

# Lecture 1.6 – Vectors in R

## Specific Learning Objectives:

**1.1.9 – Create vectors, arrays, matrices, lists, and data frames.**

**1.1.10 – Understand vectors and vectorized calculations.**

**1.1.11 – Understand the data classes of R.**

**1.1.12 – Learn how to index vectors, arrays, matrices, lists, and data frames.**

# Check Your Understanding

Write one line of code to recreate this vector and store it as the object **boop**

```
[1] 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5  
[44] 5 5
```

Write a different line of code that reproduces this vector and store it as the object **boop2**

Test whether or not **boop** and **boop2** are the same using:

```
all.equal(boop, boop2)
```

# Check Your Understanding

1. The vector `blippi` has 12 elements:

```
> blippi  
[1]  2  8  9 19 39  1  9  3 48 10 23 87
```

What is the correct way to positions 3, 7, and 12 in a single line of code?

a) `blippi(3,7,12)`

c) `blippi[3,7,12]`

b) `blippi(c(3,7,12))`

d) `blippi[c(3,7,12)]`

**Correct answer**

2. Why don't a, b, or c work? Explain why!

3. Write the code to multiple each position in `blippi` by 10.

# Action Items

- 1. Complete assignment 1.7.**
- 2. Read Davies Ch. 3 for next time.**