mapFoam solver and library class structure

Bernardas Jankauskas

University of Exeter, UK bj255@exeter.ac.uk

1. Introduction

To simulate a system that involves reactive crystallisation (precipitation) a new solver has to be developed. In order to capture necessary physics a set of necessary model elements have to be included in the solver:

- Standard hydrodynamics solution loop;
- Energy transport and reaction heat model;
- Species transport and reaction model;
- Solid product species transport and size evolution model.

Each of the elements need to be properly addressed so that the methodology was correct.

- 1.1. PU COUPLING
- 1.2. Energy equation
- 1.3. Species equation
- 1.4. Population balance equation

2. Libraries structure

Keeping to the OpenFOAM[®] class structure, different parts of the model are split into it's separate class. Main abstract class is called *precipitationSystem* which then has to main subClasses: *liquidSolutionReactiveSystem* and *populationBalance*. The former class is taken from www.openqbmm. org which has been released as an open source code under GNU General Public License. New functionality to the *OpenQBMM* code will be added to suit the purposes of our project.

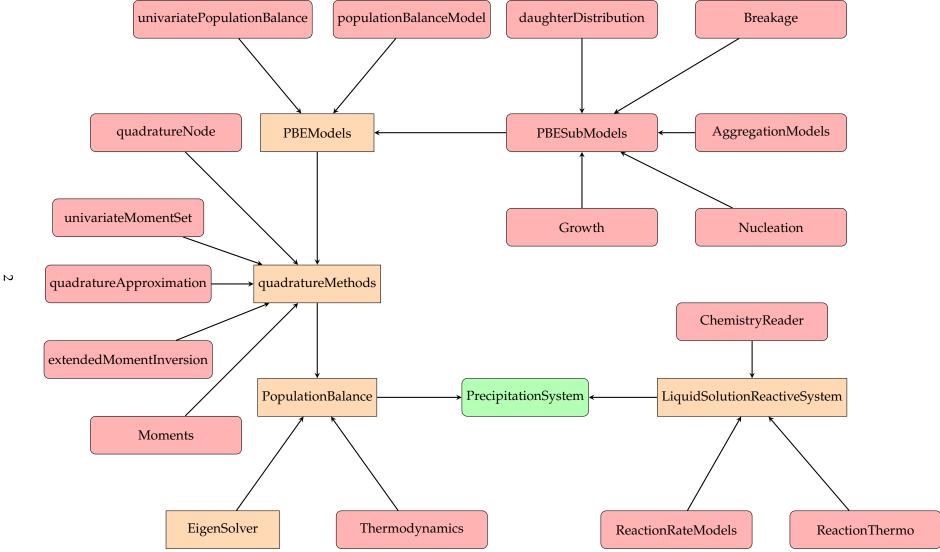


Figure 1: mapFoam libraries structure.