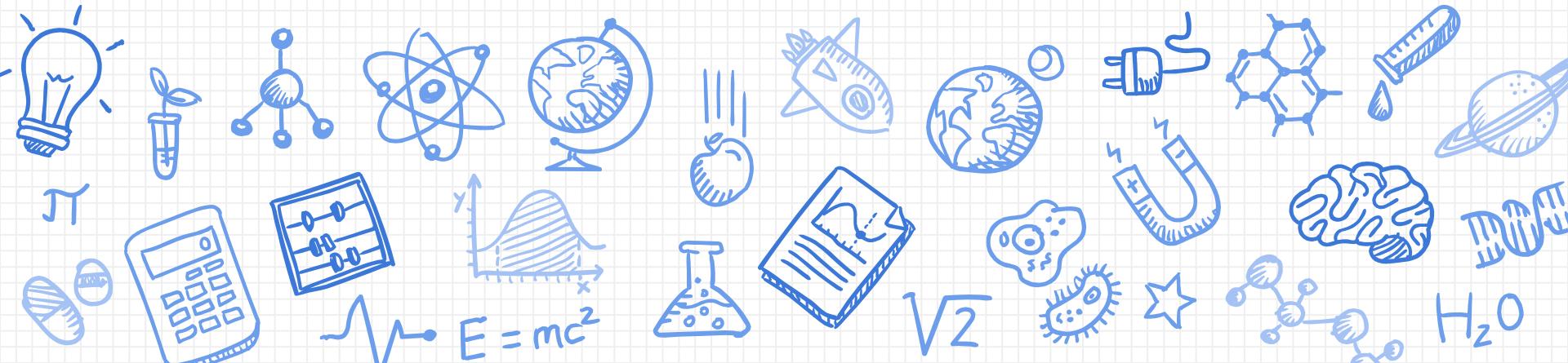
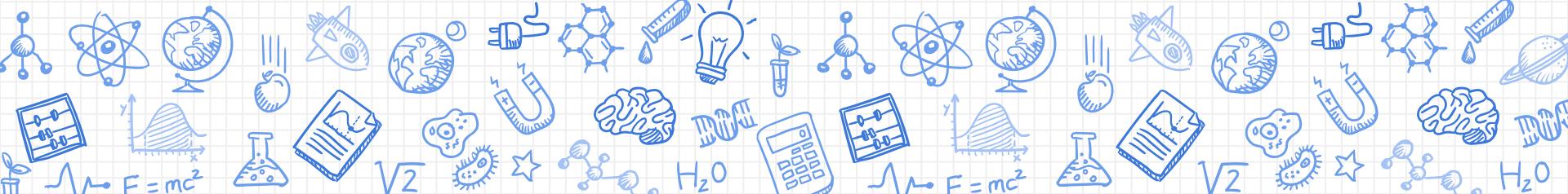


Raspberry Pi 硬體介紹 與系統安裝



Raspberry Pi 硬體介紹

好好玩的樹梅派

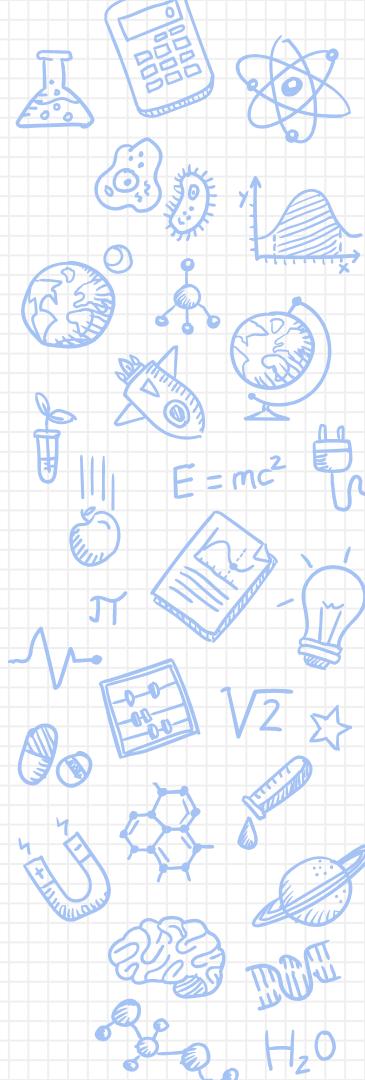


Raspberry Pi 是什麼？

- 信用卡大小的電腦

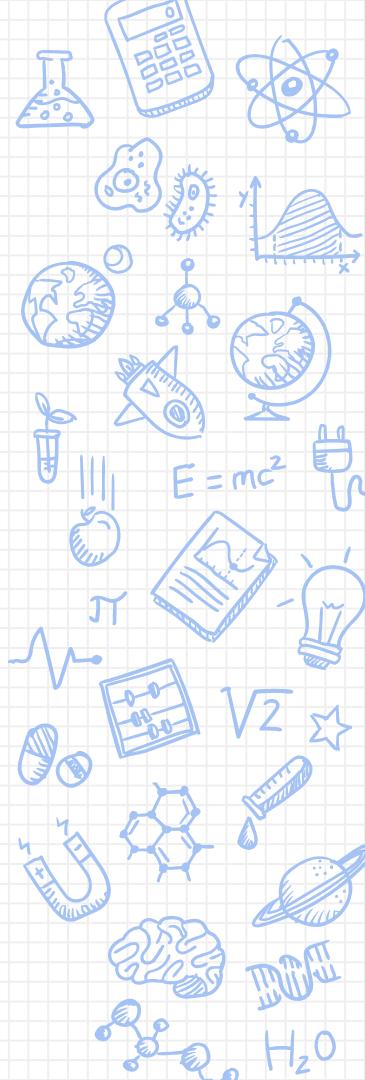
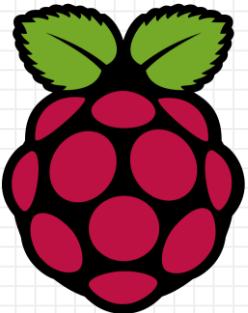


<http://pixabay.com/>



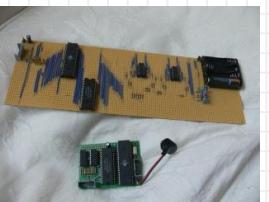
Raspberry Pi 是什麼？

- 英國的樹莓派基金會所開發
- 目的是以**低價硬體及自由軟體**刺激在學校的基本**電腦科學教育**
- 開放硬體原始碼
電路圖、佈局圖、原始碼



Raspberry Pi 家族

Concept



Prototype



Alpha board



Raspberry Pi
Model B



2006

2011

2012

2014

2015

2016



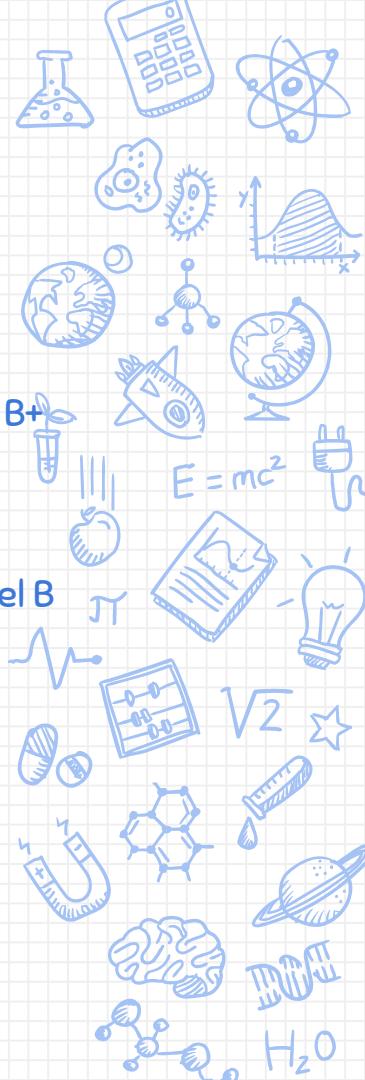
Raspberry Pi
Compute Module

Raspberry Pi Model B+

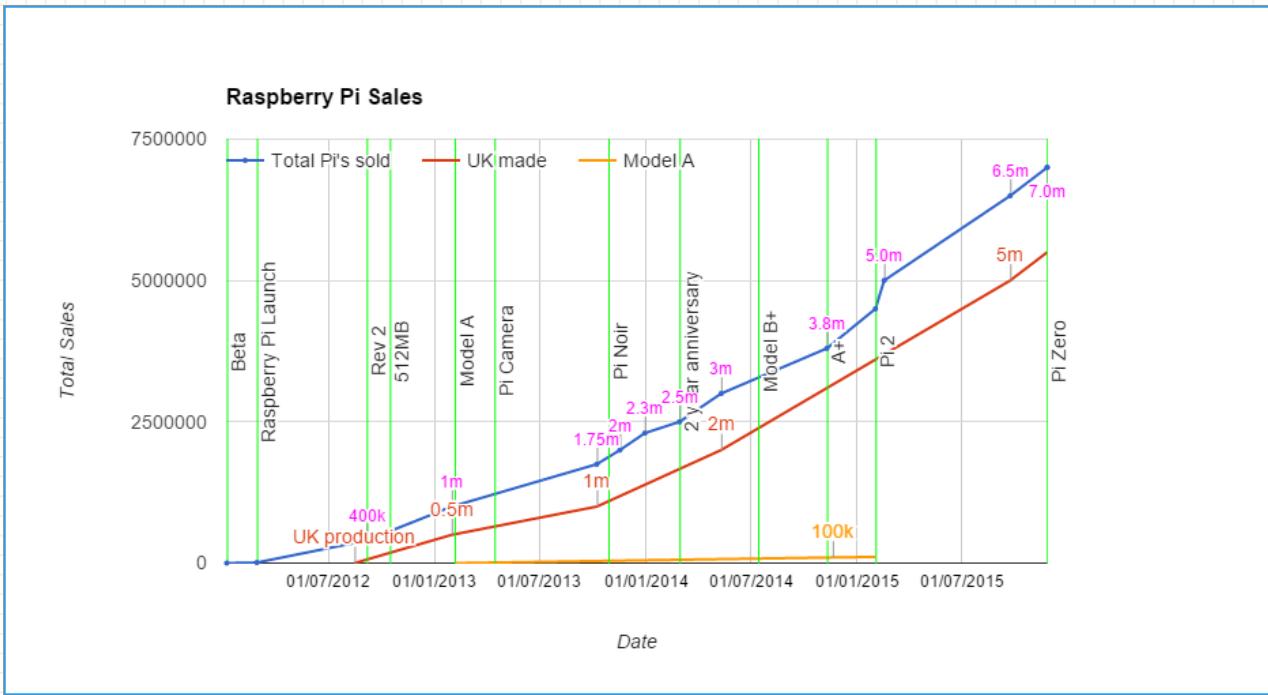
Raspberry Pi 2 Model B

Raspberry Pi Zero

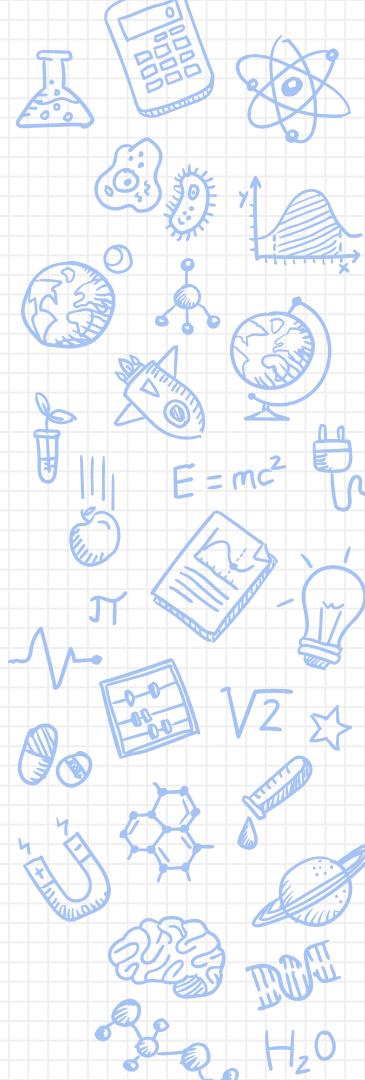
Raspberry Pi 3



為什麼 Raspberry Pi 受歡迎?

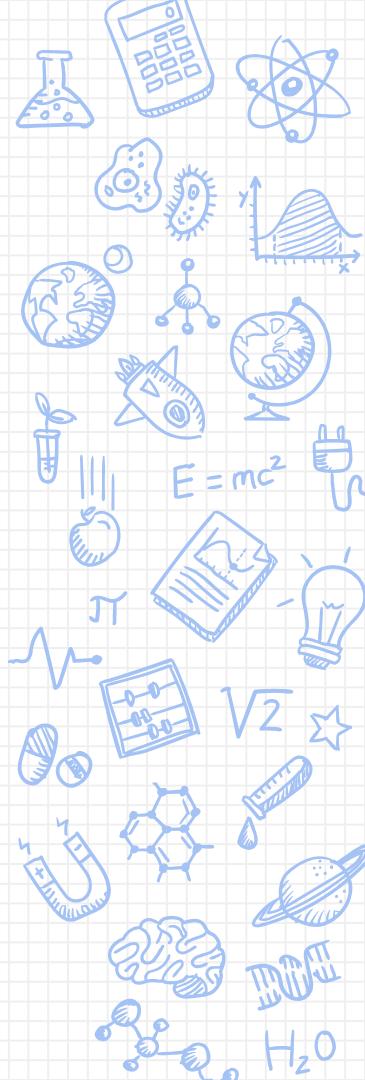


<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1zWwpcckDEEVAhNH3y7JQGxxbjP42nUywPOzDWr1fH28/edit#gid=0>



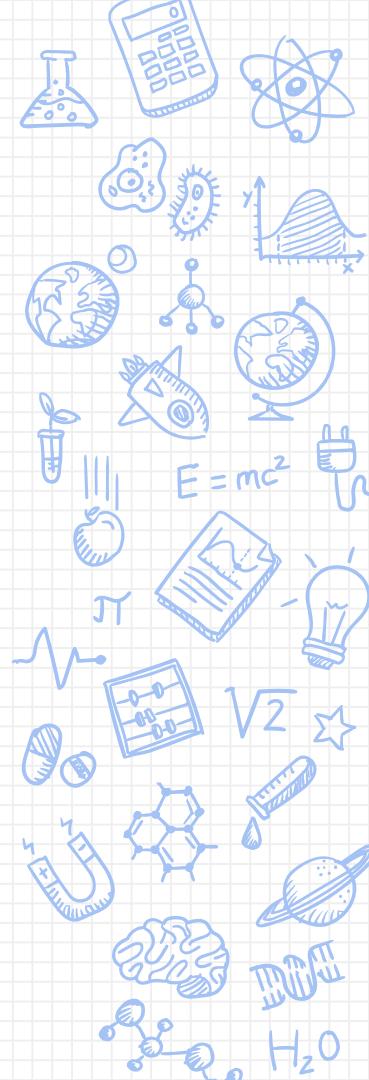
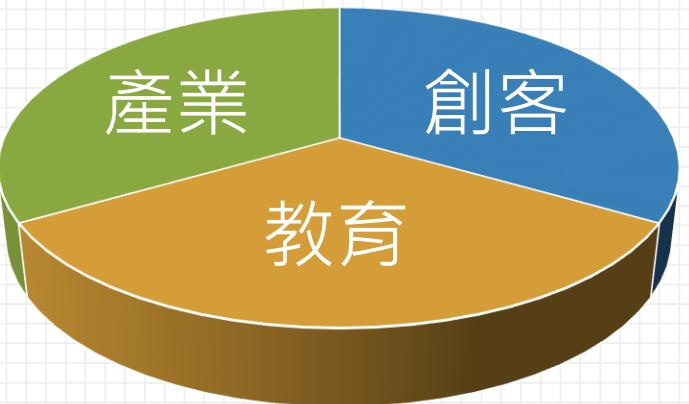
為什麼 Raspberry Pi 受歡迎?

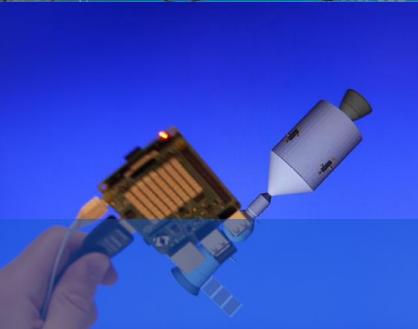
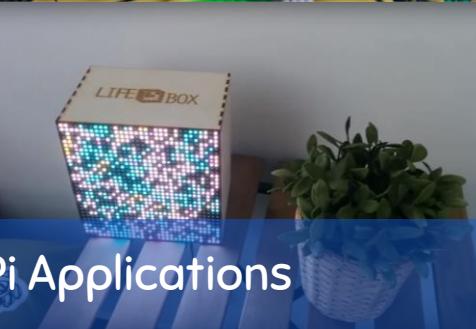
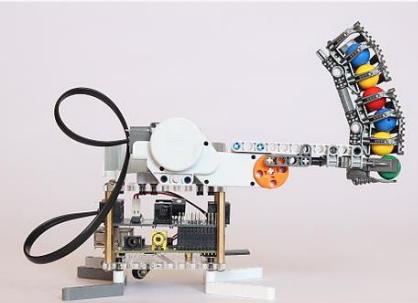
- 價格便宜
- GPIO 連接感測器(sensor)、致動器(actuator)打破數位世界與真實世界之間的藩籬



哪些人在用 Raspberry Pi ?

- 教育
基礎電腦科學
程式設計
- 產業
快速製作原型
- 創客
創意發想
人人都是創客

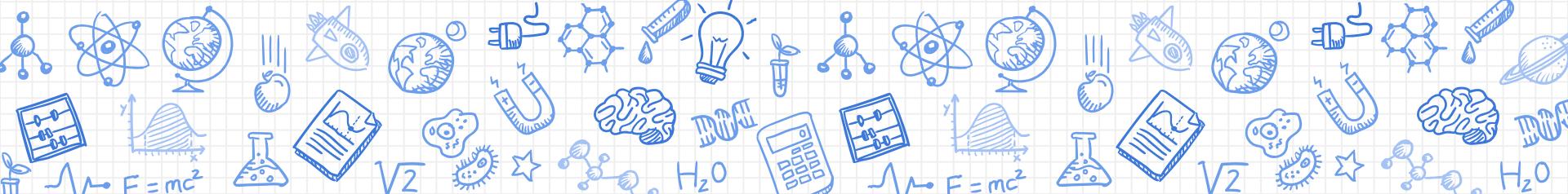




Raspberry Pi Applications

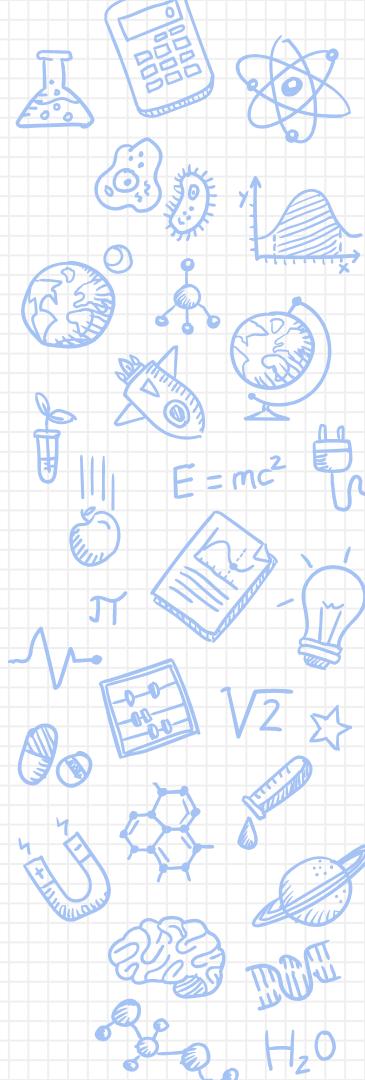
Raspberry Pi 映像檔

Raspberry Pi 是電腦，需要裝作業系統



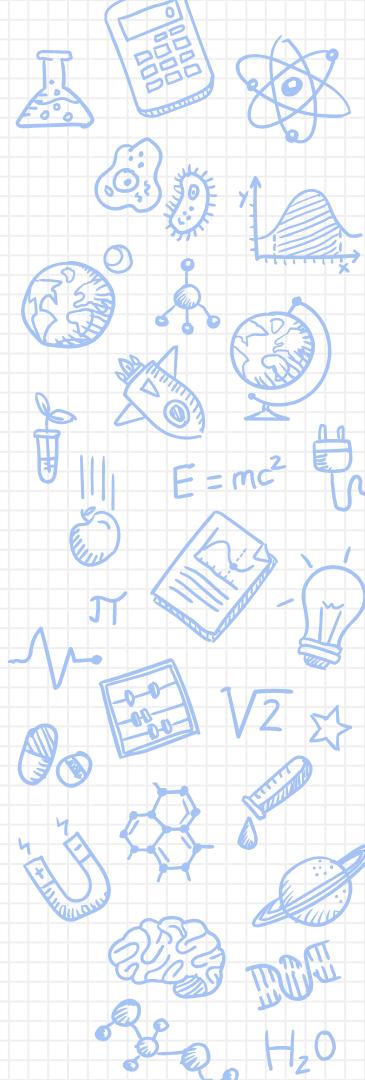
Raspberry Pi 映像檔

- <https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/>
-  NOOBS 是樹莓派的系統安裝管理器
-  Raspbian (推薦)
-  Ubuntu Mate
-  Ubuntu
-  Windows 10
-  OpenELEC
-  PiNet
-  RISC OS



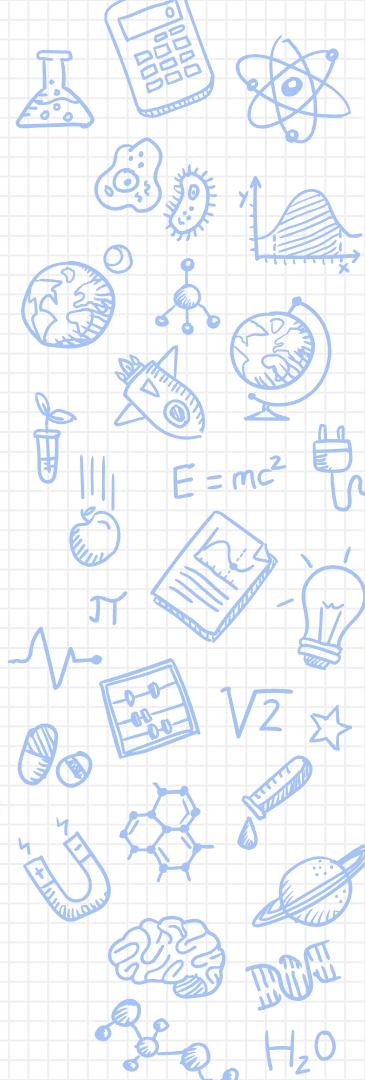
NOOBS 簡介

- NOOBS (New Out of Box) 是樹莓派的系統安裝管理器，不是作業系統
- 在開機過程中，透過選單選擇安裝不同的作業系統
- 初學 Raspberry Pi 的人建議認識它，不小心弄壞了系統，用 NOOBS 選單重新安裝作業系統即可



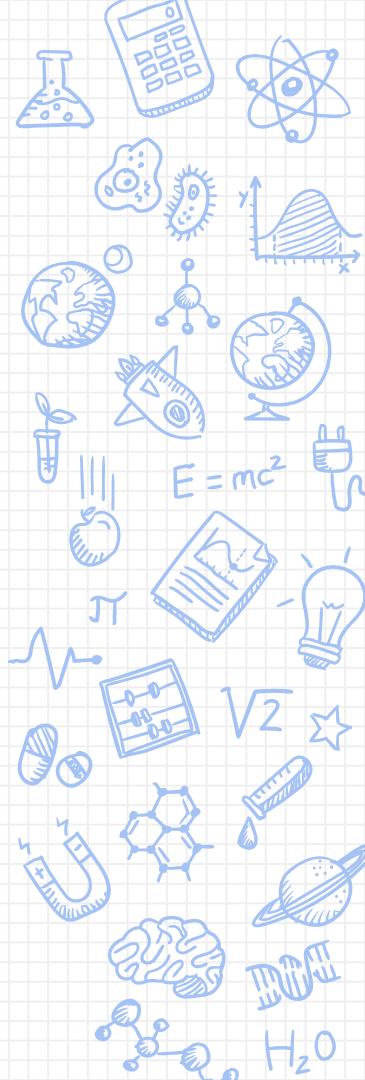
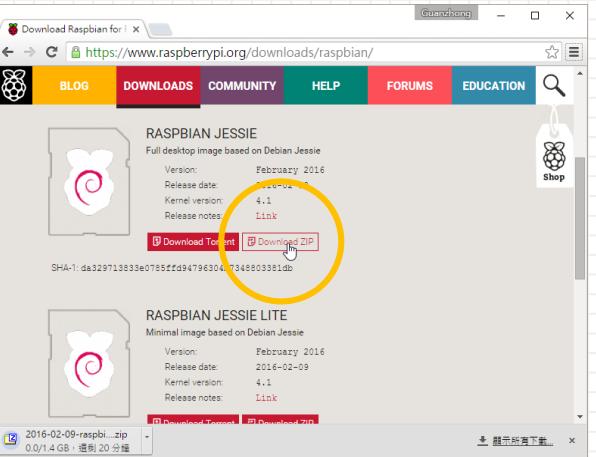
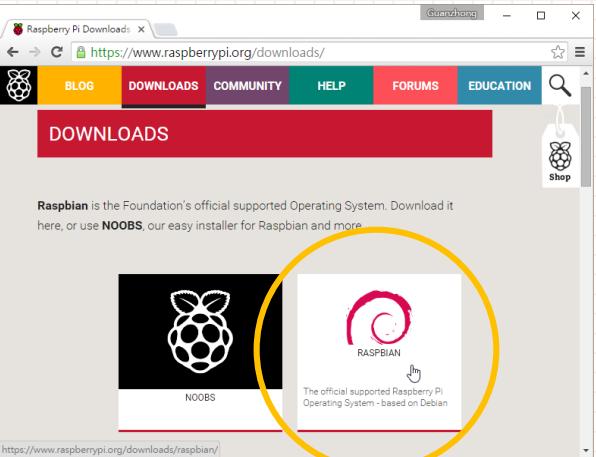
映像檔燒錄準備工作

- Raspberry Pi 3
- microUSB 電源
- microSD 卡讀卡機
- Raspbian 映像檔
- Win32DiskImager 映像檔
燒錄軟體

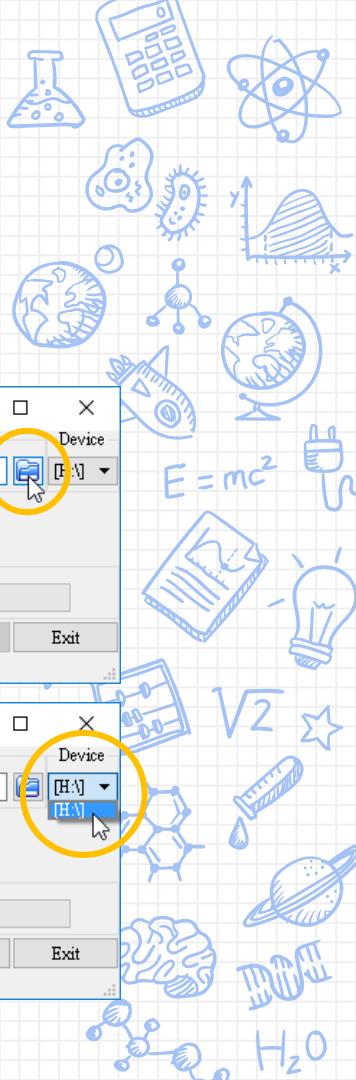
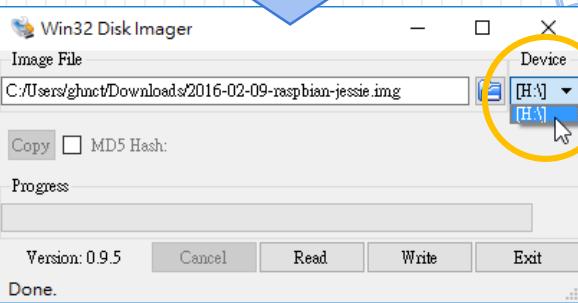
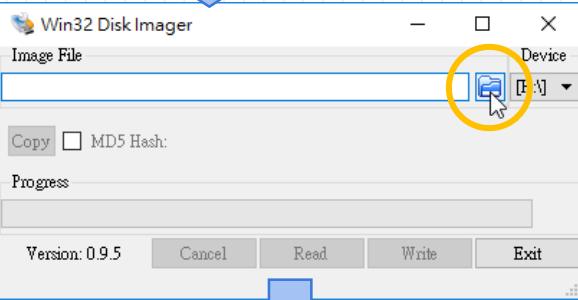
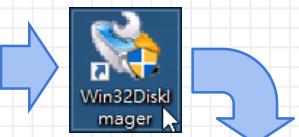


下載 Raspberry Pi 映像檔

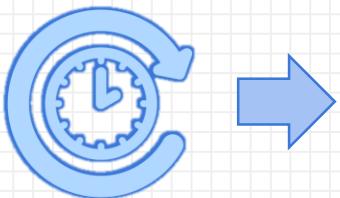
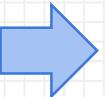
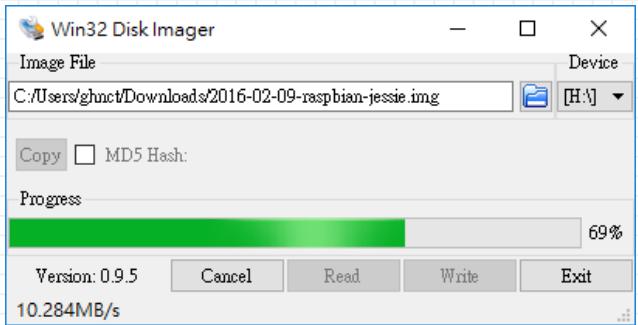
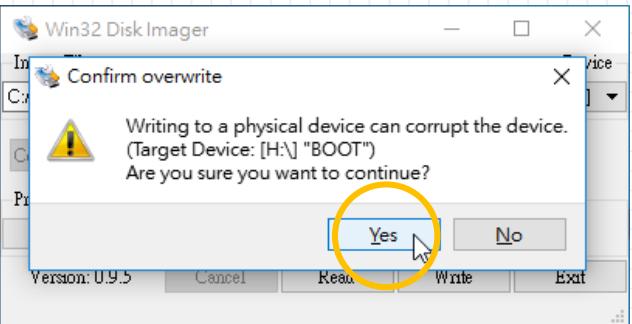
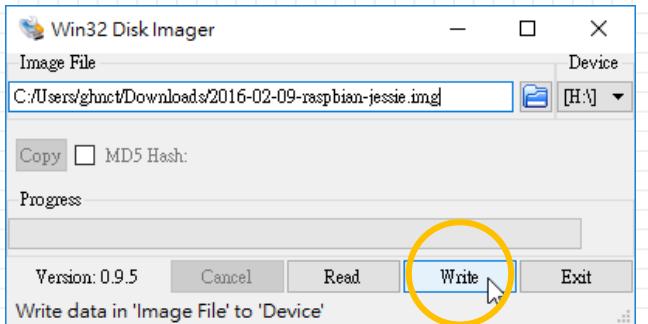
- <http://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/>



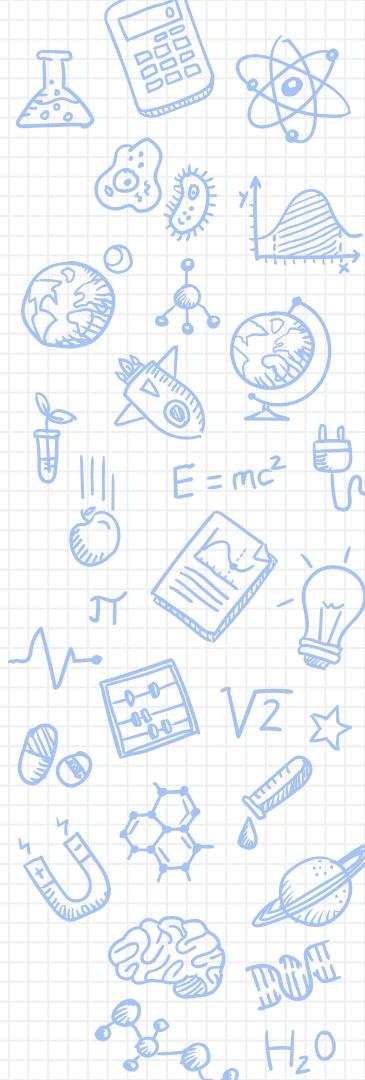
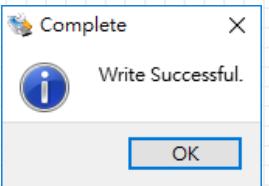
燒錄 Raspberry Pi 映像檔



燒錄 Raspberry Pi 映像檔

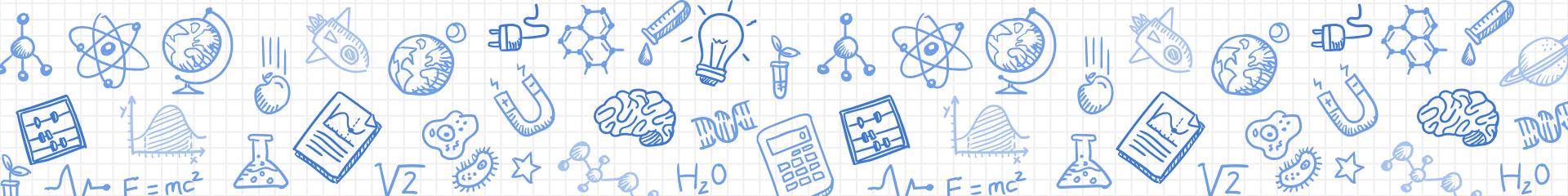


about 6.5 min.



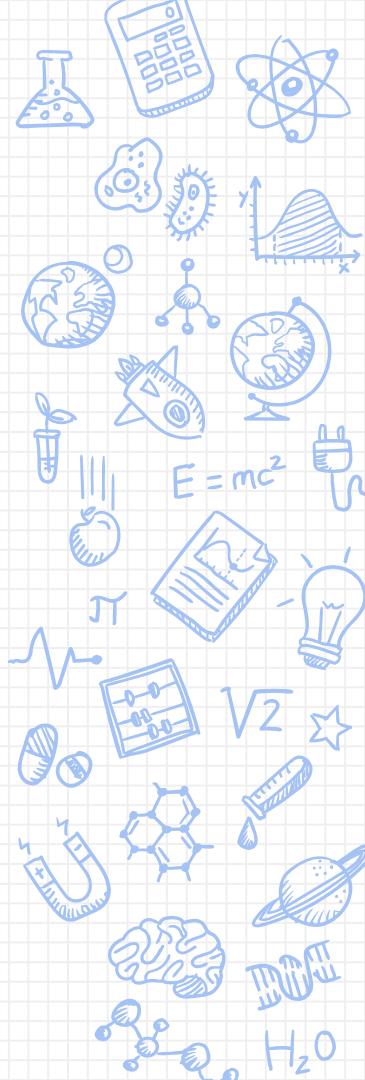
開始使用 Raspberry Pi

Raspberry Pi 好好玩

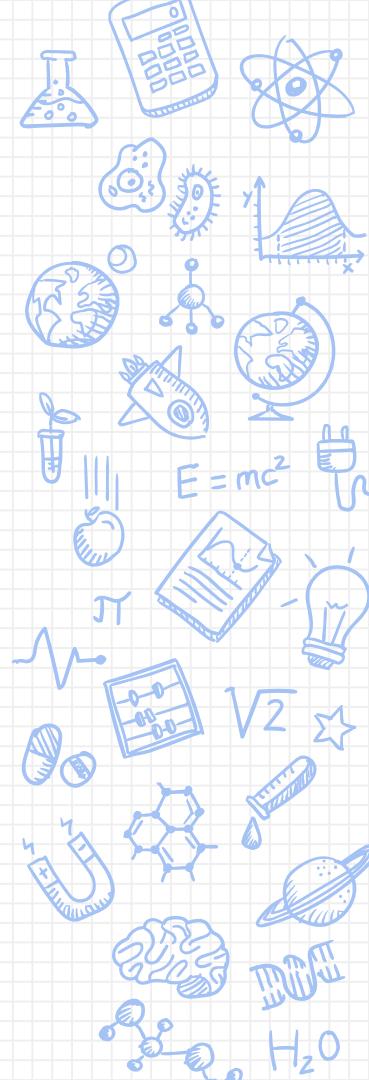
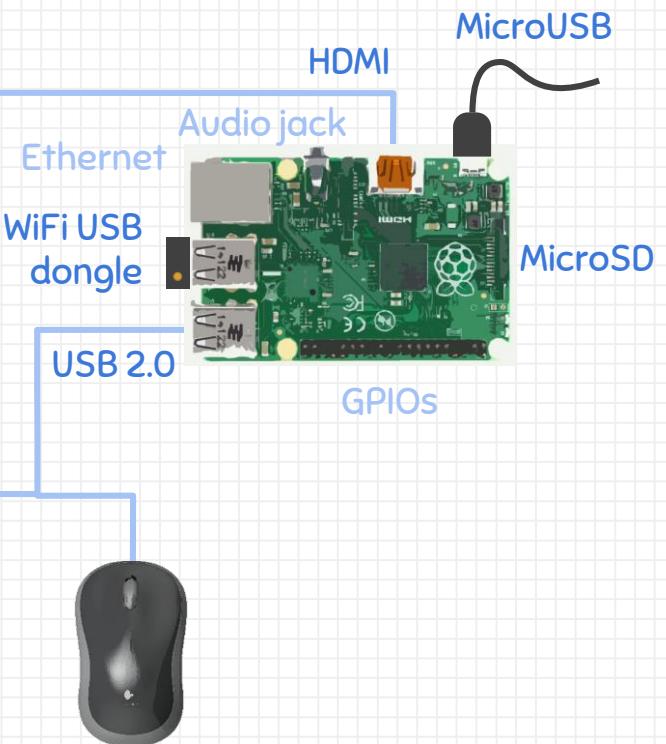
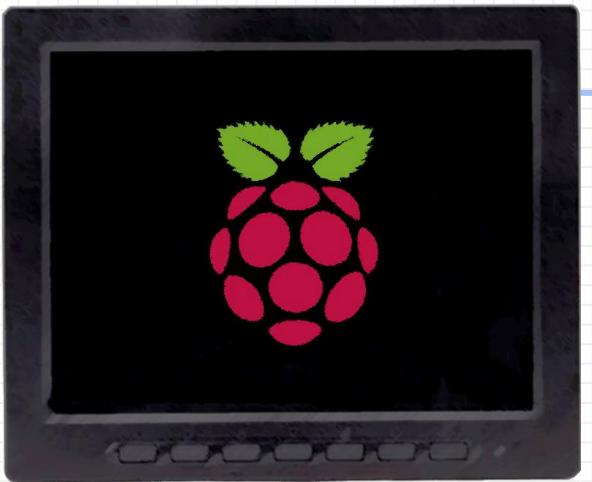


使用 Raspberry Pi

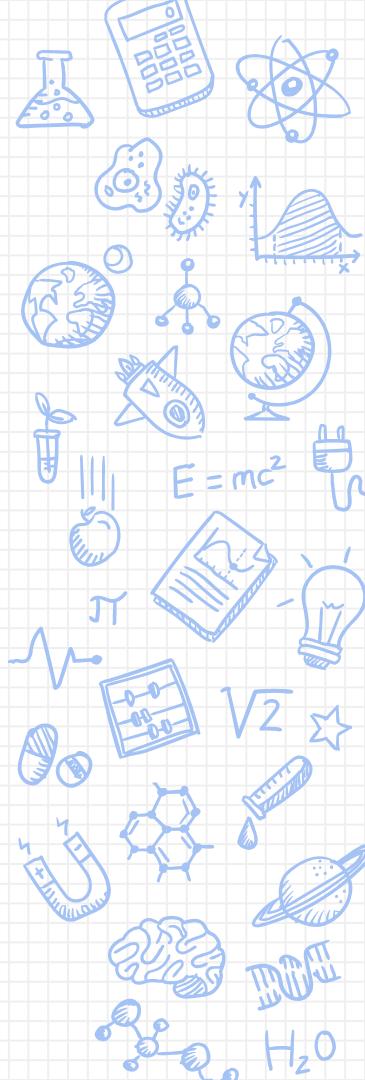
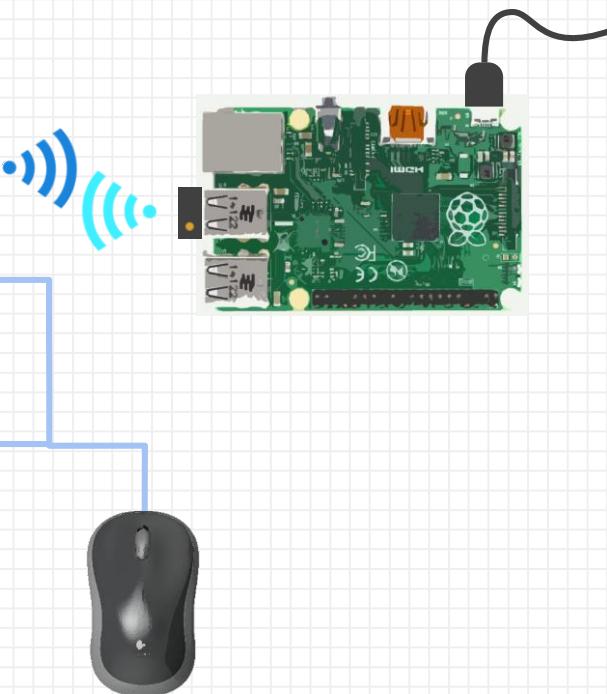
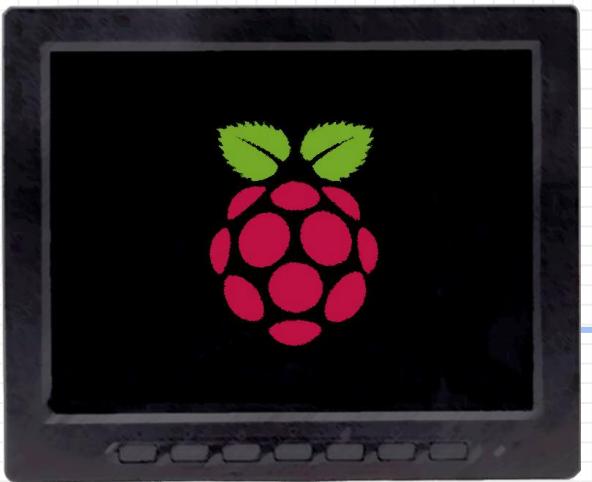
- 連接 Raspberry Pi 硬體
- 使用 PuTTY 與 Raspberry Pi 連線
- 學習使用 Raspbian 作業系統
- 文字模式
- 圖形介面 (GUI)



使用 Raspberry Pi

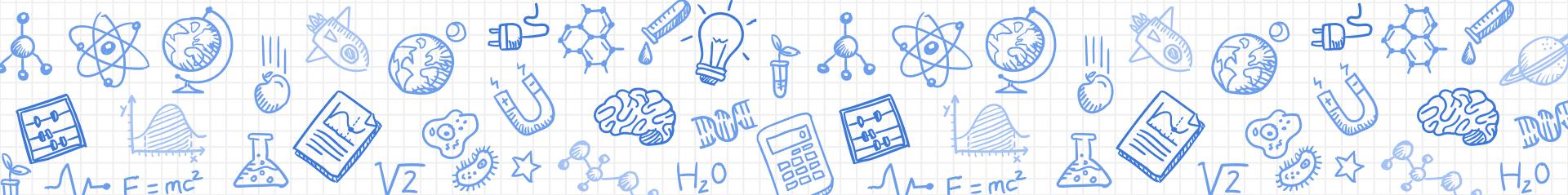


使用 Raspberry Pi



建立網路連線

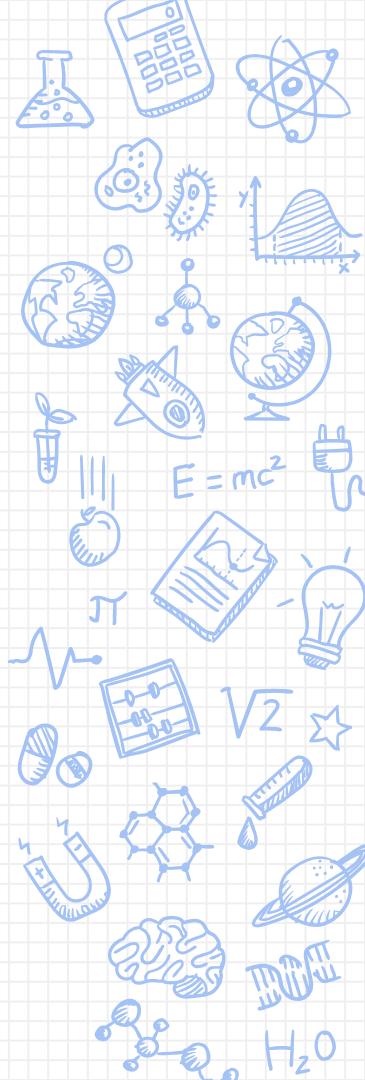
設定IP以及安裝驅動程式



設定固定IP(1)

- 連上Wifi: IEILab
- 叫出Console: Ctrl+Alt+t
- 查看當前IP Address: ifconfig

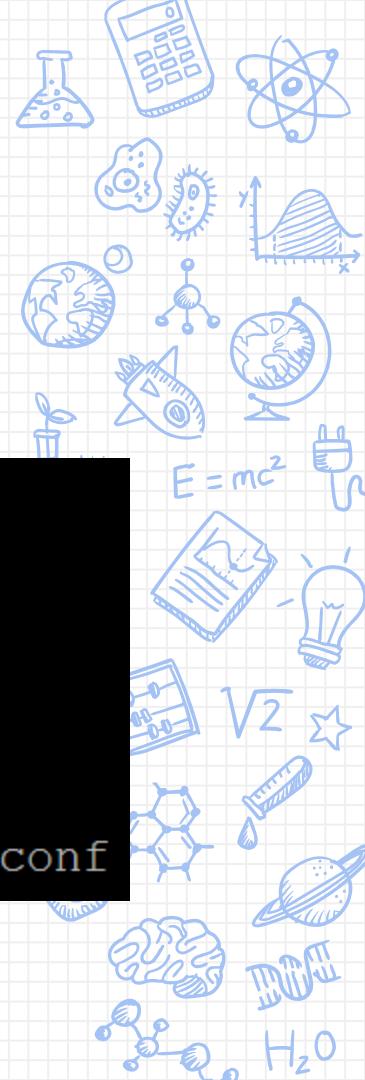
```
wlan0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 74:da:38:83:f9:6c
           inet  addr:192.168.1.78  Bcast:192.168.1.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
           inet6 addr: fe80::aa3a:d513:5d53:73d9/64 Scope:Link
                  UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
                  RX packets:332 errors:0 dropped:33 overruns:0 frame:0
                  TX packets:120 errors:0 dropped:1 overruns:0 carrier:0
                  collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
                  RX bytes:85185 (83.1 KiB)  TX bytes:28267 (27.6 KiB)
```



編輯網路設定檔

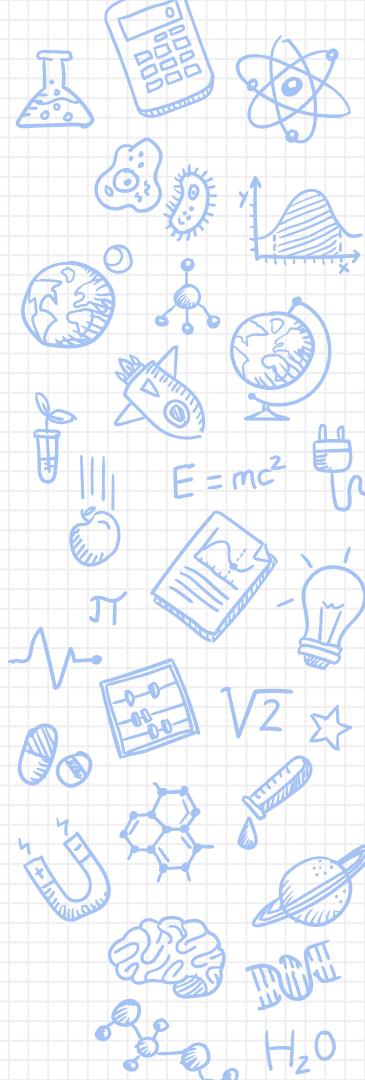
- 檔案位置:/etc/network/interfaces

```
auto wlan0 如果有WLAN
allow-hotplug wlan0
iface wlan0 inet static 使用固定IP
    address 192.168.1.78 更改成分配到的IP
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    network 192.168.0.1 Router的IP位置
    dns-nameservers 8.8.8.8
    wpa-conf /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf
```



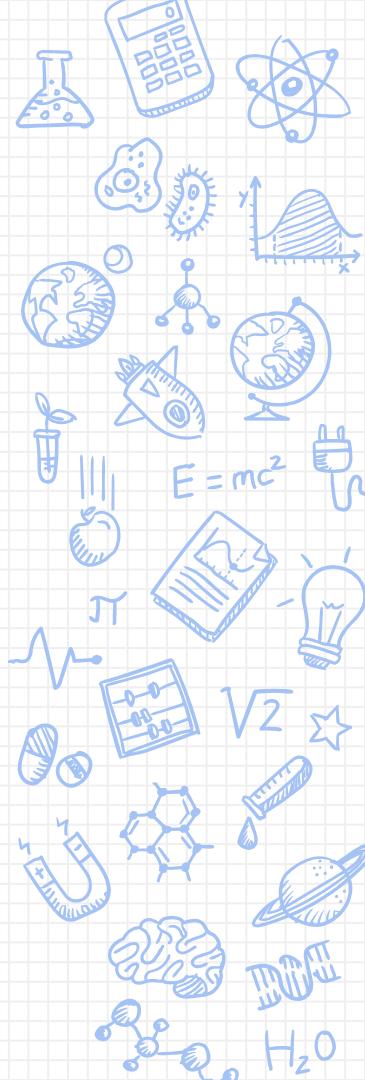
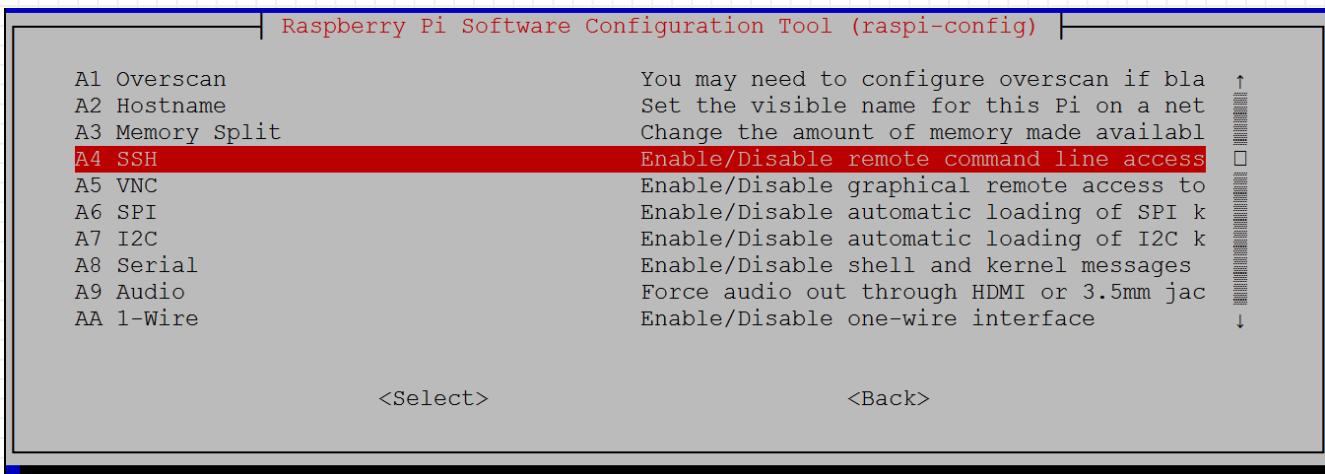
檢查網路狀況

- 設定完後，重新啟動或是重啟網路
- 重新啟動: sudo reboot
- 重啟網路: sudo
`/etc/init.d/networking restart`
- 確認網路狀況: ping www.google.com



開啟Rpi 的SSH連線

- 進入設定畫面: `sudo raspi-config`



下載 PuTTY

PuTTY Download Page Guanzhong

www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html

Binaries

The latest release version (beta 0.66)

This will generally be a version we think is reasonably likely to work well. If you have a problem with the release version, it might be worth trying out the latest development snapshot (below) to see if we've already fixed the bug, before reporting it.

For Windows on Intel x86

| | | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| PuTTY: | putty.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| PuTTYtel: | puttytel.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| PSCP: | pscp.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| PSFTP: | psftp.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| Plink: | plink.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| Pageant: | pageant.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| PuTTYgen: | puttygen.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |

A .ZIP file containing all the binaries (except PuTTYtel), and also the help files

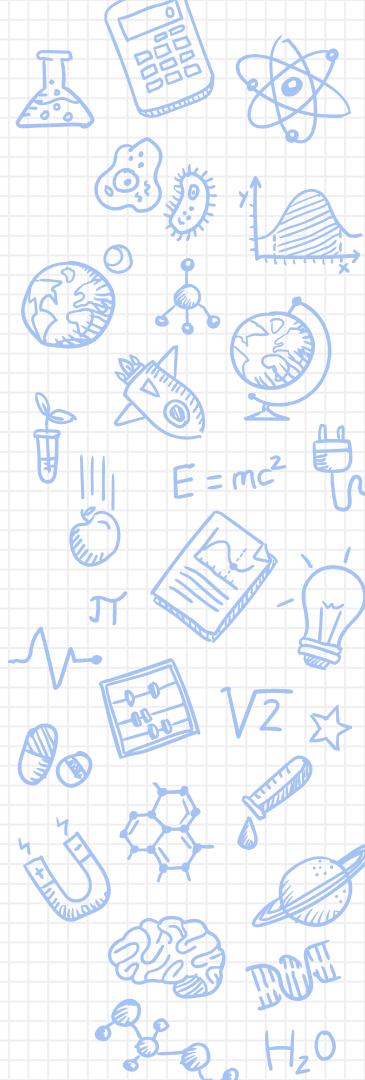
| | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Zip file: | putty.zip | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|

A Windows installer for everything except PuTTYtel

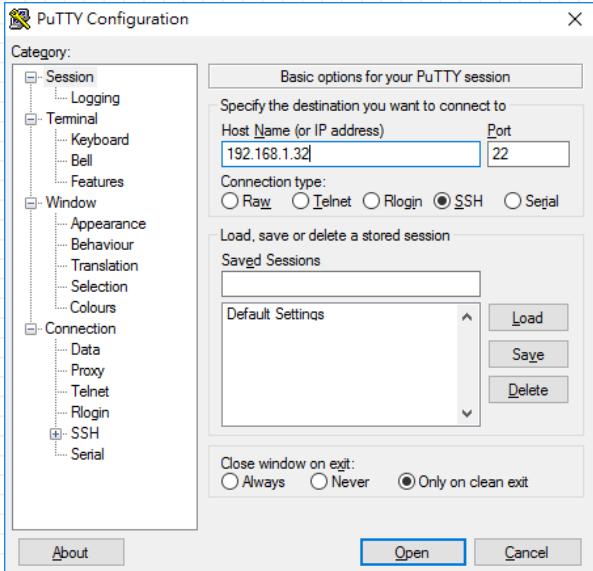
| | | | |
|------------|--|-------------|-------------|
| Installer: | putty-0.66-installer.exe | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
|------------|--|-------------|-------------|

Checksums for all the above files

| | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| MD5: | md5sums | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| SHA1: | sha1sums | (or by FTP) | (signature) |
| SHA256: | sha256sums | (or by FTP) | (signature) |



Raspberry Pi 文字模式用 PuTTY



A terminal window titled 'pi@raspberrypi: ~' is shown. It displays the following text:

```
login as: pi  
pi@192.168.1.32's password: (打密碼時不會有反應是正常的)  
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;  
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the  
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.  
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent  
permitted by applicable law.  
Last login: Thu Feb 18 06:21:11 2016 from desktop-5hd6063  
pi@raspberrypi:~ $
```

In the bottom right corner of the terminal window, there is a black box containing white text:

帳號 : pi
密碼 : raspberry

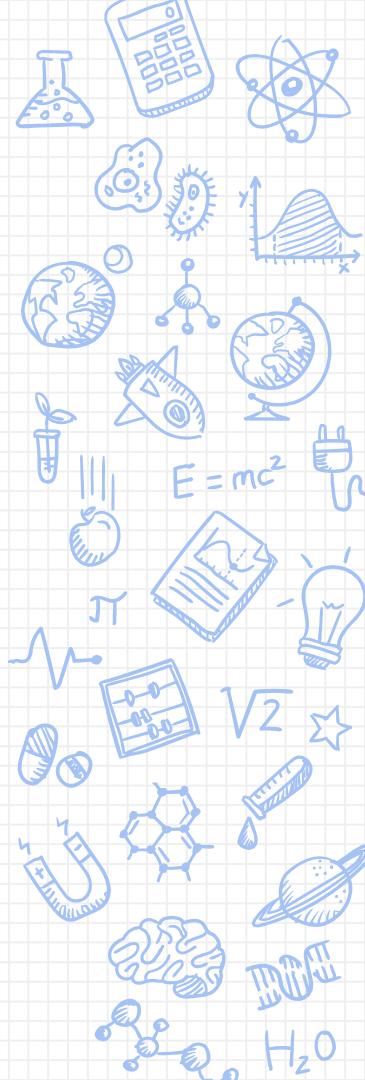
使用AC600 5G網路卡

- 下載驅動程式: wget
[https://dl.dropboxusercontent.com/u/80256631/
8812au-4.4.34-v7-930.tar.gz](https://dl.dropboxusercontent.com/u/80256631/8812au-4.4.34-v7-930.tar.gz)
- 至下載資料夾: cd ~/Downloads
- 解壓縮: tar xzf 8812au-4.4.34-v7-930.tar.gz
- 安裝: ./install.sh



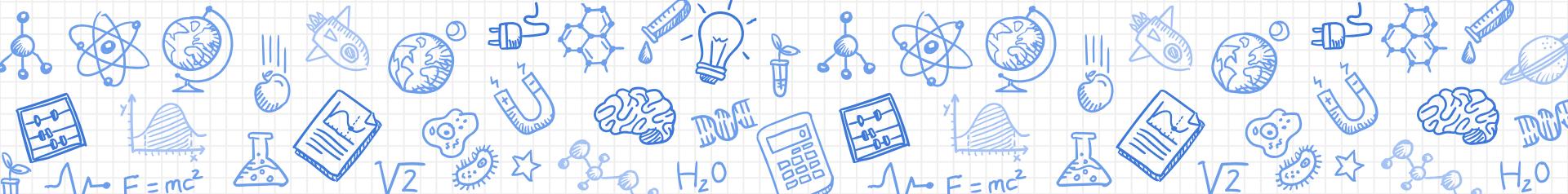
Demo 1

- 成功驅動網路卡
- 成功設定給定的IP Address



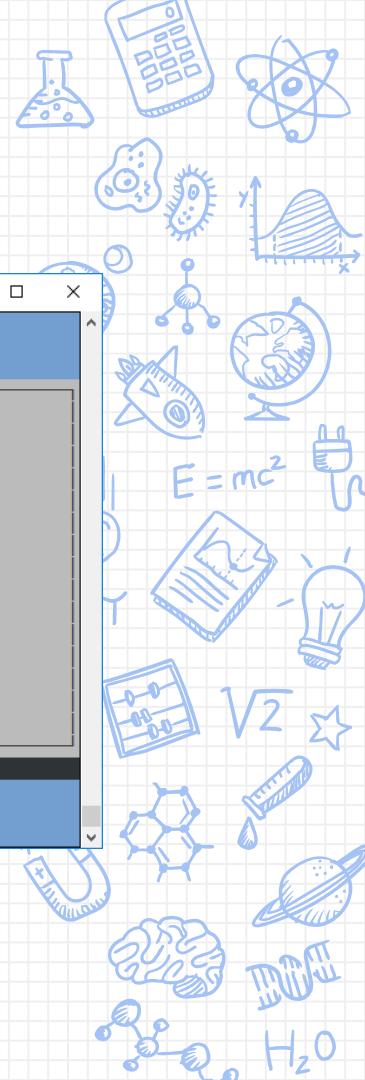
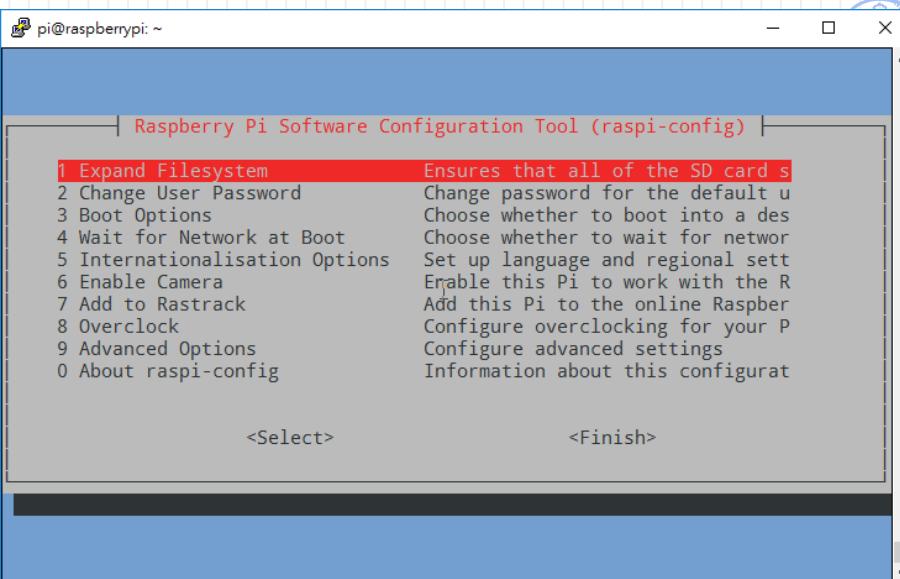
熟悉Raspberry Pi

進階設定



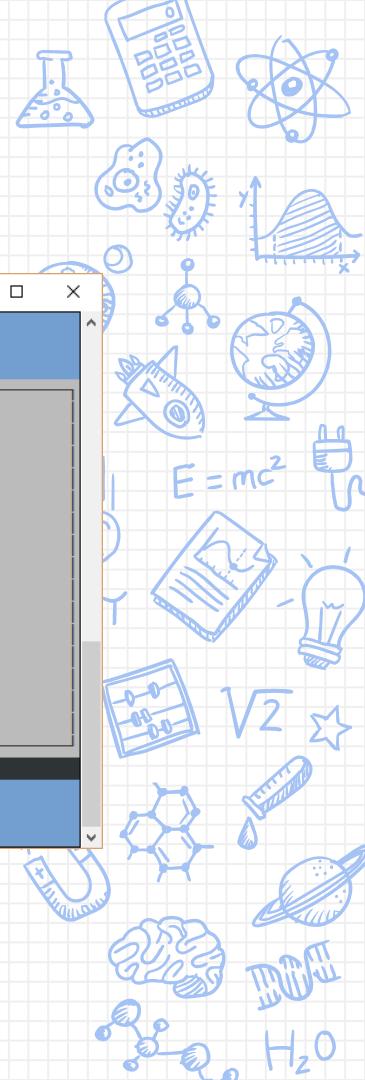
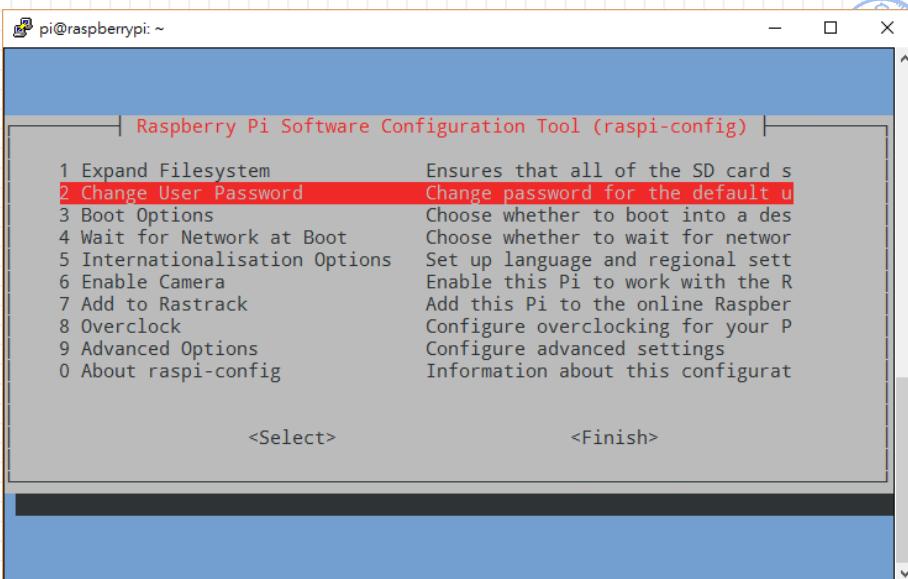
學習使用 Raspbian – 系統設定

- 系統設定
raspi-config
- 跟系統相關的
指令前面要加
sudo 以管理員
身分執行



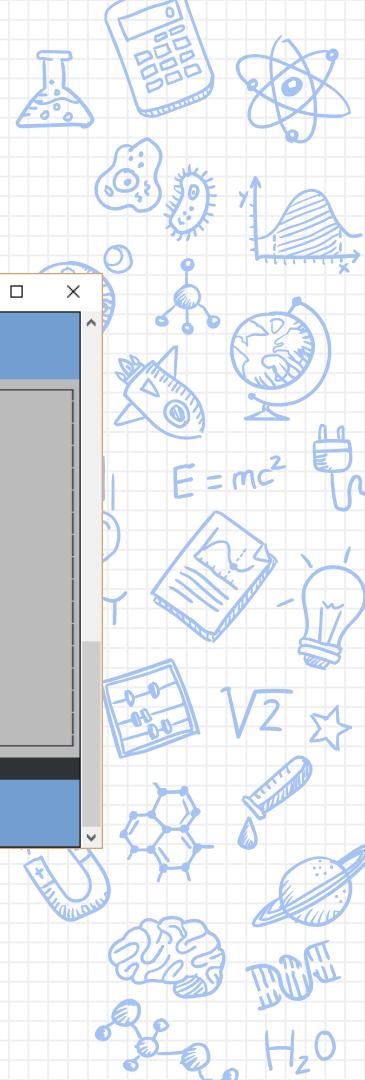
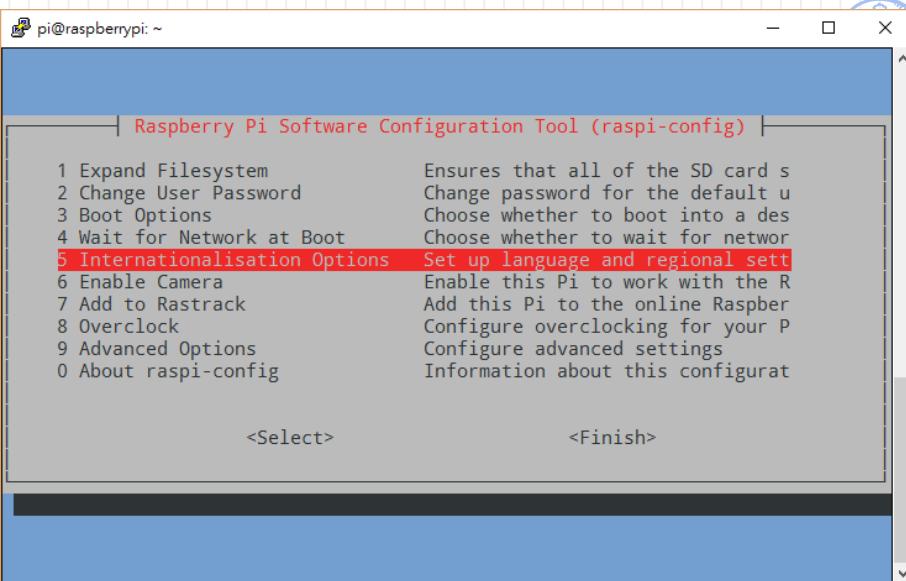
學習使用 Raspbian – 更改密碼

- 更改密碼避免造成安全疑慮



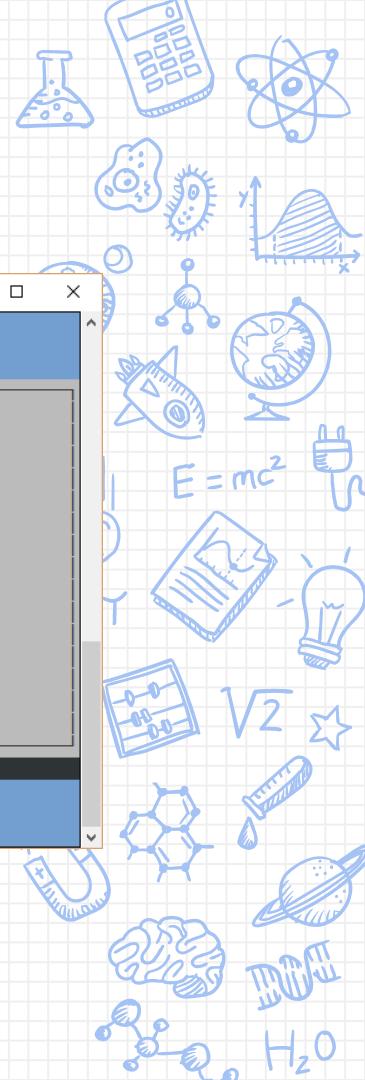
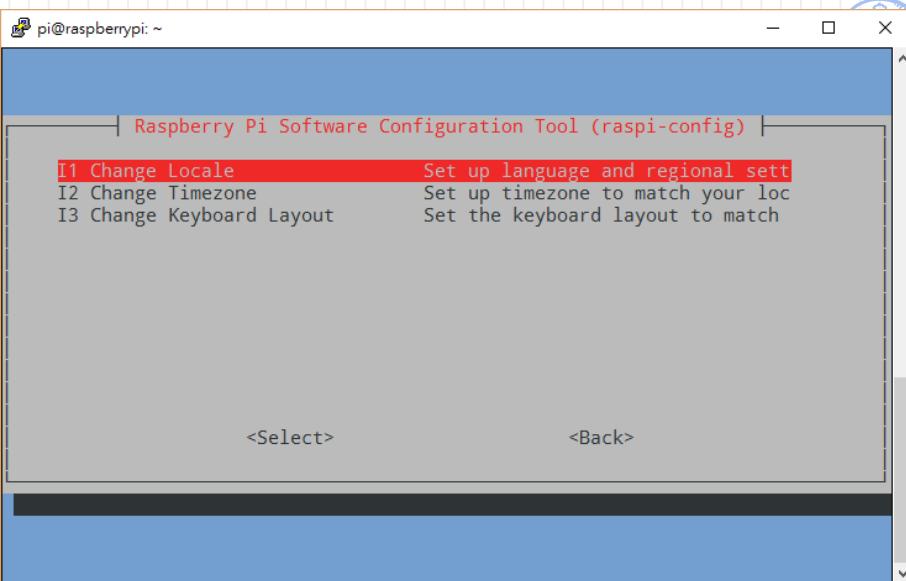
學習使用 Raspbian – 本地化設定

- 本地化設定



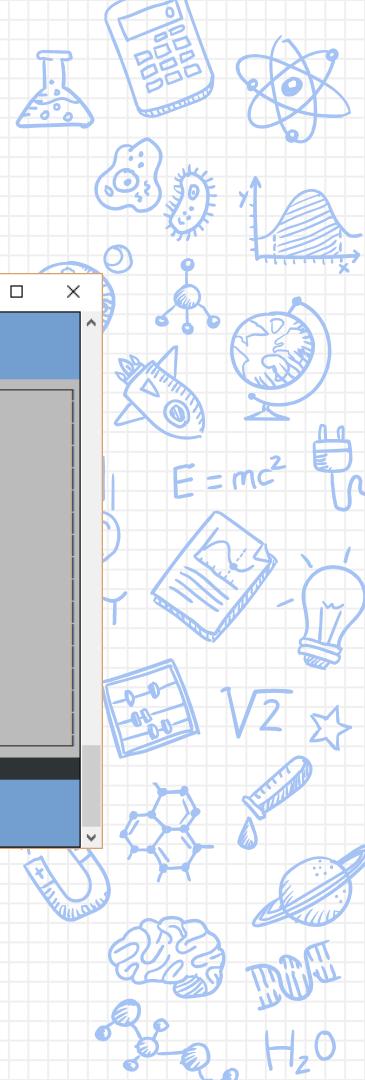
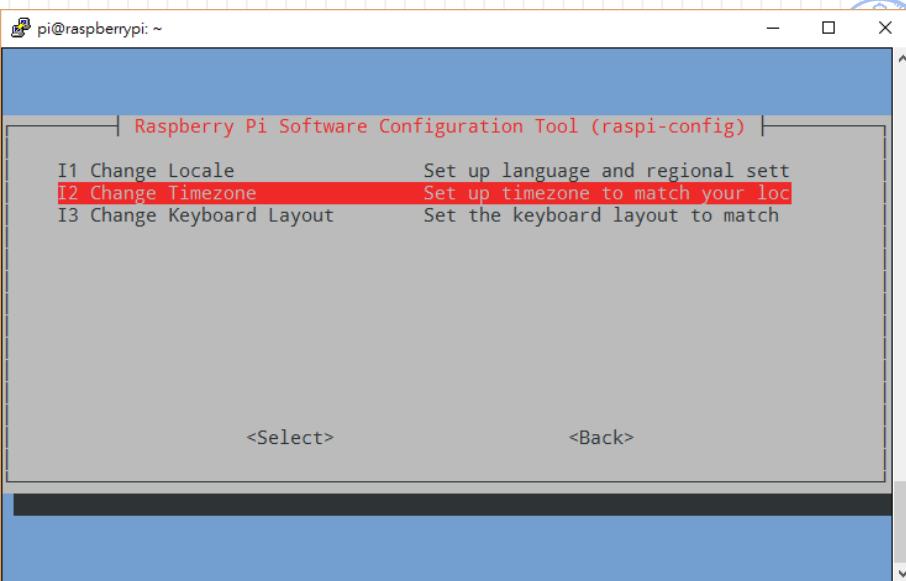
學習使用 Raspbian – 設定語系

- Change Locale
設定語系為
zh_TW.UTF-8



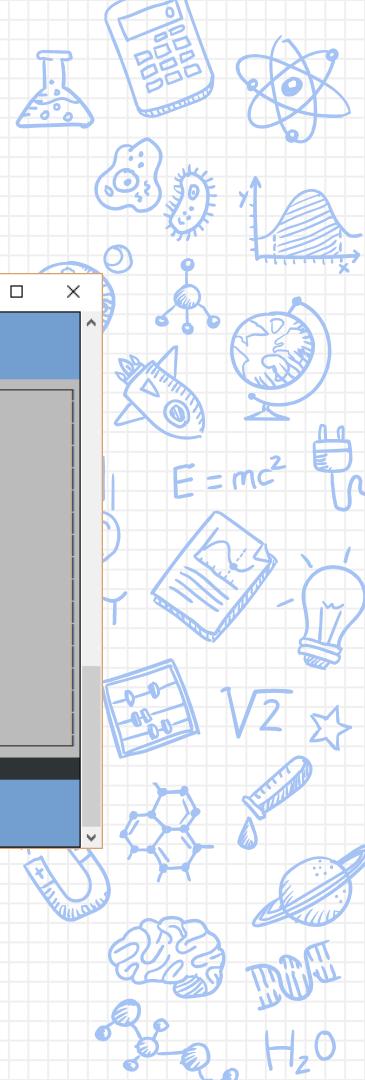
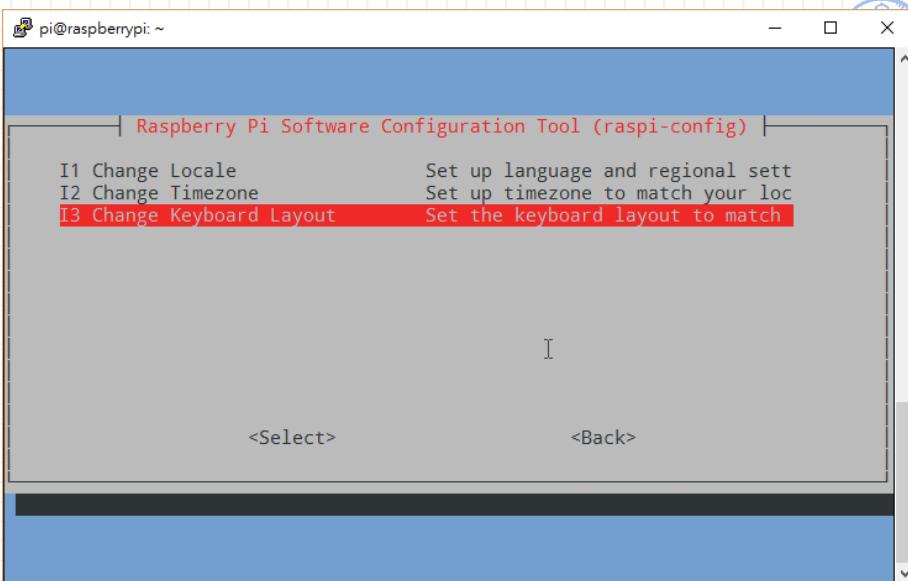
學習使用 Raspbian – 設定時區

- 設定期區為
Asia/Taipei



學習使用 Raspbian – 設定鍵盤配置

- 將鍵盤配置設為美式鍵盤



學習使用 Raspbian – 軟體套件

- 文字模式維護軟體套件

- 搜尋套件

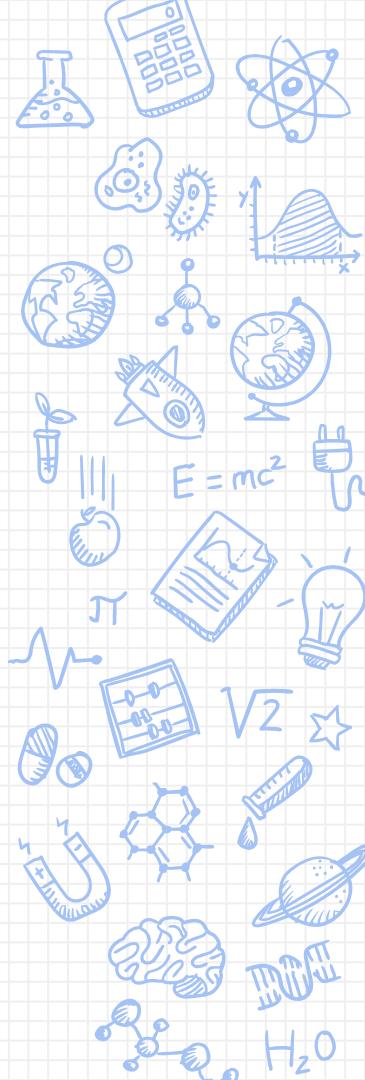
apt-cache search <套件關鍵字>

apt-cache search apache

- 安裝軟體套件

apt-get install <套件名稱>

apt-get install apache2



學習使用 Raspbian – 軟體套件



- 移除軟體套件
apt-get remove <套件名稱>
apt-get remove apache2
apt-get remove --purge apache2
 - 清除套件暫存檔 (記憶卡容量珍貴)
apt-get clean
 - 移除沒再用到的相依套件
apt-get autoremove

學習使用 Raspbian — 一般使用

| 指令 | 說明 | 指令 | 說明 |
|---------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| man | 有什麼問題，找男人就對了！ | touch <檔案名> | 建立新的檔案 |
| ls | 顯示資料夾底下檔案 | mv <檔案> <新名稱/位置> | 重新命名/移動檔案 |
| ls -l | 顯示檔案詳細資訊 | cp <來源> <目的> | 複製檔案 |
| ls -a | 顯示隱藏檔 | rm | 刪除檔案 |
| cd <目錄> | 進入目錄 | find | 搜尋檔案 |
| cd ~ | 家目錄 (登入時預設目錄) | grep | 列出內容包含關鍵字的檔案 |
| cd .. | 上一層目錄 | cat | 顯示檔案內容 |
| cd - | 上一頁目錄 | head | 顯示檔案頭幾行 |
| pwd | 當前目錄完整路徑 | tail | 顯示檔案末幾行 |
| mkdir | 新增目錄 | nano | 文字編輯器 |
| rmdir | 刪除目錄 (必須是空目錄) | vim | 文字編輯器 |



學習使用 Raspbian — 一般使用

| 指令 | 說明 | 指令 | 說明 |
|----------|----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| passwd | 修改密碼 | gpicview | 看圖軟體 |
| wget | 下載器 | pcmanfm | 檔案檢視器 |
| unzip | 解壓縮 .zip 檔 | xpdf | PDF 閱讀器 |
| tar -xzf | 解壓縮 .tar.gz 檔 | epiphany | 網頁瀏覽器 |
| tar -xjf | 解壓縮 .tar.bz2 檔 | lxterminal | GUI 終端機 |
| zip | 壓縮成 .zip 檔 | sonic-pi | 寫程式創作音樂 |
| tar -czf | 壓縮成 .tar.gz 檔 | wolfram | 免費的 Wolfram Language |
| tar -cjf | 壓縮成 .tar.bz2 檔 | mathematica | 免費的 Mathematica |
| date | 日期時間 | shutdown | 關機/停機/重新開機 |
| cal | 日曆 | reboot | 重新開機 |
| bc | 計算機 | poweroff | 關機 |



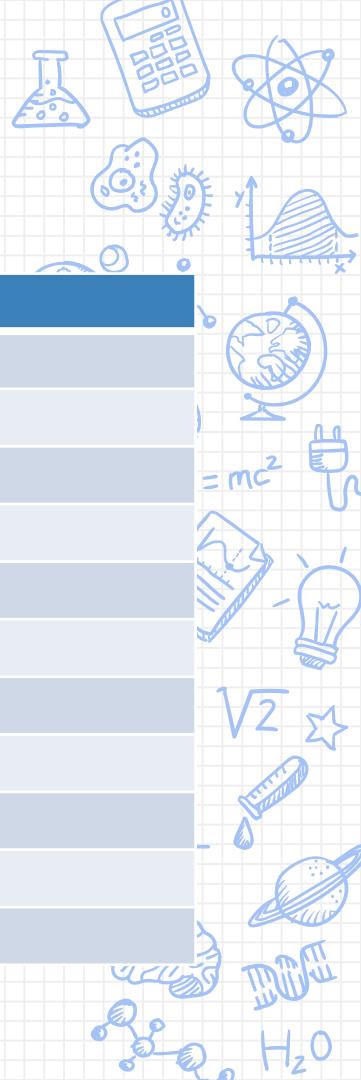
學習使用 Raspbian – 進階使用

| 指令 | 說明 | 指令 | 說明 |
|---------|------------|----------|-----------------|
| chown | 更改檔案擁有者 | gcc | C 語言編譯器 |
| chmod | 更改檔案權限 | g++ | C++ 編譯器 |
| dmesg | 系統核心訊息 | python | Python 直譯器 |
| top | 工作管理員 | make | make Makefile |
| ps aux | 處理程序 | netstat | 網路連線 |
| kill | 結束工作 | iwlist | WiFi 資訊 |
| free -m | 記憶體容量 | ifconfig | 網路介面卡資訊 |
| df -h | 磁碟容量 | who | 誰登入Raspberry Pi |
| du -h | 檔案大小 | Last | 最後登入資訊 |
| crontab | 工作排程 | mount | 掛載磁碟 |
| wr ite | 送訊息給登入的使用者 | umount | 卸載磁碟 |



學習使用 Raspbian – RPi 專用

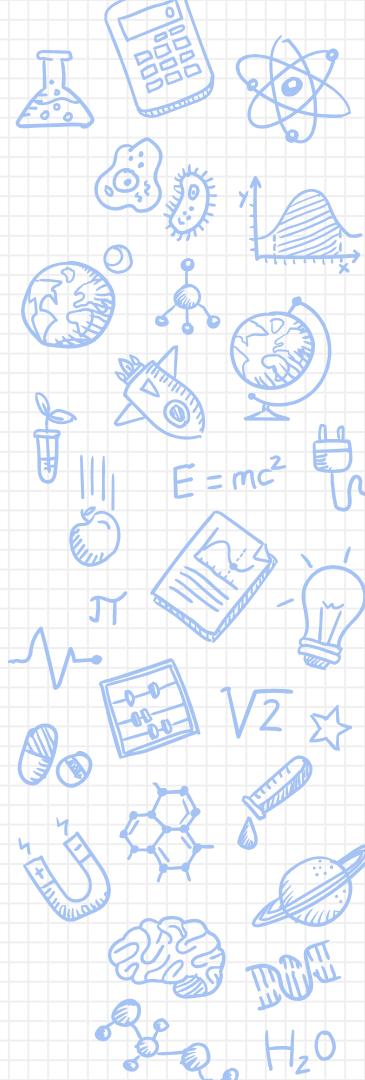
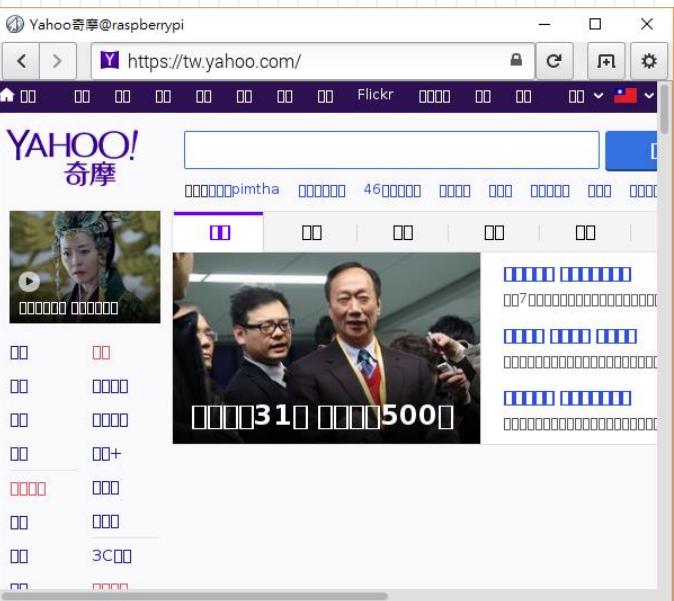
| 指令 | 說明 | 指令 | 說明 |
|------------------------|----------------|----|----|
| raspb-config | 系統設定 | | |
| rpi-update | 韌體更新 | | |
| raspistill | 影像模組拍照指令 | | |
| raspivid | 影像模組錄影指令 | | |
| raspiyuv | 影像模組指令 | | |
| raspi-gpio | GPIO設定 | | |
| vcgencmd version | 韌體版本 | | |
| vcgencmd measure_temp | 樹梅派 BCM2835 溫度 | | |
| vcgencmd measure_volts | 樹梅派電壓 | | |
| vcgencmd get_camera | 偵測鏡頭模組 | | |
| vcgencmd get_mem gpu | GPU 記憶體 | | |



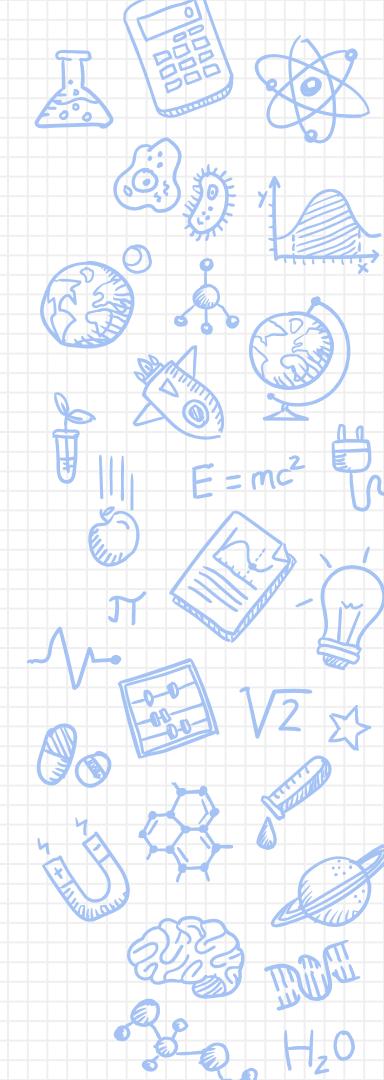
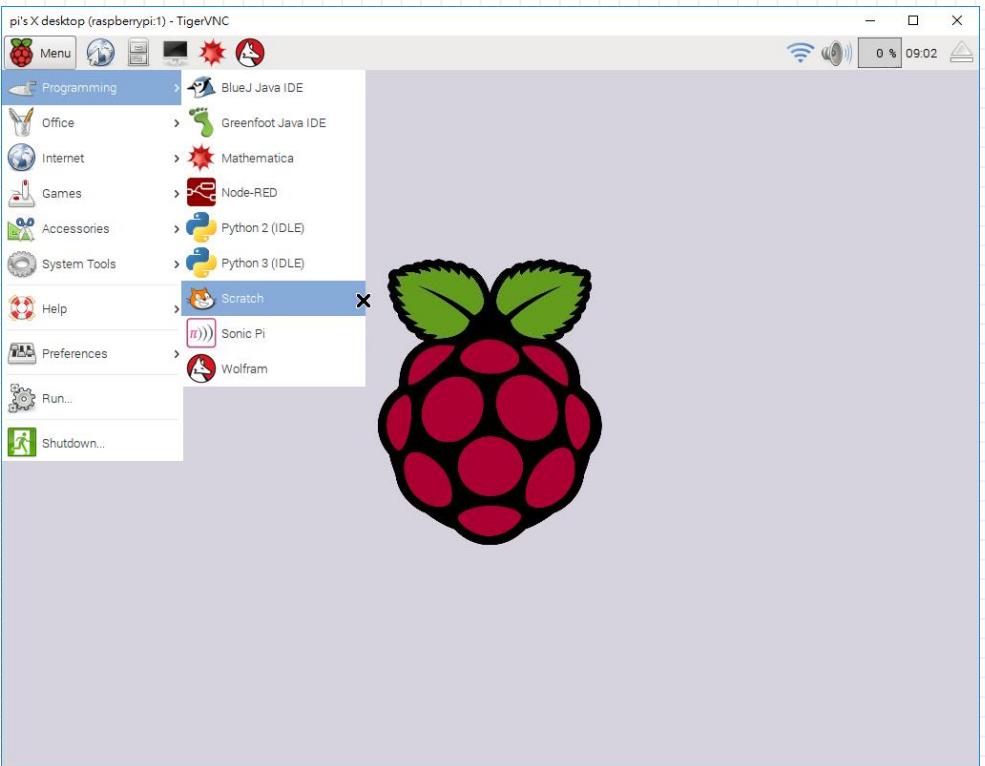
中文變框框怎麼辦？

- 安裝中文字型

```
sudo apt-get install  
ttf-wqy-microhei  
ttf-wqy-zenhei  
xfonts-wqy
```

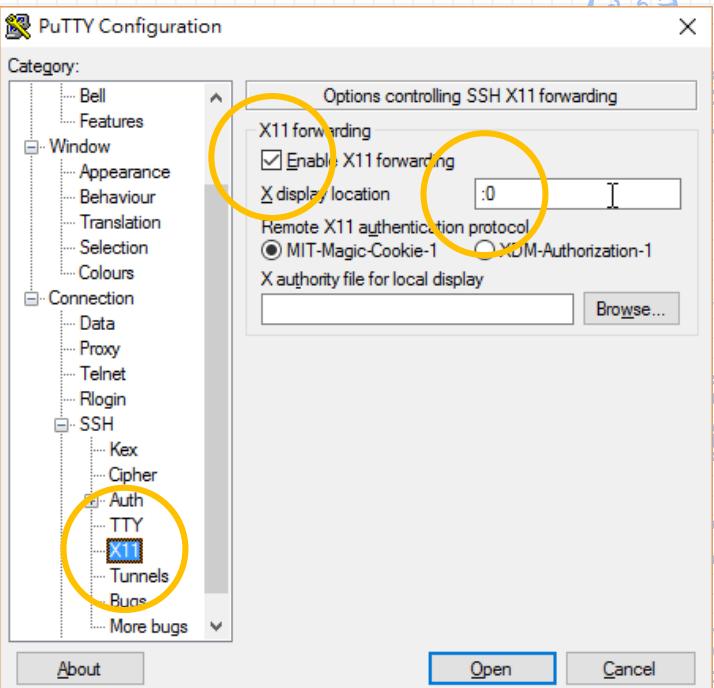


Raspberry Pi 圖形模式



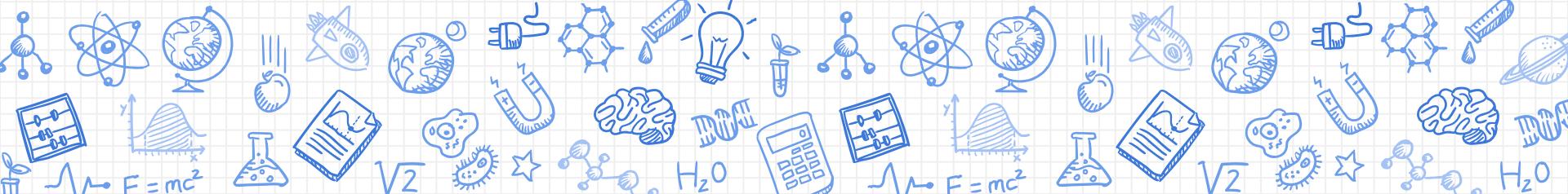
Demo 2

- Demo 2:
- 在 Windows 電腦安裝 Xming 或 VcXsrv
- 將 PuTTY 新增如右設定
重新連線
- 指令輸入 epiphany
會出現瀏覽器
- 用前一頁方法修正中文
框框的問題



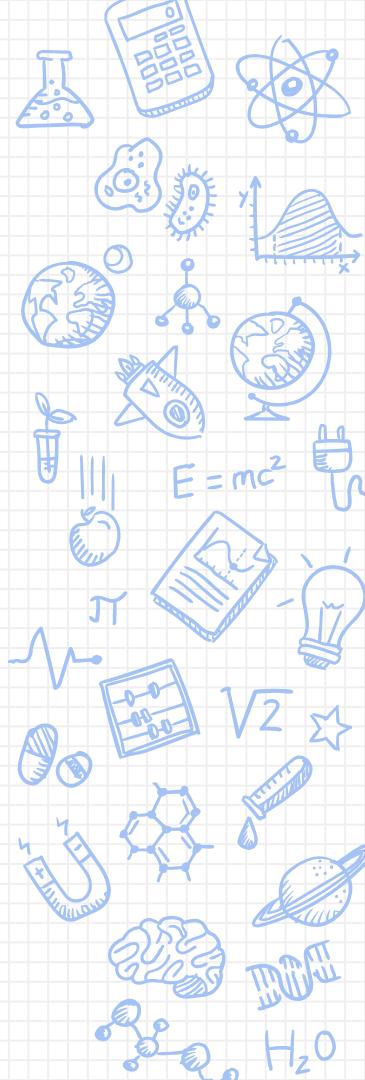
Raspberry Pi GPIO 介紹

打破數位世界與真實世界藩籬

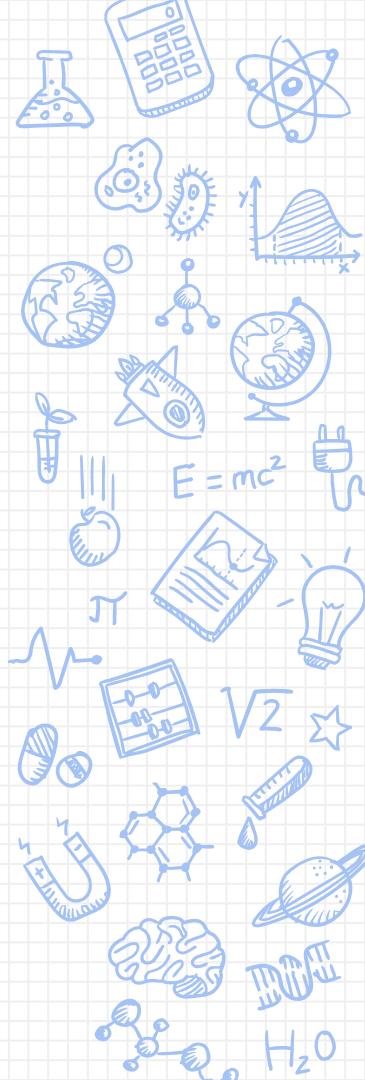
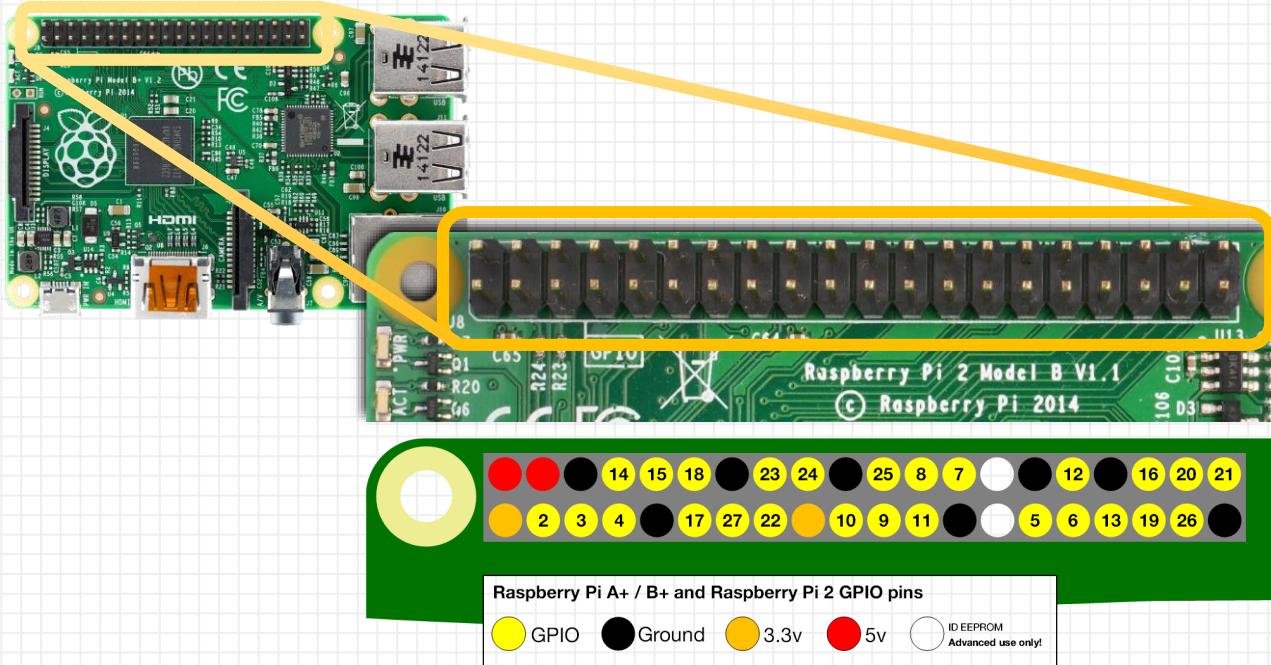


什麼是 GPIO?

- General Purpose Input/Output
- 通用輸入輸出腳位
- 沒有預先決定晶片腳位是輸入還是輸出，
留給使用者決定
- 不同應用間切換，也不容易有腳位不足問題
- 打破數位世界與真實世界的藩籬！
感測器（紅外線、溫溼度、加速度計）、致
動器（馬達、喇叭、LED）

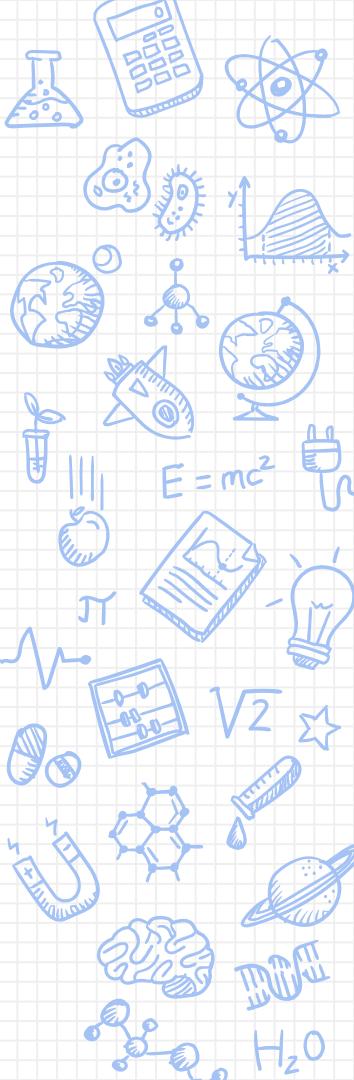


Raspberry Pi 的 GPIO 在哪裡？



如何控制 Raspberry Pi 的 GPIO?

- C
- C + WiringPi
- Python
- Scratch
- Java Pi4J Library
- Shell script



Python 控制 GPIO

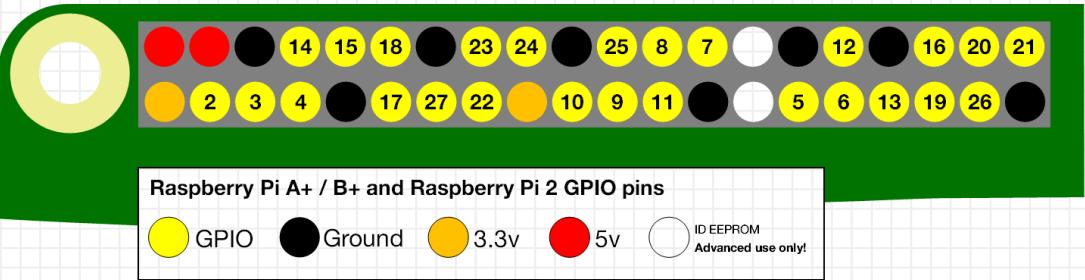
- 匯入 RPi.GPIO 函式庫
- 選擇 GPIO 編號方式
- 設定 pin 腳是輸出
- 輸出 pin 腳高電壓或低電壓
- 使用完清除 GPIO

start.py - Python

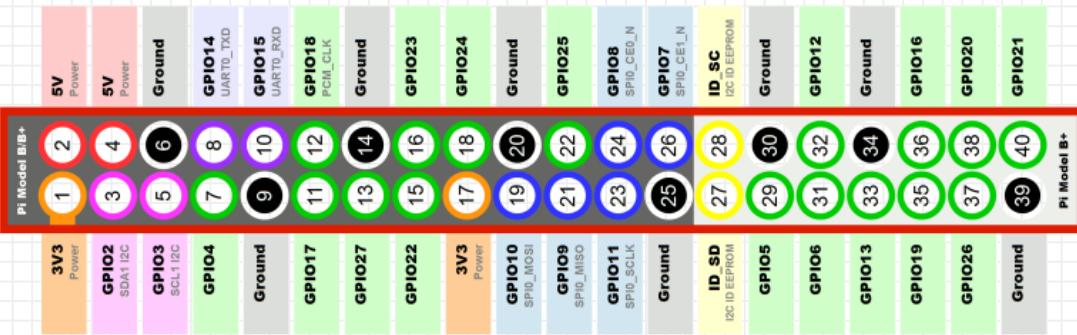
```
0 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO  
1  
2 GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)  
3  
4 pin = 12  
5 GPIO.setup(pin, GPIO.OUT)  
6  
7 # do something here  
8 GPIO.output(pin, True)  
9  
10 GPIO.cleanup()
```

GPIO 的編號方式

- GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)

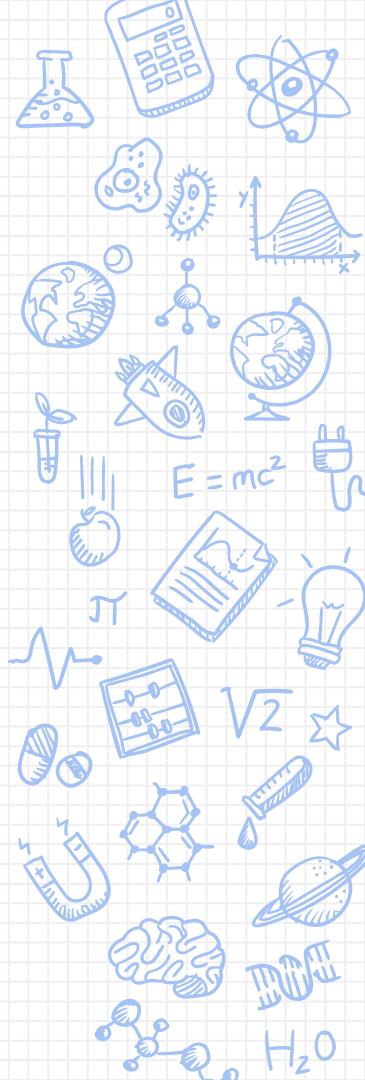


- GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)

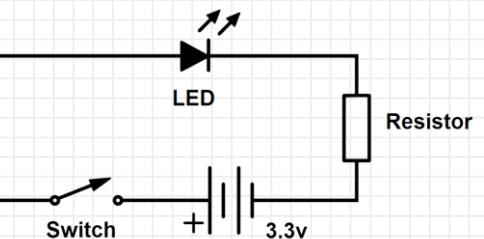
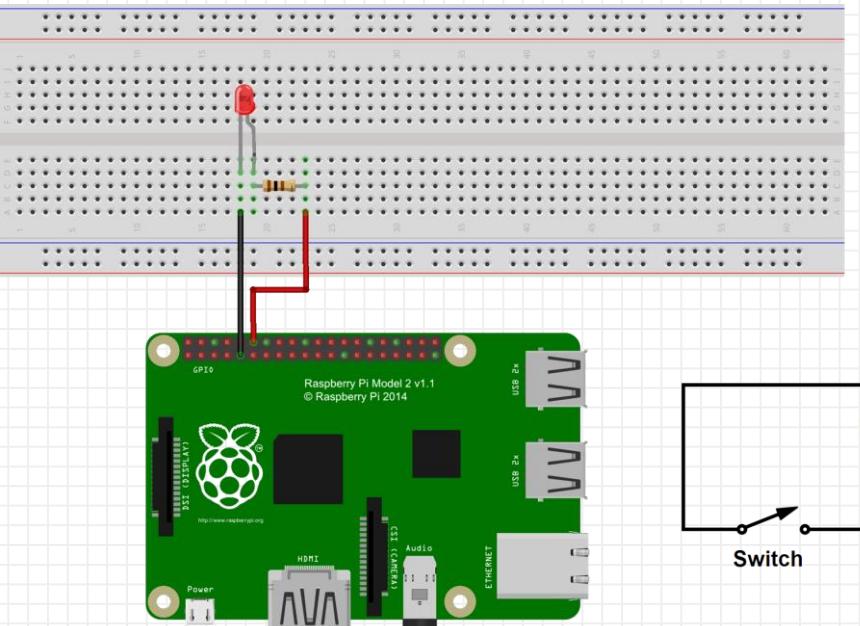


Raspberry Pi GPIO 注意事項

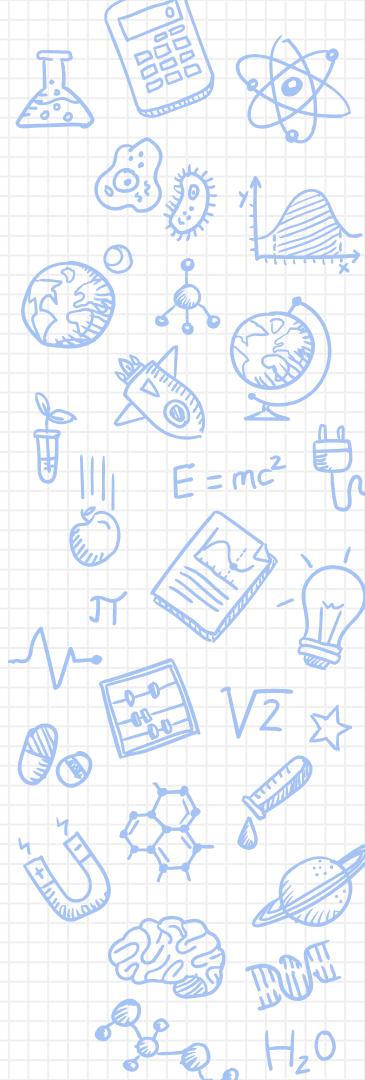
- 裸機 Raspberry Pi 附近不要有金屬，以免移動板子觸碰到而短路
- 切勿將高電位針腳與低電位針腳(包括 Ground)直接相接，以避免短路
- 請將 Raspberry Pi 關機並拔除電源後再進行接線的動作，往後練習例同
- 良好的 coding 習慣，Python 中使用完 GPIO 記得 `GPIO.cleanup()`



LED 燈閃爍電路



fritzing



Demo 3: LED 燈閃爍程式

led.py - Python

```
0 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO  
1 import time  
2  
3 #使用板子的腳位編號方式  
4 GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)  
5  
6 #將LED腳位12設為輸出  
7 ledPin = 12  
8 GPIO.setup(ledPin, GPIO.OUT)  
9  
10 while True:  
11     GPIO.output(ledPin, True)  
12     time.sleep(0.5)  
13     GPIO.output(ledPin, False)  
14     time.sleep(0.5)
```

引入 GPIO 函式庫

選擇腳位編號方式

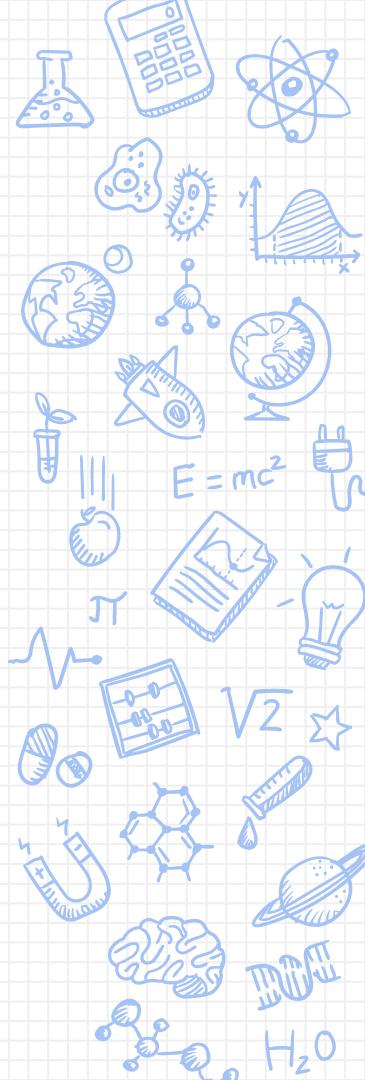
將腳位設成輸出

輸出高電壓

停 0.5 秒

輸出低電壓

停 0.5 秒



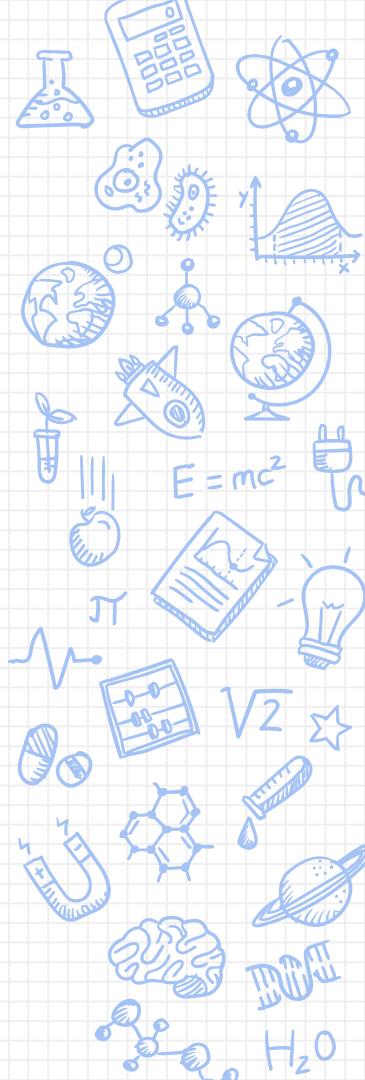
LED 燈閃爍程式

led.py - Python

```
0 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO  
1 import time  
2  
3 #使用板子的腳位編號方式  
4 GPIO.setmode(GPIO.board)  
5  
6 #將LED腳位12設為輸出  
7 ledPin = 12  
8 GPIO.setup(ledPin, GPIO.OUT)  
9  
10 while True:  
11     GPIO.output(ledPin, True)  
12     time.sleep(0.5)  
13     GPIO.output(ledPin, False)  
14     time.sleep(0.5)
```

setup
loop

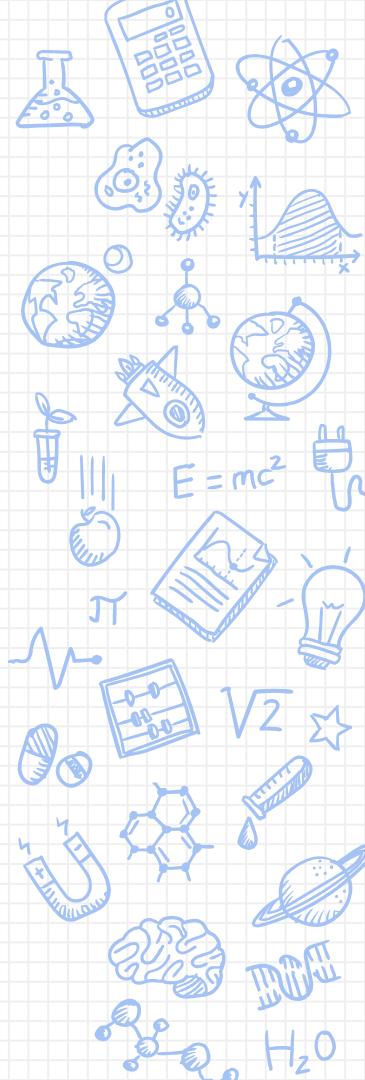
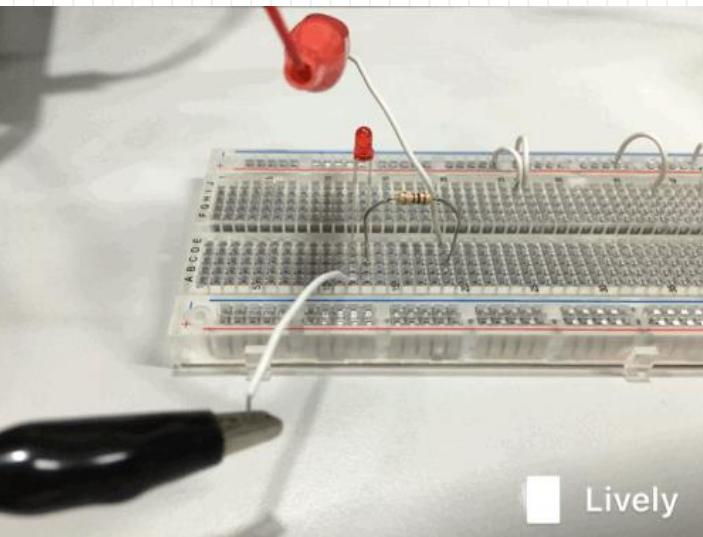
跟 Arduino 幾乎一樣！
簡單吧！



執行 LED 燈閃爍程式

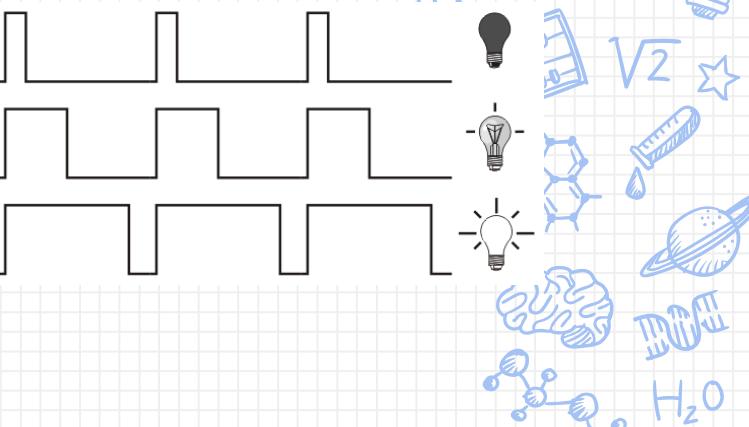
- 在文字模式下輸入
\$ python led.py

- ## • 執行結果→



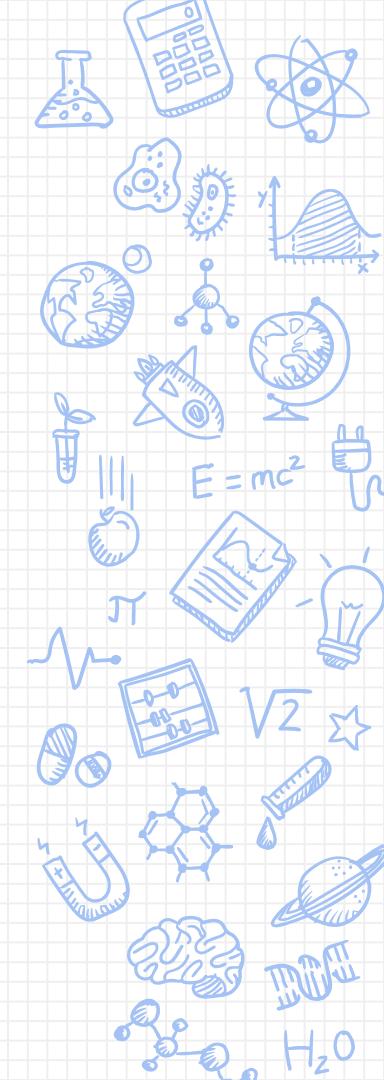
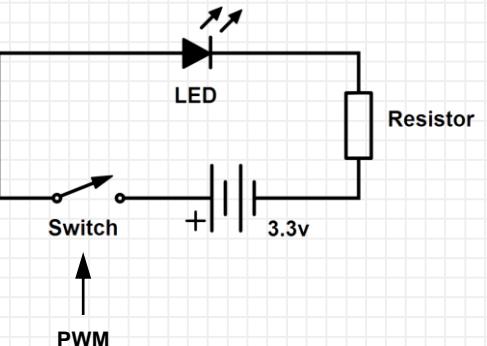
GPIO.PWM

- PWM是某頻率下的方波，藉由導通的時間長短，控制LED燈的亮度
 - 導通時間稱作 duty cycle，常用一個週期的百分比來表示
 - GPIO.PWM(pin, freq)
GPIO.start(duty)
GPIO.ChangeDutyCycle(duty)
GPIO.stop()



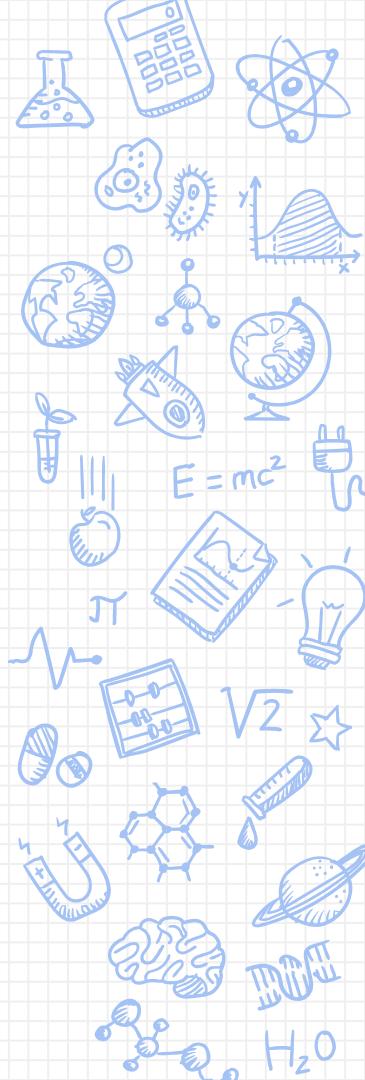
Demo 4

- LED 呼吸燈
LED 漸漸變暗、漸漸變亮循環不息
看起來就像呼吸一樣
用 GPIO. PWM 實現
- 亮到暗再到亮 2 秒
- PWM 頻率自選
為什麼做這個選擇？



課後或回家練習

- 安裝 VNC 使用圖形介面
- 架設 LAMP 網頁伺服器
Linux, Apache, MySQL, and PHP
- 預習 Python 程式語言



回家後的連線

- 直接連接乙太網路線
- 用 WiFi 連線
 - 取消固定IP
將 /etc/network/interfaces 的 IP 三行
最前端加上#字號註解掉
 - 編輯 SSID 及 WiFi 密碼
`/etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf`
 - 請務必備份設定以免下次上課不能使用

