Random Forest

```
In [1]: from Utils import *
In [2]: # Load training data
           trainImages, trainOutputxi, trainOutputyi, trainOutputxw, trainOutputyw = readIm
In [3]: # normalizing pixel values
           trainImagesNormalized = np.array(trainImages) / 255.0
In [4]: # show some training images
           titles = [f"x={x}, y={y}" for x, y in zip(trainOutputxi[:16], trainOutputyi[:16])
           display_images(trainImages[:16], rows=4, cols=4, titles=titles)
               x=1576.0, y=1168.0
                                          x=1617.0, y=1217.0
                                                                      x=1613.0, y=1168.0
                                                                                                 x=1639.0, y=1223.0
               x=1607.0, y=1152.0
                                          x=1615.0, y=1200.0
                                                                      x=1588.0, y=1161.0
                                                                                                 x=1613.0, y=1159.0
               x=1614.0, y=1179.0
                                          x=1620.0, y=1114.0
                                                                      x=1590.0, y=1201.0
                                                                                                 x=1620.0, y=1176.0
               x=1624.0, y=1145.0
                                          x=1665.0, y=1148.0
                                                                      x=1614.0, y=1195.0
                                                                                                 x=1615.0, y=1185.0
```

In [5]: # Flatten the images for the linear regression model
 trainImages_flattened = [img.flatten() for img in trainImagesNormalized]
 trainImages_flattened = np.array(trainImages_flattened)

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In [6]: # Prepare the Outputs
         trainOutputs = np.array([
             trainOutputxi, # x values
             trainOutputyi, # y values
             trainOutputxw, # x_width values
             trainOutputyw # y_width values
         ], dtype=float).T # Transpose to align correctly
In [7]: # Split the Data
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(
             trainImages_flattened, trainOutputs, test_size=0.2, random_state=42
In [8]: # Import Random Forest Regressor
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
         # Initialize the Random Forest Regressor
         rf_model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=25, max_depth=5, n_jobs=-1, random
         # Train the Random Forest model
         rf model.fit(X train, y train)
Out[8]:
                                      RandomForestRegressor
         RandomForestRegressor(max depth=5, n estimators=25, n jobs=-1, random state=4
         2)
In [9]: # Evaluate the Model
         from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
         # Predict on the validation set
         y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_val)
         # Calculate MSE for validation
         mse = mean_squared_error(y_val, y_pred)
         print(f"Mean Squared Error on Validation Set: {mse:.2f}")
        Mean Squared Error on Validation Set: 1643.74
In [10]: # Save the Model
         import joblib
         # Save the trained model to a file
         joblib.dump(rf_model, "random_forest_models/random_forest_model.pkl")
Out[10]: ['random forest models/random forest model.pkl']
```

Improving the model

```
In [11]: # Dimensionality Reduction
    from sklearn.decomposition import PCA

pca = PCA(n_components=20) # Try reducing dimensions
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X_train_reduced = pca.fit_transform(X_train)
         X_val_reduced = pca.transform(X_val)
         rf model.fit(X train reduced, y train)
Out[11]:
                                     RandomForestRegressor
         RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=5, n_estimators=25, n_jobs=-1, random_state=4
In [12]: # Save the scaler
         joblib.dump(pca, "random forest pcas/pca.pkl")
Out[12]: ['random_forest_pcas/pca.pkl']
In [13]: # Predict on the validation set
         y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_val_reduced)
         # Calculate MSE for validation
         mse = mean_squared_error(y_val, y_pred)
         print(f"Mean Squared Error on Validation Set: {mse:.2f}")
        Mean Squared Error on Validation Set: 1522.20
         The MSE reduced from 1643.74 to 1527.88, so PCA works!
         Now, try GridSearchCV to improve our model
In [14]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
         # Define the parameter grid
         param_grid = {
             'n_estimators': [15, 20, 25, 50],
             'max_depth': [1, 5, 10, 15],
             'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4, 8],
             'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10, 20],
In [15]: # initailize the model
         rf grcv model = RandomForestRegressor(random state=42, n jobs=-1)
In [16]: # Initialize GridSearchCV
         grid search = GridSearchCV(
             estimator=rf_grcv_model,
             param_grid=param_grid,
             scoring='neg_mean_squared_error', # Negative MSE as scoring metric
             cv=5, # 5-fold cross-validation
             verbose=2,
             n_jobs=-1 # Parallel processing
```

Fitting 5 folds for each of 256 candidates, totalling 1280 fits

In [17]: # Fit the grid search to the data

grid_search.fit(X_train_reduced, y_train)

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D:\nur\developers\Anaconda_envs\envs\pytorch\Lib\site-packages\numpy\ma\core.py:2
        881: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in cast
          _data = np.array(data, dtype=dtype, copy=copy,
Out[17]:
                          GridSearchCV
           ▶ best_estimator_: RandomForestRegressor
                       RandomForestRegressor
In [18]: import pandas as pd
         import joblib
         # Get cross-validation results as a DataFrame
         cv_results = pd.DataFrame(grid_search.cv_results_)
         # Sort by the scoring metric (neg mean squared error) in descending order
         cv_results_sorted = cv_results.sort_values(by='mean_test_score', ascending=False
         # Select the top 5 models
         top_5_models = cv_results_sorted.head(5)
In [19]: # Save model with score metadata
         for idx, (_, row) in enumerate(top_5_models.iterrows()):
             params = row['params']
             score = row['mean test score']
             model = RandomForestRegressor(**params, random_state=42, n_jobs=-1)
             model.fit(X_train_reduced, y_train)
             model_filename = f"random_forest_model_top_{idx+1}_score_{-score:.2f}.pkl"
             joblib.dump(model, f"random_forest_models/{model_filename}")
             print(f"Saved: {model_filename} with score: {-score:.2f}")
        Saved: random_forest_model_top_1_score_2579.78.pkl with score: 2579.78
        Saved: random forest model top 2 score 2587.91.pkl with score: 2587.91
        Saved: random forest model top 3 score 2589.07.pkl with score: 2589.07
        Saved: random_forest_model_top_4_score_2601.39.pkl with score: 2601.39
        Saved: random forest model top 5 score 2608.72.pkl with score: 2608.72
In [20]: best_para = grid_search.best_params_
         print(f"Best parameters found:{best_para}")
         # Get the best model
         best model = grid search.best estimator
        Best parameters found:{'max_depth': 10, 'min_samples_leaf': 1, 'min_samples_spli
        t': 5, 'n estimators': 50}
In [21]: # Predict on the validation set
         y pred = best model.predict(X val reduced)
         # Calculate MSE for the validation set
         mse = mean_squared_error(y_val, y_pred)
         print(f"Mean Squared Error on Validation Set with Best Alpha: {mse:.2f}")
```

Mean Squared Error on Validation Set with Best Alpha: 1597.98