ViewPager 中使用 Fragement

知识解析

在 ViewPager 中,也可以使用 Fragment。使用 Fragment 的方法如下:

- 1. 自定义 Fragment 的子类
- 2. 自定义 FragmentPagerAdapter 的子类,只需要实现:
- Fragment getItem(int position):根据位置返回对应的 Fragment 实例
- int getCount(): 返回在 ViewPager 中一共有几个 Fragment

```
class MyPagerAdapter extends FragmentPagerAdapter{
    public MyPagerAdapter(FragmentManager fm) {
        super(fm);
        // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
    }
    @Override
    public Fragment getItem(int position) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        return

MyFragment.newInstance(layouts[position]);
    }
    @Override
    public int getCount() {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        return layouts.length;
    }
}
```

其中,MyFragment 的定义如下:

```
class MyFragment extends Fragment{
   int resId;
   private MyFragment() {
```

```
}
      public static MyFragment newInstance(int resId) {
         MyFragment fragment = new MyFragment();
         Bundle bundle = new Bundle();
         bundle.putInt("resId", resId);
         fragment.setArguments(bundle);
         return fragment;
      @Override
      public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         // TODO Auto-generated method stub
         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         resId = this.getArguments().getInt("resId");
      @Override
     public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater,
ViewGroup container, Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         // TODO Auto-generated method stub
         View view = inflater.inflate(resId, container,
false);
         return view;
  } }
```

实战操作

```
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
   int layouts[] = {R.layout.item1, R.layout.item2, R.layout.item3};
   int position = 0;
   @Override
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
       final ViewPager pager = (ViewPager)
this.findViewById(R.id.viewPager);
       Button next = (Button) this.findViewById(R.id.button2);
       next.setOnClickListener(new OnClickListener() {
          @Override
          public void onClick(View v) {
              pager.setCurrentItem((position++)%3);
           } } ) ;
       Button prev = (Button) this.findViewById(R.id.button1);
       prev.setOnClickListener(new OnClickListener() {
          @Override
          public void onClick(View v) {
              pager.setCurrentItem(Math.abs((position--)%3));
           } } ) ;
       pager.setAdapter(new
MyPagerAdapter(this.getFragmentManager()));
       pager.addOnPageChangeListener(new OnPageChangeListener() {
          @Override
          public void onPageScrollStateChanged(int arg0) {}
          @Override
          public void onPageScrolled(int arg0, float arg1, int arg2)
              Log. i("", ""+arg0);}
          @Override
          public void onPageSelected(int arg0) {
           } } ); }
class MyPagerAdapter extends FragmentPagerAdapter{
       public MyPagerAdapter(FragmentManager fm) {
           super(fm);}
       @Override
```

```
public Fragment getItem(int position) {
          return MyFragment.newInstance(layouts[position]);}
       @Override
       public int getCount() {
          return layouts.length;}}
   static class MyFragment extends Fragment{
       int resId;
       private MyFragment(){}
       public static MyFragment newInstance(int resId) {
          MyFragment fragment = new MyFragment();
          Bundle bundle = new Bundle();
          bundle.putInt("resId", resId);
          fragment.setArguments(bundle);
          return fragment;}
       @Override
       public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          resId = this.getArguments().getInt("resId");}
       @Override
       public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, ViewGroup
container, Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          View view = inflater.inflate(resId, container, false);
          return view; } }
```

职业素质

ViewPager + Fragment 经常用到 代码是从 actionbarsherlock 中提取出来的, 这个效果都知道是 滑动来切换的。直接上代码了

在这里简单说明一下 FragmentStatePagerAdapter 和 FragmentPagerAdapter, 2 个 adapter

第一种 fragment 状态 adapter - 在当前只会存在 前1个 fragment 当前 fragment

和 下 1 个 fragment 其他销毁 ,适合加载多数据

第二种 FragmentPagerAdapter - 全部存在, 所以不太适合加载 大量的数据 如图片什么的, 很容易内存溢出。