
- ✓ Virtualization provides on-demand access to an infinite number of peflectly replicated virtual machines for developers to play with.

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