

CodeMotion 2017 - Madrid, Spain

Overfitting: Top 10 Machine Learning Gotchas

@DynamicWebPaige





Work Experience

- Focus at Microsoft is machine learning and artificial intelligence.
- Prior to joining Microsoft, was a *data scientist* and *geophysical application developer* in the energy industry for 5 years.
- GIS Technician (Esri products) for two years.

Toolkit

- Python (10 years)
- R (4 years)
- Spark, Kafka, Hive, HBase (2 years)

Location: Austin, TX

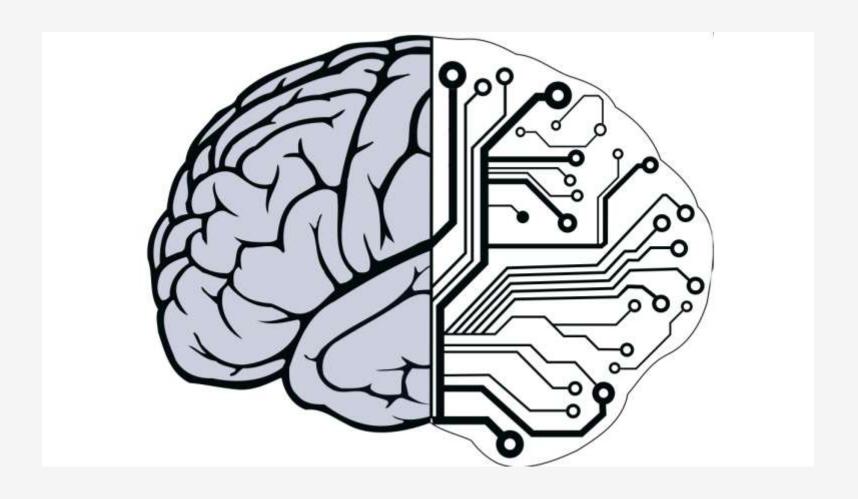
Twitter: @DynamicWebPaige













What is Machine Learning?



An example:

Credit Risk

Sven



We know some things about Sven:

• Age: 32

Gender: M

• Credit Score: 1

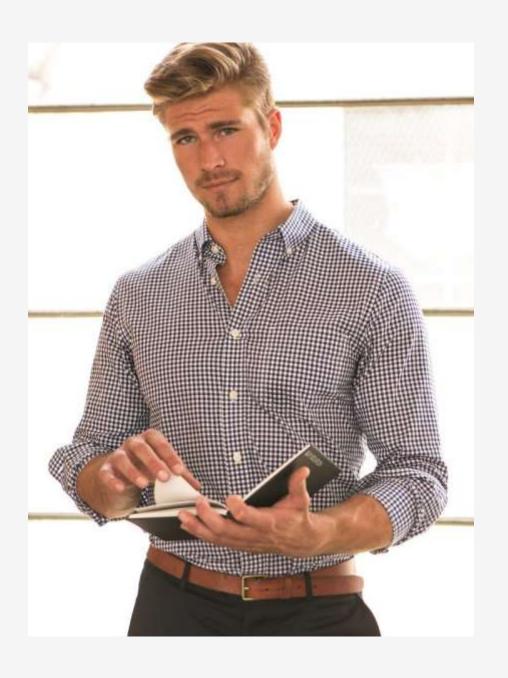
• Homeowner: N

• Account balance: -150

• Employment status: Y

• Education: BS

• Current debt: 2000







Jeff



CodeMotion 2017 – Madrid



Maria

...and we have similar information about each of them.



Jeff

Name	Age	Gender	Credit Score	Homeowner	Checking Account	Employment Status	Education	Current Debt
Sven	32	M	1	N	-150	Y	BS	2000
Jeff	29	M	4	Υ	700	Υ	MS	250
Maria	42	F	5	Y	1500	Y	MBA	1500EC



Name	Age	Gender	Credit Score	Homeowner	Checking Account	Employment Status	Education	Current Debt
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							•••	

FEATURE



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FEATURE

What does this look like in code?



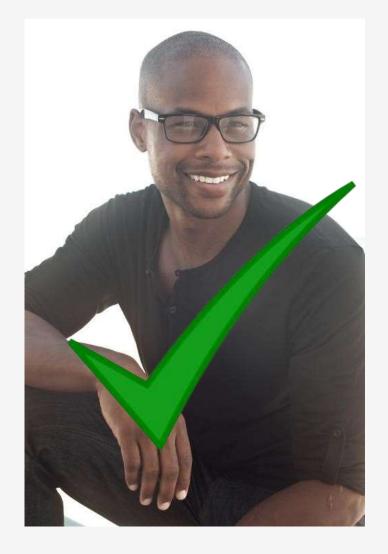
Live Demo



...so what does that mean?

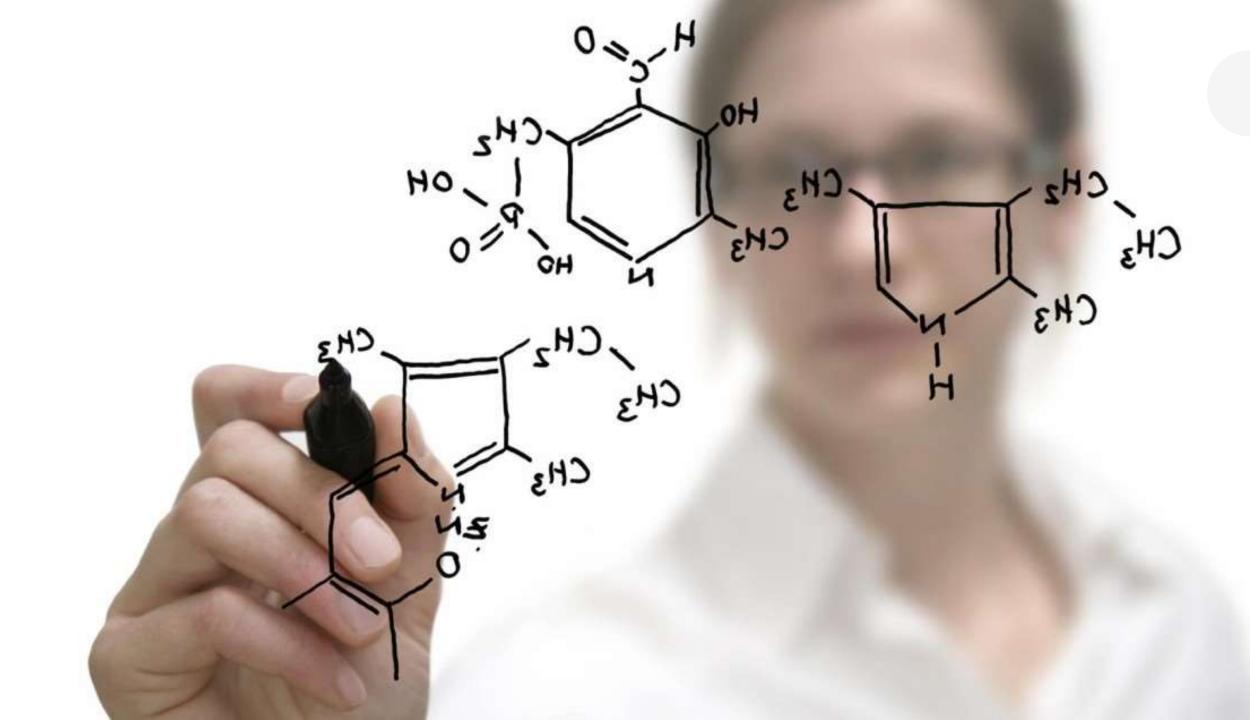








What is Overfitting?





An analogy:

Remember those kids in school who were phenomenal at memorization, but could never apply those memorized concepts to a new problem? Every time they were shown a problem they hadn't seen before, their conceptual framework fell apart.

That's #overfitting.

2:28 AM - 22 Nov 2017



Live Demo



Top 10 Machine Learning Gotchas

(and to make it interesting...)



Top 10 Machine Learning Gotchas

(...let's talk about Real Madrid)





The owner of Real Madrid has heard about your legendary data science skills...



...and wants you to predict performance for the club in 2018.



Not just whether they'll win



(obviously)



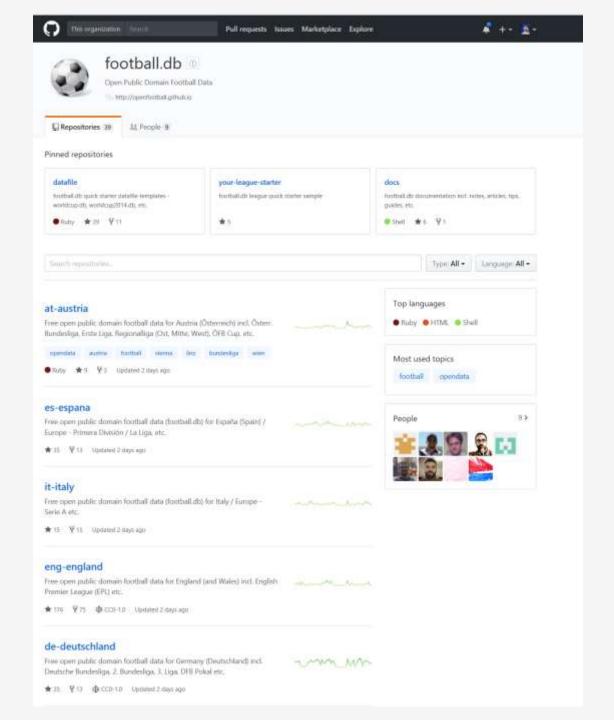


But...

- By how much?
- How will individual players perform?
- How many successful passes?
- How will players grow / deteriorate?
- Will there really be a home field advantage?

etc.

football.db





Example 1:

Too Few Samples

only having data for a few games...

19	16 January 2011	Almeria	1-1	Real Madrid	Ameria
10	23 January 2011	Real Madrid	1-0	Mallorca	Medid
f	30 January 2011	Osasuna	1-0	Real Madrid	Pampiona
2	6 February 2011	Real Madrid	4-1	Real Sociedad	Modrid
3	13 February 2011	Espanyol	0-1	Real Madrid	Cornellà de Libbregat
4	19 February 2011	Real Madrid	2-0	Levante	Madrid
5	26 February 2011	Deportivo La Coruña	0-0	Real Madrid	A Coruña
d.	3 March 2011	Real Madrid	7-0	Málaga	Madrid





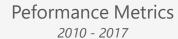


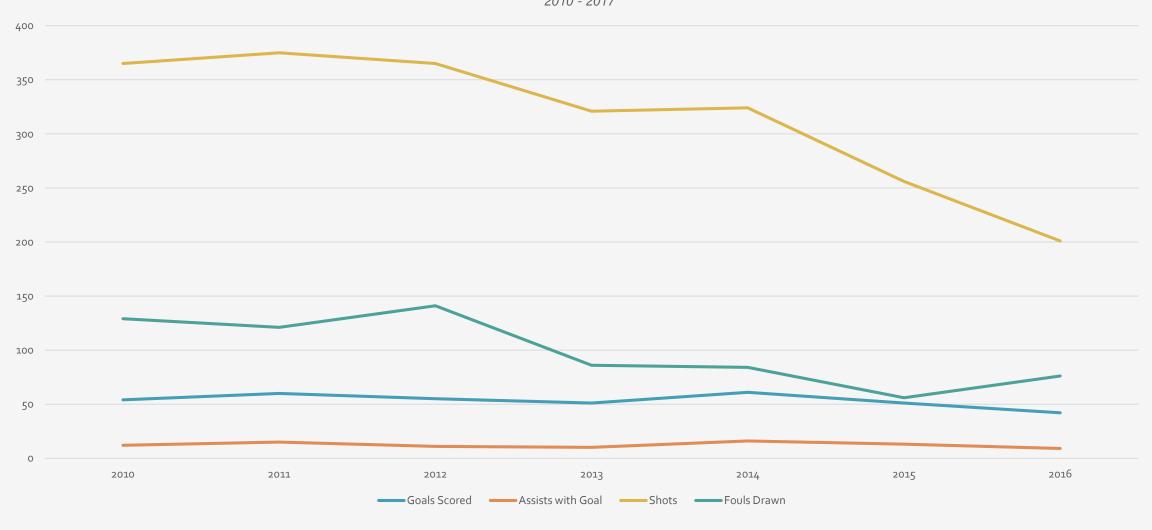


...or a few players.

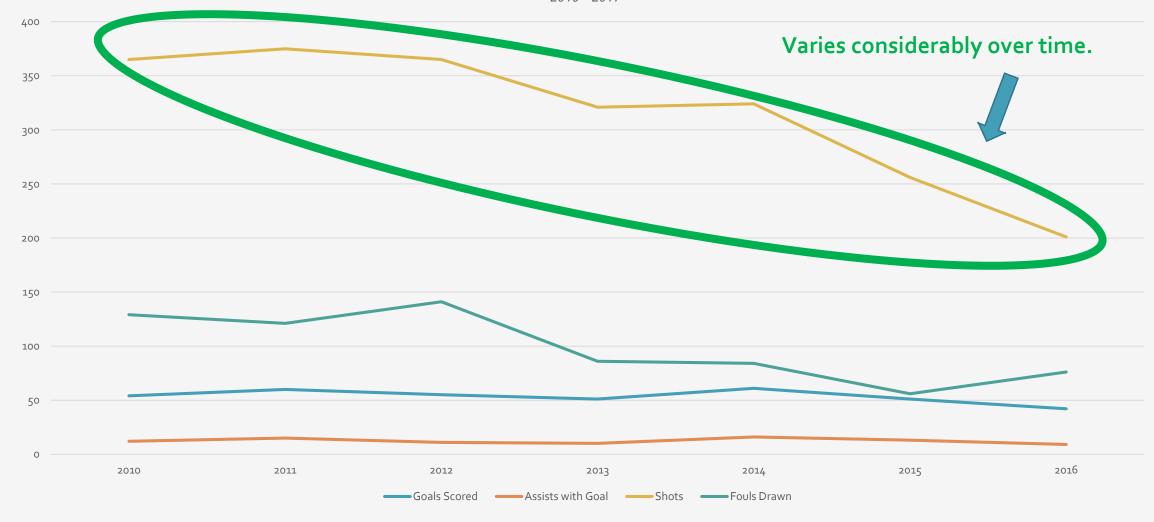


Example 2: Using Old Data











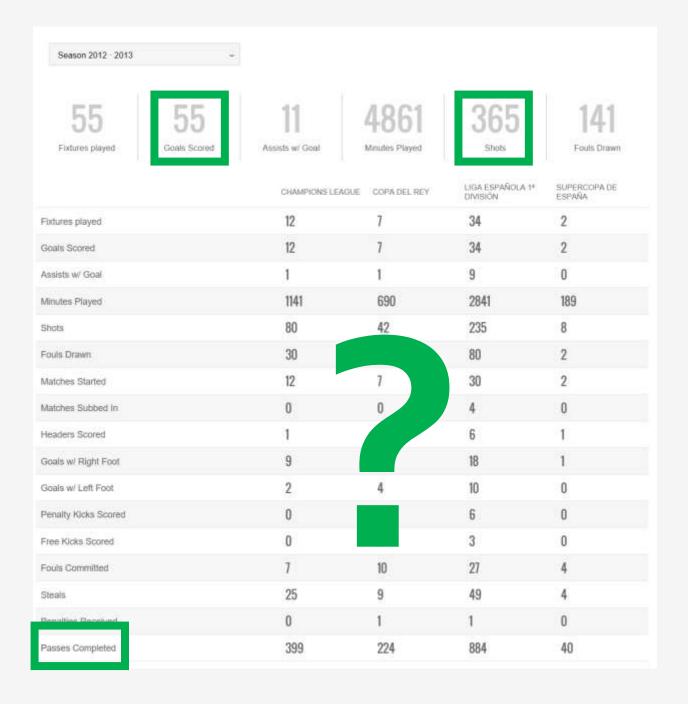
Example 3:

Choice of Measure

What does a "good" season look like?

Season 2012 - 2013	¥				
55 Fixtures played	55 Goals Scored	Assists w/ Goal	4-861 Minutes Played	365 shots	141 Fouls Drawn
		CHAMPIONS LEAD	QUE COPA DEL REY	LIGA ESPAÑOLA 1º DIVISIÓN	SUPERCOPA DE ESPAÑA
Fixtures played		12	7	34	2
Soals Scored		12	7	34	2
Assists w/ Goal		1	1	9	0
Minutes Played		1141	690	2841	189
Shots		80	42	235	8
Fouls Drawn		30	29	80	2
Matches Started		12	7	30	2
Matches Subbed In		0	0	4	0
leaders Scored		1	1	6	1
Goals w/ Right Foot		9	2	18	1
Goals w/ Left Foot		2	4	10	0
enalty Kicks Scored		0	1	6	0
Free Kicks Scored		0	0	3	0
Fouls Committed		7	10	27	4
Steals		25	9	49	4
Penalties Received		0	1	1	0
Passes Completed		399	224	884	40

What does a "good" season look like?





Example 4:

Cherry-picking Data





Example 5: Reprobleming

Altering the problem so that your performance improves.



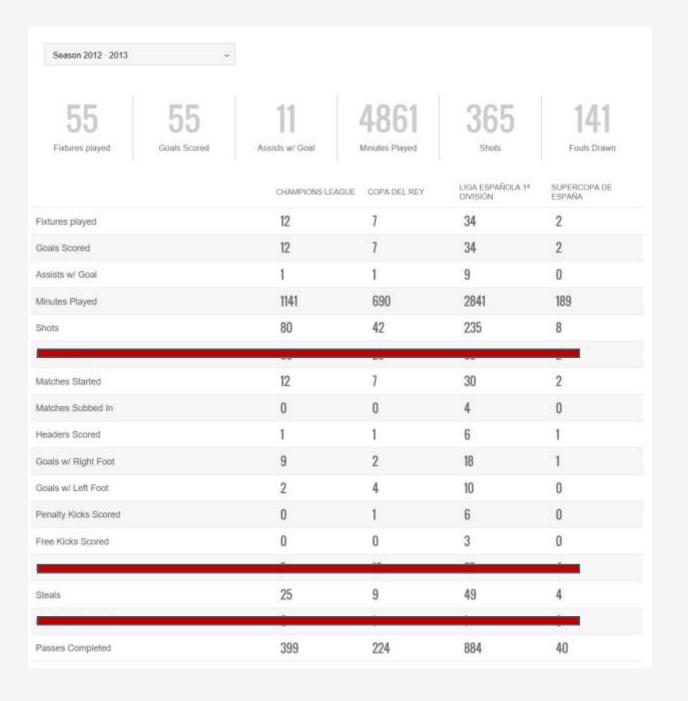
Example 6:

Parameter Tweaking

Only selecting parameters that you know will give you good results.

Season 2012 2013	Ų				
55 Fixtures played	55 Goals Scored	Assists w/ Goal	4861 Minutes Played	365 Shots	141 Fouls Drawn
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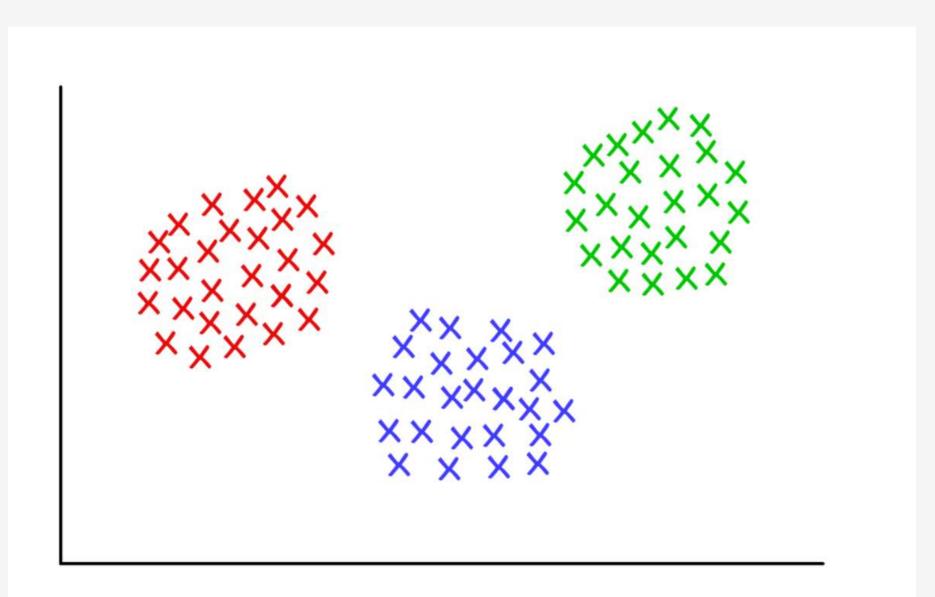
Only selecting parameters that you know will give you good results.





Example 7:

Human-Loop Overfitting



Example:

Using a clustering algorithm (on training and test samples) to guide learning algorithm choice.



Example 8: Collinearity

For example:

Player age, date of birth, and number of years playing professionally would probably give you similar information.



Example 9:

Overfitting by Review

Example:

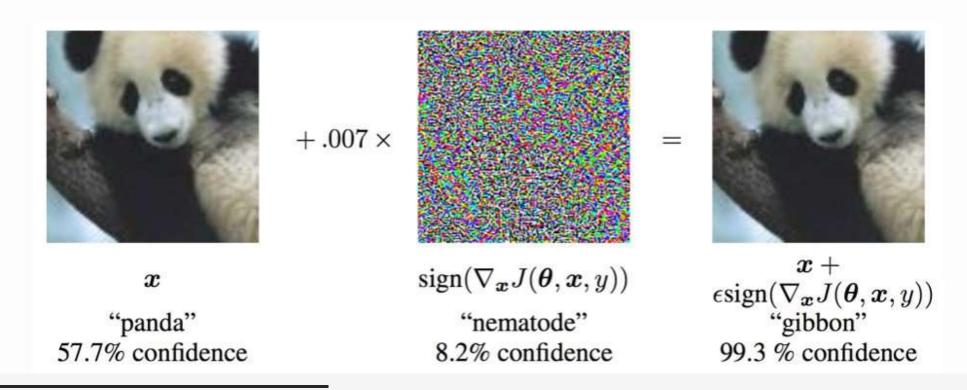
We **only** see data for the **public** games – **not** the data for **trial** matches.



Example 10:

Deep Learning in General

A common way to find perturbations forcing models to make wrong predictions is to compute adversarial examples [SZS13]. They yield perturbations that are very slight and often indistinguishable to humans, yet force machine learning models to produce wrong predictions. For instance, in the illustration below reproduced from [GSS14], the image on the left is correctly classified by a machine learning model as a panda, but adding the noise represented in the middle to that same image results in the image on the right, which is classified as a gibbon by the model.





You will overfit.

DENIAL

How could my performance on test data be so low? There must be a mistake!

ANGER

What did I do wrong?! This is the [data / algorithm / programming language]'s fault!

BARGAINING

Maybe if I add more data? Or if I do more feature engineering?

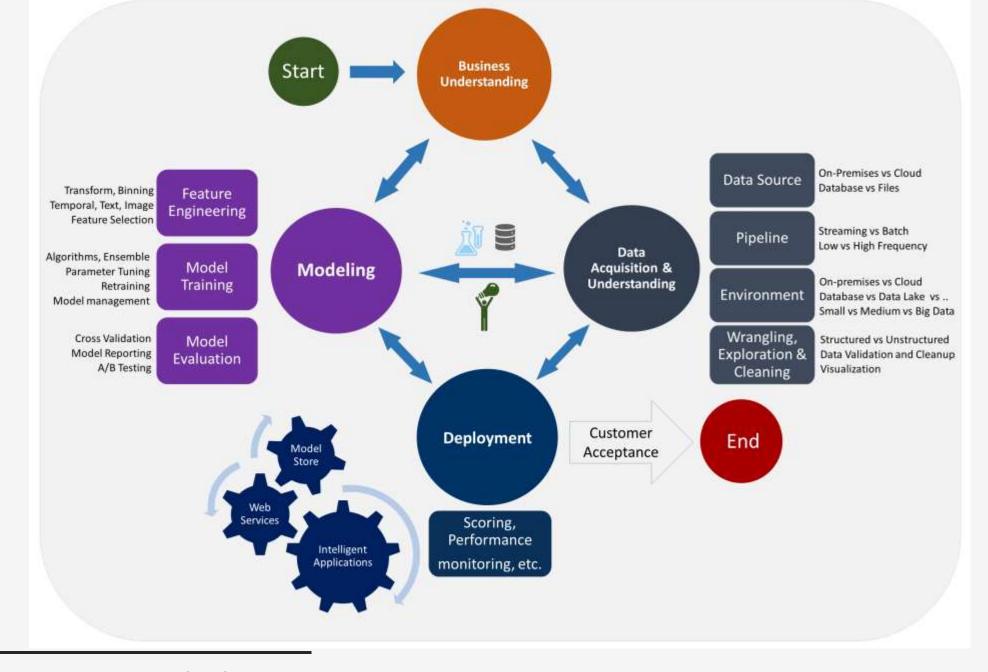
DEPRESSION

Why can't I fix this? Why does machine learning hate me? Maybe I should go be a coffee farmer

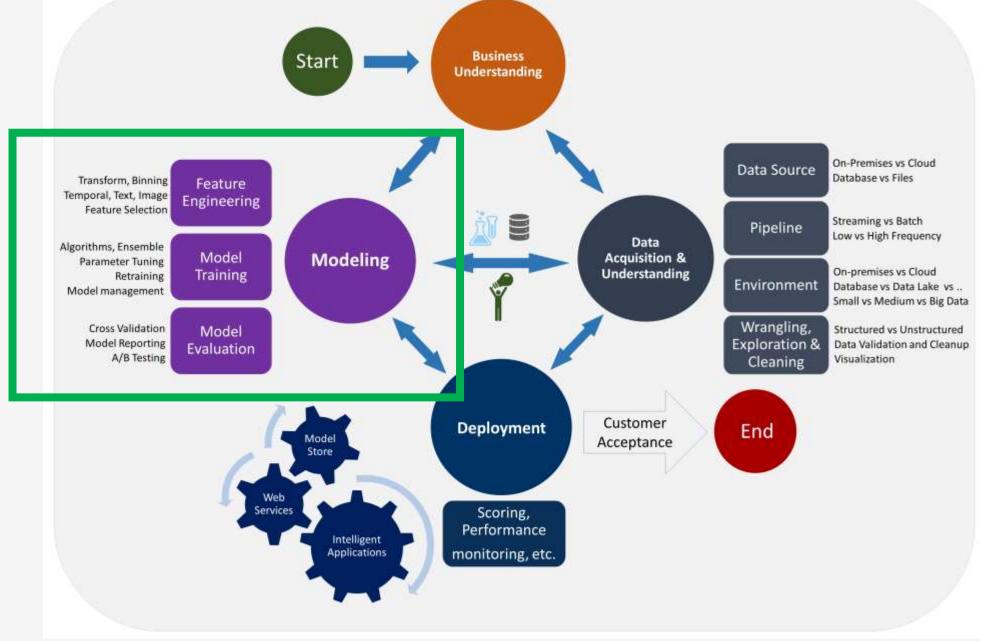
ACCEPTANCE

I will overfit. I am one with that reality. I must overfit as little as possible.







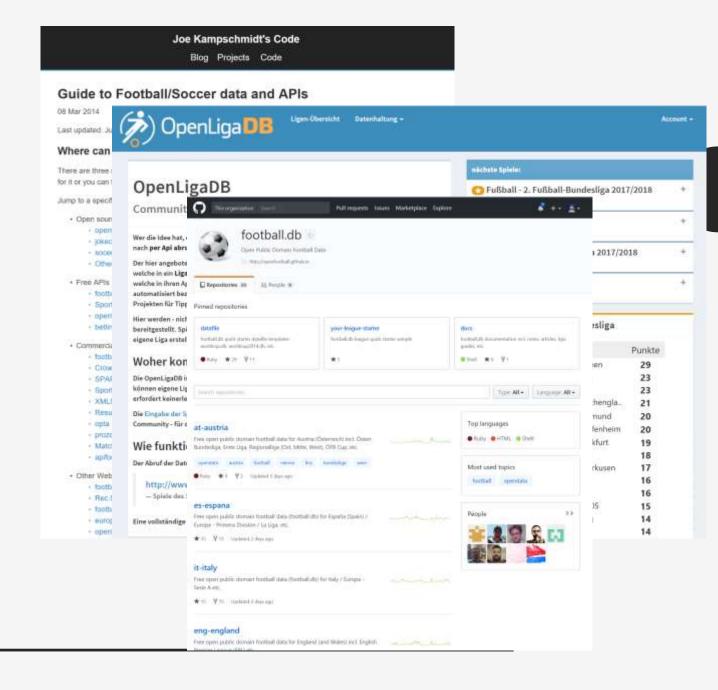


RESOURCES (football data):

- Football.db database
- Guide to Football and Soccer APIs
- Sports Open Data Statistics
- OpenLigaDB

RESOURCES (machine learning):

- <u>Team Data Science Process</u>
- Azure Machine Learning Workbench
- <u>Learn Analytics @ Microsoft</u>
- Microsoft AI School
- DataCamp
- AITools for Visual Studio
- Machine Learning (Coursera)
- Deep Learning (Coursera)







DIG DEEP WITH

AZURE MACHINE LEARNING

Use data analysis to take your business to a whole new level.

Microsoft Azure Machine Learning simplifies data analysis and empowers you to find the answers your business needs.

The question isn't whether you can find the answers.

The question is how.

SELECTING A MODEL

Thank you!