# C/CPS 506

Comparative Programming Languages
Prof. Alex Ufkes



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#### **Course Administration**















Grades Assessment V Communication V Resources V Classlist Course Admin

Two languages down, two to go!

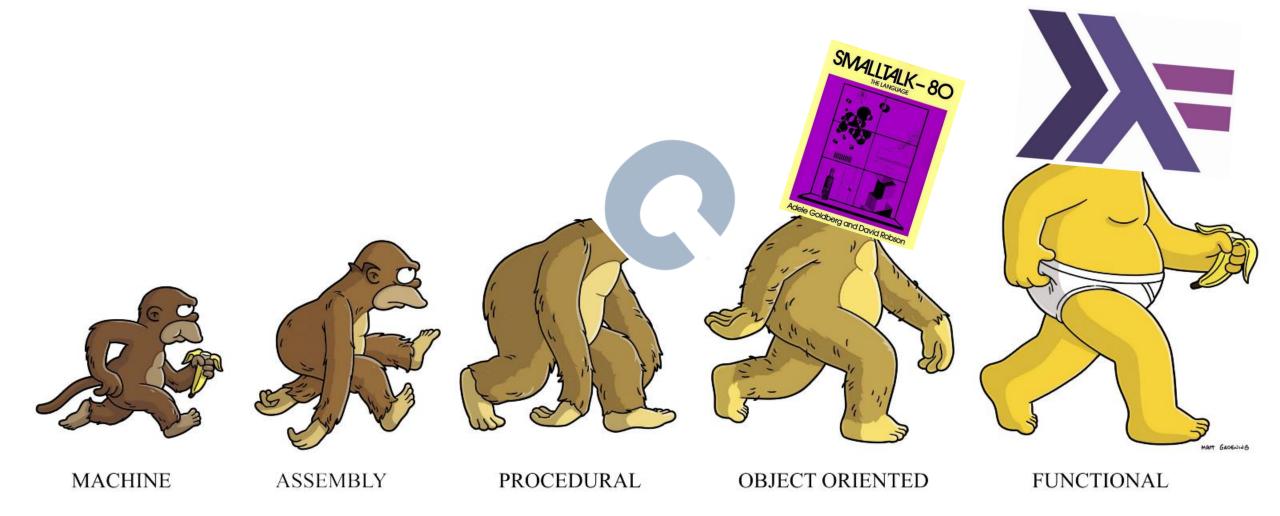
### **Today**

#### **Intro to Haskell**

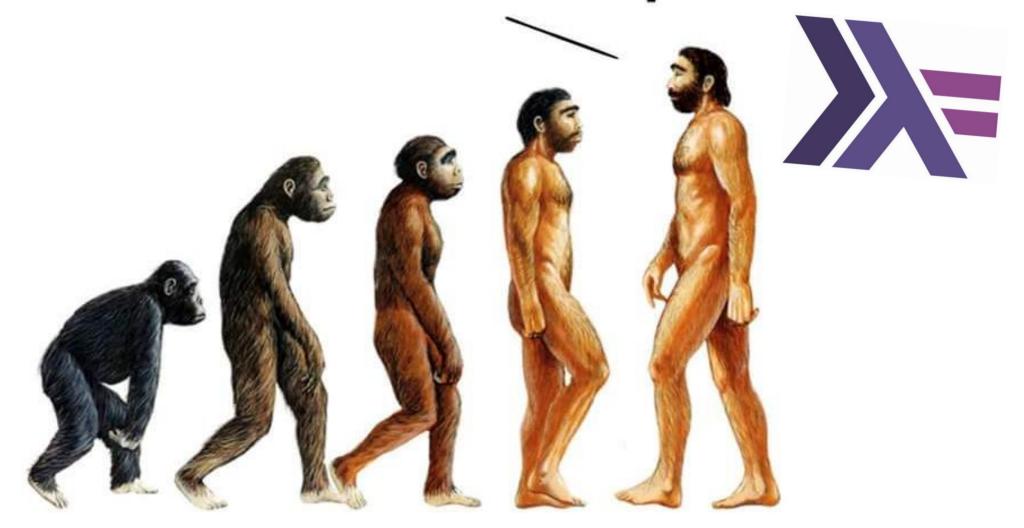
- Pure functional
- Haskell basics
- Functions
- Control flow



# **Functional Programming**



# Go back. We f\*cked up.



### **Functional Programming**



### **Functional Programming**



#### **Higher-order functions:**

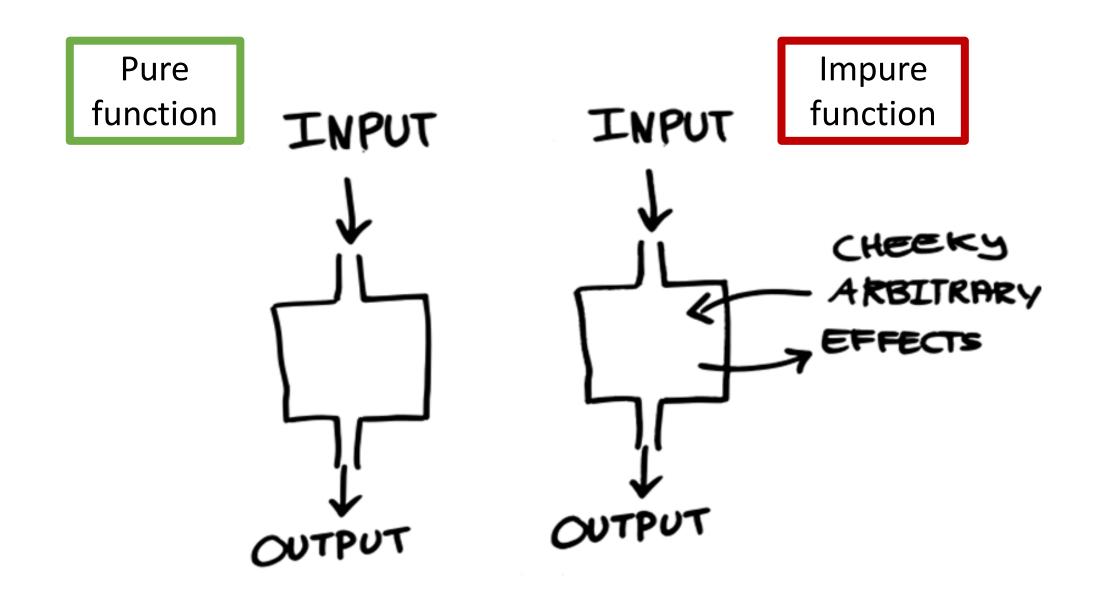
Can return functions or accept them as arguments.

#### **First class functions:**

- Can be passed as arguments, returned as values.
- Think of them as *values*, just like integers or floats

#### **Pure Functions:**

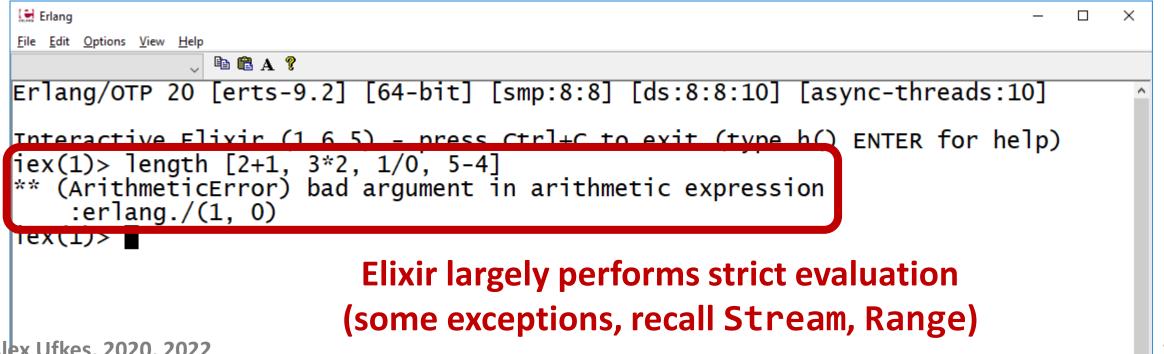
- Functions that have no side effects. No interaction with world outside of local scope
- Easier to verify correctness, thread-safe when no data dependency is present.



### **Functional Programming**

#### Strict (eager) VS. non-strict (lazy) evaluation:

- Strict: evaluate function arguments before invoking the function.
- Lazy: Evaluates arguments if their value is required to invoke the function.



### **Functional Programming**

#### Strict (eager) VS. non-strict (lazy) evaluation:

- Strict: evaluate function arguments before invoking the function.
- Lazy: Evaluates arguments if their value is required to invoke the function.

#### Try it!

```
Type Haskell expressions in here.

λ length [2+1, 3*2, 1/0, 5-4]

4 :: Int
λ
```

#### https://www.haskell.org/

A great intro to Haskell syntax

#### Got 5 minutes?

Type help to start the tutorial.

Or try typing these out and see what happens (click to insert):

23 \* 36 Or reverse "hello" Or foldr (:) [] [1,2,3] Or do line <- getLine; putStrLn line Or readFile "/welcome"

These IO actions are supported in this sandbox.

### Haskell: Functional Programming cranked up to 11



### **History**



- Named after logician Haskell Curry
- In the late 80s, interest in lazy functional languages was growing
- There was a strong consensus to define an open standard for such languages

### **History**



- Haskell 1.0 was defined in 1990
  - Continued with version 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, etc.
  - Culminated with Haskell 98
- Haskell 2010 was published in July 2010
  - Contained uncontroversial features previously enabled via compiler flags
- Haskell 2020 was intended for 2020
  - o GHC2021 finally released on Oct 29, 2021

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#### **Features**



#### **Purely Functional:**

- Every function is *pure*
- No statements, only expressions
- Cannot mutate variables (local or global)
- Supports pattern matching
- Even side-effect inducing operations are produced by pure code

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• Side effects are handled using *monads* 

#### **Features**



#### **Statically Typed:**

- Every expression has a type
  - Determined at compile time
- Types composing expressions must match
  - If not, compile error

#### **Type Inference:**

- Types don't have to be written out explicitly
  - Though you can if you want
- They will be inferred at compile time

#### **Features**



#### **Lazy Evaluation:**

- Functions don't evaluate their arguments
- Control constructs written as functions
- Easy to fuse chains of functions together
- Computation never takes place unless a result is used.

#### **Concurrency:**

 GHC (Haskell compiler) includes high performance parallel garbage collector

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Light-weight concurrency library

### Haskell in Industry?

https://wiki.haskell.org/Haskell\_in\_industry

#### Haskell in industry



Haskell has a diverse range of use commercially, from aerospace and defense, to finance, to web startups, hardware design firms and a lawnmower manufacturer. This page collects resources on the industrial use of Haskell.

- The main user conference for industrial Haskell use is CUFP the Commercial Users of Functional Programming Workshop.
- The Industrial Haskell Group supports commercial users.
- There is a well-maintained (as of 2018) github repository that collects information on companies using Haskell.
- The commercial Haskell group is a special interest group for companies and individuals interested in commercial usage of Haskell.

The Reddit page 72 would-be commercial Haskell users: what Haskell success stories we need to see has several stories of commercial Haskell users.

#### 1 Haskell in Industry

Many companies have used Haskell for a range of projects, including:

· ABN AMRO Amsterdam, The Netherlands

ABN AMRO is an international bank headquartered in Amsterdam. For its investment banking activities it needs to measure the counterparty risk on portfolios of financial derivatives.

ABN AMRO's CUFP talk.

Aetion Technologies LLC, Columbus, Ohio

Aetion was a defense contractor in operation from 1999 to 2011, whose applications use artificial intelligence. Rapidly changing priorities make it important to minimize the code impact of changes, which suits Haskell well. Aetion developed three main projects in Haskell, all successful. Haskell's concise code was perhaps most important for rewriting: it made it practicable to throw away old code occasionally. DSELs allowed the AI to be specified very declaratively.

Aetion's CUFP talk.

Alcatel-Lucent

## Notable companies that use or have used Haskell:

- Nvidia
- AT&T
- Ericsson
- Facebook
- Google
- Intel
- Microsoft

Typically, Haskell is used on specialized internal projects or research. Not necessarily company-wide.



https://medium.com/@cardano.foundation/why-cardano-chose-haskell-and-why-you-should-care-why-cardano-chose-haskell-and-why-you-should-f97052db2951

### **Installing Haskell:**

https://www.haskell.org/

### **Haskell Documentation:**

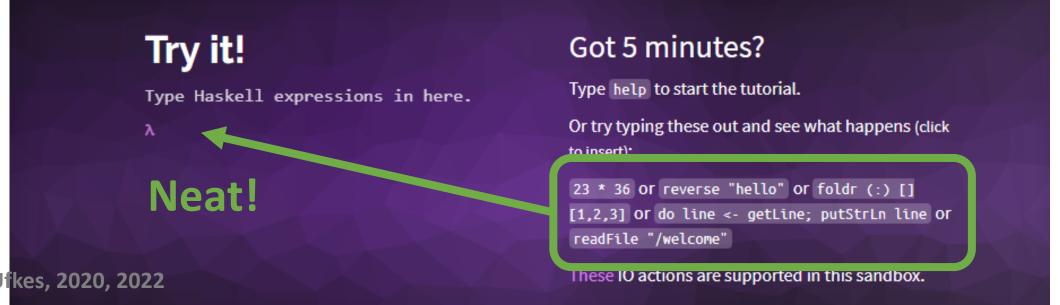
https://www.haskell.org/documentation/



An advanced, purely functional programming language

Declarative, statically typed code.

```
primes = filterPrime [2..]
 where filterPrime (p:xs) =
          p : filterPrime [x | x <- xs, x 'mod' p /= 0]
```







An advanced, purely functional programm

Declarative, statically typed code.

```
primes = filterPrime [2..]
  where filterPrime (p:xs) =
      p : filterPrime [x | x <- xs, x `mooretime ]</pre>
```

#### **Haskell Platform**

#### What it is

The Haskell Platform is a self-contained, all-in-one installer. After download, you will have everything necessary to build Haskell programs against a core set of useful libraries. It comes in both minimal versions with tools but no libraries outside of GHC core, or full versions, which include a broader set of globally installed libraries.

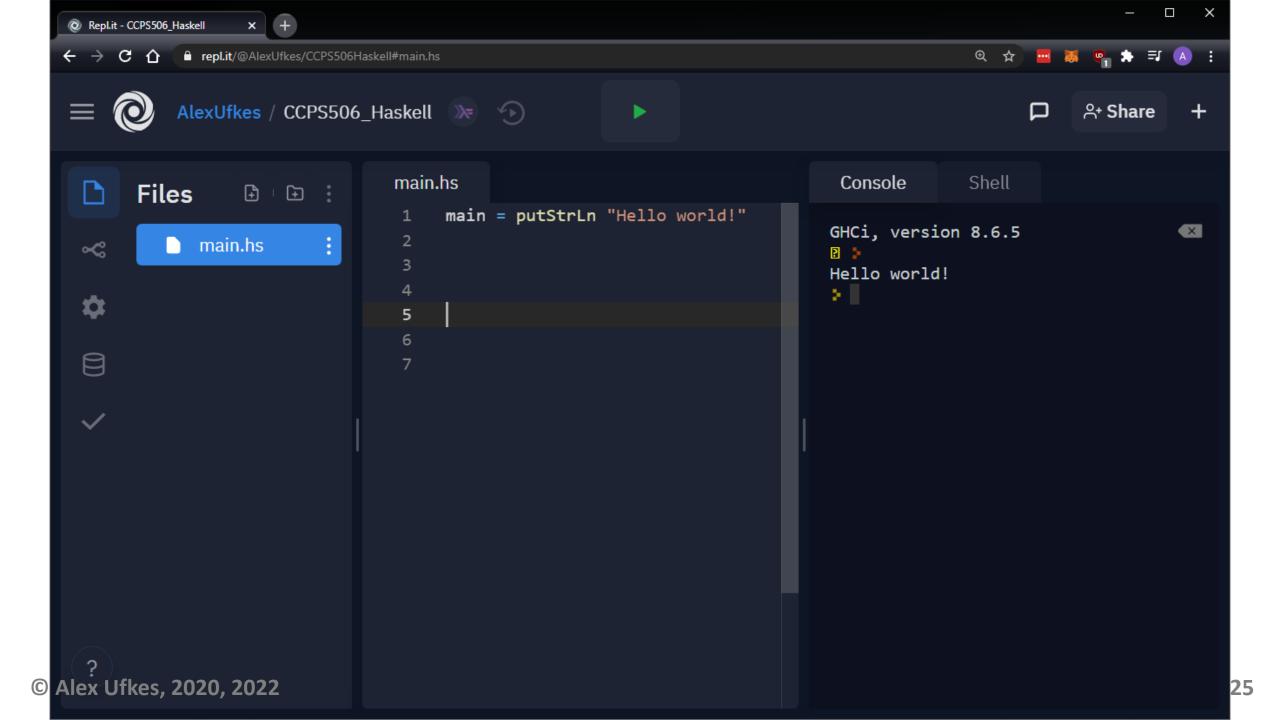
#### What you get

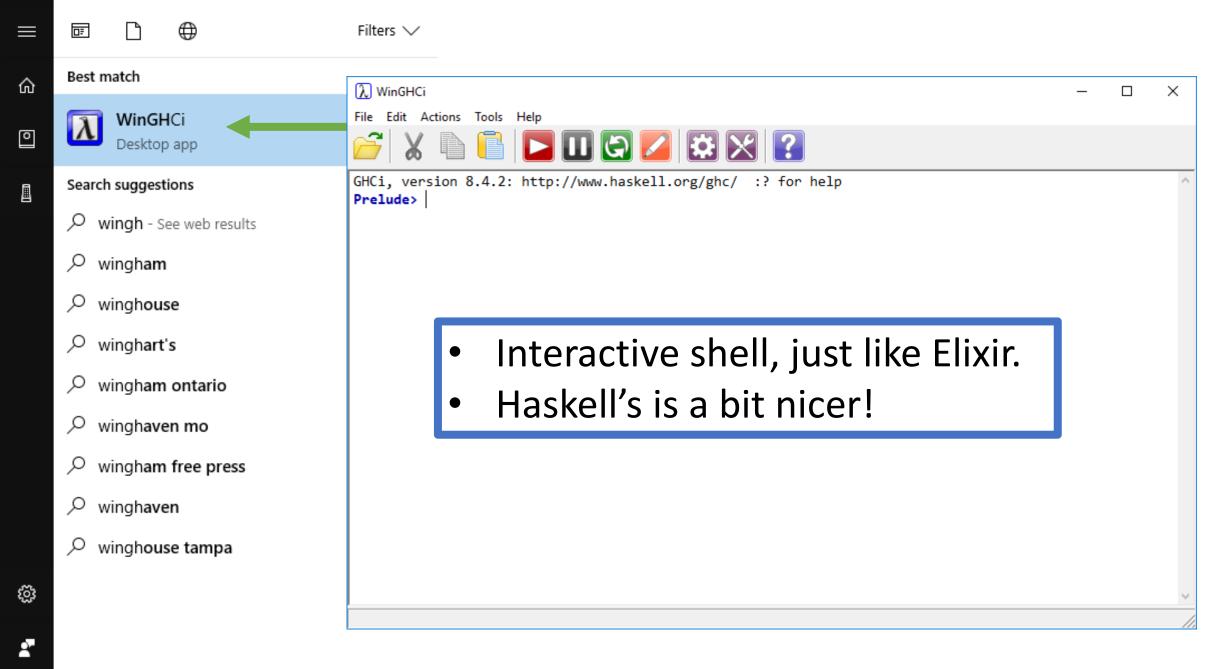
- · The Glasgow Haskell Compiler
- The Cabal build system, which can install new packages, and by default fetches from Hackage, the central Haskell package repository.
- · the Stack tool for developing projects
- · Support for profiling and code coverage analysis
- · 35 core & widely-used packages

#### How to get it

The Platform is provided as a single installer, and can be downloaded at the links below.

- Linux
- OS X
- Windows

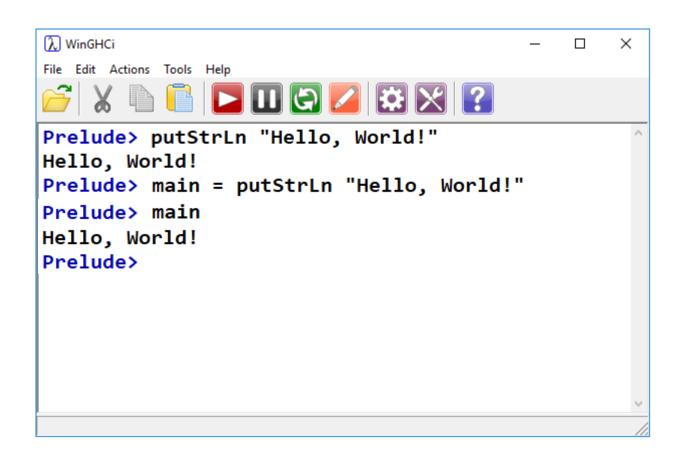




- Apparently WinGHCi doesn't exist anymore
- Isn't included in newer versions of Haskell.
- No matter, you can get a GHCi shell in a regular terminal:

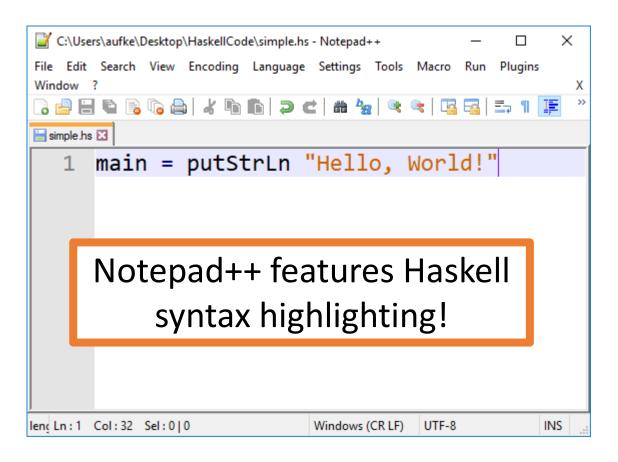
```
Windows PowerShell
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\aufke> ghci
GHCi, version 8.10.1: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
Prelude>
```

### Hello, World!

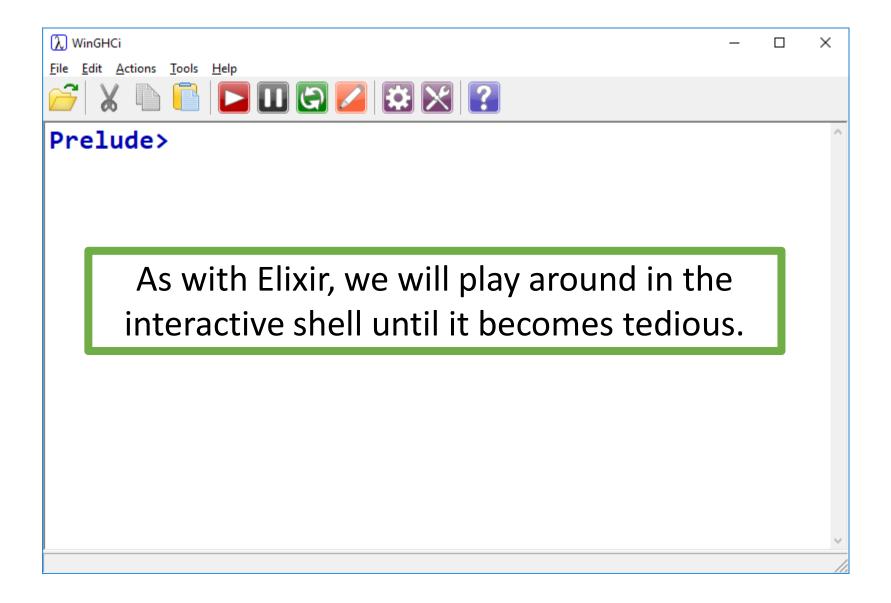


- Define a main function.
- main() is the entry point of a Haskell program
- Just like C or Java

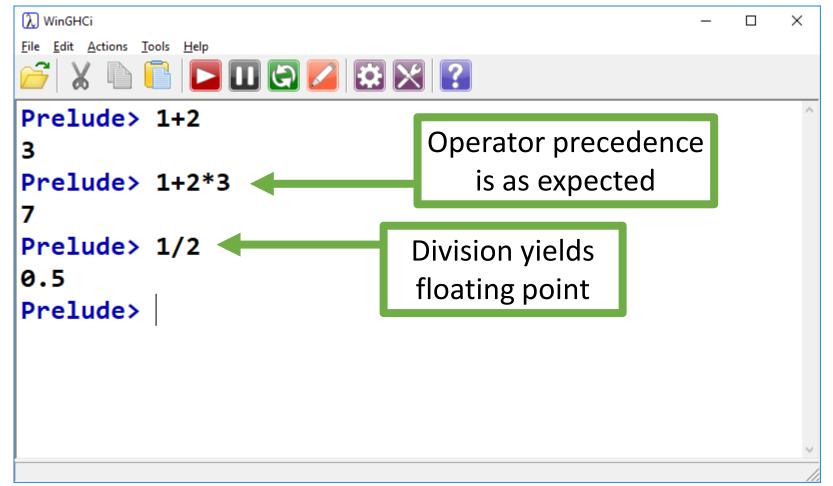
### **Compiling Haskell**



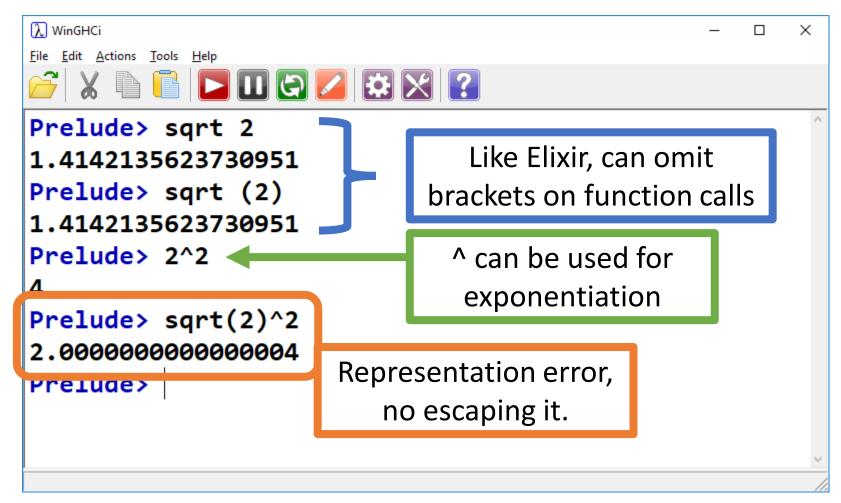
```
Command Prompt
                                         C:\HaskellCode>ghc -o a simple.hs
C:\HaskellCode>a
Hello, World!
C:\HaskellCode>_
    Compilation is similar to gcc
```



#### **Literals & Arithmetic**



#### **Literals & Arithmetic**



### **Tuples**

```
λ WinGHCi
File Edit Actions Tools Help
Prelude> (3, 5)
                              Like Elixir, Haskell supports tuples.
(3,5)
                              They need not contain the same types.
Prelude> (5, "hello")
(5, "hello")
Prelude> fst (5, "hello")
                                    There are built in functions for accessing first
5
                                     and second elements. Great for coordinates.
Prelude> snd (5, "hello")
"hello"
Prelude> (1, 2, 3, "Hello", "World")
(1,2,3,"Hello","World")
Prelude>
```

```
λ WinGHCi
                                                File Edit Actions Tools Help
                                             fst and snd only
  work on pair tuples!
Prelude> fst (1, 2, 3)
<interactive>:35:5: error:
    Couldn't match expected type '(a, b0)'
                 with actual type '(Integer, Integ
er, Integer)'
    • In the first argument of 'fst', namely '(1, 2
, 3),
      In the expression: fst (1, 2, 3)
      In an equation for 'it': it = fst (1, 2, 3)

    Relevant bindings include it :: a (bound at <</li>

interactive>:35:1)
Prelude>
```

#### Lists

#### Must be *homogeneous*:

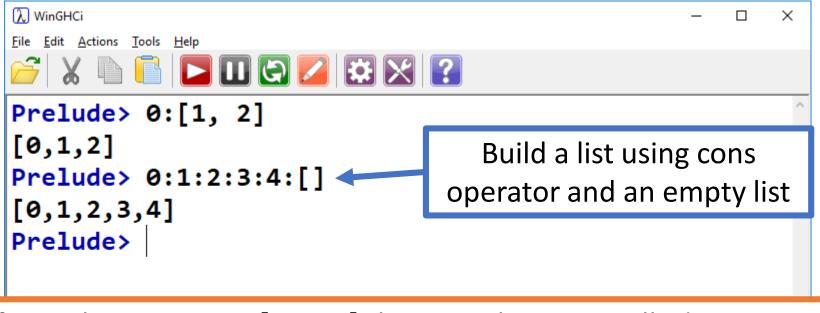
```
λ WinGHCi
File Edit Actions Tools Help
                                   Integer literals get
Prelude> [1, 1.0, 2, 2.0]
                               inferred as floating point
[1.0,1.0,2.0,2.0]
Prelude> [1, 'a']
                                Characters do not
<interactive>:45:2: error:

    No instance for (Num Char) arising from the 1

iteral '1'
    • In the expression: 1
       In the expression: [1, 'a']
       In an equation for 'it': it = [1, 'a']
Prelude>
```

#### Lists

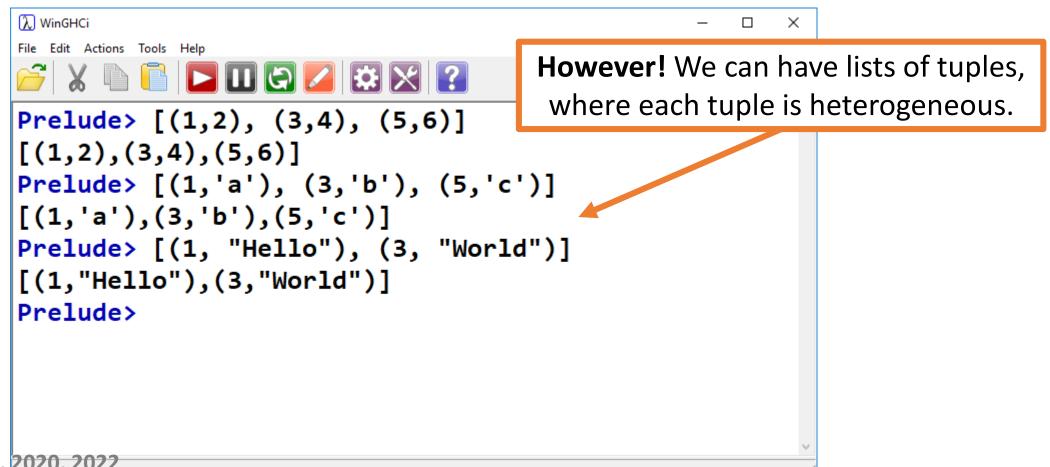
Elements can be added to the *beginning* of a list with the **cons** ( : ) operator



In fact, when we write [1, 2, 3] the compiler is <u>actually</u> doing 1:2:3:[] [1, 2, 3] notation is <u>syntactic sugar</u>.

## **Lists & Tuples**

Tuples can be heterogeneous; lists must be homogeneous.



## **Lists & Tuples**

Tuples can be heterogeneous, lists must be homogeneous.

```
λ WinGHCi
File Edit Actions Tools Help
   However #2!
Prelude> [(1, "Hello"), (2, "World")]
                                           In a list of tuples, each tuple
[(1,"Hello"),(2,"World")]
                                           must have the same format:
Prelude> [(1, "Hello"), (2, 3.4)] <
<interactive>:67:20: error:

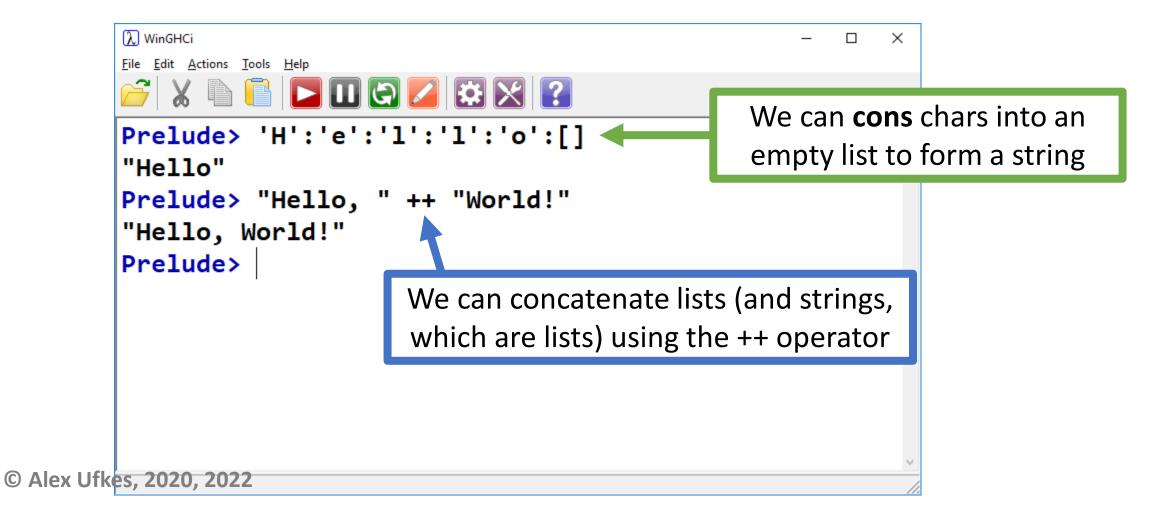
    Could not deduce (Fractional [Char])

       arising from the literal '3.4'
      from the context: Num a
        bound by the inferred type of it :: Num a => [(a, [Char])]
        at <interactive>:67:1-24
    • In the expression: 3.4
      In the expression: (2, 3.4)
      In the expression: [(1, "Hello"), (2, 3.4)]
Prelude>
```

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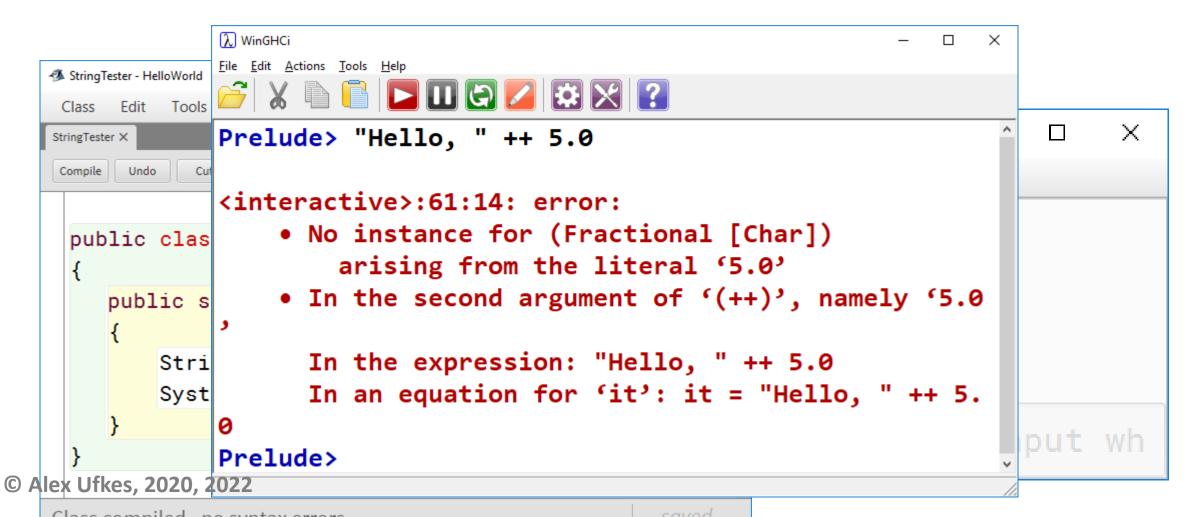
# **Strings**

#### Strings are simply lists of chars:



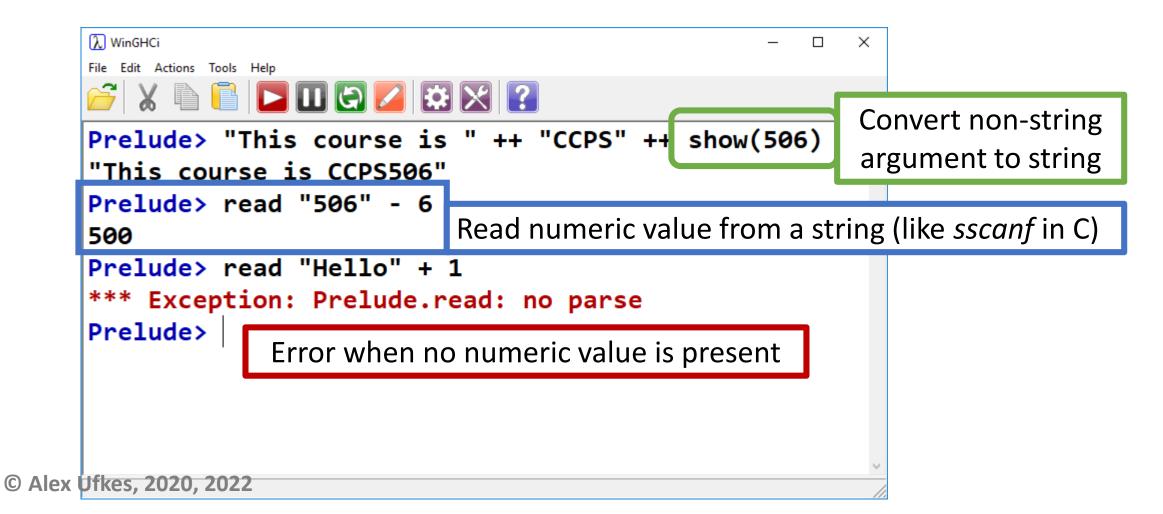
# **Strings**

Concatenate multiple types? Java lets us...



# **Strings**

#### show() and read() functions

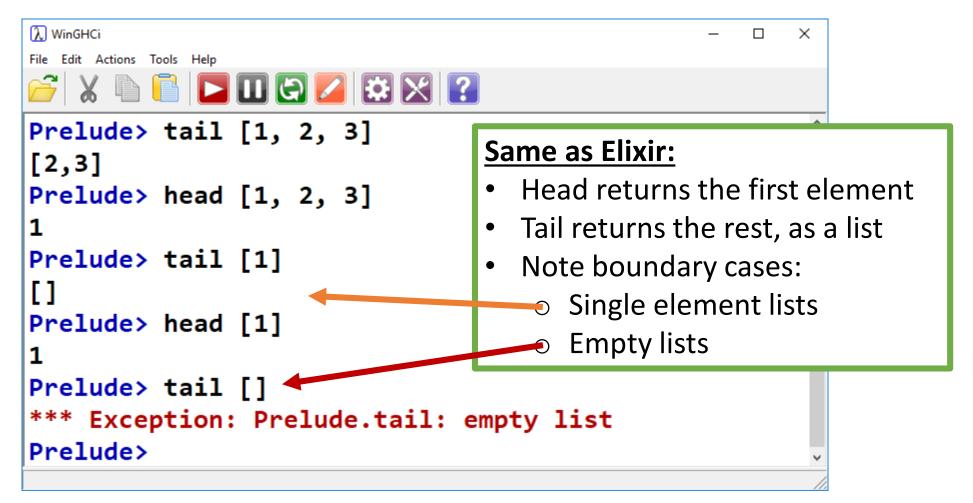


## **Operations on Lists**

- In functional programming, computation is done in large part by operating on lists.
- We saw the hd, t1, , and Enum in Elixir.
- Haskell has a similar set of operations.

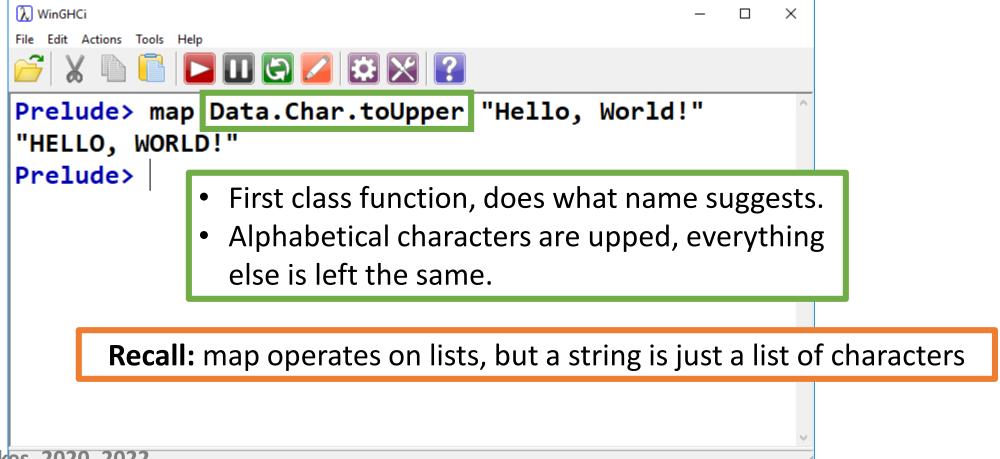
Three primary list-processing functions: map, filter, foldr (and foldl)

## **Head & Tail**



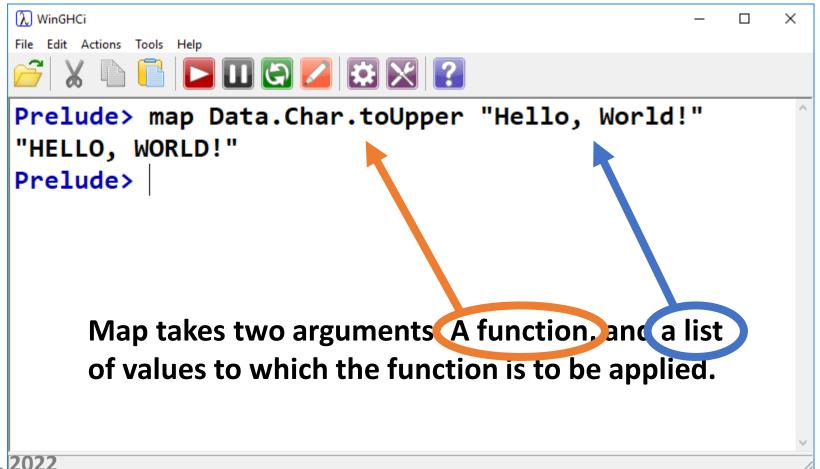
## map

#### Similar to Elixir's Enum.map



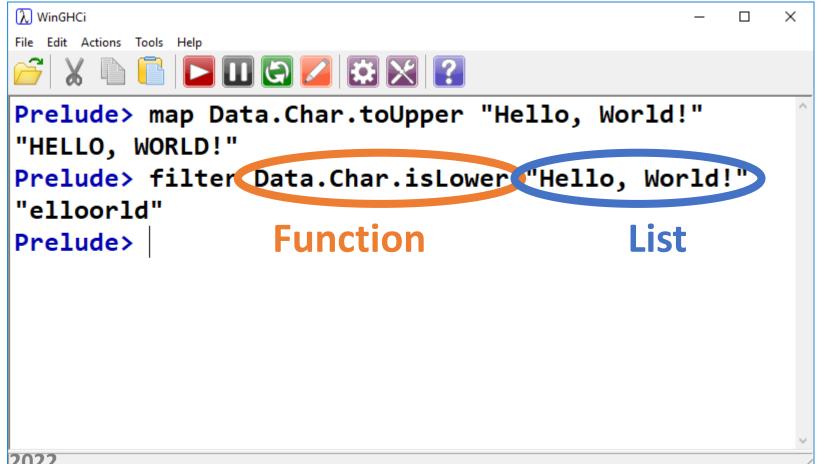
## map

#### Similar to Elixir's Enum.map



## filter

"Remove" items from a list based on some criteria:



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Replaces the cons operator with some other function. This takes some explaining.

Recall that the list:

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Is actually seen as:

1:2:3:4:5:[]

By the compiler.

Replaces the cons operator with some other function. This takes some explaining.

Recall that the list:

Is actually seen as:

By the compiler.

- **foldr** in effect replaces the cons operator with another function of our choosing.
- This is similar to Enum. reduce in Elixir.
- The empty list is replaced with some initial value.

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Replaces the cons operator with some other function. This takes some explaining.

- **foldr** in effect replaces the cons operator with another function of our choosing.
- This is similar to **Enum.reduce** in Elixir.
- The empty list is replaced with some initial value.

Three arguments: function, initial value, list

Replaces the cons operator with some other function. This takes some explaining.

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```
λ WinGHCi
                                               File Edit Actions Tools Help
   Prelude> foldr (+) 0 [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
15
Prelude> foldr (*) 1 [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
120
Prelude>
                     foldr to perform factorial!
```

**foldr** is *right associative*. Meaning:

Doesn't matter for addition, but subtraction...

**foldr** is *right associative*. Meaning:

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**fold1** is *left associative*. Meaning:

© Alex Ufkes, 2020, 2022

```
λ WinGHCi
                                              ×
File Edit Actions Tools Help
   Prelude> foldr (-) 1 [4, 8, 5]
0
Prelude> foldl (-) 1 [4, 8, 5]
-16
Prelude>
```

#### **List Generation**

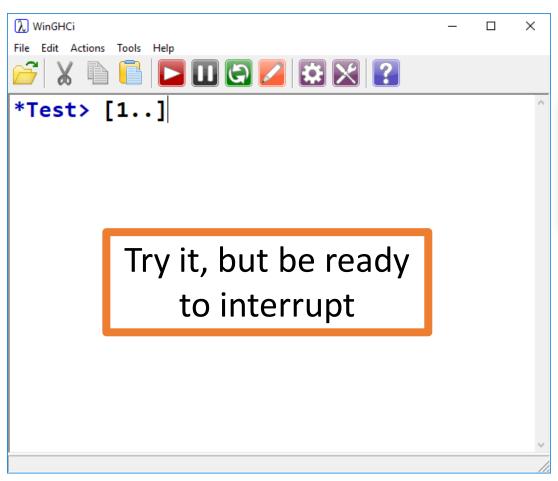
#### Syntactic sugar:

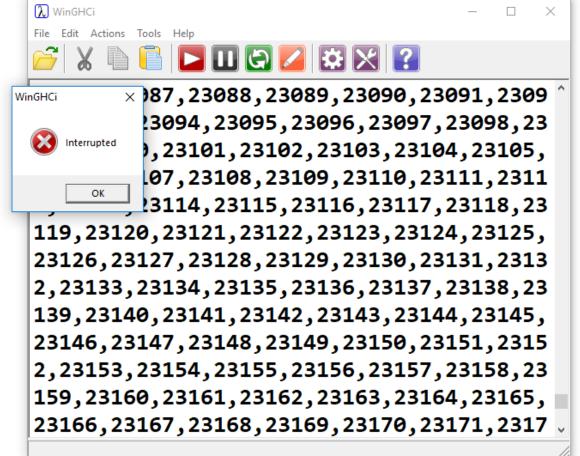
List declaration: 
$$list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]$$

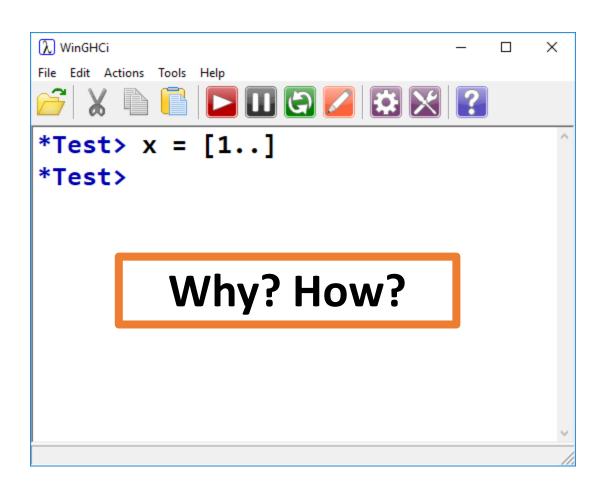
Can be written: 
$$list = [1..9]$$

Specify interval: 
$$list = [1,3..9]$$
  
=  $[1,3,5,7,9]$ 

Interval is discerned from difference between first two elements

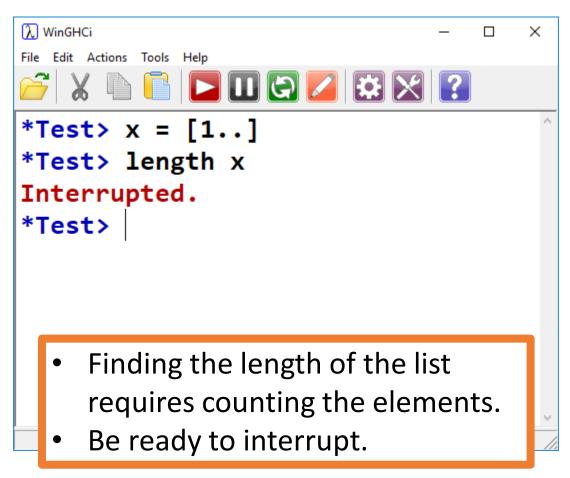






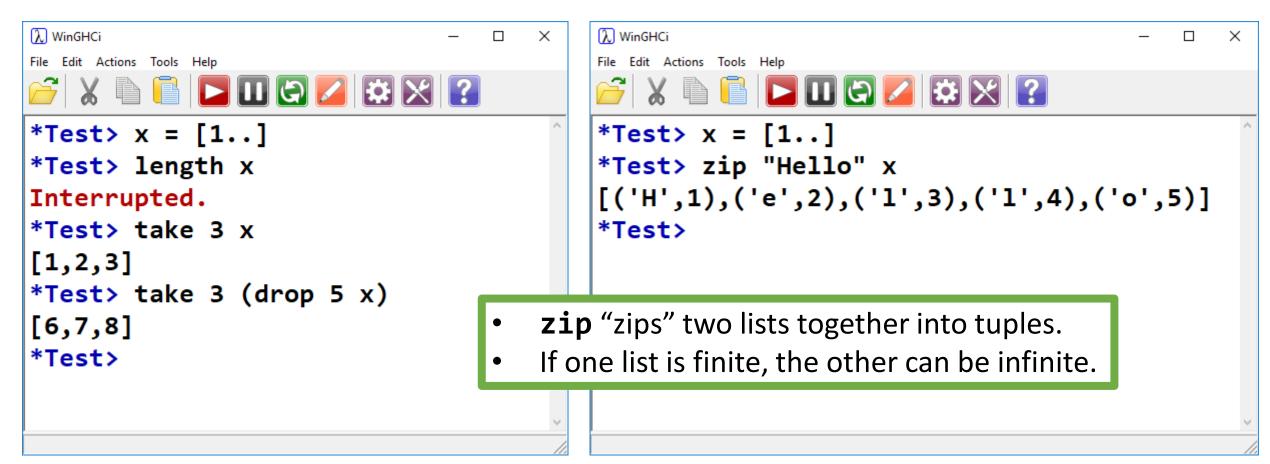
#### Haskell is lazy!

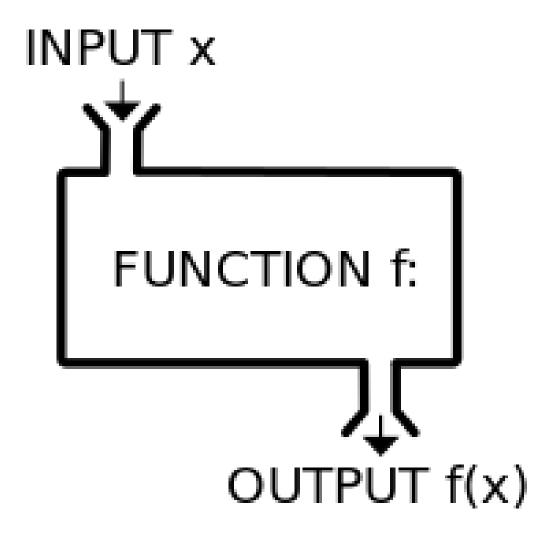
- We bind x to the expression to generate an infinite list.
- We don't have to evaluate this list to do so!
- Displaying the list, however, requires evaluation.



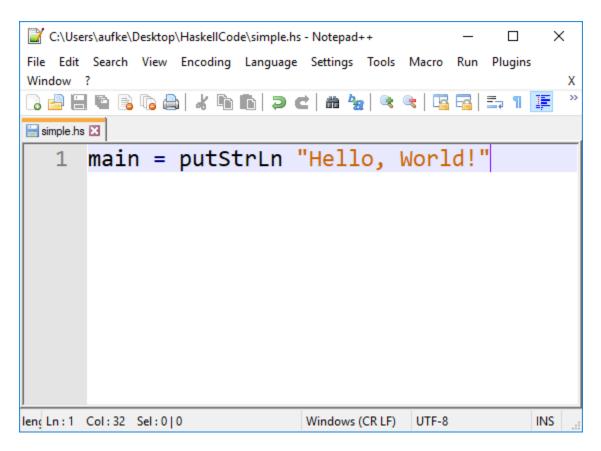
```
λ WinGHCi
                                      ×
File Edit Actions Tools Help
*Test> x = [1..]
*Test> length x
Interrupted.
*Test> take 3 x
[1,2,3]
*Test>
     Grab first three elements of list
     Doesn't matter if infinite, we're
     only evaluating first three items
```

We're allowed to perform operations on a finite subset of an infinite list.



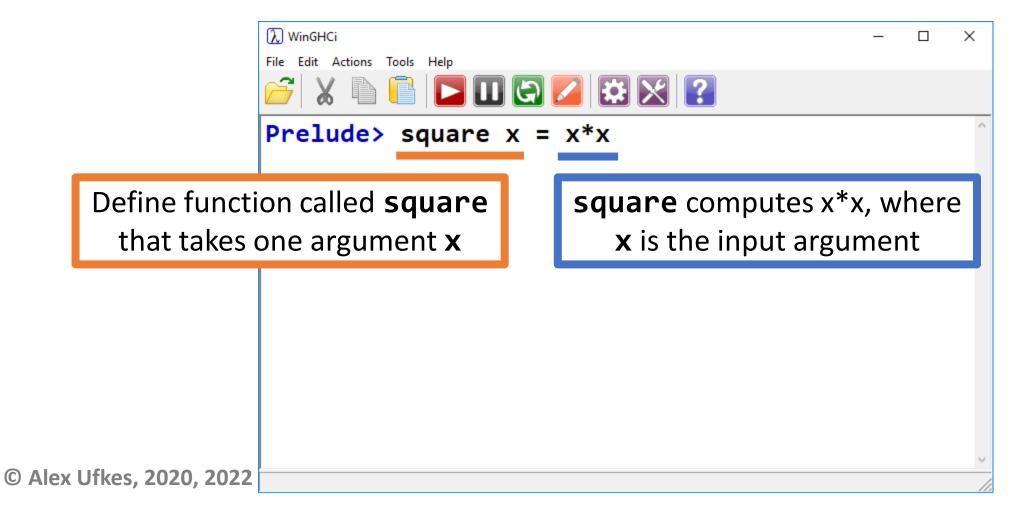


As expected of a pure functional language, functions are central in Haskell

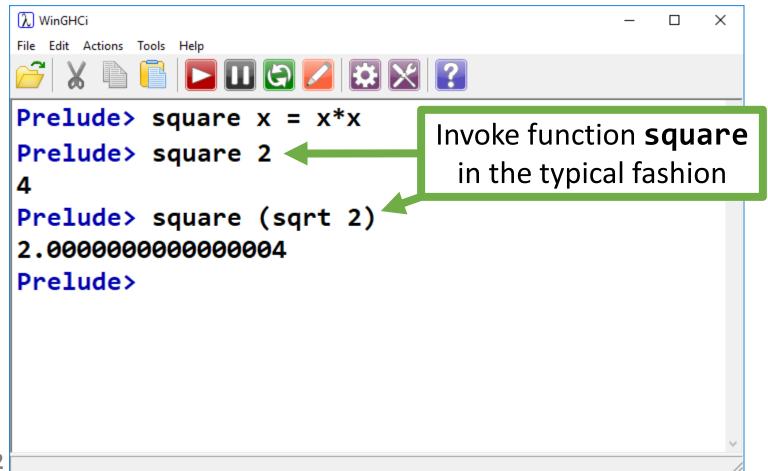


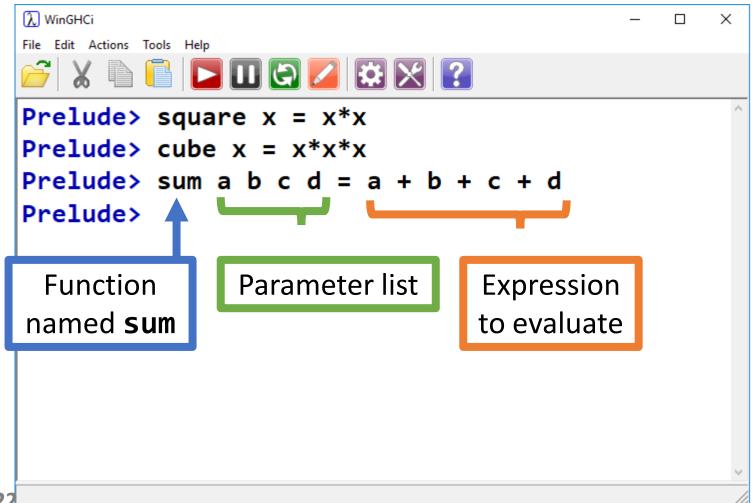
- If we're compiling our code into an executable, we need a main.
- If we're using the GHCi shell, we don't.

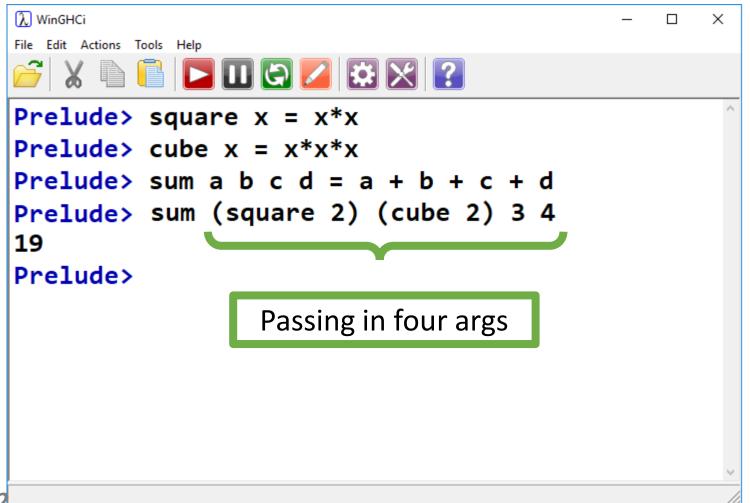
#### Let's start simple:



#### Let's start simple:

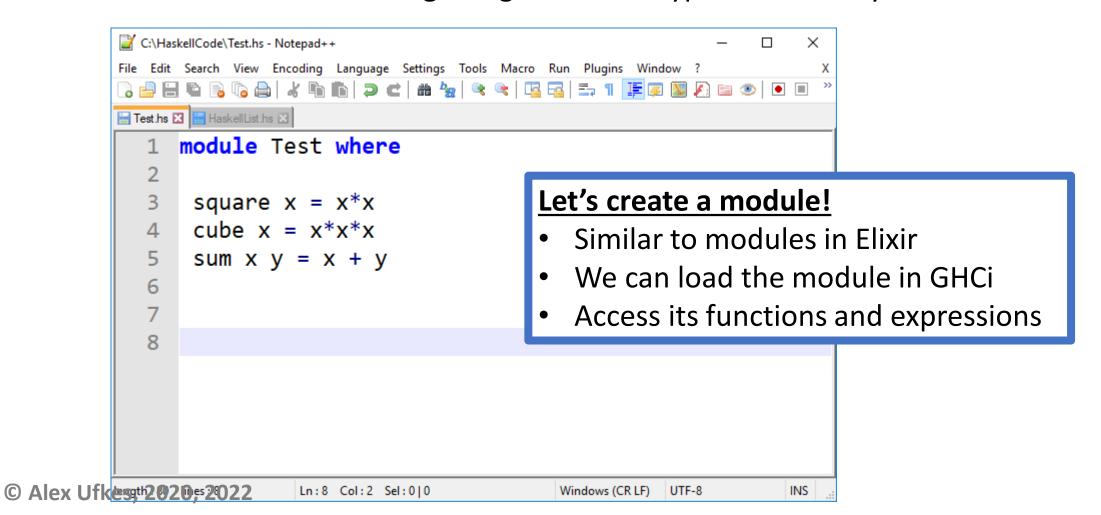




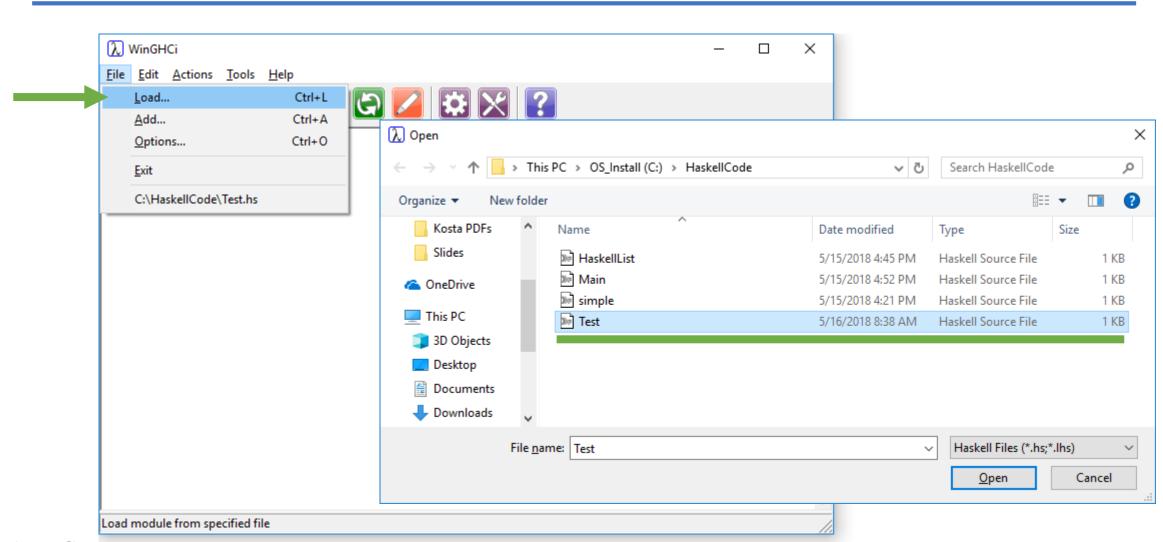


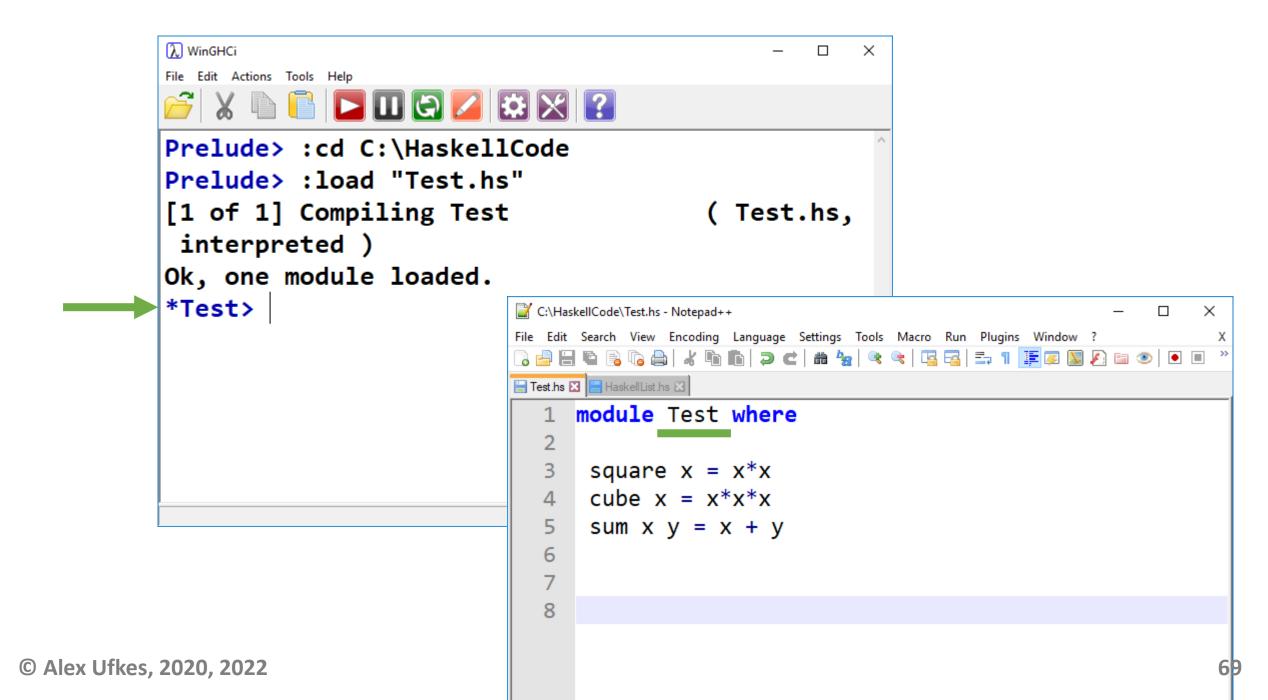
#### **Haskell Modules**

This is getting tedious to type interactively.



# **Loading a Module**





```
λ WinGHCi
File Edit Actions Tools Help
                        When we make changes to Test
                        module, can reload with 1 click!
Prelude> :cd C:\Hask
Prelude> :load "Test.hs"
[1 of 1] Compiling Test
                                        ( Test.hs,
 interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
*Test>
```

# **Loading a Module**

#### Use :load in terminal GHCi:

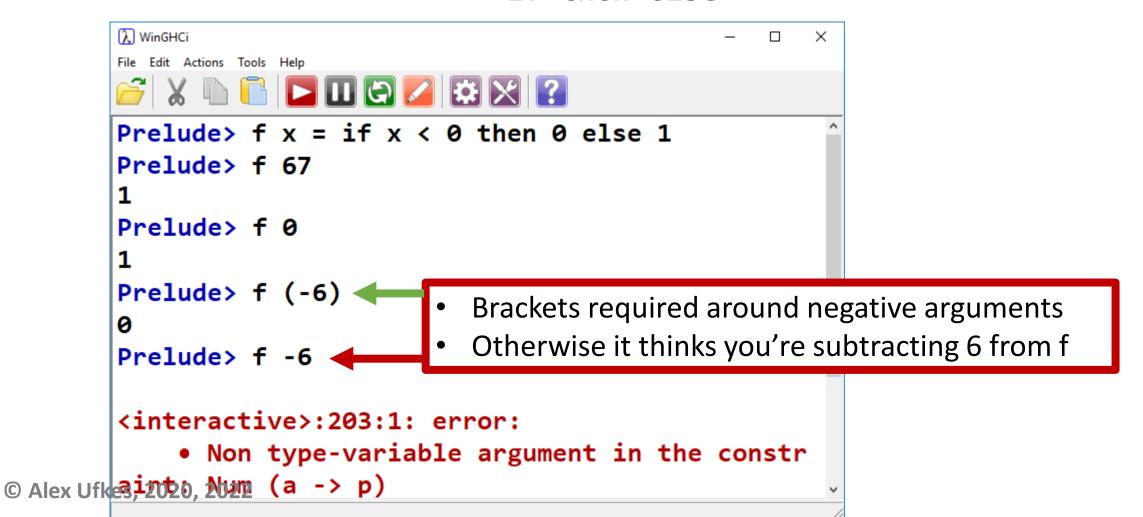
```
Windows PowerShell
                                                                                     X
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
PS C:\Users\aufke\Google Drive\Teaching\CCPS 506\Resources\Code\Haskell> ghci
GHCi, version 8.10.1: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
Prelude> :load Test.hs
[1 of 1] Compiling Test
                                    ( Test.hs, interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
*Test> cube 5
125
*Test> square 10
100
*Test> :t square
square :: Num a => a -> a
*Test>
```

# Control Structures

if-then-else case let-in

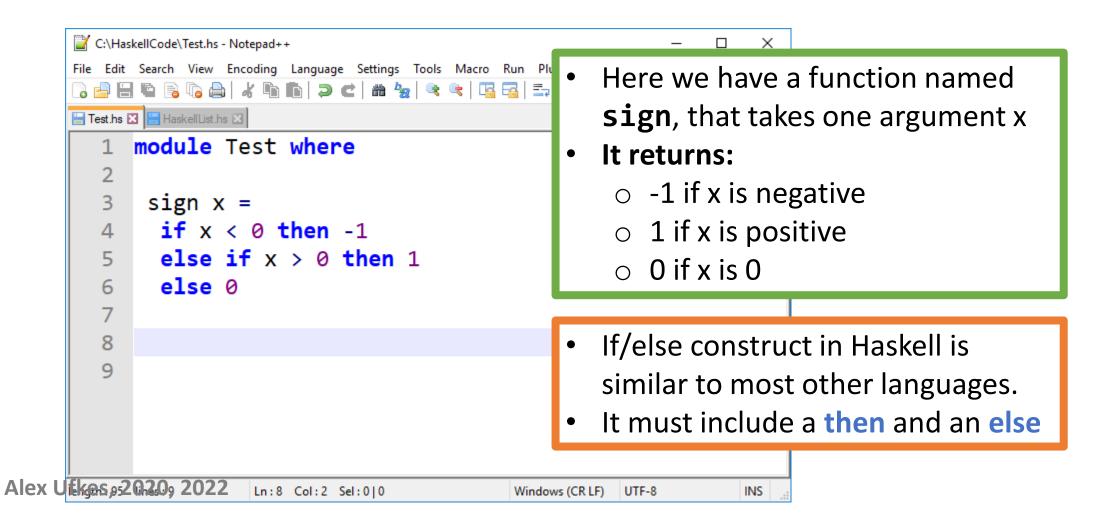
### **Control Structures**

#### if then else



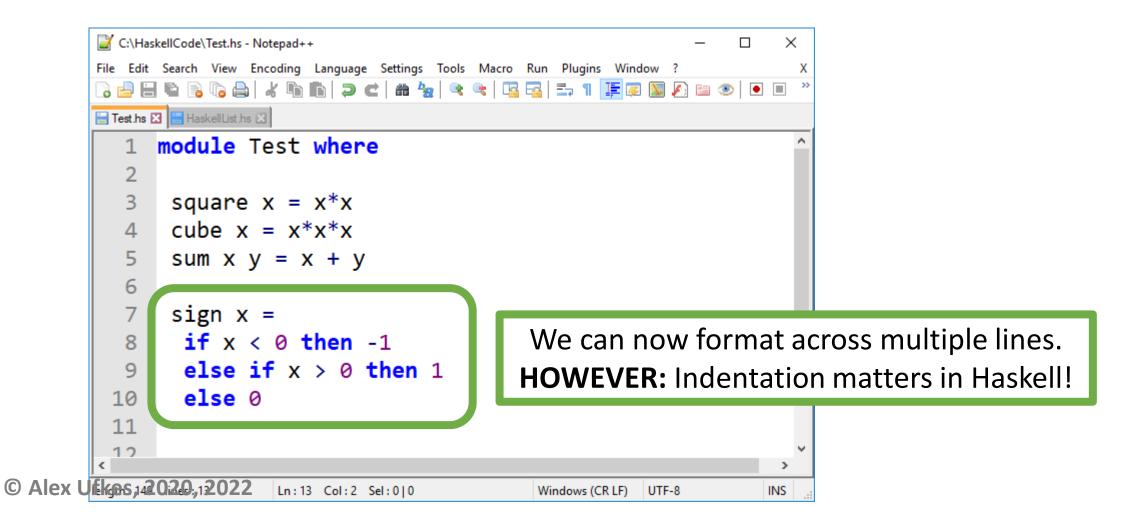
#### **Control Structures**

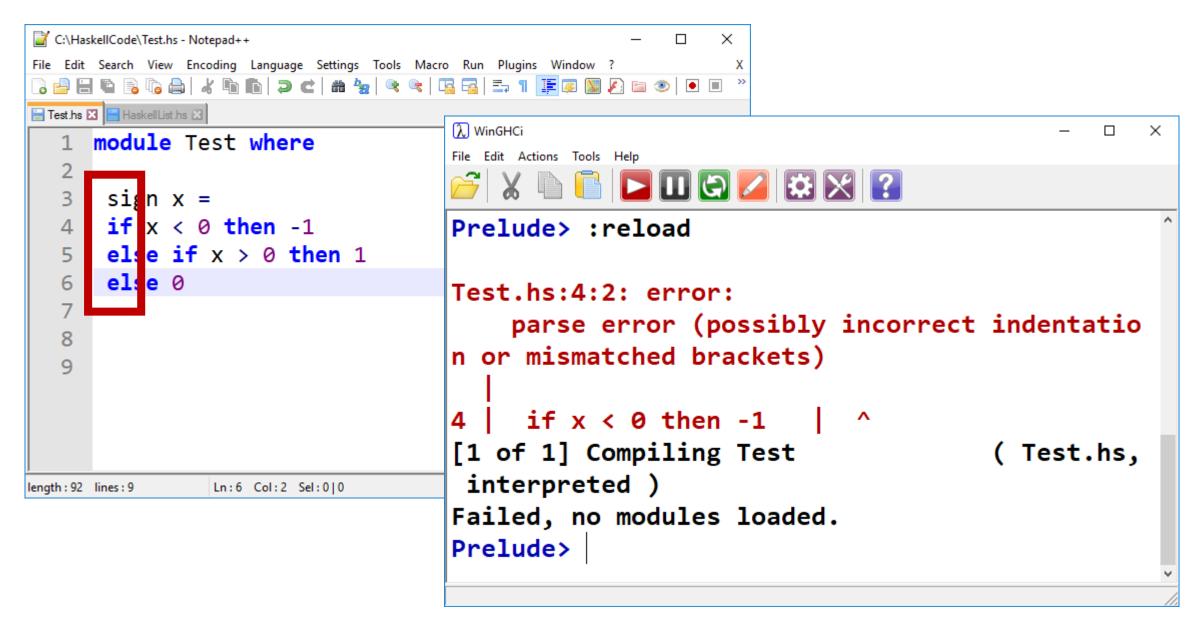
#### if then else if then else

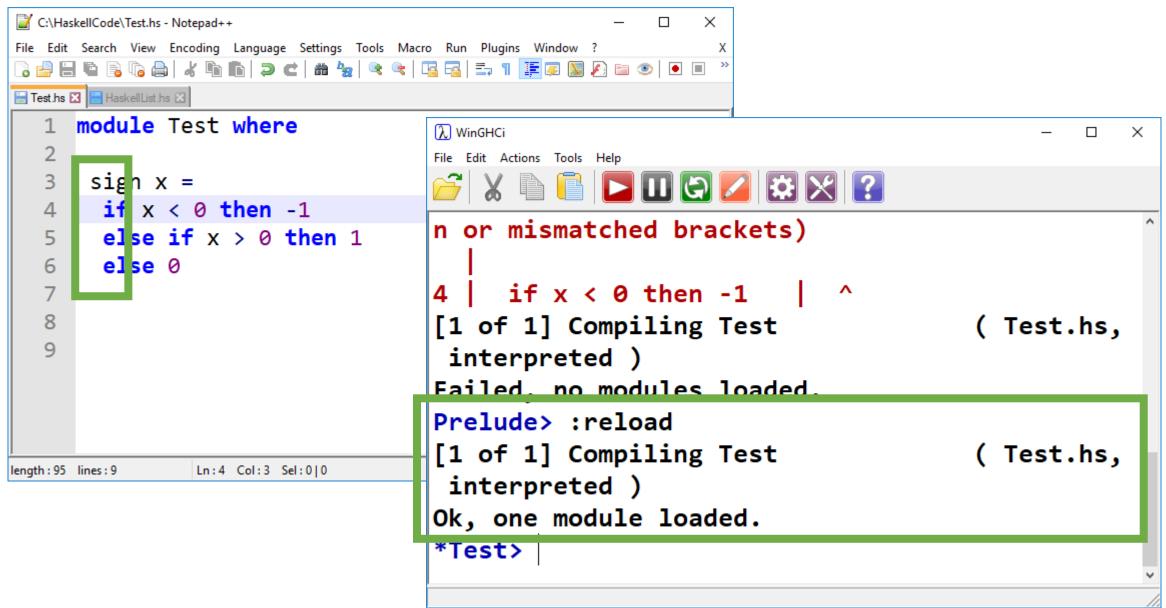


### **Control Structures**

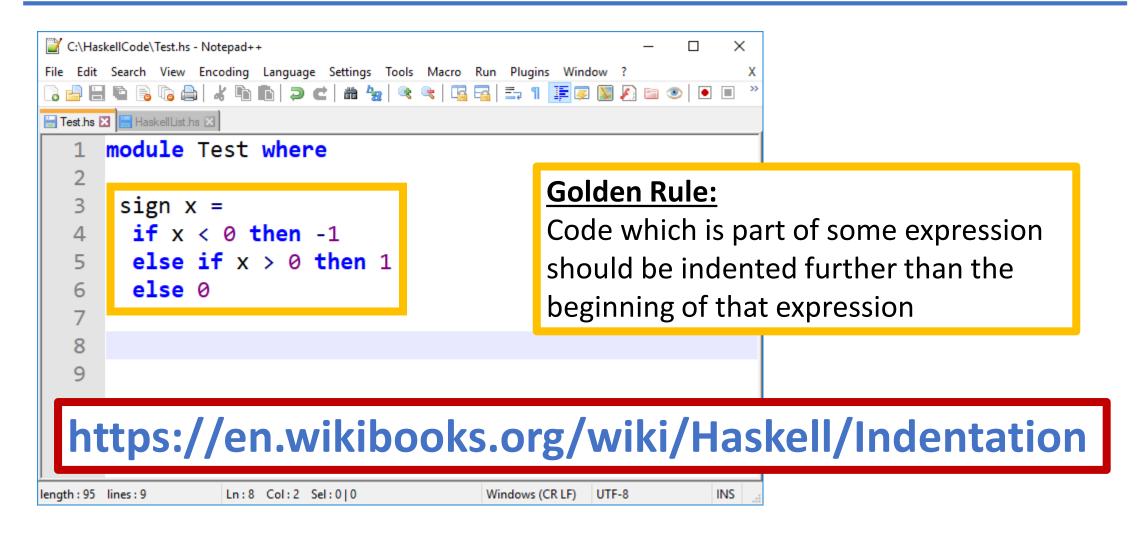
#### if then else if then else





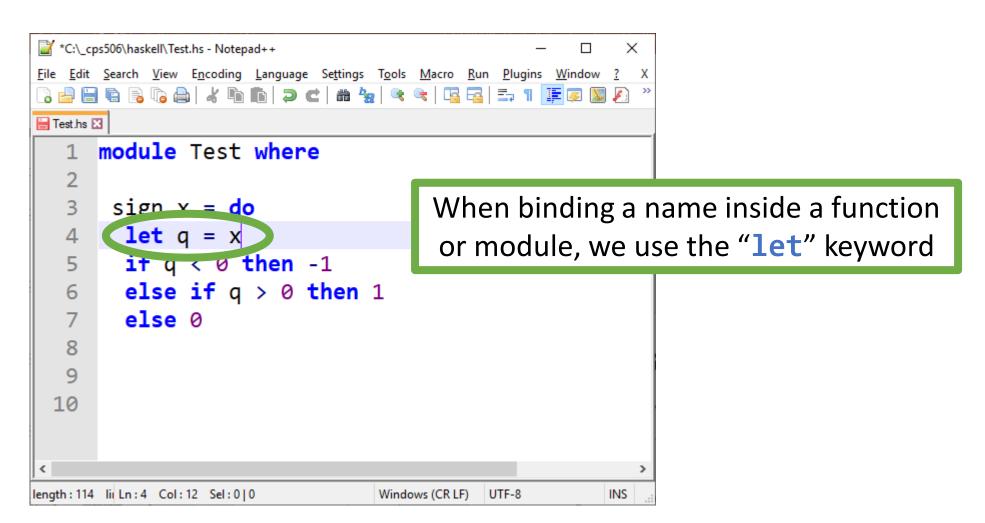


## **Indenting in Haskell**

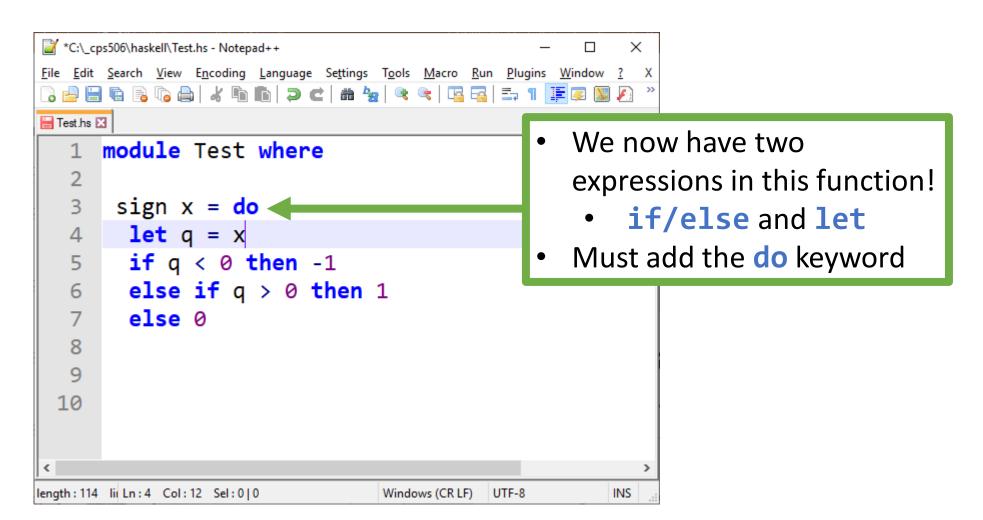


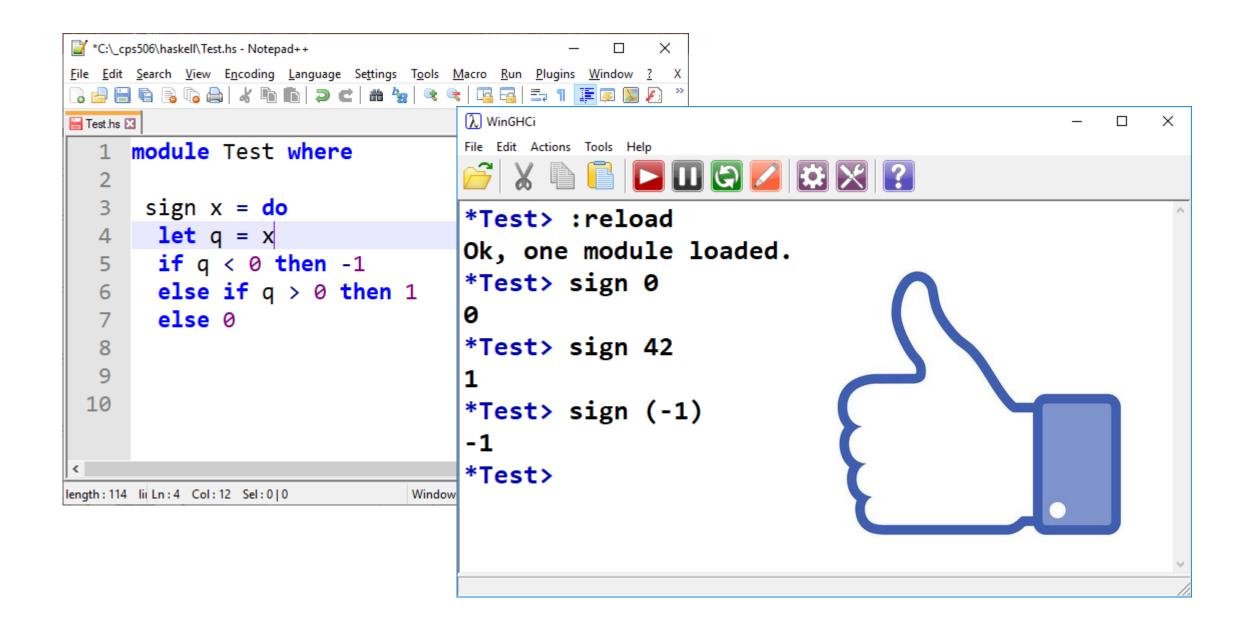
If all that weren't enough, Tabs don't work properly unless they're 8 spaces exactly.

#### **Local Names in Functions**

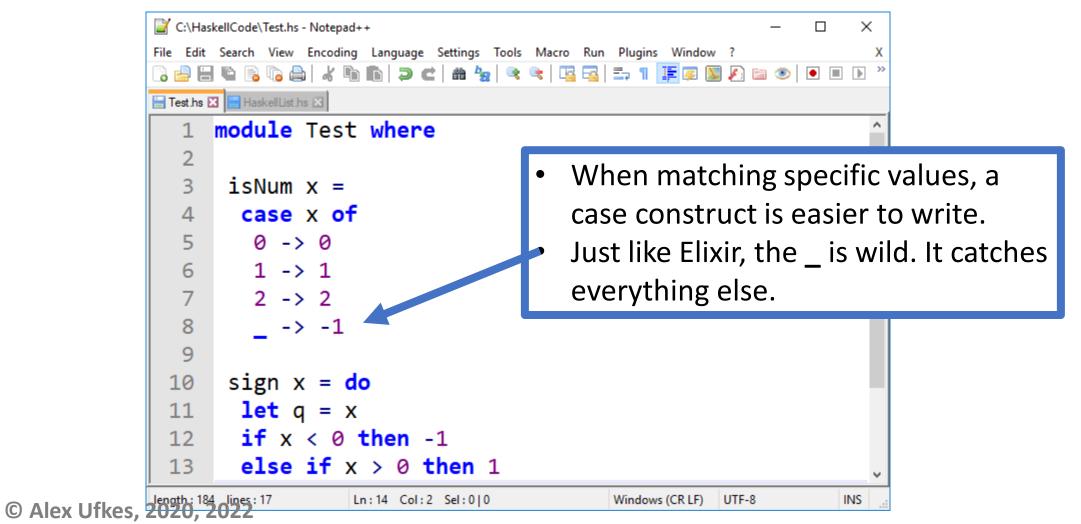


## **Multiple Expressions**

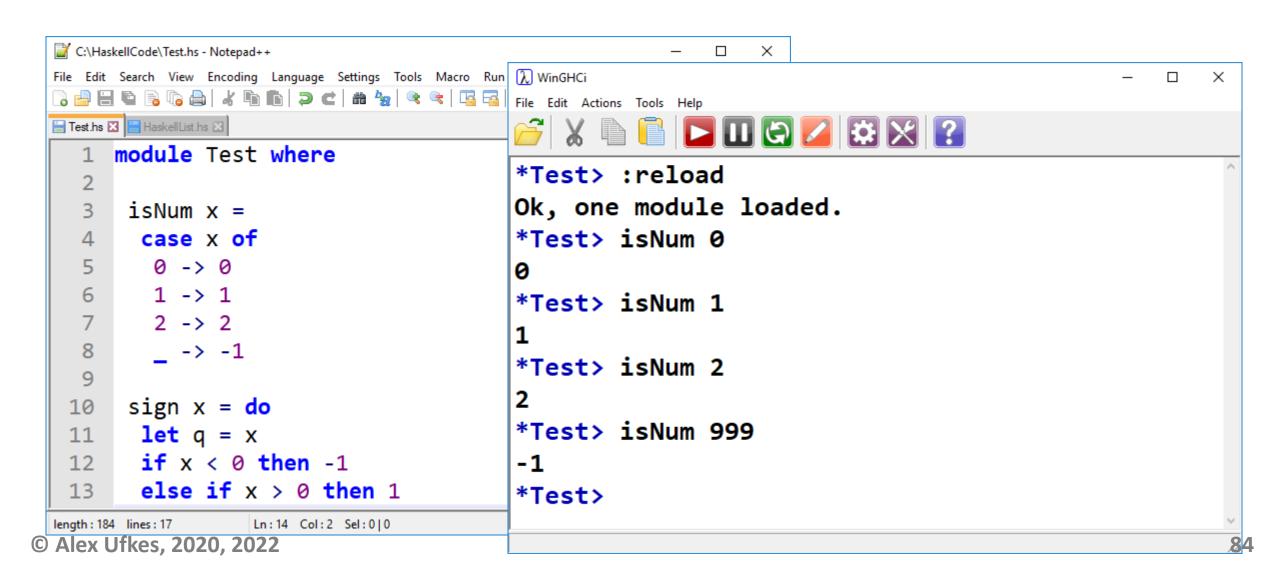




### **Case Expression**



## **Case Expression**

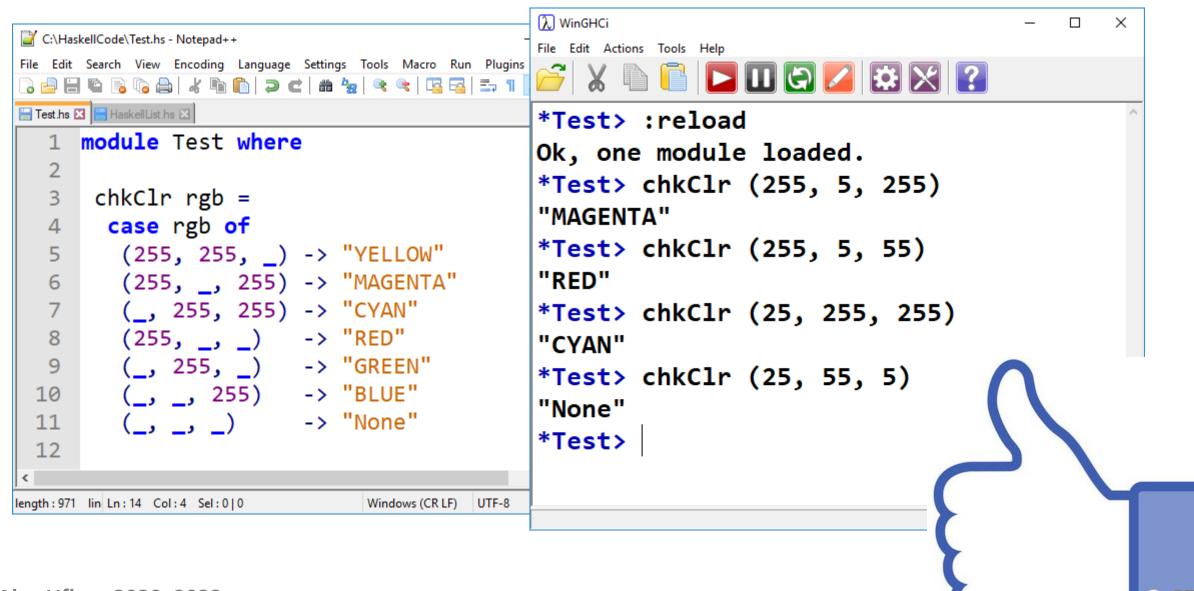


## Pattern Matching: Case

```
C:\HaskellCode\Test.hs - Notepad++
                                                   ×
                                             λ WinGHCi
File Edit Search View Encoding Language Settings Tools Macro Run Plugins
                                                                                        X
🕞 🖆 🗎 🖺 🥦 😘 📤 | 🔏 🐚 iib | 🤉 C | ## 🗽 | 🔍 🥞 | 🖫 🖼 📑 ¶ |
                                             File Edit Actions Tools Help
module Test where
                                             *Test> chkClr (1, 2, 255)
                                             "BLUE"
      chkClr rgb =
       case rgb of
                                             *Test> chkClr (155, 255, 55)
       (255, _, _) -> "RED"
                                             "GREEN"
       (_, 255, _) -> "GREEN"
                                             *Test> chkClr (255, 255, 255)
       (_, _, 255) -> "BLUE"
                                             "RED"
        (_, _, _) -> "None"
                                             *Test> chkClr (55, 25, 2)
                                             "None"
 10
                                             *Test>
 11
      nos x = x >= 0
length: 874 li Ln: 11 Col: 4 Sel: 0 | 0
                             Windows (CR LF)
                                                 INS
                                       UTF-8
```

## Pattern Matching: Case

```
λ WinGHCi
                                                                                     ×
C:\HaskellCode\Test.hs - Notepad++
                                         File Edit Actions Tools Help
File Edit Search View Encoding Language Settings Tools Macro Run Plu
🕞 🚽 🖶 🖺 🧣 😘 🤚 🔏 👫 🐚 🖍 🕽 C l 🛍 🦖 🔍 🤜 🖫 🚍 l 🚍
*Test> :reload
     module Test where
                                         [1 of 1] Compiling Test
                                        Test.hs, interpreted )
      chkClr rgb =
       case rgb of
                                        Test.hs:8:4: warning: [-Woverlapping-p
        (255, _, _) -> "RED"
        (_, 255, _) -> "GREEN"
                                        atterns]
                255) -> "BLUF"
                                             Pattern match is redundant
  8
        (255, 255, _) -> "YELLOW"
                                             In a case alternative: (255, 255,
  9
        (255, _, 255) -> "MAGENTA"
                                          ) -> ...
         (_, 255, 255) -> "CYAN"
 10
 11
          Will never match!
                                                 (255, 255, ) -> "YELLOW"
length: 971 lin Ln: 15 Col: 4 Sel: 0 | 0
                             Windows (CR LF)
                                           ^^^^^^
                                      UTF-
```



### **Unlike Elixir...**

```
C:\HaskellCode\Test.hs - Notepad++
                                                       λ WinGHCi
   File Edit Search View Encoding Language Settings Tools Macro Run Plugins Window
                                                       File Edit Actions Tools Help
                                                                        II 🖨 🖊 🛱 🗶 🔞
   🔚 Test.hs 🔀 📙 HaskellList.hs 🗵
        module Test where
                                                       *Test> chkClr (3, 3, 3)
                                                       "None"
         chkClr rgb =
                                                       *Test> chkClr (3, 3)
          case rgb of
          (255, _, _) -> "RED"
                                                       <interactive>:406:8: error:
          (_, 255, _) -> "GREEN"

    Couldn't match expected type

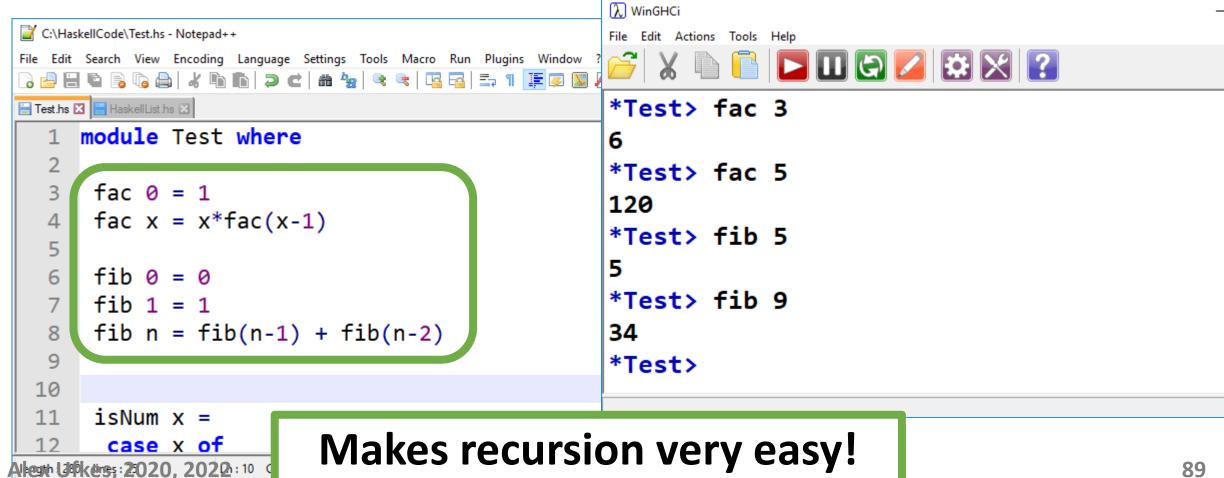
          (_, _, 255) -> "BLUE"
           x -> "None"
                                                       '(Integer, Integer, Integer)'
                                                                              with actual type
    10
                                                       '(Integer, Integer)'
        Try and be more general to catch

    In the first argument of 'chk

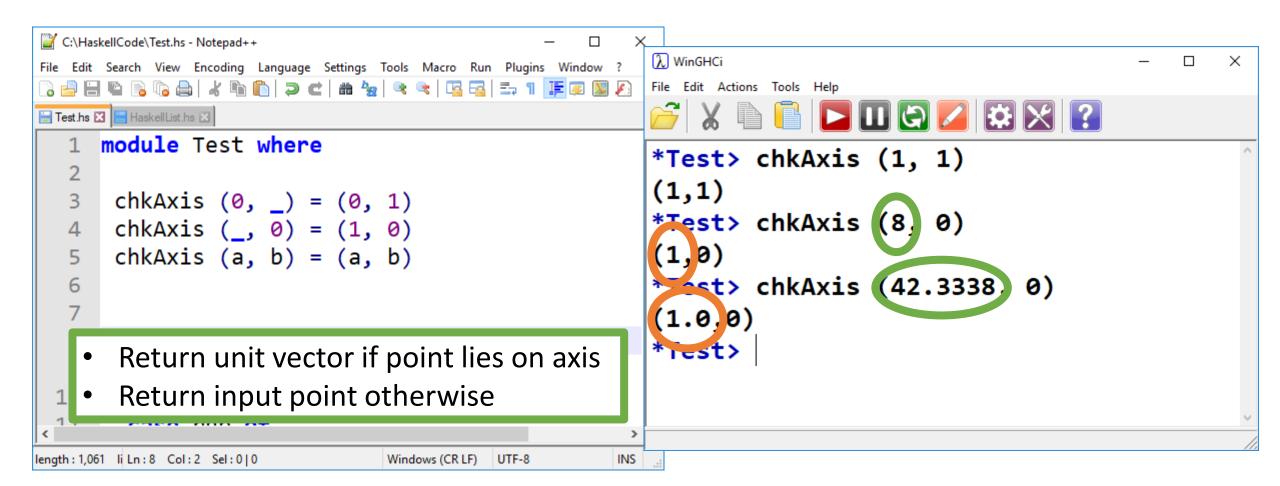
                                                       Clr', namely '(3, 3)'
          anything that isn't a 3-tuple?
                                                              In the expression: chkClr (3,
                                                        3/
© Alex Ufkes, 2020, 2022
```

### **Piecewise Functions**

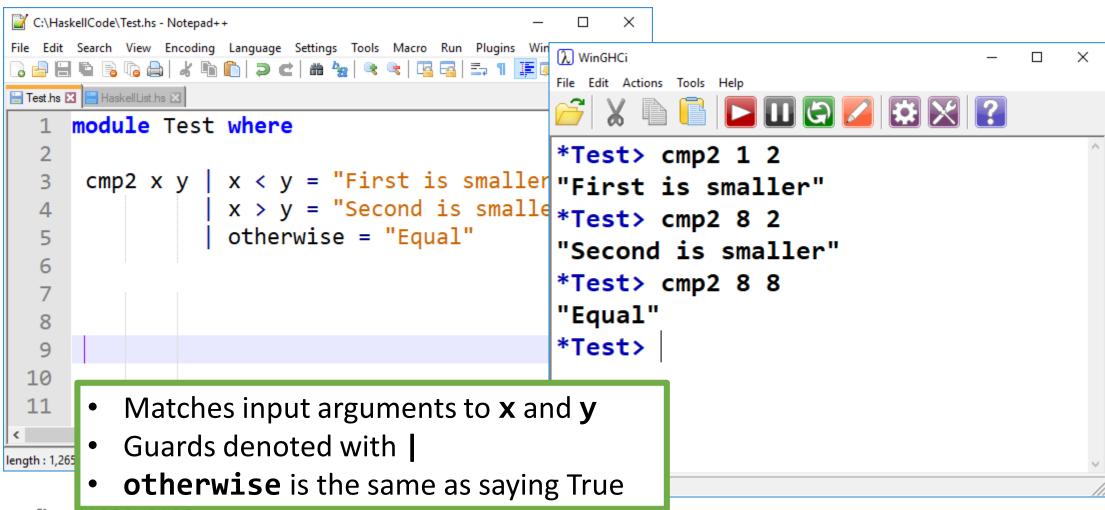
Just like Elixir's function signature pattern matching



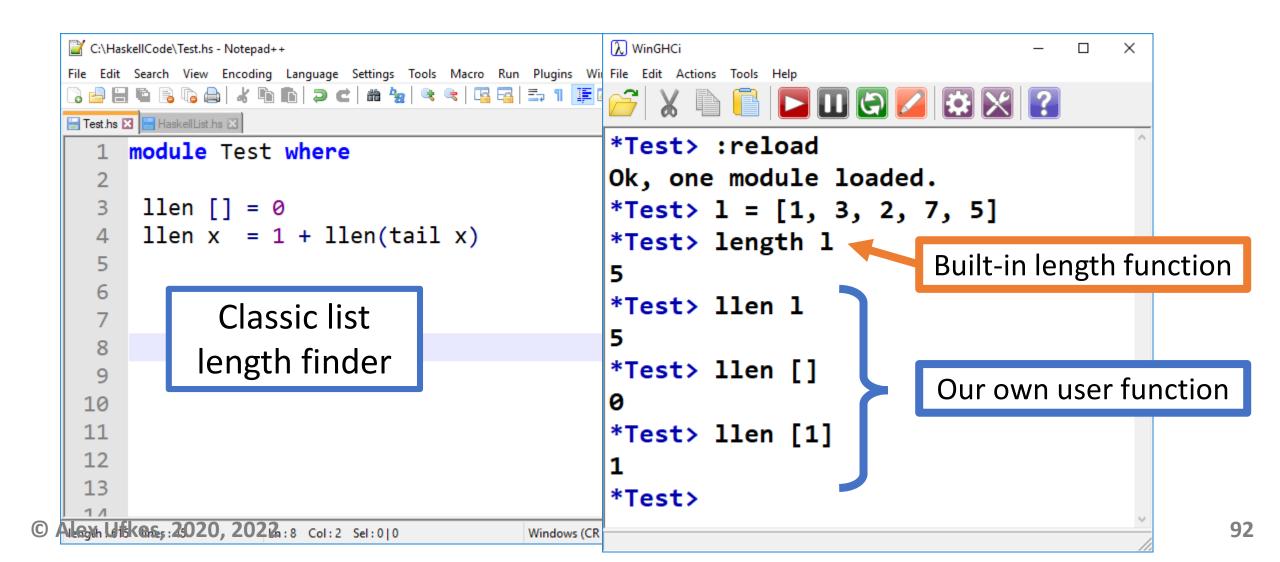
### **Piecewise Functions**



### Functions: Guards



#### Recursion

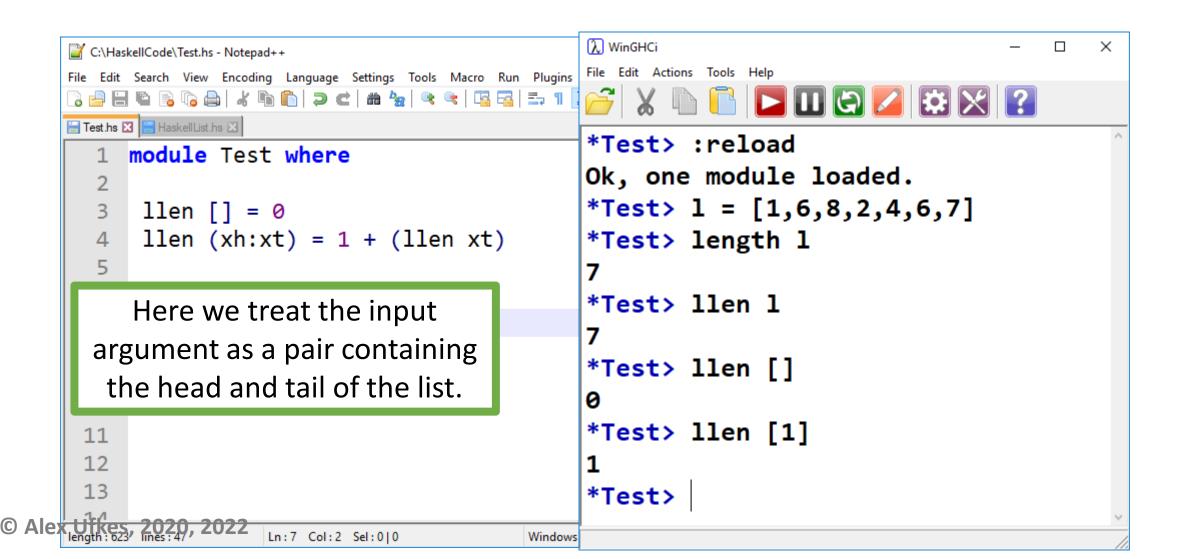


### **Tail Recursion?**

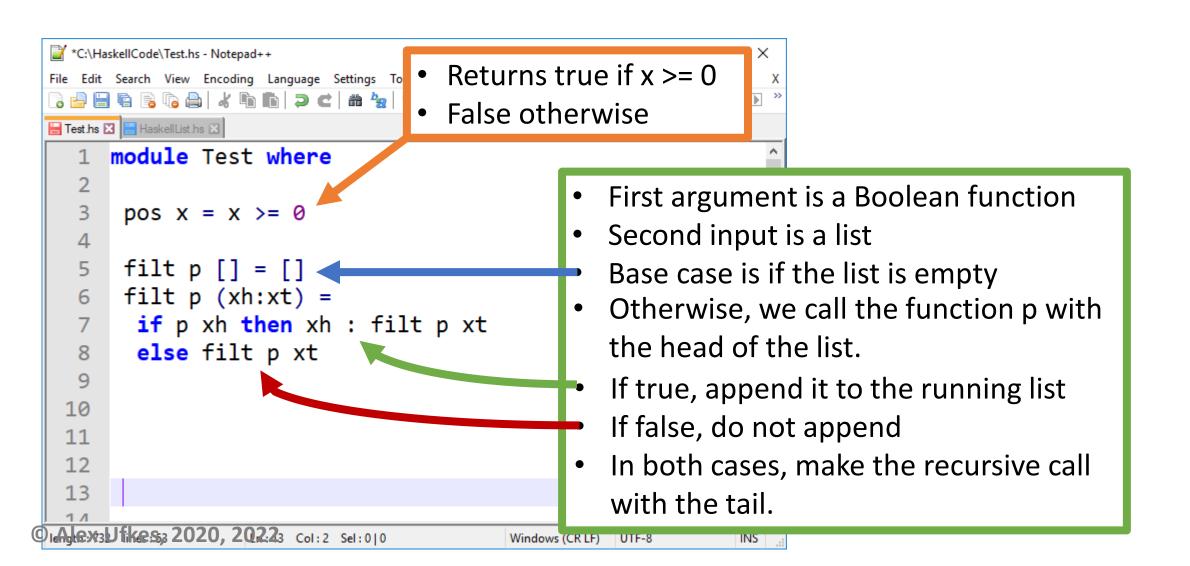
#### **Less important in Haskell**

- In Haskell, function call model is different
- Function calls don't necessarily create a new stack frame
- In practice, tail recursion not a big deal.

### Recursion: cons



### Recursion: filter

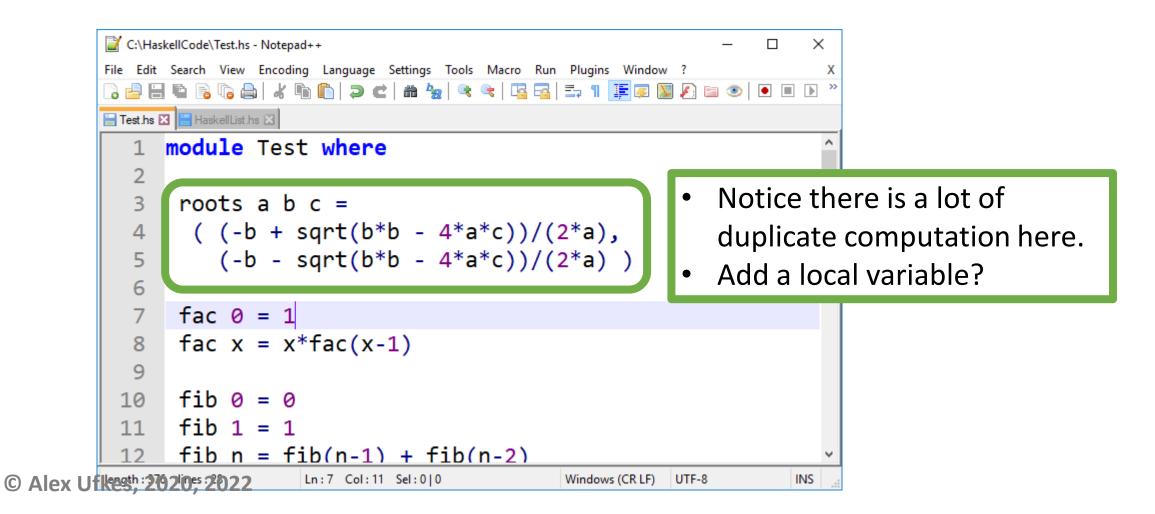


### Recursion: filter

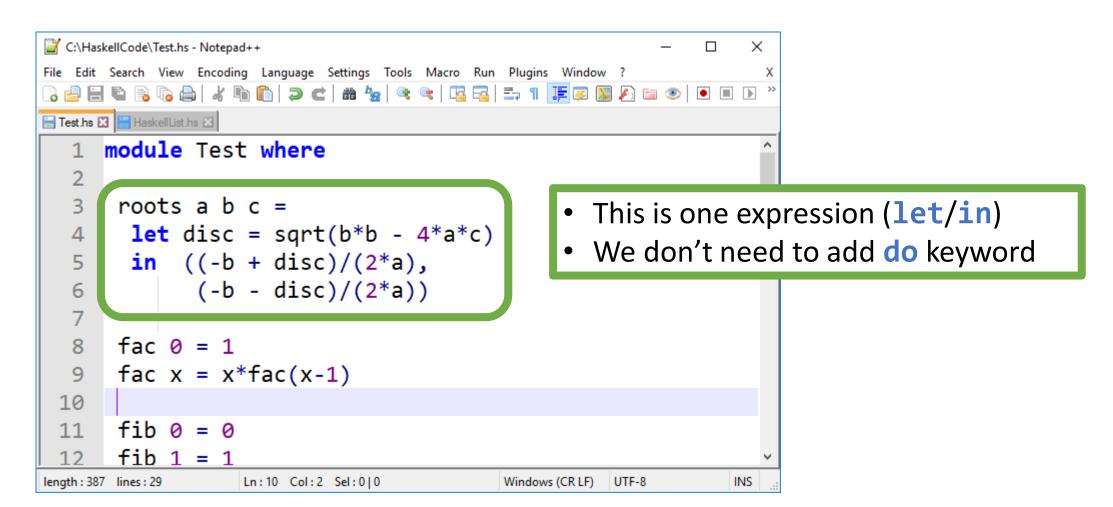
```
λ WinGHCi
*C:\HaskellCode\Test.hs - Notepad++
                                                  File Edit Actions Tools Help
  Edit Search View Encoding Language Settings Tools Macro Run Plugins Window
3 🖶 🗎 🖫 🥫 😘 🧥 🔏 🖟 🖍 🖍 🦍 🕽 🗩 🖫 🔀 💹
                                                      | Test.hs ⊠ | HaskellList.hs ⊠
                                                   *Test> pos 4
     module Test where
                                                  True
                                                                                Test pos function
                                                  *Test> pos (-5)
      pos x = x >= 0
                                                  False
      filt p [] = []
                                                  *Test> 1 = [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6]
      filt p (xh:xt) =
                                                  *Test> filt pos l
       if p xh then xh : filt p xt
                                                   [2,4,6]
       else filt p xt
  8
                                                  *Test> filt pos [-1]
  9
 10
                                                   *Test> filt pos []
 11
 12
 13
                                                  *Test>
Alex3 1 fkes3 2020, 2022 Col: 2 Sel: 0 | 0
                                        Windows (CR LF)
```

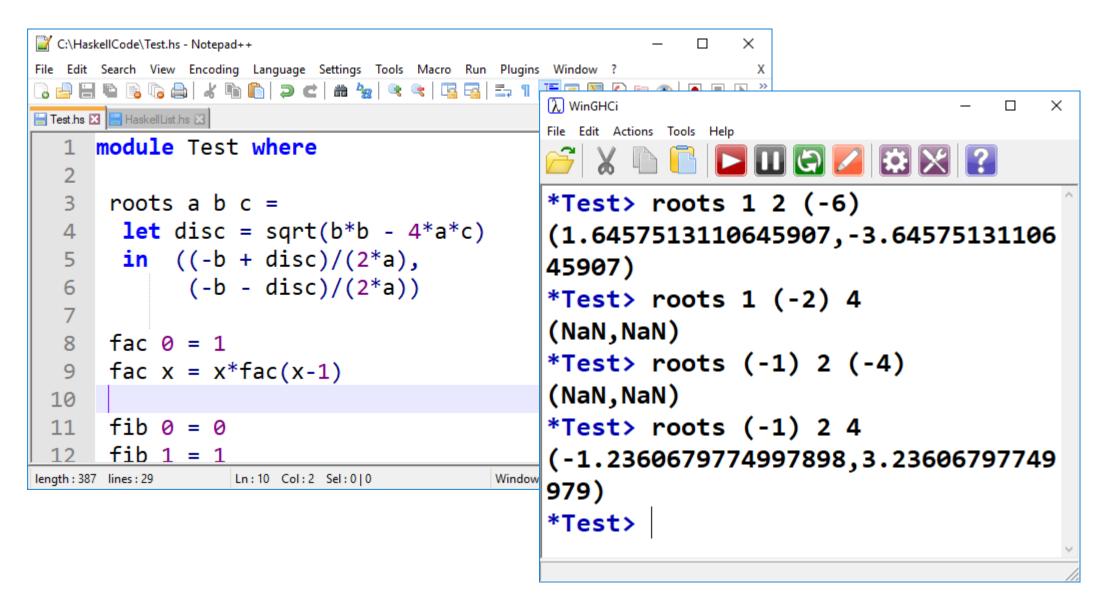
## Return Multiple Things?

#### Lists/tuples to the rescue!



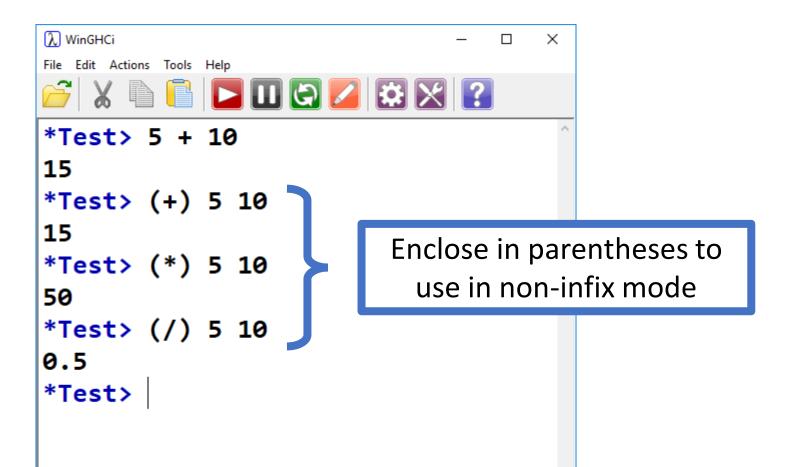
## let/in Expression





### **Infix Functions**

Use symbolic operators as functions:



## **Function Composition**

```
λ WinGHCi
                                            λ WinGHCi
                                    ×
                                                                                 \times
File Edit Actions Tools Help
                                            File Edit Actions Tools Help
            *Test> fac(fib(4))
                                            *Test> (fac.fib) 4
                                            6
6
*Test> fac(fib(5))
                                            *Test> (fac.fib) 5
120
                                            120
*Test> fac(fib(6))
                                            *Test> (fac.fib) 6
40320
                                            40320
*Test>
                                            *Test>
                 Can be written as:
       In math, f o g means "f following g". Same thing in Haskell.
```

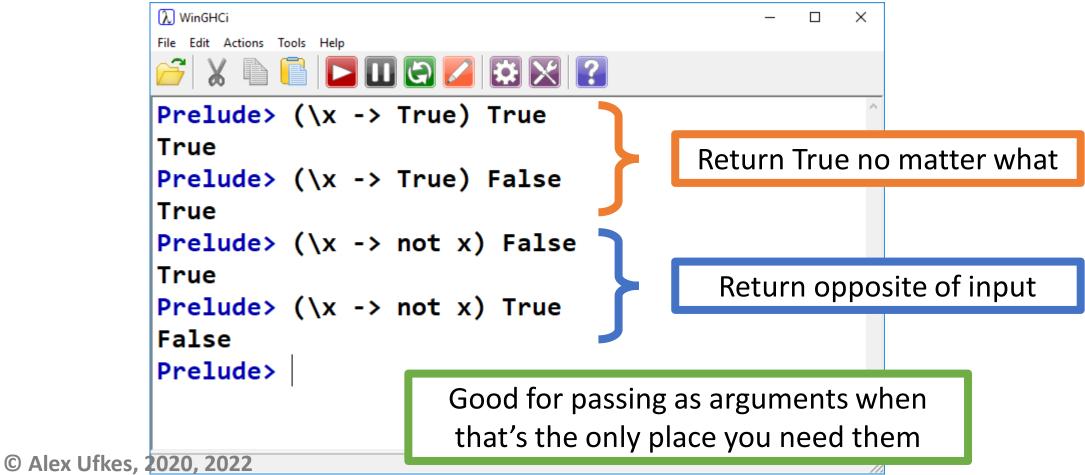
### **Lambda Functions**

Like anonymous functions in Elixir:

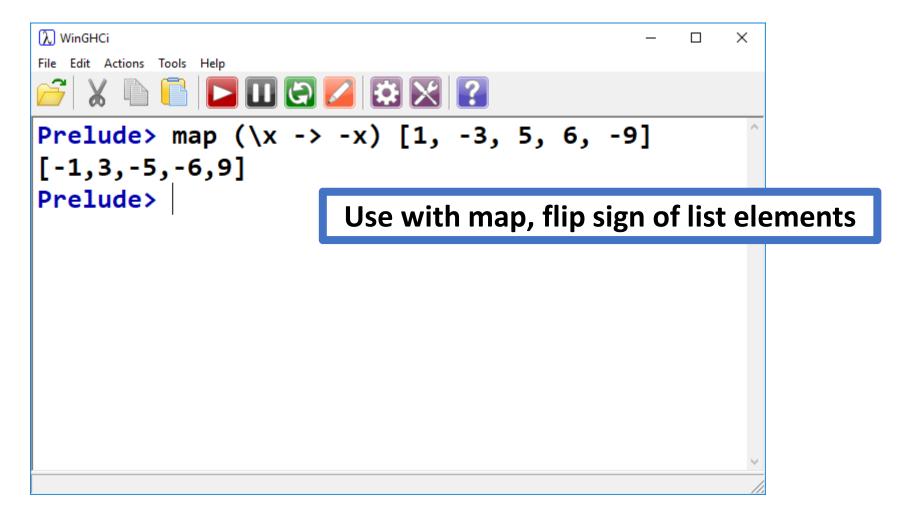
```
λ WinGHCi
                                    X
File Edit Actions Tools Help
   *Test> square = \x -> x*x
                                  Square as Lambda function
*Test> square 8
64
                                  Lambda function with two args
*Test> f = \xy -> 2*x + y
*Test> f 3 4
10
*Test>
```

### **Lambda Functions**

#### They don't need names!



#### Good for passing as arguments when that's the only place you need them



# Haskell Tutorials/References:

https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Yet\_Another\_Haskell\_Tutorial

http://cheatsheet.codeslower.com/CheatSheet.pdf

