## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

DESIGN
OF
SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE
ON
KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD
IN KM 9/000,
ACROSS
SOM RIVER

## DESIGN OF SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE DESIGN

# ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

## **INDEX**

S. No	Particulars	Page
1.	Preamble	
2.	Hydraulic Design	
3.	Stability Check for Pier in Different Load Cases	
4.	Computation of Reinforcement in Pier	
5.	Design of Pier Footing	
6.	Design of Pier Footing Cap	
7.	Stability Check for Abutment in Different Load Cases	
8.	Design of Abutment Footing	
9.	Cross Sections & L Section of the River	
10.	Geotechnical Investigation Report	
11.	General Arrangement Drawing	
12.	Details of Pier Complete Drawing	
13.	Pier Reinforcement Details	
14.	Details of Bottom Anchorage of Pier	
15.	Details of Reinforcement in Pier cap	
16.	Deck Slab Anchorage Detail	
17.	Details of Abutment Complete Drawing	
18.	Details of Approach Slab	

# DESIGN OF SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

# PREAMBLE Type of Bridge

The bridge shall be a Submersible bridge. The HFL is 100.600 m and the proposed deck level is 101.600 m.

#### **Decking Arrangement**

The Deck Slab shall standard RCC deck slabs each 8400 mm wide i.e. 7500 mm carriage way and guard stones on both sides. There shall be 25 mm wide expansion joint between the adjacent deck slabs along the length of the bridge. The location of proposed road is right angle to the direction of flow.

There shall be 12 Nos. of spans. The centre to centre distance for THE spans shall be 8.8 m.

Standard RCC Solid Slab Superstructure with right effective span 8 M without footpath shall be provided in accordance to the Ministry of Surface Transport (Roads Wing), New Delhi drawings.

It is proposed to construct 7500 mm wide slabs of these standard drawings. As per requirement of use in the proposed bridge the deviation with respect to these drawings shall be as follows:-

- 1. Pier Cap Width 1200 mm [In the reference drawing the pier cap width is 800 mm]. The width of piers shall be 1200 mm. Due to this change the Centre to Centre distance shall be 8800 mm (centre to centre over piers). For all spans the clear span shall be 7600 mm and the centre to centre distance shall be 8800 mm. The length of reinforcement shall be modified as per these geometrical requirements however spacing of the reinforcement shall not be altered.
- 2. Footpath & Railing: There shall be guard poles on both sides only.
- 3. Reinforcement Detailing: The reinforcement detailing is suitably modified as required for the modifications referred above in points 1 to 2.

The proposed decking arrangement is shown in Drawing – D-01 titled as Decking arrangement.

#### **Design Loads**

The following loads have been considered in the design of deck slab and for the stability of the sub structure:-

#### [A] Maximum of the following cases

- I. One lane of IRC class 70R on carriage way
- II. One lanes of IRC Class A on carriage way
- III. Two lanes of IRC Class A on carriage way
- IV. Three lanes of IRC Class A on carriage way

- V. One lane of IRC class 70R and one lane of IRC Class A on carriage way
- VI. One lane of IRC class AA TRACKED VEHICLE on carriage way

In order to account for two adjacent slabs the resultant reactions and moments have been multiplied by 2 for stability check of the sub structure.

#### [B] Other Loads

- a) Footpath load of 5KN/Sqm.
- b) Wearing coat land of 2 KN/Sqm.

#### **Safe Bearing Capacity**

The detailed sub soil investigation report for a bridge constructed in the vicinity of the bridge is enclosed.

The foundation rock is safe against the eroding effects of the water flow and other climatic conditions.

As per detailed test of foundation rock the lowest safe bearing capacity for rectangular footing at depth 4.5 m and downwards is 200 kN/ Sq M; Hence the Safe Bearing Capacity adopted for design is 200 kN/ Sq M.

#### **Depth of Foundation/Founding Level**

For all the footings no hard rock available hence the foundation shall be laid at 4.5 m depth on gravel base as found uniformally across the river section.

#### **Scour Depth**

The maximum scour depth computed is 5.82 M. As per Clause No. 703-2-3-1 of IRC 78-1983 considering Scour at the pier two times of calculated scour depth below the highest flood level. But we shall provide foundation at 1.5 m ANCHORED IN BED ROCK AVAILABLE.

#### **Reinforcement Detail & other Detail of Deck slab**

Ministry of surface transport details drawings are enclosed which contains miscellaneous details of deck slab including reinforcement drawing.

The right effective span of the proposed bridge is 7.60 m. The length along the centre line of road between pier centers is 8.80 m.

The deck slab pertaining to 10 m. right effective span shall be provided as given in MOST drawings No. SD/101, SD/102, SD/103, SD/104 AND SD/112.

In the drawing the clear right span is 7600 mm. The proposed bridge shall have clear right span as 7600 mm conforming to the standard drawing adopted.

#### **Bearing detail**

Tar paper bearing shall be providing on top of pier cap & abutment cap.

#### **Approach slab**

The detail of approach slab is enclosed as drawing D-03.

### **Pier Cap Detail**

Pier cap drawing is enclosed as annexure D-05.

#### **CROSS SECTION OF RIVER DOWN-STREAM**

# Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

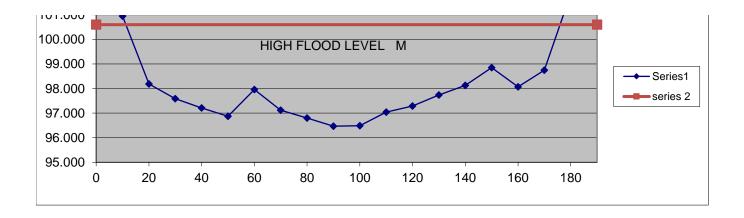
#### **CROSS SECTION OF RIVER AT PROPOSED BRIDGE SITE**

HIGHEST FLOOD LEVEL100.600MChainage in M (u/s)RL in M DEPTH OF FLOW IN M FLOWLENGTH OF DEPTH OF SECTIONAL PERIMETER

in M (u/s	KL IN IVI	FLOW IN M	FLOW	DEPTH OF	SECTIONAL	PERIMETER
or d/s)				FLOW	AREA OF FLOW	
0	102.000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10	100.950	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
20	98.190	2.41	10.00	1.21	12.05	10.29
30	97.590	3.01	10.00	2.71	27.10	10.02
40	97.210	3.39	10.00	3.20	32.00	10.01
50	96.870	3.73	10.00	3.56	35.60	10.01
60	97.960	2.64	10.00	3.19	31.85	10.06
70	97.120	3.48	10.00	3.06	30.60	10.04
80	96.800	3.80	10.00	3.64	36.40	10.01
90	96.470	4.13	10.00	3.97	39.65	10.01
100	96.490	4.11	10.00	4.12	41.20	10.00
110	97.040	3.56	10.00	3.84	38.35	10.02
120	97.290	3.31	10.00	3.44	34.35	10.00
130	97.740	2.86	10.00	3.09	30.85	10.01
140	98.130	2.47	10.00	2.67	26.65	10.01
150	98.850	1.75	10.00	2.11	21.10	10.03
160	98.070	2.53	10.00	2.14	21.40	10.03
170	98.750	1.85	10.00	2.19	21.90	10.02
180	101.850	0.00	10.00	0.92	9.25	10.17
190	102.000	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
		TOTAL	190.00		490.30	190.71

0.00 100.60 190.00 100.60





#### <u>DETERMINATION OF VELOCITY AT PROPOSED</u> SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE

# Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

#### **AS PER UP-STREAM SECTION**

HIGHEST FLOOD LEVEL 100.600 M

		TILOOD			100.000	171
CHAINAGE	G.L.	DEPTH OF	LENGTH	AVERAGE	CROSS	WETTED
		FLOW IN	OF FLOW	DEPTH OF	SECTIONAL	PERIMETER
		M		FLOW	AREA OF FLOW	
0	102.000		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10	100.950		10.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
20	98.190	2.41	10.00	1.21	12.05	10.29
30	97.590	3.01	10.00	2.71	27.10	10.02
40	97.210	3.39	10.00	3.20	32.00	10.01
50	96.870	3.73	10.00	3.56	35.60	10.01
60	97.960	2.64	10.00	3.19	31.85	10.06
70	97.120	3.48	10.00	3.06	30.60	10.04
80	96.800	3.80	10.00	3.64	36.40	10.01
90	96.470	4.13	10.00	3.97	39.65	10.01
100	96.490	4.11	10.00	4.12	41.20	10.00
110	97.040	3.56	10.00	3.84	38.35	10.02
120	97.290	3.31	10.00	3.44	34.35	10.00
130	97.740	2.86	10.00	3.09	30.85	10.01
140	98.130	2.47	10.00	2.67	26.65	10.01
150	98.850	1.75	10.00	2.11	21.10	10.03
160	98.070	2.53	10.00	2.14	21.40	10.03
170	98.750	1.85	10.00	2.19	21.90	10.02
180	101.850	0.00	10.00	0.92	9.25	10.17
190	102.000	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	10.00
		TOTAL	190.00		490.30	190.71

A 490.30 SQM P 190.71 M 98.490 97.890 97.510 97.170 98.260 97.120 96.800 96.470 96.490 97.340 97.590 98.040 98.430 99.150

CHAINAGE		G.L.	DEPTH OF	LENGTH	AVERAGE	CROSS	WETTED
			FLOW IN	OF FLOW	DEPTH OF	SECTIONAL	PERIMETER
			M		FLOW	AREA OF FLOW	
	R		2.57	M			
	N		0.033				
	S	1 IN	960				
	V		1.84	M/SEC			
	$\mathbf{O}$		899 93	CUMECS			

The design engineer visually observed the river to ascertain the Roughness Coefficient n for the Manning's formula. Upon visual inspection of the river in the vicinity of the proposed bridge site it was found that the River bed surface is good with clean straight banks, no rifts or deep pools however containing some weeds and stones. Roughness Coefficient pertaining to these characteristics is 0.033

Design Discharge = 899.93 CUMECS

Critical Levels									
Road top level (RTL)	101.600	M							
Average Ground Level(AGL)	96.600	M							
Average Height Of Bridge	5.000	M							
Lowest Nala Bed level (NBL)	96.470	M							
Ordinary flood level (OFL)	97.600	M							
Foundation level (FL)	93.470	M							
Ht. of bridge h= (RTL-NBL)	5.130	M							
Ht. of bridge H=(RTL-FL)	8.130	M							

<sup>\*\*</sup> Needs Rational Evaluation w.r.t. afflux.

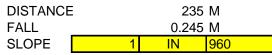
<sup>\*\*</sup> Average of GL for points lying below HFL.

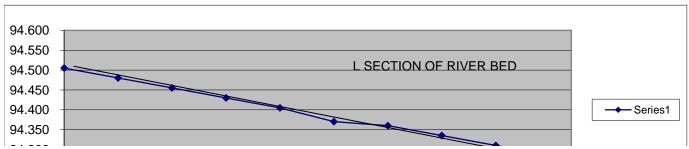
DETERMINATION OF BED SLOPE OF THE RIVER

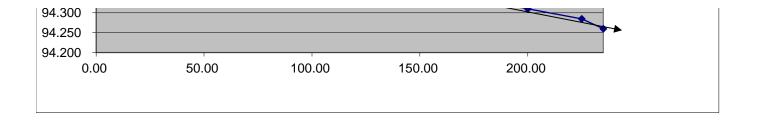
Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS 
SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

Chainage in	RL in M
M (u/s or	
d/s)	
0.00	94.505
25.00	94.480
50.00	94.455
75.00	94.430
100.00	94.405
125.00	94.370
150.00	94.360
175.00	94.335
200.00	94.310
225.00	94.285
235.00	94.260

Reference Poits						
Ch	RL					
0.00	94.505					
235.00 94.260						







#### ANCHORAGE OF DECK SLAB TO SUBSTRUCTURE

Name Of Work: Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM
In the case of a submersible bridge, the deck slab is near the plane of maximum velocity. To counteract the sliding action due to
velocity of flow, loss of weight of slab due to buoyancy, the tilting forces due to eddies and currents and the disturbing forces due to
debris or trees floating down the stream, it is necessary to anchor the deck slab to the substructure.

One possible solution to this anchorage is as shown in detailed drawing. The aim in this anchorage is to secure the deck slab to piers or abutments against uplift or lateral thrust and at the same time allow lateral movement due to expansion and contraction due to temperature effects the arrangement will be evident from the sketch given in the detailed drawing.

Check Against Uplift								
The uplift force shall be maximum when the s	nen the flow	level is Just at near dec	k level.	HIS WILL BE	IN CASE OF AFFL	UX FLOOD LEVEL	100	.83 M
Total Height	=	0.23 M						
Maximum Uplift Pressure	=	0.23 x	10 =		2.3 kN/Sqm			
Area of Slab under effect of buoyand	:y =	8.80 x	12 =		105.6 Sqm			
Uplift Force on Slab	=	105.6 x	2.3 =		242.88 kN			
Self Weight of	Slab =	8.80 x	12 x		0.75 x	24.00 =	1900	.80 kN
Self Weight of Wearing	Coat =	8.80 x	12 x		0.075 x	24.00 =	190	.08 kN
	path = TAL	2X10.8 x	1.50 x		0.50 x	0.00 =		.00 kN .88 kN
Net Uplift Pres	sure =	242.88 -	2090.88 =		-1848.00 kN Hence Ok.			
Check Against Sliding								
Refer Stability Check of Pier WATER CURRENT IN TRANSVERS		•	,					
As per IRC- II ( 6-1966) clause 213.5	5	For V=		laximum veloc	ity being 1.414 x m	nean velocity		(1.414 = Root of 2)
Obstructed Velocity = V Cos 20 0	=	2.67 x	Cos 20 0					
	=	2.51						
2v2	=	12.59						
The soffit of the deck is at HFL	=	100.60 M	The afflux Flo	ood Level is	100.	83 M		
DRAG FORCE ON DECK SLAB DU								
Area Obstru	cted =	8.80 x	0.230 =		2.02 Sqm			
Drag Force on Slab	=	52.00 x	k x		$v^2 x$	Area Obstructed		
	=	52.00 x	1.50 x		12.59 x	2.02 / 100	=	<b>19.88</b> kN
Dia of Anchor Bars		32 mm						
Permissible Shear Stress		190 N/mm <sup>2</sup>						
Shear Force Resisted by one Ancho	r Bar =		0.785 x	32 <sup>2</sup>	/4 )x	190 / 1000	=	38.19 kN
Number Of Bars Provided Per slab		18 Nos.		<b>~</b>	, . ,	100 / 1000		00.10 1.11
Total Shear Resisted	=	18 x	38.19 =		687.42 kN			
FACTOR OF SAFETY	=	687.42 /	19.87857 =		34.59 <b>00 Hence OK</b>			

## DESIGN OF SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE

Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

# Hydraulic Calculation Computation of Discharge

1 Flood calculation by Area Velocity Method (As per Article- 5 of IRC SP-13)

		•	•	` .	,
Q =	AxV	Where			
A =	490.30 m2		A =	Cross sectional area in m <sup>2</sup>	
P =	190.71 m		P =	Perimeter calculated in m	
S =	1 IN	960	S =	Slope as per drain LS taken at	
				Proposal site	
n =	0.033		n =	Rugosity coefficient	
				(As per IRC SP-13)	
V =	$I/nx (A/P)^{2/3} x(S)^{1/2}$		V =	Velocity in m/sec.	
=	1.84 m/sec.				
Q =	902.15 Cumecs				

## **Linear Water Way Calculation**

Regime Surface width of the stream is given by :-

L = 4.8 (Q)1/2 144.18 m

Looking to the built up Urban area constraints adopt

12 Spans of

This will cause contraction and afflux. Calculation is done for the same to fix deck level.

Effective linear water way proposed = 12 x 8 = Total

# **Scour Depth Calculation**

(As per clause no. 703.2.2.1 of IRC: 78.1983)

$$dsm = 1.34x (Db2 / Ksf)1/3$$
 Where

Db = The discharge in Cumecs per meter width

Ksf = the silt factor = 1.5

8 M each.

96 M

96 M

Effective linear waterway = Width of waterway - Obstructed width of piper =  $94.80 - (11 \times 1.2)$ 

= 81.60 m

Db = 902.15 / 81.60

= 11.06 Cumecs per metre width dsm = 5.82 m

As per Clause No. 703-2-3-1 of IRC 78-1983 considering Scour at the pier two times of calculated scour depth below the highest flood level. But hard rock is available in foundation so the foundation will be anchored in the rock as per IRC guidelines.

#### **Afflux Calculation**

As per IS: 7784 (Part -I) 1975 Molesworth Formula for Afflux

Afflux h =  $((V^2/17.85) +0.0152)x(A^2/a^2-1)$ 

Where,

h = afflux in m,

v = Velocity in the unobstructed stream in m/s,

A = the unobstructed sectional area of the river in  $m^2$ 

a = the obstructed sectional area of the river at the cross drainage work in  $m^2$ .

As per Annexure- 1

Unobstructed Area of Flow after Bridge Construction = 94.800 x  $5.00 = 474 \text{ m}^2$ 

 $A = 490.30 \text{ m}^2$ V = 1.84 m/sec.

Computation of Area obstructed by Deck Slab

HFL: 100.600 m

Top Level of Deck slab: 101.600 m
Thickness of Slab and Wearing Coat 0.830 m

Length Of Slab 94.800 m

Height of Obstruction 0.830 m

Area obstructed by deck slab 94.800 x 0.83

78.68 m<sup>2</sup>

Computation of Area obstructed by Piers

HFL: 100.600 m

Soffit of Deck slab: 100.770 m

Average river bed level = 96.600 m

Nos. of pier = 11

Height of Obstruction 100.600 - 96.600 = 4.000 m

Area obstructed by one pier : = 1.2 x 4.00

4.8 m<sup>2</sup>

For 11 Nos. of piers = 11 x 4.8

 $A1 = 52.80 \text{ m}^2$ 

#### **Computation of Area obstructed by Abutments**

Average ground level =	96.	600 m					
Height of Obstruction	100.	600 =		96.600 =		4.000 m	
Area obstructed by one Abutment: A2 =	(0.40+0.75)/2	Х		4.00			
	=		$2.30 \text{ m}^2$				
For two Abutments =		2 x		2.30			
	=		4.60 m <sup>2</sup>				
Total area of obstruction due to slab,							
piers and abutments A	=	A0 -	+A1 + A2				
	=		78.68 +		52.80 +		4.60
	=		$136.08 \text{ m}^2$				
Actual Area of flow a =	474.	000 -		136.08			
	=		$337.92 \text{ m}^2$				
Afflux h =	(	0.23 m					
Afflux flood level =	100.6	600 +		0.23 =	•	100.830 m	
Obstructed Velocity	V	=	Q/a	l -			
Obstructed Velocity	=		902.15 /		337.92		
	=		2.67 m/s	ес			
However we consider design velocity	2	2. <mark>67</mark> m/se	c.				
Afflux flood level	=	1	00.830 м				
Top of deck slab	=	1	01.600 м				

This is well above the Afflux flood level.

Though it is not a high level bridge; there shall be no hindrance to traffic during high floods. Hence OK.

#### DESIGN OF PIER AND CHECK FOR STABILITY- SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE

Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

#### **DESIGN DATA**

1 RIGHT EFFECTIVE SPAN	=	7.60 M					
2 SPAN C/C OF PIERS	=	8.80 M					
3 OVERALL WIDTH OF PIER CAP	=	8.40 M					
4 H.F.L.	=	100.60 M					
5 BUOYANCY							
6 AT FOOTING LEVEL	_ =	100.00 %					
7 AT PIER LEVEL	_ =	100.00 %					
8 AQUEDUCT FALLS UNDER ZONE-II							
SO SEISMIC CASE IS NOT							
GOVERNING HERE.							
9 FLOOD DISCHARGE	=	899.93 CUMECS					
10 RIVER BED SLOPE	=	1 IN	960				
11 DESIGN VELOCITY	=	1.84 m/sec					
12 BED LEVEL OF THE HEIGHEST PIER	=	96.47 M					
13 SAFE BEARING CAPACITY	_	20.00 t/m2	200 00 1 81/2				
	=		200.00 kN/m <sup>2</sup>				
14 TOP LEVEL OF FOUNDING ROCK	=	93.47 M					
15 EMBEDMENT OF PIER IN HARD	=	1.50 M					
ROCK							
16 FOUNDATION LEVEL OF THE	=	91.970 M					
HIGHEST PIER		404.000.14					
17 DECK LEVEL OF THE BRIDGE	=	101.600 M					
18 TOP LEVEL OF THE PIER CAP	=	100.775 M					
19 LEVEL DIFFERENCE OF PIER CAP	=	8.81 M					
TOP AND FOUNDING LEVEL CHECKING STABILITY OF PIER AT R.L.91.97	M FOOTING LEV	\/EI					
A DEAD LOAD CALCULATION	IN FOOTING LE	VEL					
SUPER STRUCTURE							
Self Weight of Slab =	8.80 x	8.40 x	0.75	x 24.00 =	1330.56 kN		
Self Weight of Wearing Coat =	8.80 x	8.40 x	0.075		133.06 kN		
TOTAL	0.00 X	0.10 X	0.010	X 21.00 -	1463.62 kN		
SUB STRUCTURE							
Pier Cap							
Pier Cap =	1.50 x	8.40 x	0.60	x 24.00		=	181.440 kN
Flared Portion Sides =	0.50 x	0.15 x	0.60	x 8.40 x	2.00 x	24.00 =	18.144 kN
=	0.50 x	0.15 x	0.60	x 3.14 x	1.20 x	24.00 =	4.069 kN
Flared Portion u/s & d/s Sides =	0.60 x	0.60 x	1.50	x 24.00		=	12.960 kN
=	3.14 /	4.00 x	1.20	x 1.20 x	0.60 x	24.00 =	16.278 kN
TOTAL							232.891 kN
Pier							
Flared Portion Top =	<b>0.50</b> x	0.15 x	0.60		<b>2</b> x	24.00 =	18.144 kN
=	<b>0.50</b> x	0.15 x	0.60		1.20 x	24.00 =	4.069 kN
Pier Rectangular portion =	1.20 x	7.50 x	5.96			=	1286.280 kN
Pier Curved portion =	3.14 /	4 x	1.20		5.96 x	24.00 =	161.557 kN
Flared Portion bottom =	0.50 x	0.60 x	0.30	x 24.00		=	2.160 kN

	TOTAL	=	3.14 /	2	ł x	1.20 x		1.20 x	0.60 x	24.0	0 =	16.278 kN <b>1493.914 kN</b>
	Weight of Pier Above H.F.L. Weight of Pier Below H.F.L.		1493.91 -	0.00	)						=	0.000 kN 1493.914 kN
V	eight of Sub Structure with 15% Buoyancy	' =	0.00 + (	1493.91	x	22.50 /		24.00 )			=	1400.544 kN
	Footing	SIZ	'E 12.0	0 M x	3.80	Мх	1	.00 M				
	Weight without Buoyancy	′ =	12.00 x	3.80	) X	1.00 x		24.00			=	1094.400 kN
	Weight with 100% Buoyancy	′ =	12.00 x	3.80	) x	1.00 x		14.00			=	638.400 kN
	Total Weight of Substructure Without	Buoyar	псу									
		=	232.89 +	1493.91	+	1094.40					=	2821.205 kN
	Total Weight of Substructure With Bu	oyancy										
		=	232.89 +	1400.54	ł +	638.40					=	2271.835 kN
В	LIVE LOAD CALCULATION  Maximum Reaction due Live Load including Impact  Refer Live load Computation sheet showing maximum reaction	=	788.27 x <b>78.83 T which is</b>	1.00 = <b>788.27</b>		788.27	kN		Haunch	0.60 M		
									PCC Offset	0.20 M		
	TOTAL LONGITUDINAL MOMENT DUI Maximum Longitudinal moment due to Live Load including Impact and Breaking Force	E TO LI\ =	<b>VE LOAD &amp; BREAK</b> 122.13 x	ING FORCE	) =	244.25	kN-m		Length Variant Width Varia	1.00 M 0.50 M		
	Refer Live load Computation sheet											
	showing maximum reaction	=	12.21 T- m which is =	122.13	8 kN-m				F	137.30 Stress 60.92		
	TOTAL TRANSVERSE MOMENT DUE Maximum Transverse moment due to Live Load including Impact and Breaking Force	TO LIVE	E LOAD & BREAKIN 1123.94 x	IG FORCE	) =	2247.88	kN-m			<b>.</b>		

#### C LOADS DUE TO WATER CURRENT

showing maximum reaction

**Refer Live load Computation sheet** 

WATER CURRENT IN LONGITUDINAL DIRECTION ( ALONG THE BRIDGE)

As per IRC- II ( 6-1966) clause 213.5 For V= 1.84 m/sec

Since the bridge is at Zero Degrees skew from the direction of current as per IRC- II (6-1966) clause 213.5 it should be designed for (20+0) = 20 Degrees or (20-0) = 20 Degrees whichever gives higher quantum of water current forces.

1123.94 kN-m

Obstructed Velocity = V Sin 20  $^{0}$  = 1.84 x Sin 20  $^{0}$  = 0.63  $2v^{2}$  = 0.79 Total SUBMERGED Height = 7.13 M 0.79 0.68 0.67 0.00

which is =

112.39 T-m

FORCE ON DECK SLAB BETWEEN Deck L	ovel 101 6 M to Se	effit Loyal 400 775 M						
FORCE ON DECK SLAB BETWEEN DECK L $2v^2 = ($	0.79 +	0.68 ) /2 =	0.73					
Area Obstructed =	12.00 x	0.00 j/2 = 0.00 =	0.73 0.00 Sqm					
Alea Obstructed =	12.00 X	0.00 =	0.00 3411					
Force on Pier =	52.00 x	k x	v <sup>2</sup> y Δr	ea Obstructed				
=	52.00 x	1.50 x	0.73 x	0.00 / 100	=	0.00 kN	at R.L.	101.185 M
Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =	0.00 x	7.62 =	0.00 kN-m	_	0.00 KIV	at IV.L.	101.100 W
Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =	0.00 x	8.22 =	0.00 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =	0.00 x	9.22 =	0.00 kN-m				
FORCE ON PIER CAP BETWEEN 100.775			0.22	Oldo Kit III				
$2v^2 = ($	0.68 +	0.67 ) /2 =	0.67					
Area Obstructed =	12.00 x	0.60 =	7.20 Sqm					
Alica Obstructed =	12.00 X	0.00 =	7.20 04111					
Force on Pier =	52.00 x	k x	v <sup>2</sup> x Are	ea Obstructed				
=	52.00 x	1.50 x	0.67 x	7.20 / 100	=	3.78 kN	at R.L.	96.373 M
Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =	3.78 x	2.80 =	10.59 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =	3.78 x	3.40 =	12.86 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =	3.78 x	4.40 =	16.64 kN-m				
FORCE ON PIER BETWEEN 100.175 M to	93.47 M							
$2v^2 = ($	0.67 +	0.00 ) /2 =	0.33					
Area Obstructed =	7.33 x	8.70 =	63.81 Sqm					
Force on Pier =	52.00 x	k x	v <sup>2</sup> x Are	ea Obstructed				
=	52.00 x	1.50 x	0.33 x	63.81 / 100	=	16.57 kN	at R.L.	96.073 M
Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =	16.57 x	2.50 =	41.48 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =	16.57 x	3.10 =	51.42 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =	16.57 x	4.10 =	67.99 kN-m				
TOTAL LONGITUDINAL MOMENT DUE TO	WATER AURRENT	_						
TOTAL LONGITUDINAL MOMENT DUE TO			40.50					
Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =	0.00 +	10.59	50.07 IN				
Marrant @ D I	00.07.14	+	41.48 =	52.07 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =	0.00 +	12.86	64 20 kN m				
Mamont @ D. I	04 07 M	+	51.42 =	64.28 kN-m				
Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =	0.00 +	16.64 67.99 =	84.63 kN-m				
WATER CURRENT IN TRANSVERSE DIREC	CTION ( ACDOSS T	HE BDIDGE/	07.99 =	04.03 KN-III				
	For V=		n velocity being 1.414	v mean velocity		(1.414= Root of 2)		
Obstructed Velocity = V Cos 20 0 =	1.84 x	Cos 20 0	i velocity being 1.414	A mean velocity		(1.414=11001012)		
=	1.72	CO3 20 0						
2v2 =	5.95							
Total Height =	7.13 M	5.95 5.14	5.03	0.00				
FORCE ON DECK SLAB BETWEEN Deck L			0.00	0.00				
$2v^2 = ($	5.95 +	5.14 ) /2 =	5.54					
Area Obstructed =	8.80 x	0.000 =	0.00 Sqm					
Aloa Obolitatica –	0.00 A	0.000 -	0.00 04111					
Force =	52.00 x	k x	v <sup>2</sup> x Are	ea Obstructed				
=	52.00 x	1.50 x	5.54 x	0.00 / 100	=	0.00 kN	at R.L.	101.185 M
Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =	0.00 x	7.62 =	0.00 kN-m		***************************************		
Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =	0.00 x	8.22 =	0.00 kN-m				

	Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =		0.00 x		9.22 =	0.0	00 kN-m				
	FORCE ON PIER CAP BETWEEN 100.775		00.175 M									
	$2v^2 = ($	5.14 +		5.03 ) /2 =		5.08						
	Area Obstructed =	1.50 x		0.60 =		0.90 Sqm						
	Force on Pier =	52.00 x	k	x		v <sup>2</sup> x Ar	rea Obstru	cted				
	=	52.00 x		1.50 x		5.08 x		00 / 100	=	3.57 kN	at R.L.	96.373 M
	Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =		3.78 x		2.80 =		9 kN-m		Olor Kut	at rt.L.	00.070 111
	Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =		3.78 x		3.40 =		6 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =		3.78 x		4.40 =		64 kN-m				
	FORCE ON PIER BETWEEN 100.175 M to			0.70 X		0						
	$2v^2 = ($			0.00 ) /2 =		2.52						
	Area Obstructed =	7.33 x		1.20 =		8.80 Sqm						
	Alea Obstructed =	7.55 X		1.20 =		0.00 Sqiii						
	Force on Pier =	52.00 x	k	X		$v^2 \times Ar$	rea Obstru	cted				
	=	52.00 x		1.50 x		2.52 x		80 / 100	=	17.28 kN	at R.L.	96.073 M
	Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =		16.57 x		2.50 =	41.4	8 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =		16.57 x		3.10 =	51.4	2 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =		16.57 x		4.10 =	67.9	9 kN-m				
	TOTAL TRANSVERSE MOMENT DUE TO	WATER CURRENT										
	Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =		0.00 +		10.59 =						
				+		41.48	52.0	7 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =		0.00 +		12.86 =						
	_			+		51.42	64.2	28 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =		0.00 +		16.64 =						
				+		67.99	84.6	3 kN-m				
)	SEISMIC CONDITION											
	According to clause 222.1 of IRC: 6-1966 tl	he Aqueduct is situate	d in the sta	andard Zone- II; th	erefore	the						
	aqueduct need not to be designed for Seism											
•	WIND FORCE											
	Slab											
	Area =	11.10 x		0.98					=	10.82 Sqm		
	height of C.G. above Bed level =	101.19 -		96.47 =		4.72 m						
	According to Clause 212.3 IRC -6 -1966	Wind pressure =		85.37 Kg/Sqm	=		0.85	kN/Sqm				
	Wind Force =	10.82 x		0.85					=	9.24 kN		
	Moment @ R. L.	93.57 M =		9.24 x		7.62 =		6 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	92.97 M =		9.24 x		8.22 =		00 kN-m				
	Moment @ R. L.	91.97 M =		9.24 x		9.22 =	85.1	4 kN-m				
	Pier Cap											
	Area A1 =	1.50 x		0.60					=	0.90 Sqm		
	Area A2 =	1.35 x		0.60					=	0.81 Sqm	_	
									Total	1.71 Sqm	_	
	¥ = (	0.90 x		0.90 )+ (		0.81 x	0.3	30 )/	1.71	0.62 M		
	height of C.G. above Bed level =	96.37 -		96.47 =		-0.10 m						
	According to Clause 212.3 IRC -6 -1966	Wind pressure =		74.79 Kg/Sqm	=		0.75	kN/Sqm				
	Wind Force =	1.71 x		0.75					=	1.28 kN		

D

Ε

```
2.80 =
                                                                                                                  3.58 kN-m
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  93.57 M =
                                                                           1.28 x
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  92.97 M =
                                                                           1.28 x
                                                                                                  3.40 =
                                                                                                                  4.35 kN-m
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                                                                  4.40 =
                                                                                                                  5.63 kN-m
                                                  91.97 M =
                                                                           1.28 x
(I)
                           Pier from R.L.
                                                100.775 to
                                                                          96.47 M
                                   Area =
                                                   1.20 x
                                                                           4.31
                                                                                                                                                   5.17 Sqm
             height of C.G. above Bed level =
                                                                          96.47 =
                                                                                                  2.15 m
                                                  98.62 -
    According to Clause 212.3 IRC -6 -1966
                                            Wind pressure =
                                                                         79.74 Kg/Sqm
                                                                                                                      kN/Sqm
                                                                                                              0.80
                             Wind Force =
                                                   5.17 x
                                                                           0.80
                                                                                                                                                    4.12 kN
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  93.57 M =
                                                                                                  5.05 =
                                                                                                                 20.81 kN-m
                                                                           4.12 x
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  92.97 M =
                                                                           1.28 x
                                                                                                  5.65 =
                                                                                                                 7.23 kN-m
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  91.97 M =
                                                                           1.28 x
                                                                                                  6.65 =
                                                                                                                  8.51 kN-m
    TOTAL TRANSVERSE MOMENT DUE TO WIND FORCE
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  93.57 M =
                                                                         70.36 +
                                                                                                  3.58 +
                                                                                                                 20.81 +
                                                                                                                                      94.75 kN-m
                                                                                                                  7.23 +
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  92.97 M =
                                                                         75.90 +
                                                                                                  4.35 +
                                                                                                                                      87.48 kN-m
                         Moment @ R. L.
                                                  91.97 M =
                                                                         85.14 +
                                                                                                  5.63 +
                                                                                                                  8.51 +
                                                                                                                                      99.28 kN-m
                                     BASE PRESSURE CALCULATION
    CASE- 1 FOR SERVICE CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M
             VERTICAL LOADS
    DEAD LOAD CALCULATION
    SUPER STRUCTURE
                                                1463.62 kN
    SUB STRUCTURE
                                                                   Without Buoyancy
                                                2821.21 kN
    SUB STRUCTURE
                                                2271.84 kN
                                                                   With Buoyancy
    LIVE LOAD
                                                788.27 kN
                                                5073.09 kN
    Total Load without Buoyancy
    Total Load with Buoyancy
                                                4523.72 kN
    Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT
                                                  84.63 +
                                                                         244.25 =
                                                                                                328.88 kN-m
    Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT
                                         =
                                                  84.63 +
                                                                       2247.88 =
                                                                                               2332.51 kN-m
                                  C.S.A. =
                                               12.00
                                                                       3.80
                                                                                                                 45.60 m<sup>2</sup>
                                                            Χ
                                                                                                                 28.88 m<sup>3</sup>
                                                1/6x
                                                           12.00
                                                                                  3.80
                                      I_{xx} =
                                                                         Х
                                                                                                                 91.20 m<sup>3</sup>
                                                           12.00
                                                                                              3.80
                                                1/6x
                                                                                    Χ
                  STRESS with Buoyancy = (
                                                4523.72 /
                                                                                 )+/-(
                                                                                             328.88
                                                                                                                 28.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                    2332.51 /
                                                                                                                                                           91.20 )
                                                                          45.60
                                                                                  +/-
                                               99.20
                                                           +/-
                                                                       11.39
                                                                                             25.58
                                    P_{max} =
                                               99.20
                                                                       11.39
                                                                                             25.58
                                                 136.17 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                            < 250 kN/m2 Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                               99.20
                                                                       11.39
                                                                                             25.58
                                                  62.24 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                            > 0 Hence O.K.
                STRESS without Buoyancy = (
                                                5073.09 /
                                                                                             328.88
                                                                                                                                                           91.20 )
                                                                          45.60
                                                                                 )+/-(
                                                                                                      /
                                                                                                                 28.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                    2332.51 /
                                                           +/-
                                               111.25
                                                                       11.39
                                                                                  +/-
                                                                                             25.58
                                    P_{max} =
                                               111.25
                                                             +
                                                                       11.39
                                                                                             25.58
                                                 136.22 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                            < 250 kN/m2 Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                              111.25
                                                                      11.39
                                                                                             25.58
```

# = 74.29 kN/m<sup>2</sup> > 0 Hence O.K.

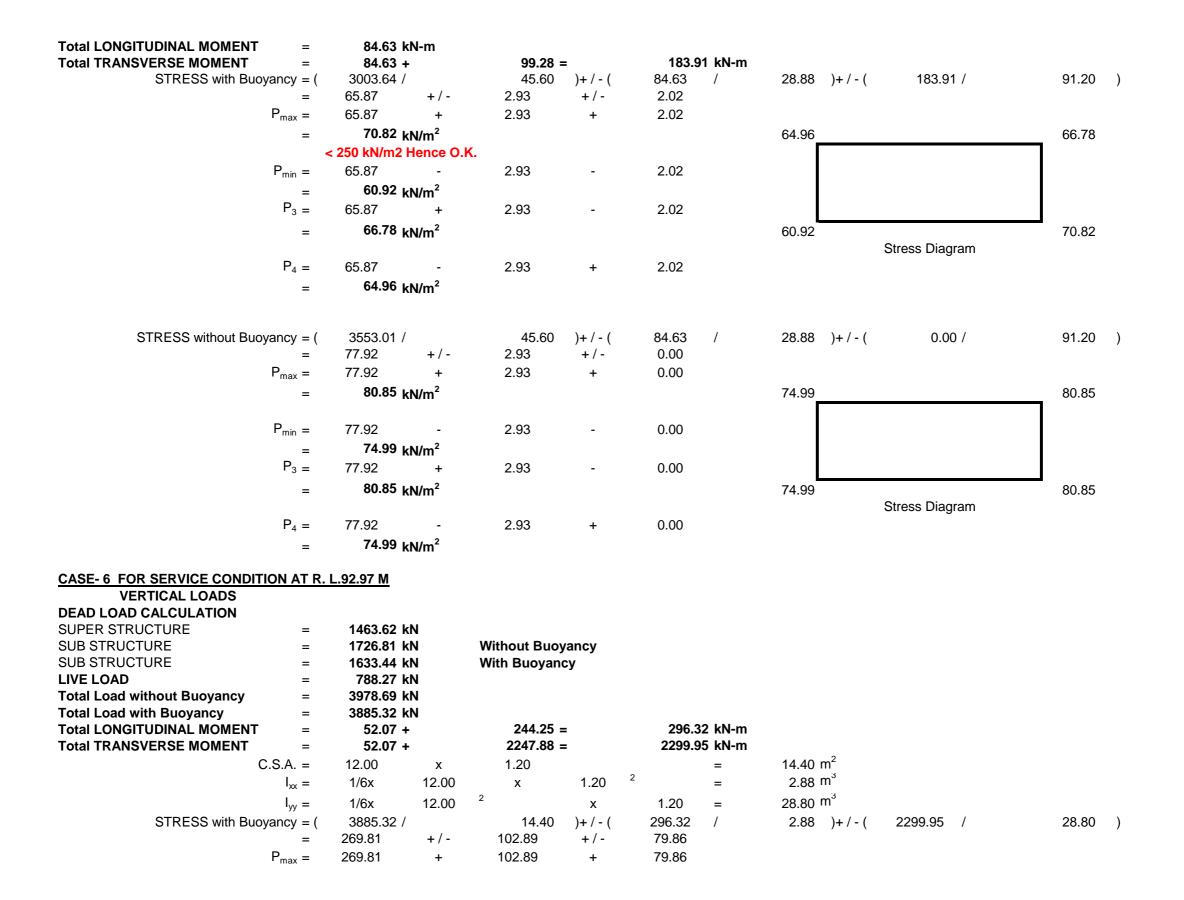
CASE- 2 FOR IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M		(WHEN THERE IS NO LIVE LOAD)							
SUPER STRUCTURE =	1463.62 kN				BUOYA	NCY EFFECT			
SUB STRUCTURE =	2821.21 kN	Without Buoy	/ancy						
SUB STRUCTURE =	2271.84 kN	With Buoyan	су						
LIVE LOAD =	0.00 kN								
Total Load without Buoyancy =	4284.82 kN								
Total Load with Buoyancy =	3735.45 kN								
STRESS with Buoyancy =	•	45.60	)+/-(	84.63	/	28.88 )+/-(	84.63 /	91.20 )	
=	81.92 +/-	2.93	+/-	0.93					
$P_{max} =$	81.92 +	2.93	+	0.93					
=	85.78 <sub>kN/m²</sub>								
	< 250 kN/m2 Hence O.I	₹.							
$P_{min} =$	81.92 -	2.93	-	0.93					
=	78.06 kN/m <sup>2</sup>								
_	> 0 Hence O.K.								
STRESS without Buoyancy =	4284.82 /	45.60	)+/-(	84.63	/	28.88 )+/-(	84.63 /	91.20 )	
=	93.97 +/-	2.93	+/-	0.93		, , , (		,	
$P_{max} =$	93.97 +	2.93	+	0.93					
=	97.82 kN/m <sup>2</sup>								
_	< 250 kN/m2 Hence O.I	•							
$P_{min} =$	93.97 -	2.93		0.93					
		2.93	-	0.93					
=	90.11 kN/m²								
	> 0 Hence O.K.								
CASE- 3 FOR WIND FORCE AT SERVICE	CONDITION AT R 1 91	97 M							
SUPER STRUCTURE =	1463.62 kN	<u> </u>							
SUB STRUCTURE =	2821.21 kN	Without Buoy	/ancv						
SUB STRUCTURE =	2271.84 kN	With Buoyan	_						
LIVE LOAD =	788.27 kN	Titili Zuoyum	-,						
Total Load without Buoyancy =	5073.09 kN								
Total Load with Buoyancy =	4523.72 kN								
Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT =	84.63 +	244.25			=	328.88 kN-m			
Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT =	84.63 +	99.28 -	<b>+</b>	2247.8	8 =	2431.79 kN-m			
STRESS with Buoyancy =		45.60	)+/-(	328.88		28.88 )+/-(	2431.79 /	91.20 )	
=	99.20 +/-	11.39	+/-	26.66		, , , (		,	
P <sub>max</sub> =	99.20 +	11.39	+	26.66					
=	137.26 kN/m <sup>2</sup>								
_	< 250 kN/m2 Hence O.I	•							
	< 230 KW/IIIZ Helice O.I		_	26.66					
D _	00.20								
$P_{min} =$	99.20 -	11.39	_	20.00					
P <sub>min</sub> = =	61.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup>	11.39	_	20.00					
		11.39	-	20.00					
=	61.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup> > 0 Hence O.K.				1	20.00 \. / /	2424 70 /	04.20	
	61.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup> > 0 Hence O.K.	45.60 11.39			/	28.88 )+/-(	2431.79 /	91.20 )	

```
P_{\text{max}} = 111.25 + 11.39 + 26.66
= 137.30 \text{ kN/m}^2
< 250 \text{ kN/m2 Hence O.K.}
P_{\text{min}} = 111.25 - 11.39 - 26.66
= 73.20 \text{ kN/m}^2
> 0 \text{ Hence O.K.}
```

CASE- 4 FOR WIND FORCE AT IDLE CO	NDITION AT R. L.91.9	<u>7 М</u>	NO LIVE L	_OAD ]						
SUPER STRUCTURE =	1463.62 kN									
SUB STRUCTURE =	2821.21 kN	Without Buoy	yancy							
SUB STRUCTURE =	2271.84 kN	With Buoyan	су							
LIVE LOAD =	0.00 kN									
Total Load without Buoyancy =										
Total Load with Buoyancy =										
Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT =	•									
Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT =	••	99.28 :		183.91	kN-m					
STRESS with Buoyancy =	•	45.60	)+/-(	84.63	/	28.88	)+/-(	183.91 /	91.20	)
=	0.10=		+/-	2.02						
$P_{max} =$	81.92 +	2.93	+	2.02						
=						82.83			81.00	j
	< 250 kN/m2 Hence	O.K.								
$P_{min} =$	81.92 -	2.93	-	2.02						
=	76.97 kN/m <sup>2</sup>									
	> 0 Hence O.K.									
P <sub>3</sub> =	81.92 +	2.93	-	2.02						
=	82.83 kN/m <sup>2</sup>					76.97			86.86	j
	< 250 kN/m2 Hence	O.K.					;	Stress Diagram		
P <sub>4</sub> =	81.92 -	2.93	+	2.02				_		
=	81.00 kN/m <sup>2</sup>									
	> 0 Hence O.K.									
STRESS without Buoyancy =	( 4284.82 /	45.60	)+/-(	84.63	/	28.88	)+/-(	183.91 /	91.20	)
=	`	- 2.93	+/-	2.02			, ,			,
P <sub>max</sub> =	93.97 +	2.93	+	2.02		93.05			94.88	i
=	98.91 kN/m <sup>2</sup>					ſ				
	< 250 kN/m2 Hence	O.K.								
P <sub>min</sub> =	93.97 -	2.93	_	2.02						
=	22.22									
=	> 0 Hence O.K.					89.02			98.91	
	> o fielice O.K.					09.02		Stress Diagram	30.91	
							•	Oli 533 Diagram		

#### CASE- 5 FOR ONE SPAN DISLODGED CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M

SUPER STRUCTURE	=	731.81 kN	
SUB STRUCTURE	=	2821.21 kN	Without Buoyancy
SUB STRUCTURE	=	2271.84 kN	With Buoyancy
LIVE LOAD	=	0.00 kN	
Total Load without Buoyancy	=	3553.01 kN	
Total Load with Buoyancy	=	3003.64 kN	



```
452.56 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                                                          102.89
                                               269.81
                                                                                                     79.86
                                                   87.07 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
             STRESS without Buoyancy = (
                                                 3978.69 /
                                                                              14.40 )+/-(
                                                                                                    296.32
                                                                                                                            2.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                              2299.95 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                276.30
                                                              +/-
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                        +/-
                                                                                                     79.86
                                    P_{max} =
                                                276.30
                                                               +
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                                     79.86
                                                  459.05 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                                                          102.89
                                               276.30
                                                                                                     79.86
                                                   93.55 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
CASE- 7 FOR IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M
SUPER STRUCTURE
                                                 1463.62 kN
SUB STRUCTURE
                                                 1726.81 kN
                                                                       Without Buoyancy
SUB STRUCTURE
                                                 1633.44 kN
                                                                       With Buoyancy
LIVE LOAD
                                                     0.00 kN
Total Load without Buoyancy
                                                 3190.42 kN
Total Load with Buoyancy
                                                 3097.05 kN
                STRESS with Buoyancy = (
                                                                                                     52.07
                                                                                                                            2.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                                   52.07 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                 3097.05 /
                                                                              14.40 )+/-(
                                                215.07
                                                              +/-
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                        +/-
                                                                                                     1.81
                                    P_{max} =
                                                215.07
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                      1.81
                                                  234.96 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                               215.07
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                     1.81
                                                  195.19 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
             STRESS without Buoyancy = (
                                                 3190.42 /
                                                                              14.40 )+/-(
                                                                                                     52.07
                                                                                                                                                   52.07 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                                                                              /
                                                                                                                            2.88 )+/-(
                                                221.56
                                                                                        +/-
                                                              +/-
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                     1.81
                                    P_{max} =
                                                221.56
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                     1.81
                                                  241.44 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                                                           18.08
                                                221.56
                                                                                                     1.81
                                                   201.67 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
CASE- 8 FOR WIND FORCE AT SERVICE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M
SUPER STRUCTURE
                                                 1463.62 kN
SUB STRUCTURE
                                                 1726.81 kN
                                                                       Without Buoyancy
SUB STRUCTURE
                                                 1633.44 kN
                                                                       With Buoyancy
LIVE LOAD
                                                  788.27 kN
Total Load without Buoyancy
                                                 3978.69 kN
Total Load with Buoyancy
                                                 3885.32 kN
                                         =
Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT
                                                   52.07 +
                                                                             244.25
                                                                                                                         296.32 kN-m
```

```
Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT
                                                   52.07 +
                                                                              94.75 +
                                                                                                      2247.88 =
                                                                                                                        2394.70 kN-m
                STRESS with Buoyancy = (
                                                 3885.32 /
                                                                              14.40 )+/-(
                                                                                                    296.32 /
                                                                                                                            2.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                             2394.70 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                269.81
                                                              +/-
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                        +/-
                                                                                                    83.15
                                    P_{max} =
                                                269.81
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                                     83.15
                                                  455.85 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                               269.81
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                                     83.15
                                                   83.78 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
             STRESS without Buoyancy = (
                                                 3978.69 /
                                                                              14.40 )+/-(
                                                                                                    296.32
                                                                                                                           2.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                             2394.70 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                276.30
                                                                                        +/-
                                                                                                    83.15
                                                              +/-
                                                                          102.89
                                    P_{max} =
                                                276.30
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                                     83.15
                                                  462.34 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                               276.30
                                                                          102.89
                                                                                                     83.15
                                                   90.26 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
CASE- 9 FOR WIND FORCE AT IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M
SUPER STRUCTURE
                                                 1463.62 kN
SUB STRUCTURE
                                                 1726.81 kN
                                                                       Without Buoyancy
SUB STRUCTURE
                                                 1633.44 kN
                                                                       With Buoyancy
LIVE LOAD
                                                  788.27 kN
Total Load without Buoyancy
                                                 3978.69 kN
Total Load with Buoyancy
                                                 3885.32 kN
Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT
                                                   52.07 kN-m
Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT
                                                   52.07 +
                                                                              94.75 =
                                                                                                       146.82 kN-m
                STRESS with Buoyancy = (
                                                 3885.32 /
                                                                              14.40 )+/-(
                                                                                                     52.07
                                                                                                                            2.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                                 146.82 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                                                        +/-
                                                269.81
                                                              +/-
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                     5.10
                                    P_{max} =
                                                269.81
                                                                                                     5.10
                                                                           18.08
                                                  292.99 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                                                           18.08
                                                269.81
                                                                                                     5.10
                                                  246.64 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
             STRESS without Buoyancy = (
                                                 3978.69 /
                                                                              14.40
                                                                                      )+/-(
                                                                                                     52.07
                                                                                                                            2.88 )+/-(
                                                                                                                                                 146.82 /
                                                                                                                                                                          28.80 )
                                                276.30
                                                              +/-
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                        +/-
                                                                                                     5.10
                                    P_{max} =
                                                276.30
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                     5.10
                                                  299.47 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             < 8000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
                                    P_{min} =
                                               276.30
                                                                           18.08
                                                                                                     5.10
                                                  253.12 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
                                             > (- 3600 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (that is 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>) Hence O.K.
```

10/{10} cross section STABILITY CHECK FOR PIER

#### **ABSTRACT OF BASE PRESSURE AND STRESSES**

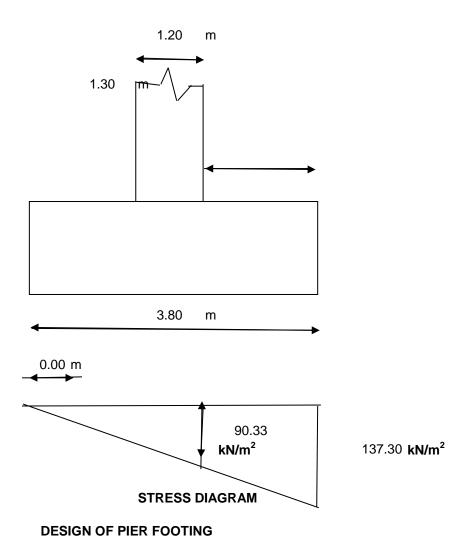
ABOTRACT OF BACET RECOOK	- AILD OTTICE	OLO				
Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA -	JAWAS - SUV	VERI ROAD	IN KM 9/00	O, ACROSS	RIVER SOM	l
CASE- 1 FOR SERVICE CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M	136.17	62.24	136.22	74.29		
CASE- 2 FOR IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M	85.78	78.06	97.82	90.11		
CASE- 3 FOR WIND FORCE AT SERVICE CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M	137.26	61.15	137.30	73.20		
CASE- 4 FOR WIND FORCE AT IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M	86.86	76.97	82.83	81.00	98.91	89.02
CASE- 5 FOR ONE SPAN DISLODGED CONDITION AT R. L.91.97 M	70.82	60.92	66.78	64.96	77.92	74.99
Maximum 137.30 60.92 Minimum						
Waxiiidii 137.30 00.92 Willillidii						
CASE- 6 FOR SERVICE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M	452.56	87.07	459.05	93.55		
CASE- 7 FOR IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M	234.96	195.19	241.44	201.67		
CASE- 8 FOR WIND FORCE AT SERVICE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M	455.85	83.78	462.34	90.26		
CASE- 9 FOR WIND FORCE AT IDLE CONDITION AT R. L.92.97 M	292.99	246.64	299.47	253.12		
Maximum 462.34 83.78 Minimum						
maximum roziot						

#### DESIGN OF PIER FOOTING SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE

Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM FOR WIND AT SERVICE CONDITION

Length of footing	$I_{f}$	12.00	m		
Width of Footing	$I_b$	3.80	m		
Width of Pier		1.20	m		
Vertical Load	Р	5073.09	kN		
Longitudinal Moment	$M_e$	328.88	kN-m		
Transverse Moment	$M_b$	2431.79	kN-m		
Area in Tension = y x I <sub>b</sub>			0.00	m <sup>2</sup>	0.00 %
Maximum Pressure before Redistribution			137.30	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Maximum Pressure After Redistribution =	рхК		137.30	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Maximum Stress at Edge of Pier			137.30	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Distance From Face of Pier to the Edge			1.30	m	
Stress at the Edge of Pier			90.33	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Average Stress on Cantilevered Area			113.82	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Area of the Cantilever Portion			1.30	$m^2$	
Distance of Centroid of the Stress in			0.69	m	
Cantilever Portion					
Moment about the Face of Pier			102.79	kN-m	
CONCRETE GRADE			M-25		
FOR THIS GRADE ocbc			_	N/mm2	
m			9.33		
ost			200		
factor k			0.318		
j			0.894		
R			1.422	mm	
Effective Depth Required			1000		
Adopt Total Depth Cover				mm	
Assume Bar Dia				mm	
Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective De	enth			mm	
Adopt Effective Depth	<b>-</b>		937.5		
Steel Required Ast				mm <sup>2</sup>	
Area Of One Bar				mm <sup>2</sup>	
Spacing S				mm	•

Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Area Of Distribution Steel Dia Of Bar For Distribution Steel	25	2000	cing as 250 mm mm <sup>2</sup> mm
Area Of One Bar In Distribution Reinfo Using The Bars Spacing Required Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing		157	mm <sup>2</sup> mm mm
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for	12		mm
Top Distribution Steel	12	mm 150	mm
CHECK FOR SHEAR  Critical Section is at a distance equal to Section of Shear from end of pier Maximum Stress at Edge of Pier Stress at the Section for Shear Check Average Stress on Cantilevered Area Shear Force V=V' + M/d tanB Actual Shear Stress Percentage Steel Tc	(As per IRC 21-198 effective depth from pi (B=0) Hence V =V' 100As/bd	937.5 0.36 137.30 123.48 130.39 47.27 0.05 0.07	m kN/m² kN/m² kN/m² kN/m² kN
k=1 Permissble Shear Stress = k Tc  Dia Of two Legged Stirrups		< Actual Shear Str Reinforcement sh	
Area Of One Bar In Distribution Reinfo Using The Bars Spacing Required s= Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing	Asw ts d/V	1594	mm <sup>2</sup> mm cing as 250 mm



# REINFORCEMENT CALCULATION IN PIER IN LOWER FLARED PORTION Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

	R.L.	92.97	м то	93.57	M			
FOR SERVICE CONDITION								
VERTICAL LOADS								
SUPER STRUCTURE	=		1463.62 kN					
SUB STRUCTURE	=		1726.81 kN		Without Buoyancy			
SUB STRUCTURE	=		1633.44 kN		With Buoyancy			
LIVE LOAD	=		788.27 kN					
Total Load without Buoyancy	=		3978.69 kN					
Total Load with Buoyancy	=		3885.32 kN					
Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT								
Moment	@ R. L.	92.97 M	=	296.32	2 kN-m			
Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT								
Moment	@ R. L.	92.97 M		2394.70	0 kN-m			
CONCRETE MIX		M-	25					
CHARACTERISTIC STRENGTH (	OF REINFOR	RCEMENT			415 N/mm2			
PERMISSIBLE STRESSES								
IN STEEL			190					
IN CONCRETE								
CHARACTERISTIC STRENGTH (	OF							
Concrete		fck	=		30 N/mm2			
Permissible Compressive Stress in	า							
Bending		σο	bc =		8 N/mm2			
Permissible Compressive Stress in	n Direct							
Compression		σο	c =		8 N/mm2			
		σο	t =		3.6 N/mm2			
Ultimate Axial Load P <sub>U</sub>	=		1.5 X		3978.69 =	5968.031 kN		
Ultimate Longitudinal Moment M <sub>U</sub>	=		1.5 X		296.32 =	444.4776 kN-m		
Ultimate Transverse Moment Mu	=		1.5 X		2394.70 =	3592.051 kN-m		
INCREASE WHEN WIND CONDI	TION IS CON	ISIDERED			33.33 %	0002.001.1		
Neglecting area of Cut and Ease v			considered is	2	00.00 /0			
regieding area of Out and Lase v	vator parts it	12001 m			1 mm			
	Δο	sume cover as	75	120				
d <sup>1</sup> /d	=	Same cover as	87.5 /		1201.2 =	0.0728		
					-		10001 +	4004.0.\
$P_U/(f_{ck} b d)$	=		5968.03 x		1000 / (	30 x	12001 x	1201.2 )
FOR LONGITURINAL MONTH	=		0.0138					
FOR LONGITUDINAL MOMENT						<b>.</b> -		
$Mu/(f_{ck} b d^2)$	=		444.48 x		1000000 / (	30 x	12001 x	1201.2 2)
	=		0.0009					

1/{3} cross section STEEL IN FLARED PIER BASE

# Refer Chart 31 & 32 of Design Aids for Reinforced concrete SP-16 the point lies below the range of applicability. Hence provide minimum percentage of steel.

The point lies below the range of applicability. Hence provide minimum percentage of steel CRITERIA 1 FOR MINIMUM STEEL Pt = 0.8 % OF CROSS SECTION AREA OF COLUMN REQUIRED FOR COMPRESSION

Area Required due to Compression = 3885.32 x 1000 / 8 485665 mm<sup>2</sup> Area of steel @ 0.8% = 0.8 x 485665 / 100 3885 mm<sup>2</sup> CRITERIA 2 FOR MINIMUM STEEL Pt = 0.3 % OF GROSS SECTION AREA OF COLUMN Area of steel @ 0.3% =0.3 x12001.2 x 1201.2 / 100 43248 mm<sup>2</sup> PROVIDE STEEL AREA 43248 mm<sup>2</sup> NO. OF 25 MM BARS = 88 Nos. **SPACING** 290 MM = FOR TRANSVERSE MOMENT  $Mu/(f_{ck} b d^2)$ 1000000 / ( 30 x = 3592.05 x 1201.2<sup>2</sup>) 12001.2 x 0.0069

Refer Chart 31 & 32 of Design Aids for Reinforced concrete SP-16 the point lies below the range of applicability. Hence provide minimum percentage of steel.

#### TRANSVERSE REINFORCEMENT

Shear Force to be resisted by the pier In Accordance to IS 1893

2394.70 / 11.87 = 201.70 kN

**Check for Shear** 

0.01 N

Permissible Shear Stress = 0.40 N/mm<sup>2</sup> Refer table 61

Pt

**Nominal Shear Reinforcement will suffice** 

According to IRC 21-1987 Clause 306.3

Dia of Transverse Reinforcement = 25 / 4 = 6.25 mm

Provide 12 mm dia rings

Pitch of the Transverse should be least of

a) Least lateral Dimension = 1201.2 mm

b) 12 d = 12 x 12 = 144 mm

c) 300 mm = 300 mm

d) As per IS IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6 < or = 100 mm

Provide 12 mm dia rings @ 100 mm c/c.

#### This spacing is in accordance to IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6

CODE OF PRACTICE FOR DUCTILE DETAILING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES SUBJECTED TO SEISMIC FORCES

Check for Size of Hoop Reinforcement Refer IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.8

Ash= 0.18 Sh (Fck/Fy)x(Ag/Ak-1)S 100.00 mm N/mm<sup>2</sup> h 300.00 (Spacing of long. bars+ effective cover) or 300 mm whichever is less N/mm<sup>2</sup> Fck 30.00 Cover 75 mm to main reinforcement N/mm<sup>2</sup> Fy 415.00  $mm^2$ Ag 1201.20 Considering 1 mm Wide Pier Ak  $mm^2$ 1100.20 Considering 1 mm Wide Pier Effective Hence Ash  $mm^2$ 35.84  $mm^2$ Ash ProvideD 113.04 Which is OK d) As per IS IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6 < or = 100 mm Provide 12 mm dia rings @ 100 mm c/c.

This spacing is in accordance to IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6

CODE OF PRACTICE FORDUCTILE DETAILING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES SUBJECTED TO SEISMIC FORCES

**ABSTRACT** 

LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT 25 MM BARS 290 MM However Adopt spacing as 250 mm TRANSVERSE REINFORCEMENT 12mm dia rings @100mm c/c.

3/{3} cross section STEEL IN FLARED PIER BASE

#### REINFORCEMENT CALCULATION IN PIER

Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM
R.L. 93.57 M TO 100.80 M

	R.L.	93.57	м то	100.80	M			
FOR SERVICE CONDITION								
VERTICAL LOADS								
SUPER STRUCTURE	=		<b>1463.62</b> kN					
SUB STRUCTURE	=		<b>2821.21</b> kN		Without Buoyancy			
SUB STRUCTURE	=		<b>2271.84</b> kN		With Buoyancy			
LIVE LOAD	=		<b>788.27</b> kN					
Total Load without Buoyancy	=		<b>5073.09</b> kN					
Total Load with Buoyancy	=		<b>4523.72</b> kN					
Total LONGITUDINAL MOMENT								
Momen	t @ R. L.	93.57 M	=	328.88	8 kN-m			
Total TRANSVERSE MOMENT								
Momen	t @ R. L.	93.57 M	=	2332.5	1 kN-m			
CONCRETE MIX		M	-25					
CHARACTERISTIC STRENGTH	OF REINFOR	RCEMENT			415 N/mm2			
PERMISSIBLE STRESSES								
IN STEEL			190					
IN CONCRETE								
CHARACTERISTIC STRENGTH	OF							
Concrete		fc	k =		30 N/mm2			
Permissible Compressive Stress	in							
Bending		σ	cbc =		8 N/mm2			
Permissible Compressive Stress	in Direct							
Compression		σο	CC =		8 N/mm2			
		σο	ct =		3.6 N/mm2			
Ultimate Axial Load P <sub>U</sub>	=		1.5 X		5073.09 =	7609.631 kN		
Ultimate Longitudinal Moment M <sub>t</sub>	<b>=</b>		1.5 X		328.88 =	493.323 kN-m		
Ultimate Transverse Moment M <sub>II</sub>	=		1.5 X		2332.51 =	3498.765 kN-m		
INCREASE WHEN WIND COND		NSIDERED			33.33 %			
Neglecting area of Cut and Ease			n considered is		00.00 /0			
inegreening area or ear area =acc	mater parte :	12000 m		1200	0 mm			
	As	sume cover as	75					
d <sup>1</sup> /d	=		87.5 /		1200 =	0.0729		
$P_U/(f_{ck} b d)$	=		7609.63 x		1000 / (	30 x	12000 x	1200 )
. 0, (1.ck ~ a)	=		0.0176		10007(	00 X	12000 X	1200 )
FOR LONGITUDINAL MOMENT	=		0.0170					
$Mu/(f_{ck} b d^2)$	_		493.32 x		1000000 / (	20 v	12000 x	1200 <sup>2</sup> )
iviu/(i <sub>ck</sub> D u )	=				1000000 / (	30 x	12000 X	1200 )
	=		0.0010					

Refer Chart 31 & 32 of Design Aids for Reinforced concrete SP-16 the point lies below the range of applicability. Hence provide minimum percentage of steel.

The point lies below the range of applicability. Hence provide minimum percentage of steel CRITERIA 1 FOR MINIMUM STEEL Pt = 0.8 % OF CROSS SECTION AREA OF COLUMN REQUIRED FOR COMPRESSION

```
Area Required due to Compression =
                                                                         4523.72 x
                                                                                                     1000 /
                                                                                                                            8
                                                                         565465 mm<sup>2</sup>
       Area of steel @ 0.8\% =
                                                               0.8 x
                                                                                        565465 /
                                                                                                              100
                                                                            4524 mm<sup>2</sup>
       CRITERIA 2 FOR MINIMUM STEEL Pt = 0.3 % OF GROSS SECTION AREA OF COLUMN
       Area of steel @ 0.3% =
                                                               0.3 x
                                                                                          12000 x
                                                                                                             1200 /
                                                                                                                               100
                                                                           43200 mm<sup>2</sup>
       PROVIDE STEEL AREA
                                                                           43200 mm<sup>2</sup>
       NO. OF
                                                                25 MM BARS
                                                                                                       88 Nos.
       SPACING
                                                                             290 MM
       FOR TRANSVERSE MOMENT
       Mu/(f_{ck} b d^2)
                                                                         3498.76 x
                                                                                                 1000000 / (
                                                                                                                          30 x
                                                                                                             1200^{2})
                                                                                          12000 x
                                                                          0.0067
       Refer Chart 31 & 32 of Design Aids for Reinforced concrete SP-16 the point lies below the range of applicability. Hence provide minimum
       percentage of steel.
       TRANSVERSE REINFORCEMENT
       Shear Force to be resisted by the pier In Accordance to IS 1893
                                                2332.51
                                                                                 11.87
                                                                                                          196.46 kN
Check for Shear
                                                                                                                              1200)
                         Nominal Shear Stress = 196.46
                                                                                 1000
                                                                                                / (
                                                                                                          12000 x
                                                                   Х
                                                                            0.01 N/mm<sup>2</sup>
                                              Pt
                                                              0.30
                                                              0.40 \text{ N/mm}^2
       Permissible Shear Stress =
                                                                                 Refer table 61
       Nominal Shear Reinforcement will suffice
       According to IRC 21-1987 Clause 306.3
                                                                              25 /
                                                                                                                         6.25 mm
       Dia of Transverse Reinforcement
                                                                                                        4 =
                                         Provide
                                                                12 mm dia rings
       Pitch of the Transverse should be least of
                                                              1200 mm
       a) Least lateral Dimension =
       b) 12 d =
                                                                                             12 =
                                                                12 x
                                                                                                              144 mm
       c) 300 \text{ mm} =
                                                               300 mm
       d) As per IS IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6
                                                                             100 mm
                                                 < or =
                                         Provide
                                                                12 mm dia rings @
                                                                                                      100 mm c/c.
       This spacing is in accordance to IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6
       CODE OF PRACTICE FOR DUCTILE DETAILING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES SUBJECTED TO SEISMIC FORCES
                                                                   Refer IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.8
       Check for Size of Hoop Reinforcement
                                                Ash= 0.18 Sh (Fck/Fy)x(Ag/Ak-1)
                                              S
                                                                   100.00
                                                         =
                                                                                 mm
                                              h
                                                                                 N/mm<sup>2</sup>
                                                                   300.00
                                                                                                (Spacing of long. bars+ effective cover) or 300 mm whichever is less
                                            Fck
                                                                                 N/mm<sup>2</sup>
                                                         =
                                                                   30.00
                                                                                                                   Cover 75 mm to main reinforcement
                                              Fy
                                                                                 N/mm<sup>2</sup>
                                                                   415.00
```

 $mm^2$ Ag 1200.00 Considering 1 mm Wide Pier Ak Considering 1 mm Wide Pier Effective 1099.00  $mm^2$ Hence Ash  $mm^2$ 35.87 Ash ProvideD  $mm^2$ 113.04 Which is OK d) As per IS IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6 100 mm < or = 12 mm dia rings @ Provide 100 mm c/c.

This spacing is in accordance to IS 13920:1993 Cl. 7.4.6

CODE OF PRACTICE FORDUCTILE DETAILING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES SUBJECTED TO SEISMIC FORCES

**ABSTRACT** 

LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT 25 MM BARS 290 MM However Adopt spacing as 250 mm TRANSVERSE REINFORCEMENT 12mm dia rings @100mm c/c.

3/{3} cross section STEEL IN PIER

Maximum Reaction due Live Load including Impact	78.83	MT	=	788.27	KN
Maximum Longitudinal moment due to Live Load including	12.21	T-M	=	122.13	KNM
Impact and Breaking Force					
Maximum Transverse moment due to Live Load including Impact and Breaking Force	112.4	T-M	=	1123.94	KNM

#### LIVE LOAD CALCULATION:-

#### [1] CLASS AA TRACKED VEHICLE:-

#### (a) Dispersion width along the span

According to clause 305.13 IRC- 21-2000

$$=$$
 3.6  $+ 2 (0.075 + 0.775)$ 

#### (b) Dispersion width across the span

According to clause 305.13 IRC- 21-2000

be = 
$$K \times (1 - x/Le) +bw$$

K = A Constant having the value depending upon the ratio (L1/Le where.

be = the effective width of the slab on which the load acts.

Le = Effective Span

x = the distance of c.g. of concentrate load from the near support

bw = The breadth of concentration area of the load i.e. Dimension of the tyre or track contact area over the road surface

Heve ,

Le = 
$$10.00 \, \text{M}$$
 & L1 =  $7.00 \, \text{M}$ 

$$=\frac{L1}{Le}$$
  $=\frac{7.00}{10.0}$   $=0.7$ 

Value of 
$$K = 2$$

bw = 
$$0.85 + 2 \times 0.075$$
 = 1.0 M

$$X = L$$
 $2 = \frac{10}{2} = 5.0 M$ 
 $be = 2.4 \times 4 (1 - 5/10) + 1$ 

Impact factor is 13.75% as pere IRC Section-II, Clause - 211-3 (a) (i)

#### **DISPERSION ACROSS SPAN (CLASS AA TRACKED VEHICAL)**

The tracked vehicle is placed at a distance of minimum clearence of 1-2 m from Kerb Dispersion across span

- = C/C distance between wheels
  - + width from centre of wheel on clearence side
- + Least on other side or halp the dispersion of one wheel.
- = 2.05 + 1.93 + Least of 2.715 OR 5.8/2
- = 2.05 + 1.93 + 2.715
- = 6.695

Impact factor = 1.1375

Total load with impact

- $= 70 \times 1.1375$
- = 79.63 T
- = Intensity of Load

$$= \frac{79.63}{5.30 \times 6.695} = 2.24 \text{ T/M}$$

Maximum Reaction

For Maximum reaction at support the Centre of gravity of the loads should be adjacent to one support should be adjacent to one support

Reaction 
$$R_A$$
= 2.24x 3.00 x 1.50 /10.00  
= 1.01 T  
Reaction  $R_B$ = 2.24x 3.00 -1.01  
= 5.71 T

#### **DISPERSION ALONG SPAN (CLASS AA TRACKED VEHICLE)**

#### (a) Dispersion width along the span :-

- tp = tc = 2 (tw + ts)
- tp = width of dispersion parallel to span
- tc = width of tyre contact area parallel to span
- ts = Overall depth of slab
- tw = Thickness of Wearing coat

#### Dispersion along the span

Dispersion between two wheel is overlapping hence restricted to 1-2 M

= Dispersion combined for two wheels

Impact factor = 1.1375

Total load with impact

$$= 70 \times 1.1375$$

= Intensity of Load

$$= \frac{79.63}{1.90 \times 5.30} = 7.91 \text{ T/M}$$

#### Maximum Reaction

For Maximum reaction at support the Centre of gravity of the loads should be adjacent to one support should be adjacent to one support

Reaction 
$$R_A$$
= 7.91x 3.00 x 1.50 /10.00  
= 3.56 T  
Reaction  $R_B$ = 7.91x 3.00 -3.56  
= 20.17 T

DESIGN OF PIER CAP :-				
D.L./ M Width along bridge				
DL. Of Slab =	0.75 x	8.40 x.	2.4 =	15.12 T
D.L. of Wearing coat =	0.08 x	8.40 x.	2.4 =	1.51 T
	5.55 X	0.10 %	TOTAL	16.63 T
D.L. of Slab & Wearing coat on half of the pier		=		<u> </u>
		16.63 /	2 =	8.32 T
L.L. on Pier cap including impact along bridge				
	=	82.50 x	1.1375 =	93.84 T
(Refer Live Load Computation)				
Dispersion width across the span for		0.005.14		
70 T TRACKED VEHTCLE	=	6.695 M		
( Refer Solid slab design page SS-16) Live Load u.d.l. on Pier	_	93.84 /	6.695 =	14.02 T
Per M width	=	93.04 /	0.095 =	14.02 1
Total Load on Half =	8.32	<b>⊥</b> 1.	4.02 =	22.33 T
of pier along bridge	0.02	•		Per M width
Effective depth of slab =90-2.5-2.5/2 =	71.25	cm		i oi w wati
Placement of the live load at effective depth from the support (taking support width 750 mm)				
Eccentricity = 71.25 -75/2	=	33.75 cm	=	0.34 M
Bending Moment along the bridge =				
	22.33 x	0.34		7.54 T - M/M width
=				
	7.54 x	10.00 =	75.4 kN-	M/M width
This moment is too small hence it will not/be the governing B.M.				
Moment in pier cap		75.40 kN-m		
CONCRETE GRADE		M30		
FOR THIS GRADE ocbc		<b>10</b> N/mm:	2	
m		9.33		
σst		200		
factor k		0.318		
J D		0.894		
R Effective Depth Required		1.422 230 mm		
Adopt Total Depth		1200 mm		
Cover		50 mm		
Assume Bar Dia		25 mm		
Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth		1138 mm		
Adopt Effective Depth		1137.5 mm		
Steel Required Ast		$371 \text{ mm}^2$		
Area Of One Bar		491 mm²		
Spacing S		1323 mm		
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing	25 mm	<b>100</b> mm	Adopt spacing	յ as 100 mm
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel	25 mm	100 mm		
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Bottom Steel	16 mm	100 mm		
PIER SECTION ACROSS BRIDGE				
DEAD LOAD MOMENT PER METRE Width across bridge :-	0.075	4.5	<u> </u>	05.40.7
Slab D.L.	0.975 x	15 x.	2.4 =	35.10 T
D.L. of Wearing coat =	0.075 x	12 x.	2.4 =	2.16 T
D.L. of Slah & Wearing coat on half of the pier		_	TOTAL	<b>37.26</b> ⊤
D.L. of Slab & Wearing coat on half of the pier		= 37.26 /	2 =	37.26 T

L.L on pier			=			64.69 T	
Discussion width along the area for							
Dispersion width along the span for		501	.4				
70 T Tracked vehical	=	5.3 N	VI				
L.L per M width on pier =			64.69 /		5.3 =	12.21 T/ N	M width
Total D.L. + L.L. on half of Pier across		18.63 +		12.21	5.5 = =	30.84 T	vi widti
bridge per M width		10.03		12.21	-	Per M width	
The Live Load is with clearance from the Footpath and kerb. The cantilever portion of pi	ier can and width of footpath is	1500 mm				i ci ivi widili	
Hence There is no eccentricity.	ier dap and width of footpating	1000 111111					
Bending Moment across the bridge =							
- coming means and an angle		30.84 x	0		0.00.7	- M/M width	
Provide Minimum steel		30.04 X	O		0.00 1	- WINT WIGHT	
Minimum Reinforcement calculation for Pier cap :-							
As per clause 710.8.2, IRC- 78 - 2000, the thickness of pier							
cap shall be at least 200 mm. However the thickness							
of Pier cap here is 1200 MM.							
Grade of Concrete M 30							
Minimum Shrinkage and Temperature reinforcement required as per Clause 305.10 IRC	C 21-2000						
in any RC structure is 250 Sq mm per m in each direction. Allowable maximum spacing	is 300 mm.						
Shrinkage and Temperature reinforcement required =				250 x	1.2 =	<u> </u>	300 mm <sup>2</sup>
Provide 25 mm tor reiforcement @ 100 mm c/c (14 Nos.) in top along the pier cap							
Provide 16 mm tor reiforcement @ 100 mm c/c (14 Nos.) in bottom along the pier	сар						
Area of Steel Provided at top							
= (14x 491)	=	6874 r	$nm^2 > 30$	0 mm <sup>2</sup>	OK		
Area of Steel Provided at bottom							
= (14x 201)	=	2814 r	mm <sup>2</sup> > 30	0 mm <sup>2</sup>	OK		
CHECK FOR SHEAR ALONG BRIDGE DIRECTION	_	20141	700	0 111111	OK		
V =		30.84 T					
Shear Force			308.40 kN				
V=V' + M/d tanB	(B=0) Hence $V = V'$						
Actual Shear Stress	,		0.27 <b>N/m</b> r	n²			
Percentage Steel	100As/bd		0.25				
Tc			0.23 <b>N/m</b> r	n²			
k=1			-				
Permissble Shear Stress = k Tc			0.23 <b>N/m</b> r	n²			
		< Actu	ual Shear Stress	hence She	ear		
		Reinfe	orcement should	d be provid	ed		
Dia Of two Legged Stirrups			16 mm				
Area Of One Bar In Distribution Reinforcement			201 mm <sup>2</sup>				
			201 mm <sup>-</sup> 296 mm				
Using The Bars Spacing Required s= Asw ts d/V		16 mm	100 mm	۸۵۵	pt spacing as 100	mm	
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing HOWEVER		10 111111	100 111111	AuO	pr spacing as 100		
Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged vertical stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the	pier cap						
Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged horizontal stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the	-						
CHEAD CHECK ACROSS BRIDGE DIRECTION							
SHEAR CHECK ACROSS BRIDGE DIRECTION  V =		20 2 T					
v = Shear Force		20.3 T	203.00 kN				
Shear Force	(D. 0) Hansa V. V.		ZUS.UU KIN				

(B=0) Hence V =V'

V=V' + M/d tanB

Actual Shear Stress
Percentage Steel
Tc
k=1
Permissble Shear Stress = k Tc

0.18 **N/mm²** 100As/bd 0.25 0.23 **N/mm²** 

0.23 N/mm<sup>2</sup> > Actual Shear Stress hence No Shear Reinforcement is required.

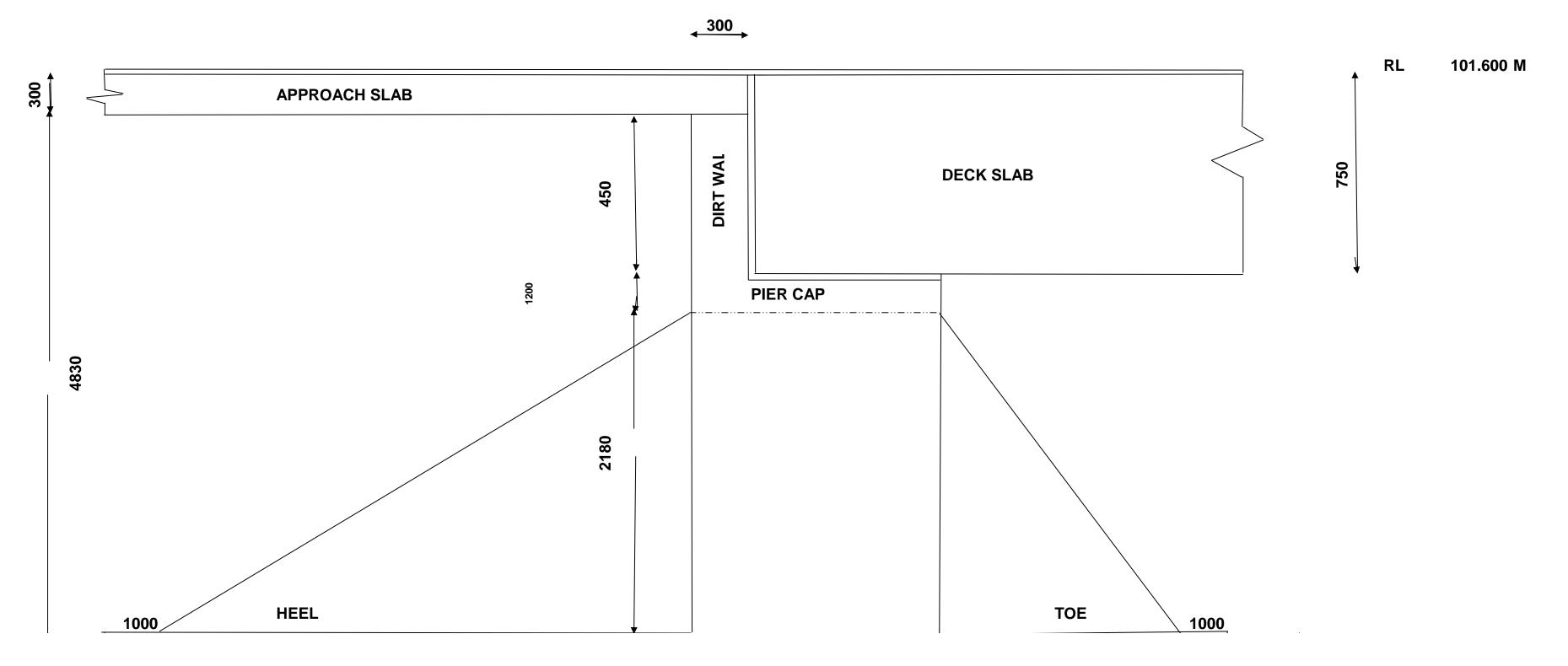
#### **HOWEVER**

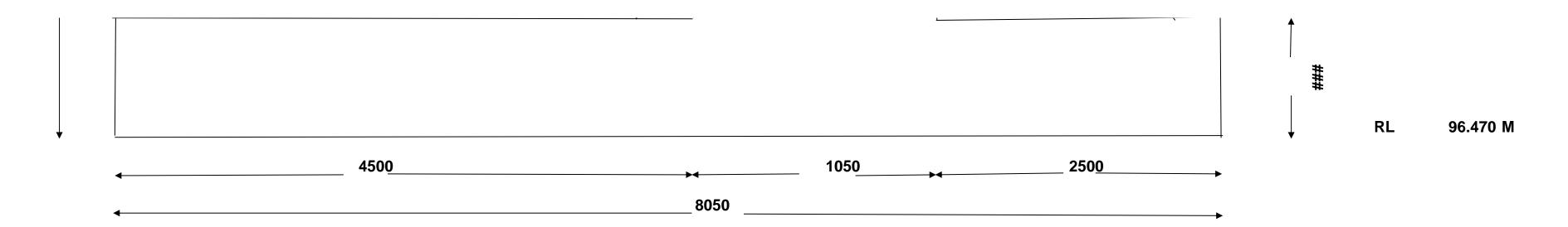
Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged vertical stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the pier cap Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged horizontal stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the pier cap

3/{3} cross section Pier Cap

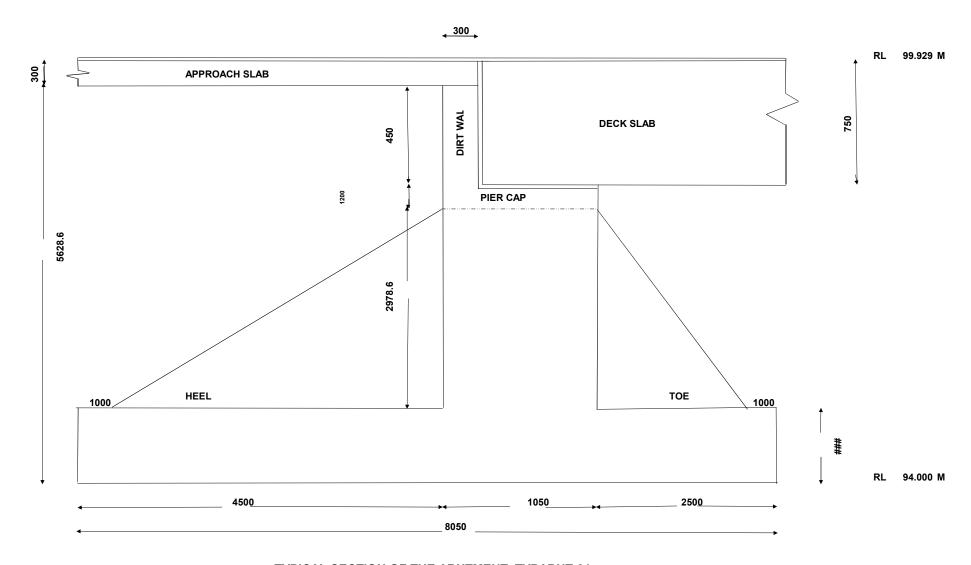
Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

Deck Level	101.600 M		
Foundation Level	96.470 M		
Thickness of Deck Slab	750 mm		
Thickness of Approach Slab	300 mm		
Height below Approach Slab	4830 mm		
Length of Heel projection	4500 mm	Offset	1000 mm
Length of Toe projection	2500 mm	Offset	1000 mm
Width of Stem	1050 mm		
Thickness of Abutment Cap	1200 mm		
Thickness of Dirt Wall	300 mm		
Depth of Footing	1000 mm		





**TYPICAL SECTION OF THE ABUTMENT TYPABUT-01** 



TYPICAL SECTION OF THE ABUTMENT TYPABUT-01

#### **Design of ABUTMENT**

Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

(a) Data Preliminary dimensions : Assumed as in Fig. TYPABUT-01

Superstructure : RCC Slab Bridge Total Width of Slab = 8.40 M

overall length = 8.80 m

Type of abutment : Reinforced concrete
Loading : As for National Highway

Back fill : Gravel with angle of repose  $\Phi = 35^{\circ}$ 

Unit weight of back fill, w = 18 kN/m3

Angle of internal friction of soil on wall,  $z = 17.5^{\circ}$ 

Approach slab : R.C. slab 300 mm thick, adequately reinforced

Load from superstructure per running foot of abutment wall:

Dead load = 177.85 kN/mLive load = 93.84 kN/m

(Refer Stability Analysis for sub structure. The above two values are obtained from the calculations for superstructure, and are taken to act over a width of 15 m).

Bearing: Tar Paper Bearings

#### (C) Self weight of abutment

Treating the section as composed of 6 elements as shown in Fig. 1the weight of each element and moment about the point O on the front toe are computed as in Table 1

#### (d) Longitudinal forces

#### (i) Force due to braking

Force due to 70 R wheeled vehicle =  $0.2 \times 1000 = 200 \text{ kN}$ This force acts at 1.2 m above the road level(Clause 214.3).

> Force on one abutment wall = 200 / 2 = 100 kNHorizontal force per m of wall = 100 / 8.40 = 11.91 kN/m

#### (ii) Force due to temperature variation and shrinkage

Assuming moderate climate, variation in temperature is taken as + 17 oC as per Clause 218.5 of Bridge Code.

Coefficient of Thermal expansion = 1.17E-05 /°C

Strain due to temperature variation = 17 x 1.17E-05 = 1.99E-04

From Clause 220.3, strain due to concrete

shrinkage = 2.00E-04

Total strain due to temperature and shrinkage = 1.99E-04 + 2.00E-04 = 3.99E-04

Horizontal deformation of deck due to temperature and shrinkage affecting one abutment =

abutment =	3.99E-04 x	8800 /2 =	1.76E+00 mm
Modulus of Elasticity Ec = $5000x$ fck <sup>1/2</sup>	=	31220.19 N/mm2	
Horizontal Stress due to strain in longitudinal			
direction at bearing level =	3.99E-04 x	31220.19 =	12.45 N/mm2
Horizontal Force due to strain in longitudinal			
direction at bearing level (For 1 m width of Slab) =			
	1.25E+01 x	750 =	9340.30 N/m
		=	9.34 kN/m
Vertical reaction due to braking			
200(1.2 + 0.975)			

2.61 kN/m

#### (d)Earth pressure

(iii)

Active earth pressure  $P = 0.5 \text{ wh}^2 \text{ K}_a$ 

where K<sub>a</sub> is obtained from Equation (3.5)

Vertical reaction at one abutment = ------

 $K_a = \sec\Theta \sin(\Theta - \Phi) / \left[ (\sin(\Theta + z)^{1/2} + \left\{ \sin(\Phi + z) \sin(\Phi - \delta) / \sin(\Theta - \delta) \right\}^{1/2} \right]$ 

Where P= Total active pressure, acting at a height of 0.42 h inclined at z to the normal to the wall on the earth side w =unit weight of earth fill

h = height of wall

 $\Theta$  = Angle subtended by the earthside wall with thw horizontal on the earth side

11.10x15

 $\Phi$  = Angle of internal friction of the earthfill

z =angle of friction of the earthside wall with the earth

 $\delta$  = Inclination of earthfill surface with the horizontal

(-) = 90 <sup>0</sup> Φ= 35 <sup>0</sup> 0 0 17.5 ° δ = z =Substituting values in Equation (3.5), we get  $K_a =$ 0.496 Coefficient Height of backfill below approach slab = 4.83 m Active earth pressure =  $4.83^{2}$  x 0.5 x 18 x 0.496 104.15 kN/m Height above base of centre of pressure = 0.42 x4.83 =2.03 m

Passive pressure in front of toe slab is neglected.

#### (e) Live load surcharge and approach slab

Equivalent height of earth for live load surcharge as per clause 714.4 is 1.20 m

Horizontal force due to L.L. surcharge =  $1.2 \times 18 \times 0.496 \times 9.20 =$  51.75 kN/m Horizontal force due to approach slab =  $0.3 \times 24 \times 0.496 \times 9.20 =$  17.25 kN/m Total 69 kN/m

The above two forces act at 2.415 m above the base.

Vertical load due to L.L. surcharge and approach slab

 $= (1.2 \times 18 + 0.3 \times 24) \times 4.5 =$  129.6 kN/m

#### (f) Weight of earth on heel slab

Vertical load = 18 x4.5x (4.8300000000 = 34.48 kN/m

#### (g) Check for stability - overturning

The forces and their position are as shown in Fig. 1

The forces and moments about the point O at toe on the base are tabulated as in

Table 1 Two cases of lading condition are examined (i) Span loaded condition and (ii) Span unloaded condition.

#### Case (i) Span loaded condition

See Row 15 of Table 12.3

Overturning moment about toe = 471.35 kN-m Restoring moment about toe = 4132.47 kN-m

Factor of safety against overturning = 4132.47 / 471.35 = **8.77** 

Location of Resultant from O > 1.5 Hence Safe

 $X_0 = (M_V - M_H) / V = (1740.9 - 623.1) / 691.4 = 1.62 m$ 

=(4132.472 - 471.349) / 1004.041) = 3.65 m

#### **Eccentricity of resultant**

 $e_{max} = B/6 =$  8.05 /6 = 1.34 m  $e = (B/2 - X_0) = 0.78 \text{ m} < 0.80 \text{ m}$  4.03 - 3.65 =

#### Case (ii) Span unloaded condition

See Row 11 of Table 12.3

Overturning moment about toe = 419.06 kN-m Restoring moment about toe = 3855.15 kN-m

Factor of safety against overturning = 3855.15 / 419.06 = 9.2

Location of Resultant from O > 1.5 Hence Safe

Location of Resultant from O  $X_0 = (M_V - M_H) / V =$ 

=(3855.154 - 419.064) / 907.587) = 3.79 m

#### (h)Check for stresses at base

0.38 m

1.34 m

<

#### For Span loaded condition Total downward forces =

1004.04 kN

1004.04 6 x 0.78

#### Extreme stresses at base =

Maximum Stress = 1004.041/(8.05x1)(1 + (6x0.38/8.05)) = 160.06 kN/m2Minimum Stress = 1004.041/(8.05x1)(1 - (6x0.38/8.05)) = 89.4 kN/m2

#### **Table 1 Forces and Moments About Base for Abutment.**

SI.	Details Force, kN		, kN	Moment about O, kn-m		
No.		V	Н	Arm m	Mv	$M_H$
1.	D.L. from superstructure	177.85	-	2.88	512.200	-
2.	Horizontal force due to temperatre and shrinkage	0	9.34	4.39	-	41.004
3.	Active earth pressure	0	104.15	2.03	-	211.425
4.	Horizontal force due to L.L surcharge and approach slab	0	69.00	2.415	-	166.635
5.	Vertical load due to L.L. surcharge and approach slab	129.60	-	5.8	751.68	-
6.	Self weight - part 1 8.05x1x 24 =	193.20	-	4.025	777.63	-
7.	Self weight - part 2 2.180000000001x1.05x 24 =	54.94	-	3.03	166.468	-
8.	Self weight - part 3 1.2x1.05x 24 =	30.24	-	1.68	50.8032	-
9.	Self weight - part 4 0.3x0.45x 24 =	3.24	-	2.05	6.642	-
9.	Self weight - part 5 Triangular River Side 1/2x2x2.6300000000001x24=	63.12	-	1.83	115.72	-
9.	Self weight - part 5 Triangular Earth Fill Side 1/2x4x2.8300000000001x24=	126.24	-	4.88	616.472	-
10.	Weight of earth on heel slab part 1 Rectangular Portion  0.5 x 3.8300000000001 x 18=	34.48	-	7.8	268.944	-
10.	Weight of earth on heel slab part 2 Triangular Portion	94.68	-	6.22	588.594	-

	1/2x4x3.8300000000000	)1x18=				
11.	Items 1 to 10 (Span unloaded condition)	907.59			3855.15	419.06
12.	L.L. from Superstructure Class 70 R wheeled vehicle	93.84	-	2.875	269.794	-
13.	Vertical force due to braking	2.61	-	2.88	7.524	-
14.	Horizontal force due to braking	0.00	11.91	4.39		52.2849
15.	Items 11 to 14 (Span loaded condition)	1004.04	194.40	-	4132.47	471.35

NET LONGITUDINAL MOMENT 4132.47 - 471.35 = 3661.12

Maximum pressure = 160.06 kN/m2 < 200.00 kN/m2 permissible HENCE OK.

Minimum pressure = 89.4 kN/m2 >0 (No tension) HENCE OK.

(i) Check for sliding

See Row 15 of Table 1

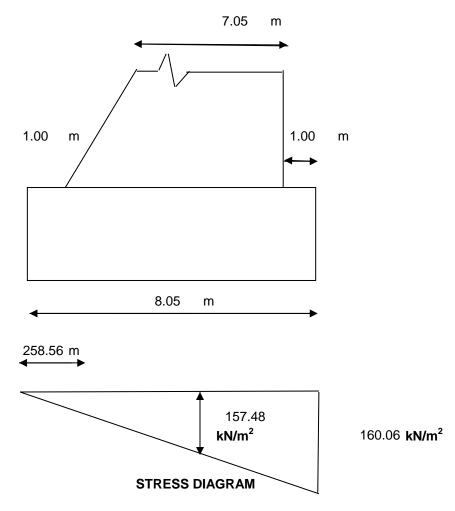
Sliding force = 194.40 kN

Force resisting sliding =  $0.6 \times 1004.04 = 602.43 \text{ kN}$ 

Factor of Safety against sliding = 602.43 / 194.40 = 3.1

(j) Summary > 1.5 Hence Safe

The assumed section of the abutment is adequate.



**DESIGN OF ABUTMENT FOOTING** 

#### **DESIGN OF ABUTMENT FOOTING**

Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM REDISTRIBUTION OF PRESSURE

#### FOR WIND AT SERVICE CONDITION

Length of footing	l <sub>f</sub>	17.00	m	
Width of Footing	l <sub>b</sub>	8.05	m	
Width of Abutment just above footing	ď	6.05	m	
Vertical Load	Р	1004.04	kN	
Longitudinal Moment	М <sub>е</sub>	3661.12	kN-m	
Transverse Moment	M <sub>b</sub>	0.00	kN-m	
Area in Tension = y x I <sub>b</sub>	IVID	0.00	0.00 <b>m</b> <sup>2</sup>	0.00.0/
, .				0.00 %
Maximum Pressure before Redistribution			160.06 kN/m	
Maximum Pressure After Redistribution :	= pxK		160.06 <b>kN/m</b>	
Maximum Stress at Edge of Pier			160.06 <b>kN/m</b>	2
Distance From Face of Pier to the Edge			1.00 m	
Stress at the Edge of Pier			140.18 <b>kN/m</b>	2
Average Stress on Cantilevered Area			150.12 <b>kN/m</b>	2
Area of the Cantilever Portion			1.00 <b>m²</b>	
Distance of Centroid of the Stress in			0.51 m	
Cantilever Portion				
Moment about the Face of Pier			76.72 kN-m	l
CONCRETE GRADE			M-25	
FOR THIS GRADE ocbc			<b>10</b> N/mm	12
m			9.33	
σst			200	
factor k			0.318	
j			0.894	
R			1.422	
Effective Depth Required			232 mm	
Adopt Total Depth			1000 mm	
Cover			50 mm	
Assume Bar Dia			16 mm	
Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective I	Depth		942 mm	
Adopt Effective Depth			942 mm	
Steel Required Ast			456 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Area Of One Bar			201 mm <sup>2</sup>	

1/{2} cross section ABUTMENT FOOTING DESIGN

Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Area Of Distribution Steel Dia Of Bar For Distribution Steel	16 :	mm <b>150</b> 1884	mm ) mm <sup>1</sup> mm <sup>2</sup> ) mm	Adopt spacing as 150 mm
Area Of One Bar In Distribution Rei	nforcement	314	1 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Using The Bars Spacing Required			7 mm	
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing	16	mm 160	) mm	Adopt spacing as 150 mm
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing f	or			
Top Main Steel	12 :	mm 150	) mm	
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing f	or			
Top Distribution Steel	12 :	mm 150	) mm	
CHECK FOR SHEAR	(As per IRC 21-198	7 Cl. 304.7)		
Critical Section is at a distance equal	to effective depth from pi	er face 942	2 mm	
Section of Shear from end of pier		0.06	∂ m	
Maximum Stress at Edge of Pier		160.06	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Stress at the Section for Shear Check		157.48	kN/m <sup>2</sup>	
Average Stress on Cantilevered Area		158.77	kN/m²	
Shear Force			l kN	
V=V' + M/d tanB	(B=0) Hence V =V'			
Actual Shear Stress	, ,	0.01	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Percentage Steel	100As/bd	0.14	-	
Tc		0.23	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
k=1				
Permissble Shear Stress = k Tc		0.23	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
		< Actual Shear St		Shear
		Reinforcement sh		
Dia Of two Legged Stirrups			3 mm	
Area Of One Bar In Distribution Rei	nforcement	201	l mm²	
Using The Bars Spacing Required s	s= Asw ts d/V		3 mm	
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing		mm 150	) mm	Adopt spacing as 150 mm

2/{2} cross section ABUTMENT FOOTING DESIGN

#### DESIGN OF DIRT WALL AS COLUMN WITH BENDING

AXIAL LOAD ON THE DIRT WALL	<b>31.60</b> KN		
ASSUME WIDTH OF DIRT WALL	1000 MM	EMIN/B	0.00
ASSUME DEPTH OF DIRT WALL	300 MM	EMIN/D	0.01
MOMENT TRANSFERRED TO DIRT WALL	12.80 KN-M	-	·
FACTORED AXIAL LOAD	<b>47.40</b> KN		
FACTORED MOMENT	19.20 KN-M		
DIA OF LONGITUDINAL REINFORCEMENT	<b>10</b> MM		
CLEAR COVER	40 MM		
d'	45 MM		
d'/D	0.15		
ADOPT d'/D	0.15		
PU/FCKBD	0.01		
MU/FCKBD <sup>2</sup>	0.01		
REINFORCEMENT EQUALLY DISTRIDUTED ON	TWO SIDES		
USING CHART NO- OF RCC DESIGN AIDS	33	CONC GRAD	E M-30
P/FCK	0.01		
P	0.3	> Minimum St	eel 0.2% Hence OK
AS	900 SQ MM		
TOTAL NUMBER OF BARS REQUIRED	12		
NUMBER OF BARS ON EACH SIDE	6		
SPACING	<b>200</b> MM		

#### Alternate design Considering dirt wall as cantilever

VERTICAL REINFORCEMENT IN SHAPE OF STIRRUPS on both faces

DIA 10 mm SPACING 150 mm

HORIZONTAL REINFORCEMENT BAR DIA on both faces

DIA 10 mm SPACING 250 mm

#### **DESIGN OF Abutment CAP SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE**

Name Of Work: - Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM DESIGN OF Abutment CAP:D.L./ M Width along bridge

D.L./ M Width along bridge				
DL. Of Slab =	0.975 x	15 x.	2.4 =	35.10 T
D.L. of Wearing coat =	0.075 x	12 x.	2.4 =	2.16 T
			TOTAL	37.26 T
D.L. of Slab & Wearing coat on half of the Abutment	=	=		
		37.26 /	2 =	18.63 T
L.L. on Abutment cap including impact along bridge				
	=	82.50 x	1.1375 =	93.84 T
(Refer Live Load Computation)				
Dispersion width across the span for				
70 T TRACKED VEHTCLE	=	6.695 M		
( Refer Solid slab design page SS-16)				
Live Load u.d.l. on Abutment	=	93.84 /	6.695 =	14.02 T
Per M width				
Total Load on Half =	18.63 -	<b>-</b> 1	4.02 =	32.65 T
of Abutment along bridge				Per M width
Effective depth of slab =90-2.5-2.5/2 =	86.25 (	rm		i oi iii iiidai
Placement of the live load at effective depth from the support ( taking support width 750 mm)	00.23 (	)III		
Eccentricity = 71.25 -75/2	=	33.75 cm	=	0.34 M
Bending Moment along the bridge =	_	33.73 GH	_	0.34 101
behaling Moment along the bridge =				
	32.65 x	0.34		11.02 T - M/M width
=				
	11.02 x	10.00 =	110.2 kN-	M/M width
This moment is too small hence it will not/be the governing B.M.				
Moment in Abutment cap		110.20 kN-m		
CONCRETE GRADE		M30		
FOR THIS GRADE ocbc		<b>10</b> N/mm:	2	
m		9.33	_	
		0.00		
		200		
σst		<b>200</b> 0.318		
		0.318		
σst factor k j		0.318 0.894		
σst factor k j R		0.318 0.894 1.422		
σst factor k j R Effective Depth Required		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm		
σst factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm		
σst factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm		
σst factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm		
σst factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm		
factor k  j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm		
factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup>		
factor k  j  R  Effective Depth Required  Adopt Total Depth  Cover  Assume Bar Dia  Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth  Adopt Effective Depth  Steel Required Ast  Area Of One Bar		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup>		
factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm		
factor k  j  R  Effective Depth Required  Adopt Total Depth  Cover  Assume Bar Dia  Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth  Adopt Effective Depth  Steel Required Ast  Area Of One Bar	25 mm	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup>	Adopt spacing	յ as 100 mm
factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S	25 mm 25 mm	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm	Adopt spacing	յ as 100 mm
factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing		0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm 100 mm	Adopt spacing	y as 100 mm
factor k j R Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel	25 mm	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm 100 mm	Adopt spacing	g as 100 mm
factor k  j  R  Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Bottom Steel	25 mm	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm 100 mm	Adopt spacing	y as 100 mm
factor k  j  R  Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Bottom Steel Abutment SECTION ACROSS BRIDGE	25 mm	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm 100 mm	Adopt spacing	g <b>as 100 mm</b> 35.10 T
factor k  j  R  Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Bottom Steel Abutment SECTION ACROSS BRIDGE DEAD LOAD MOMENT PER METRE Width across bridge:- Slab D.L.	25 mm 16 mm	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm² 491 mm² 905 mm 100 mm 100 mm		
factor k  j  R  Effective Depth Required Adopt Total Depth Cover Assume Bar Dia Keeping A Cover Of 50 mm Effective Depth Adopt Effective Depth Steel Required Ast Area Of One Bar Spacing S Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Top Main Steel Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing for Bottom Steel Abutment SECTION ACROSS BRIDGE DEAD LOAD MOMENT PER METRE Width across bridge:-	25 mm 16 mm 0.975 x	0.318 0.894 1.422 278 mm 1200 mm 50 mm 25 mm 1138 mm 1137.5 mm 542 mm <sup>2</sup> 491 mm <sup>2</sup> 905 mm 100 mm 100 mm	2.4 =	35.10 T

D.L. of Slab & Wearing coat on half of the Abutment		=				
L.L on Abutment		=	37.26 / =	2 =	18.63 T/ N 64.69 T	/I width
Dispersion width along the span for 70 T Tracked vehical	=	5.3 M				
L.L per M width on Abutment = Total D.L. + L.L. on half of Abutment across bridge per M width The Live Load is with clearance from the Footpath and kerb. The cantilever portion of Hence There is no eccentricity.	f Abutment cap and width of footpa	18.63 + th is 1500 mm	64.69 / 12.2	5.3 = 11 =	12.21 T/ M 30.84 T Per M width	/I width
Bending Moment across the bridge =		30.84 x	0		0.00 T - M/M width	
Provide Minimum steel  Minimum Reinforcement calculation for Abutment cap:  As per clause 710.8.2, IRC- 78 - 2000, the thickness of Abutment cap shall be at least 200 mm However the thickness of Abutment cap here is 1200 MM.  Grade of Concrete M 30  Minimum Shrinkage and Temperature reinforcement required as per Clause 305.10 I in any RC structure is 250 Sq mm per m in each direction. Allowable maximum spaci						
Shrinkage and Temperature reinforcement required = Provide 25 mm tor reiforcement @ 100 mm c/c (14 Nos.) in top along the Abutn Provide 16 mm tor reiforcement @ 100 mm c/c (14 Nos.) in bottom along the Al Area of Steel Provided at top	nent cap		25	60 x	1.2 =	300 mm <sup>2</sup>
= (14x 491)	=	6874 m	m <sup>2</sup> > 300 m	m <sup>2</sup> OK		
Area of Steel Provided at bottom = (14x 201) CHECK FOR SHEAR ALONG BRIDGE DIRECTION	=	2814 m	m <sup>2</sup> > 300 m	m <sup>2</sup> OK	(	
V = Shear Force V=V' + M/d tanB Actual Shear Stress	(B=0) Hence V =V'	30.84 T	308.40 kN 0.27 <b>N/mm²</b>			
Percentage Steel Tc k=1	100As/bd		0.27 N/mm <sup>2</sup>			
Permissble Shear Stress = k Tc			0.23 <b>N/mm²</b> al Shear Stress her rement should be			
Dia Of two Legged Stirrups  Area Of One Bar In Distribution Reinforcement			16 mm 201 <sub>mm</sub> <sup>2</sup>			
Using The Bars Spacing Required s= Asw ts d/V Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing HOWEVER Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged vertical stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the		16 mm	296 mm 100 mm	Adopt spacing	g as 100 mm	
Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged horizontal stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre alon SHEAR CHECK ACROSS BRIDGE DIRECTION	a me Abaument cap					
V =		20.3 T				

Shear Force
V=V' + M/d tanB
Actual Shear Stress
Percentage Steel
Tc
k=1
Permissble Shear Stress = k Tc

203.00 kN

0.18 **N/mm<sup>2</sup>** 0.25 0.23 **N/mm<sup>2</sup>** 

0.23 N/mm<sup>2</sup> > Actual Shear Stress hence No Shear Reinforcement is required.

#### **HOWEVER**

Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged vertical stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the Abutment cap Provide 16 mm tor 2 legged horizontal stirrups @ 100 mm centre to centre along the Abutment cap

(B=0) Hence V =V'

100As/bd

#### **Design of Dirt Wall**

Dirt wall is subjected to

- (1) Live load
- (2) Live load surcharge
- (3) Braking force
- (3) Earth Pressure
- Consider 70 T tracked vehicle case is governing & 14 T Axle over dirt wall, Dispersion width at top of DIRT WALL

$$=$$
 0.6 x 0.3 x 2.4

$$=$$
 0.495 T/M

Total direct loads = 
$$2.66 + 0.5 = 3.16$$
 T/M = **31.6** kN

Here considering that only 70% of Braking force will be on dirt wall & the rest of braking force will be on soil.

= B.M. due to Braking force

$$=$$
 0.53 x ( 1.2 + [ 0.83 ])  $=$  1.07 T-M

Intensity of Earth Pressure at Deck Level

$$=$$
 0.224 x 1.8

1.2 Χ

 $0.483 \text{ T/M}^2$ 

Intensity of Earth Pressure at top of Abutment Ca=

$$=$$
 0.224  $\times$ 

1.8

x ( 1.2 +

0.825 )

$$=$$
 0.816 T/M<sup>2</sup>

B.M. due to Earth Pressure & Live Load

Surcharge/M width

$$=\frac{1}{2}$$
 = (

0.816 - 0.483 ) X 0.825 X

0.42

X 0.875

0.483

Χ

0.825  $X = \frac{0.528}{2}$ 

0.164

0.21 T-M

Total BM at top of DIRT WALL

0.21

1.28

T-M

12.8 kN-m

Direct Stress =

3.16 X 10<sup>3</sup>

Kg./Cm<sup>2</sup> 1.05

0.09

Kg./Cm<sup>2</sup>

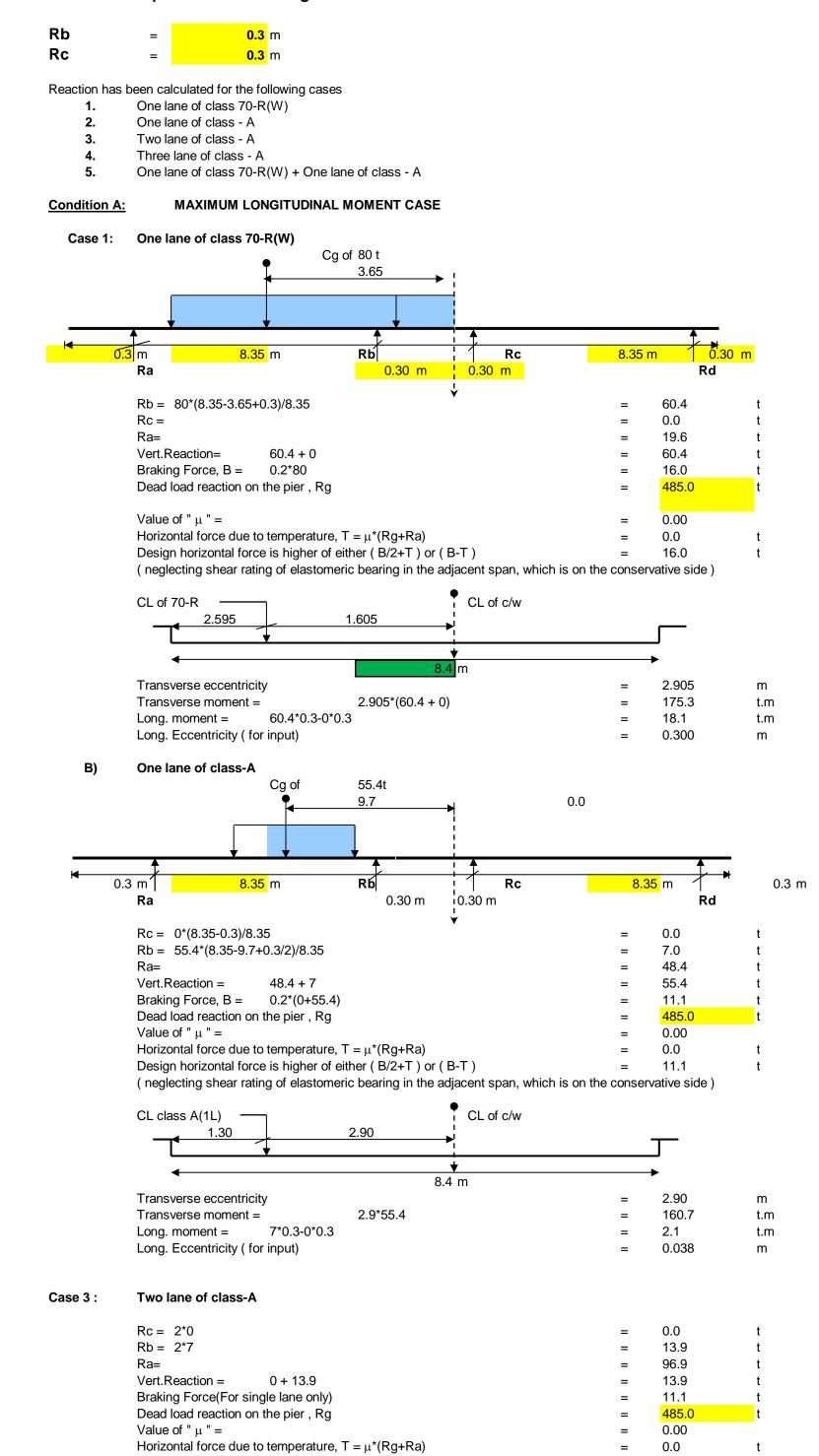
For M 30 Grade,

Stress = 
$$50 \text{ Kg./Cm}^2$$

= 
$$0.022$$
  $\leq 1$  HENCE OK.

### CALCULATION OF LIVE LOAD REACTION FOR PIER SUBSTRUCTURE FOR SIMPLY SUPPORTED SPANS OF A TWO LANE BRIDGE STRUCTURE

#### Centre line of pier w.r.t. the bearings :-

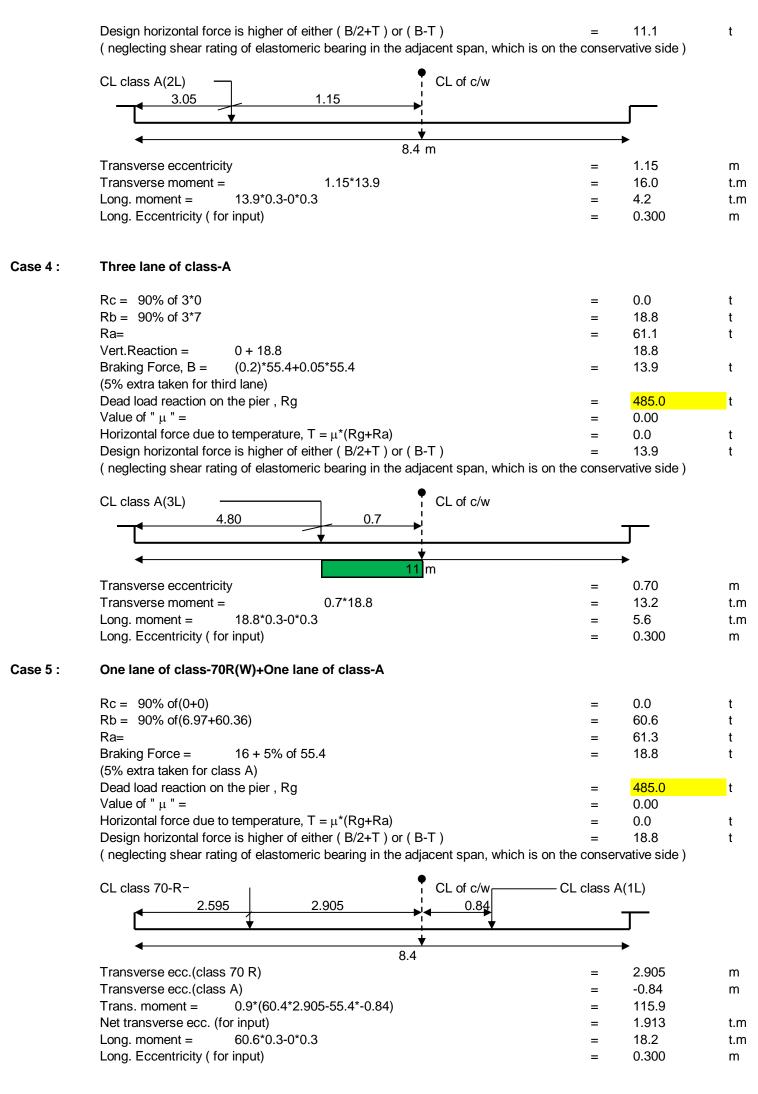


load	cg
51	1.93
68	2.895
80	3.65
. 92	4.4
100	5.12
	51 68 80 92

8.78

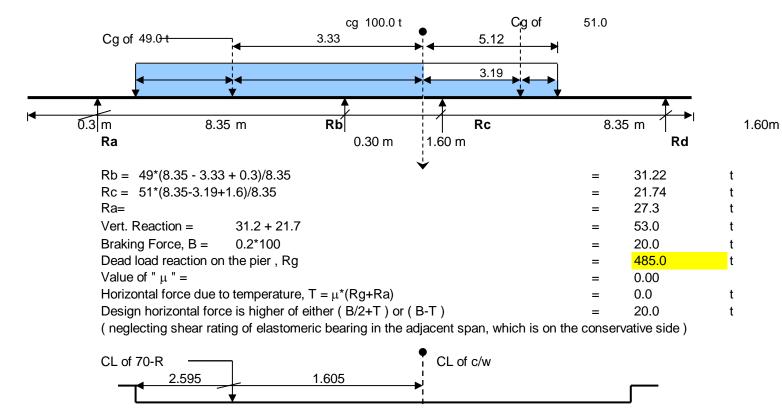
SPAN	LOAD	CG
5.5	29.6	1.7
8.5	36.4	2.9
11.5	43.2	4.3
14.5	50	5.7
24	50	5.7
8.78		

1/{4} cross section



#### Condition B: MAXIMUM TRANSVERSE MOMENT / REACTION CASE

#### CASE 1: ONE LANE OF CLASS 70-R(W)



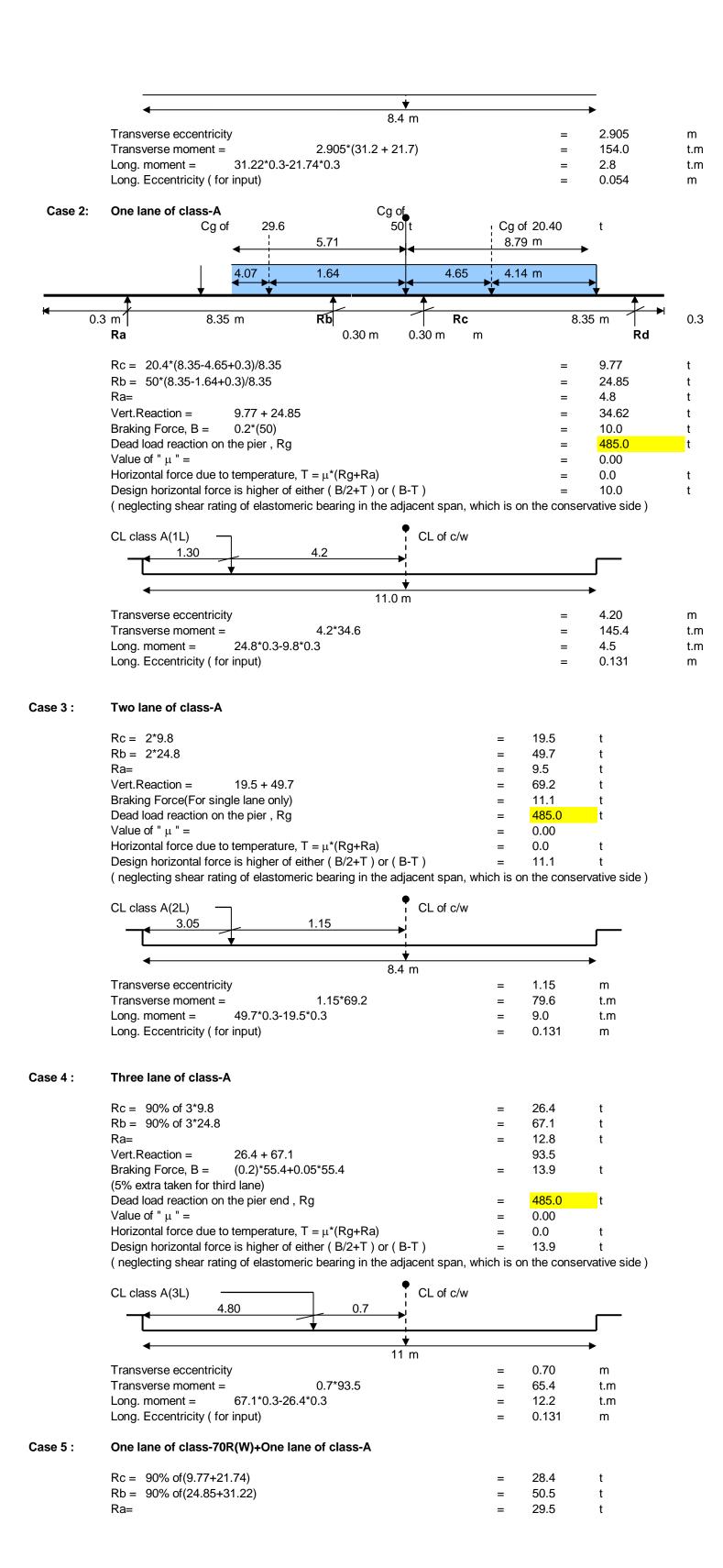
first span							
SPAN	LOAD	CG					
	8.28	49	3.33				
	5.04	58	2.18				
	8.95						

34	3.715
51	3.19

second span								
SPAN	LOAD	CG	}					
3		80	3.65					
4.52		92	4.4					
8.48	•	100	5.12					
24	•	100	5.12					
8.95								

first span		
3	17	0.87
4.52	29	1.75
8.48	41	2.56
24	49	3.53
8.05		

2/{4} cross section



3/{4}

load	cg6.8 end	cg2.7 end
27.2	4.5	4.5
38.6	7.1	6.2
50	8.79	5.71
52.7	9.24	9.46
55.4	9.71	9.09
55.4	9.71	9.09
	27.2 38.6 50 52.7 55.4	27.2 4.5 38.6 7.1 50 8.79 52.7 9.24 55.4 9.71

load	Span2load	cg 6.8	load	Span2 load	cg 6.8
27.2	13.6	1.5	55.4	27.2	4.5
38.6	20.4	4.14	52.7	27.2	4.5
00.0	20.1		02.7	27.2	1.0
50	20.4	4.14	50	20.4	4.14
50	20.4	4.14	50	20.4	4.14
52.7	27.2	4.5	38.6	20.4	4.14
55.4	27.2	4.5	27.2	13.6	1.5
			span2	8.78	

load 1	Cg 2.7 end	load 1	Cg 2.7 end
13.6	1.5	28.2	4.07
18.2	1.81	25.5	3.4
25.5	3.4	29.6	1.73
28.2	4.07	18.2	1.81

cross section LLOAD

Braking Force = (5% extra taken for clas			=	18.8	t
Dead load reaction on th	ne pier , Rg		=	485.0	t
Value of " $\mu$ " =			=	0.00	
Horizontal force due to t	emperature, $T = \mu^*(Rg + Ra)$	a)	=	0.0	t
Design horizontal force	is higher of either (B/2+T)	or ( B-T )	=	18.8	t
( neglecting shear rating	of elastomeric bearing in t	he adjacent span,	which is o	n the conse	ervative sid
CL class 70-R- 2.595	2.905	CL of c/w		– CL class	A(1L)
		<b>*</b>			_
		8.4			
Transverse ecc.(class 7	70 R)		=	2.905	m
Transverse ecc.(class A	A)		=	-0.84	m
Trans. moment =	0.9*(60.4*2.9-0*-0.8)		=	112.4	
Net transverse ecc. (for	input)		=	1.426	t.m
Long. moment =	50.5*0.3-28.4*0.3		=	6.6	t.m
Long. Eccentricity (for i	nput)		=	0.084	m

4/{4} cross section

#### **Summary of Loads**

	Max. Longitudin	al Moment			
Max. vertical reaction (t)	Transverse moment (t.m)	Longitudinal moment (t.m)	Design horizontal force (t)	Transverse ecc. (m)	Longitudinal ecc. (m)
60.4	175.3	18.1	16.0	2.905	0.300
55.4	160.7	2.1	11.1	2.900	0.038
13.9	16.0	4.2	11.1	0.700	0.300
18.8	13.2	5.6	13.9	0.700	0.300
60.6	115.9	18.2	18.8	1.913	0.300

	Max.Transverse Moment					
Load case	Max. vertical reaction (t)	Transverse moment (t.m)	Longitudinal moment (t.m)	Design horizontal force (t)	Transverse ecc. (m)	Longitudinal ecc. (m)
1L class 70 - R	53.0	154.0	2.8	20.0	2.905	0.054
1L class - A	34.6	145.4	4.5	10.0	4.200	0.131
2L class - A	69.2	79.6	9.0	11.1	9.046	0.131
3L class - A	93.5	65.4	12.2	13.9	0.700	0.131
1L class 70 - R + 1L class - A	78.8	112.4	6.6	18.8	1.426	0.084

Vertical reaction due to braking has been neglected.

#### REINFORCEMENT CALCULATION IN ABUTMENT SUBMERSIBLE BRIDGE

#### Name Of Work :- Construction of Submersible Bridge on ON KHERWARA - JAWAS - SUVERI ROAD IN KM 9/000, ACROSS RIVER SOM

Minimum Shrinkage and Temperature reinforcement required as per Clause 305.10 IRC 21-2000 in any RC structure is 250 Sq mm per m in each direction. Allowable maximum spacing is 300 mm.

Shrinkage and Temperature reinforcement required per metre =		250	<sup>0</sup> mm <sup>2</sup>		
Area Of One Bar	12 mm dia	11:	$3 \text{ mm}^2$		
Spacing S		452	2 mm		
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing	12 mm	129	5 mm		
Provide Bars Of Dia And Spacing	12 mm	12	5 mm		
HORIZONTAL SHRINKAGE &TEMPERATURE REINFORCEMENT	12	MM BARS	125	MM	In Vertical direction on all FOUR faces
VERTICAL SHRINKAGE &TEMPERATURE REINFORCEMENT	12	MM BARS	125	MM	In Lateral direction on all FOUR faces

1/{1} cross section STEEL IN ABUTMENT

## (A) GENERAL

- These notes are applicable for the Standard Drawings for R.C.C. solid slab superstructure with and without footpaths.
- These drawings are applicable only for right bridges with overall width of 12 m. αi
- No relead footpaths shall be provided on the bridges having length less than 30m unless the same are otherwise additing on the approaches.
- All dimensions are in millimetres unless otherwise mentioned. Only written dimensions are to be followed. No drawing shall be
- Deelgn criteria: ĸi
- I. The design is according to the following codes:
- (a) IRC:5-1985
- (b) IRC: 6-1986 (1985 reprint) (c) IRC:21-1987.
- The following loads have been considered in the design:
- (a) One lane of IRC clase 70R or two lanes of IRC class A on carriage way, whichever governs.
  - (b) Footpath load of 5 kN/sq.m for superstructure having
- x (c) Wearing cost load of 2 kN/eq.m.
- III. The designs are applicable for MODERATE AND SEVERE conditions of exposure.
- Public utility services (except water supply and sewerage), if required, shall be carried over the bidge through 150mm diameter ducts provided in the footpaths. Total load of such services shall not be more than 1.0 kM per metre on each tooipath. Water/sewerage pipeline shall not be carried over any part of the suportituoture, inspection chambers in footpaths may be provided as shown in the drawing. The location and apacing of chambers along the footpath will be decided by the Engineer-in-charge in consultation with the users.
- Wearing cost shall consist of the following:
- layer of 6mm thick mastic asphalt with 75% line stone dust filler and 25% of 30/40 penetration grade bitumen shall be laid at 375°F with broom over prime cost. A coat of mastic asphalt 8mm thick with a prime coat over the top of the deck before the wearing coat is laid. The prime coat of mastic asphalt shall be 30% straight run 30/ 40 penetration grade bitumen and 50% light solvent (Benzol) to be laid over the deck slab. The insulating
- 50mm thick sephelitic concrete wearing cost in two layers of 25mm each as per Clause 512 of MOSTs Specifications for Road and Bridge Works (Second Revision-3

≓

crete weening coat in M30 grade concrete wrun maunium water cement ratio as 0.00. The reinforcement shall consist of 8mm. High Yield Strength Deformed bars @ 200mm centres reducing to 100 centres in both the di-In case of isolated bridge construction or bridges located in remote areas where provision of mastic and asphaltic concrete wearing cost is not practicable, the Engineer-incharge may permit provision of 75mm thick cement con-

- rections over a strip of 300mm near the expansion joint. Painforcement shall be placed at the centre of the wear-ing cost. Wearing cost shall be discontinued at expen-sion joint locations. Joint fillers shall extend upto the top of wearing cost.
- 20mm expansion joint does not cater for any allowance for possible titting of abutment.
- 9. Support for the deck slab shall provide a bearing width of 400mm
- 10. In urban areas, chequered tiles may be provided in the footpath portion by sultably adjusting the thickness of the footpath slab. Type/poetion of return walls, railings, guard poets, ramp etc. in approach portion shall be decided by the Engineer-in-charge. Ë
- **MATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS** e

## Concrete

Concrete shall be of design mix and shall have minimum 28 days characteristic strength on 150mm cubes for all elements of superstructure as indicated below:

	Conditions of exposure	Conditions of Concrete grade exposure	Characteristic Strength
	MODERATE	92 W	25 MPa (for 3m to 9m span)
	MODERATE	M 30	30 MPa (for 10m span)
**	SEVERE	M 30	30 MPa (for 3m to 10m span)
ı			

- High strength ordinary portland cement conforming to IS:8112 or ordinary portland cement conforming to IS 269 capable of achieving the required design concrete strength shall only be
- The minimum cement content and maximum water cement ratio in the concrete design mix shall be 300 kg/cum and 0.45 respectively for WODERATE conditions of exposure. The minimum cement content and maximum water cement ratio in the concrete design mix shall be 400 kg/cum and 0.40 respectively for 'SEVERE conditions of exposure."

## Reinforcement

All reinforcing bars shall be High Yield Strength Deformed bars (Grade designation S 415) conforming to IS 1786.

Water to be used in concreting and curing shall conform to Clause 302.4 of IRC 21-1987.

Minimum clear cover to any reinforcement including stirrups shall be 50mm unless shown otherwise in the drawings. ÷

WORKMANSHIP/DETAILING

<u></u>

- For ensuring proper cover of concrete to reinforcement bars specially made polymer cover blocks shall only be used. αi
  - Construction Joints
- The location and provision of construction joints shall be approved by Engineer-in-charge. The concreting operation shall be carried out continuously upto the construction joint.

- The concrete surface at the joint shall be brushed with a stiff brush after casting while the concrete is still fresh and it has only slightly hardened.
- Before new concrete is poured the surface of old concrete shall be prepared as under:
- a) For hardened concrete, the surface shall be thoroughly cleaned to remove debris/latitance and made rough so that 1/4 of the size of the aggregate or structurally damaging the
- For partially hardened concrete, the surface shall be treated by wire brush followed by an air jet.
- c) The old surface shall be soaked with water without leaving puddles immediately before starting concreting to prevent the absorption of water from new concrete.
- New concrete shall be thoroughly compacted in the region of

ž

the joint.

Welding of reinforecement bars shall not be permitted

- Laps in reinforcem
- Minimum lap length of reinforcement shall be kept as 83 d
  - where 'd' is the diameter of bar.
- II. Not more than 50% of reinforcement shall be lapped at any
- Bending of reinforcement bare shall be as per IS: 2502. ø
- Supporting chairs of 12mm diameter shall be provided at suitable intervals as per IS: 2502.
- Concrete shall be produced in a mechanical mixer of capacity not less than 200 litres having integral weigh-batching facility and automatic water measuring and dispensing device. œ.
  - Proper compaction of concrete shall be ensured by use of full width acreed vibrators for concrete in deck slab. oj.
- Properly braced steel plates shall be used as shuttering. ö
  - Sharp edges of concrete shall be charriered. Ξ

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS** 6

The work shall be executed in accordance with MOST's Speci-fication for Road and Bridge Works (Second Revision, 1988) except wherever otherwise mentioned.

# REFERENCE TO DRAWINGS Œ

Drawing No.	Trie.
SD/101	GENERAL NOTES
SD/102	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
SD/103 & SD/104	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
SD//105	DETAILS OF R.C.C. RAILINGS
	(WITHOUT FOOTPATHS)
SD/106	DETAILS OF R.C.C. RAILINGS
	(WITH FOOTPATHS)
SD/107 THROUGH	R.C.C. SOLID SLAB SUPERSTRUCTURE
SD/114	(RIGHT)
	SPANS 3m To 10m
	(WITHOUT FOOTPATHS)
SD/115 THROUGH	R.C.C. SOLID SLAB SUPERSTRUCTURE
SD/122	(RIGHT)
	SPANS 3m To 10m
	(WITH FOOTPATHS)

MKD	DATE	٥	DESCRIPTION	BY
		REVI	REVISION	
-	GC MINISTR (RO)	OVERNME Y OF SUR ADS WINC	GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SURFACE TRANSPORT (ROADS WING), NEW DELHI	ОЯТ
	STANDAR	AD DRAWING	STANDARD DRAWINGS FOR ROAD BRIDGES	98
		R.C.C. SC	R.C.C. SOLID SLAB	
SUP	ERSTUCI	TURE (RIG	SUPERSTUCTURE (RIGHT) SPAN 3.0m To 10.0 m	o 10.0 m
	) HEIN	AND WITH	(WITH AND WITHOUT FOOTPATHS)	হ
		GENER!	GENERAL NOTES	
RECON	RECOMMENDED BY	β¥	APPROVED BY	1990

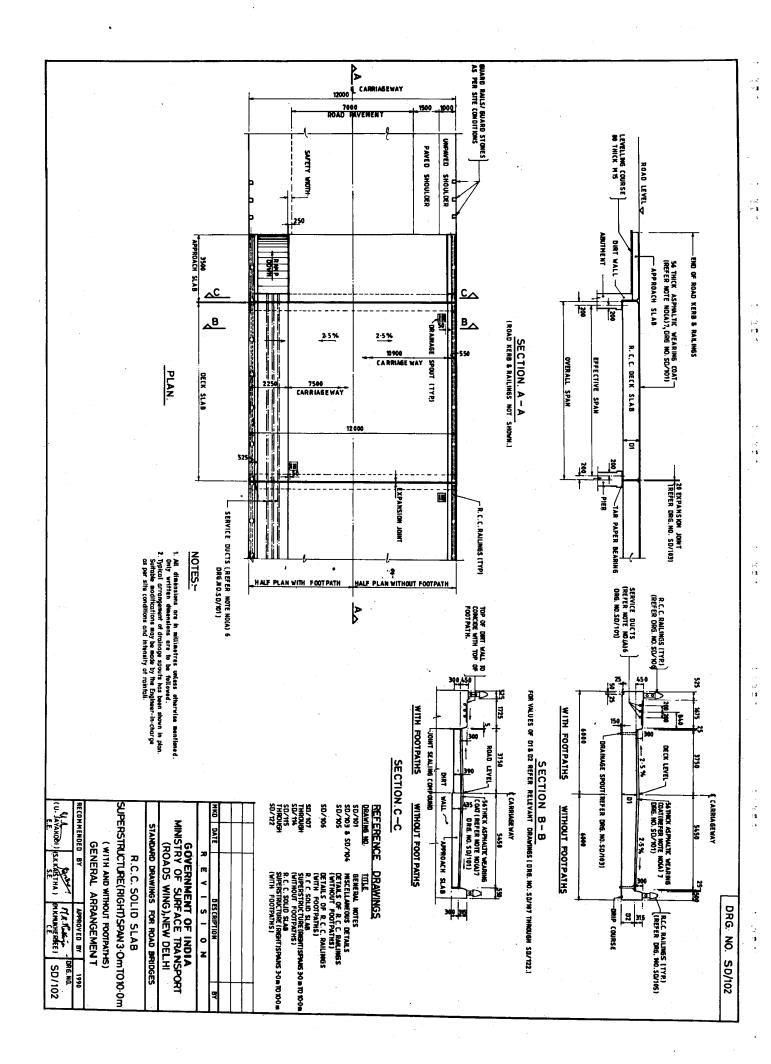
SD/101 DRG. NO.

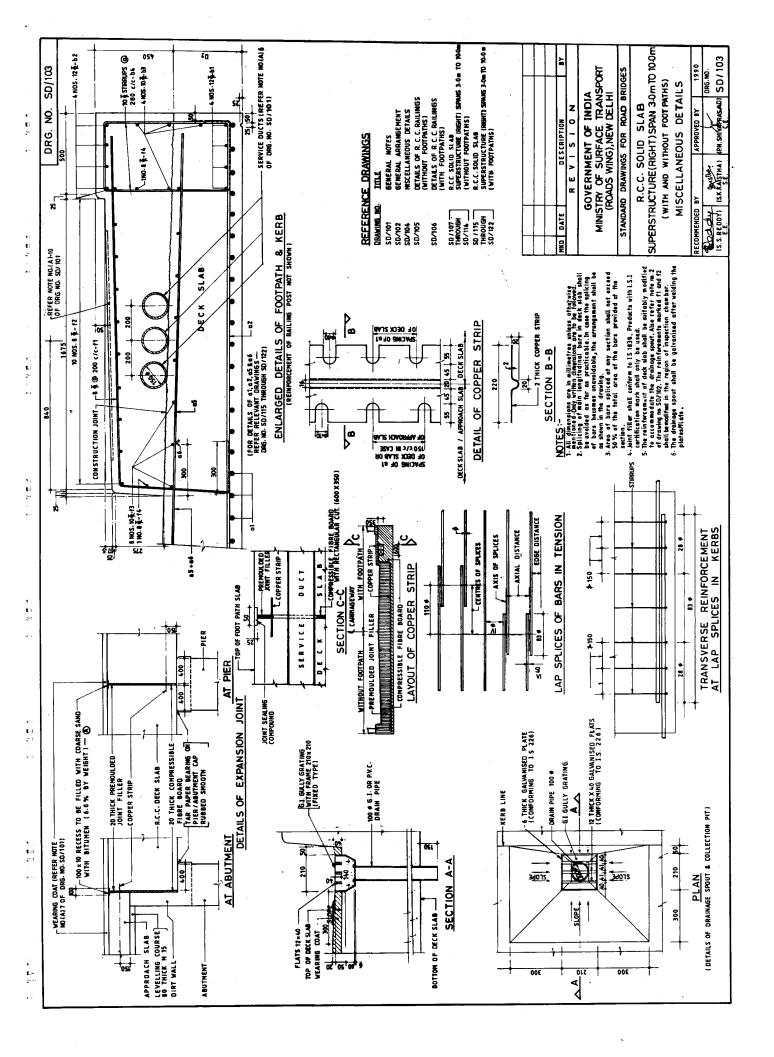
(M.K MUKHE/JEE) C.E. R. C. Rain

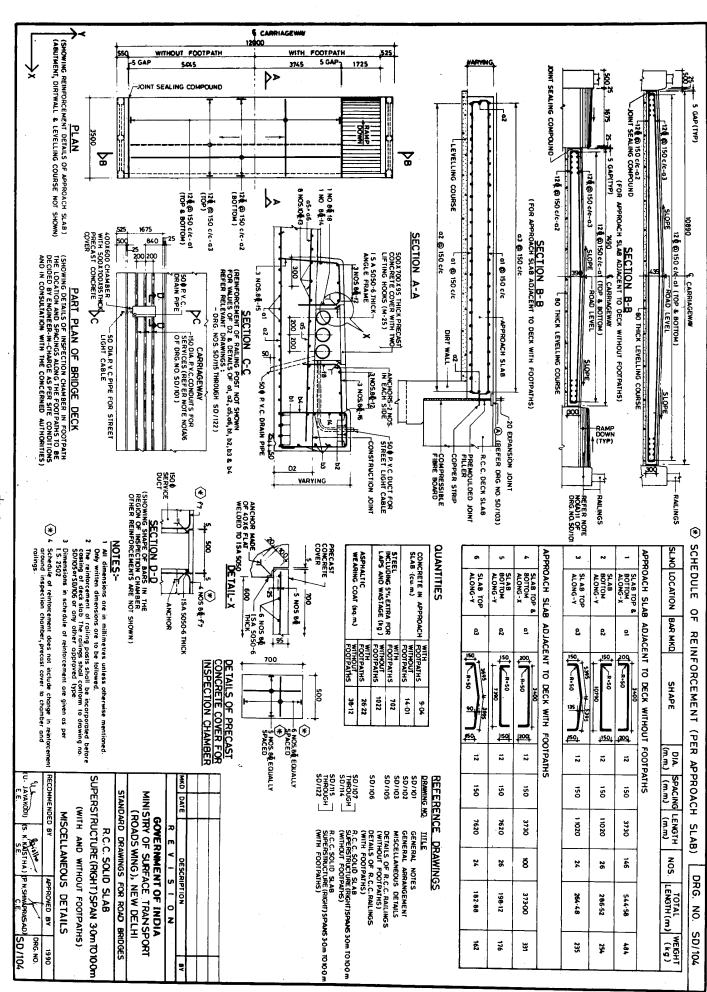
S.K. KAISTHA) (R

(u. JAYAKObi)

.+







+

