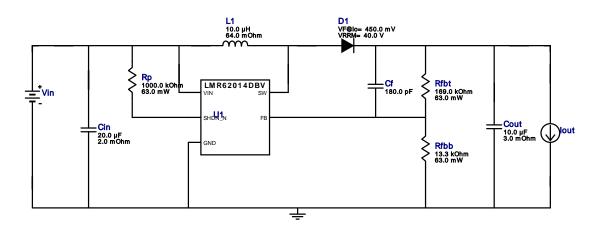
VinMin = 11.0V VinMax = 13.0V Vout = 16.5V Iout = 0.0A Device = LMR62014XMF/NOPB Topology = Boost Created = 2024-02-20 21:13:52.072 BOM Cost = NA BOM Count = 9 Total Pd = 0.07W

# WEBENCH® Design Report

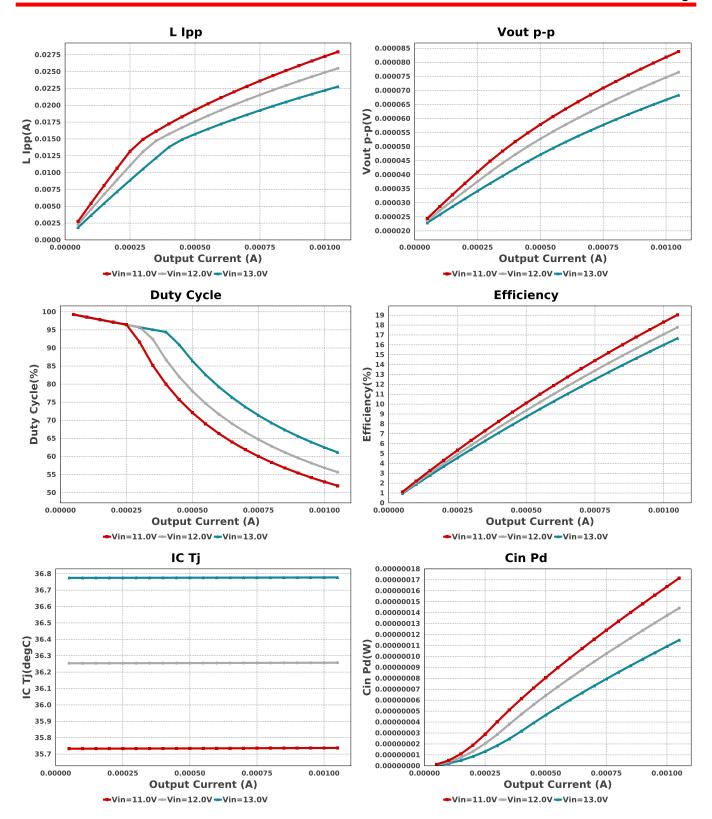
Design: 150 LMR62014XMF/NOPB LMR62014XMF/NOPB 11V-13V to 16.50V @ 0.001A

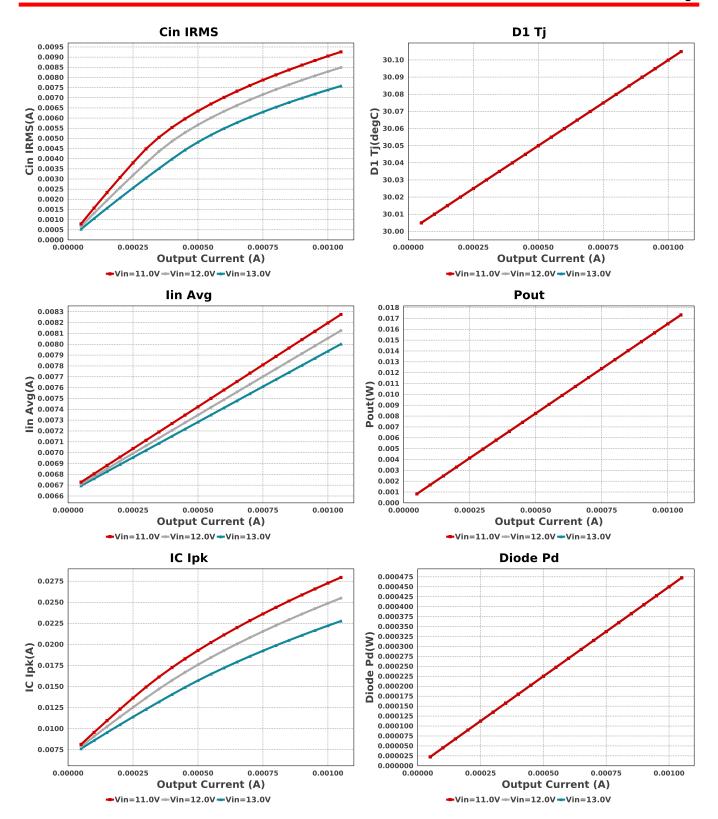


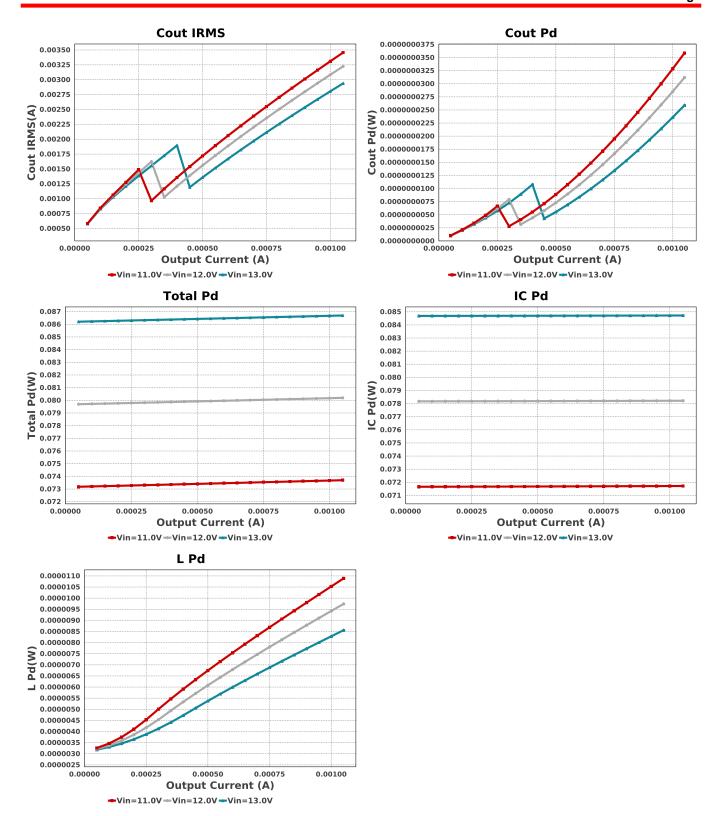
### **Electrical BOM**

Name	Manufacturer	Part Number	Properties	Qty	Price	Footprint
Cf	Kemet	C0805C181K5GACTU Series= C0G/NP0	Cap= 180.0 pF VDC= 50.0 V IRMS= 0.0 A	1	\$0.01	0805 7 mm <sup>2</sup>
Cin	CUSTOM	CUSTOM Series= X5R	Cap= 20.0 uF ESR= 2.0 mOhm VDC= 25.0 V IRMS= 2.8 A	1	NA	0805 0 mm <sup>2</sup>
Cout	CUSTOM	CUSTOM Series= X5R	Cap= 10.0 uF ESR= 3.0 mOhm VDC= 25.0 V IRMS= 2.8 A	1	NA	0805 0 mm <sup>2</sup>
D1	Diodes Inc.	1N5819HW-7-F	VF@Io= 450.0 mV VRRM= 40.0 V	1	\$0.08	SOD-123 13 mm <sup>2</sup>
L1	CUSTOM	CUSTOM	L= 10.0 μH 64.0 mOhm	1	NA	NLCV25 0 mm <sup>2</sup>
Rfbb	Vishay-Dale	CRCW040213K3FKED Series= CRCWe3	Res= 13.3 kOhm Power= 63.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	0402 3 mm <sup>2</sup>
Rfbt	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0402169KFKED Series= CRCWe3	Res= 169.0 kOhm Power= 63.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	0402 3 mm <sup>2</sup>
Rp	Vishay-Dale	CRCW04021M00FKED Series= CRCWe3	Res= 1000.0 kOhm Power= 63.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	0402 3 mm <sup>2</sup>
U1	Texas Instruments	LMR62014XMF/NOPB	Switcher	1	\$0.37	8

DBV0005A 15 mm<sup>2</sup>







# Operating Values

#	Name	Value	Category	Description	
1.	BOM Count	9		Total Design BOM count	
2.	Total BOM	NA		Total BOM Cost	
3.	Cin IRMS	9.049 mA	Capacitor	Input capacitor RMS ripple current	
4.	Cin Pd	163.77 nW	Capacitor	Input capacitor power dissipation	
5.	Cout IRMS	3.31 mA	Capacitor	Output capacitor RMS ripple current	
6.	Cout Pd	32.872 nW	Capacitor	Output capacitor power dissipation	
7.	D1 Tj	30.1 degC	Diode	D1 junction temperature	
8.	Diode Pd	450.0 μW	Diode	Diode power dissipation	
9.	IC lpk	27.272 mA	IC	Peak switch current in IC	
10.	IC Pd	71.715 mW	IC	IC power dissipation	
11.	IC Tj	35.737 degC	IC	IC junction temperature	

#	Name	Value	Category	Description
12.	lin Avg	8.197 mA	IC	Average input current
13.	L lpp	27.272 mA	Inductor	Peak-to-peak inductor ripple current
14.	L Pd	10.526 µW	Inductor	Inductor power dissipation
15.	Cin Pd	163.77 nW	Power	Input capacitor power dissipation
16.	Cout Pd	32.872 nW	Power	Output capacitor power dissipation
17.	Diode Pd	450.0 µW	Power	Diode power dissipation
18.	IC Pd	71.715 mW	Power	IC power dissipation
19.	L Pd	10.526 µW	Power	Inductor power dissipation
20.	Total Pd	73.669 mW	Power	Total Power Dissipation
21.	Duty Cycle	52.976 %	System	Duty cycle
	2 4.1, 0 , 0.10	02.010 /0	Information	24., 6,0.0
22.	Efficiency	18.299 %	System	Steady state efficiency
	,		Information	,,,
23.	FootPrint	67.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	System	Total Foot Print Area of BOM components
		07.0 111111	Information	
24.	Frequency	1.6 MHz	System	Switching frequency
	- 1 7		Information	3 - 1 - 3
25.	lout	1.0 mA	System	lout operating point
			Information	
26.	Mode	DCM	System	Conduction Mode
			Information	
27.	Pout	16.5 mW	System	Total output power
			Information	
28.	Vin	11.0 V	System	Vin operating point
			Information	
29.	Vout Actual	16.859 V	System	Vout Actual calculated based on selected voltage divider resistors
			Information	<b>G</b>
30.	Vout Tolerance	3.943 %	System	Vout Tolerance based on IC Tolerance (no load) and voltage divider
			Information	resistors if applicable
31.	Vout p-p	81.815 μV	System	Peak-to-peak output ripple voltage
		·	Information	

### **Design Inputs**

0 1			
Name	Value	Description	
lout	1.0 m	Maximum Output Current	
VinMax	13.0	Maximum input voltage	
VinMin	11.0	Minimum input voltage	
VinTyp	12.0	Typical input voltage	
Vout	16.5	Output Voltage	
base_pn	LMR62014X	Base Product Number	
source	DC	Input Source Type	
Та	30.0	Ambient temperature	

## WEBENCH® Assembly

#### Component Testing

Some published data on components in datasheets such as Capacitor ESR and Inductor DC resistance is based on conservative values that will guarantee that the components always exceed the specification. For design purposes it is usually better to work with typical values. Since this data is not always available it is a good practice to measure the Capacitance and ESR values of Cin and Cout, and the inductance and DC resistance of L1 before assembly of the board. Any large discrepancies in values should be electrically simulated in WEBENCH to check for instabilities and thermally simulated in WebTHERM to make sure critical temperatures are not exceeded.

#### Soldering Component to Board

If board assembly is done in house it is best to tack down one terminal of a component on the board then solder the other terminal. For surface mount parts with large tabs, such as the DPAK, the tab on the back of the package should be pre-tinned with solder, then tacked into place by one of the pins. To solder the tab town to the board place the iron down on the board while resting against the tab, heating both surfaces simultaneously. Apply light pressure to the top of the plastic case until the solder flows around the part and the part is flush with the PCB. If the solder is not flowing around the board you may need a higher wattage iron (generally 25W to 30W is enough).

#### Initial Startup of Circuit

It is best to initially power up the board by setting the input supply voltage to the lowest operating input voltage 11.0V and set the input supply's current limit to zero. With the input supply off connect up the input supply to Vin and GND. Connect a digital volt meter and a load if needed to set the minimum lout of the design from Vout and GND. Turn on the input supply and slowly turn up the current limit on the input supply. If the voltage starts to rise on the input supply continue increasing the input supply current limit while watching the output voltage. If the current increases on the input supply, but the voltage remains near zero, then there may be a short or a component misplaced on the board. Power down the board and visually inspect for solder bridges and recheck the diode and capacitor polarities. Once the power supply circuit is operational then more extensive testing may include full load testing, transient load and line tests to compare with simulation results.

#### Load Testing

The setup is the same as the initial startup, except that an additional digital voltmeter is connected between Vin and GND, a load is connected between Vout and GND and a current meter is connected in series between Vout and the load. The load must be able to handle at least rated output power + 50% (7.5 watts for this design). Ideally the load is supplied in the form of a variable load test unit. It can also be done in the form of suitably large power resistors. When using an oscilloscope to measure waveforms on the prototype board, the ground leads of the oscilloscope probes should be as short as possible and the area of the loop formed by the ground lead should be kept to a minimum. This will help reduce ground lead inductance and eliminate EMI noise that is not actually present in the circuit.

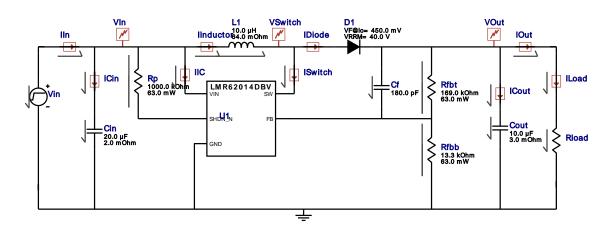


# **WEBENCH®** Electrical Simulation Report

Design Id = 150

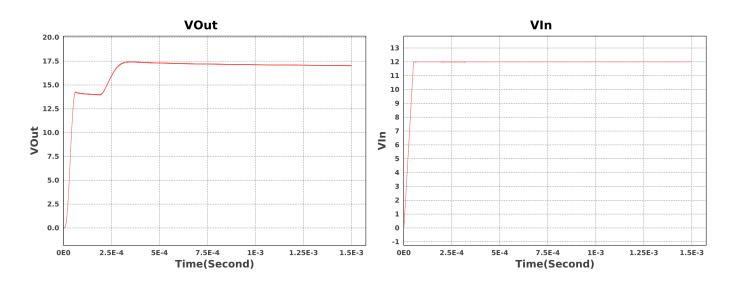
sim\_id = 1

Simulation Type = Startup



#### Simulation Parameters

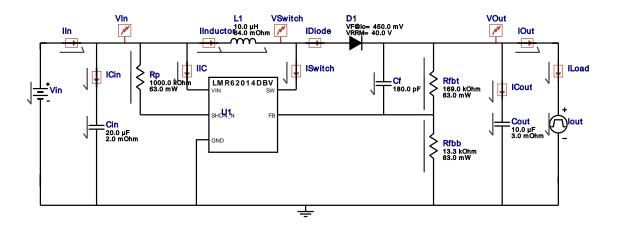
#	Name	Parameter Name	Description	Values
1.	Rload	R	Load Resistance	16500.0



Design Id = 150

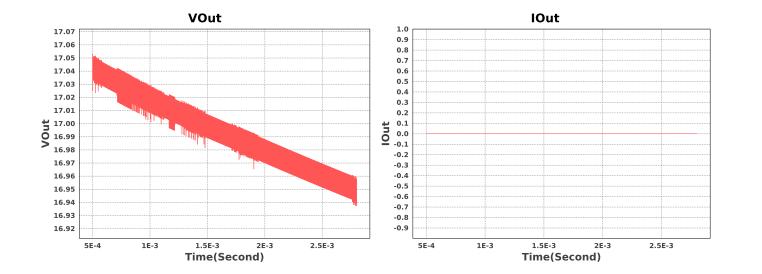
 $sim_id = 2$ 

Simulation Type = Load Transient



#### Simulation Parameters

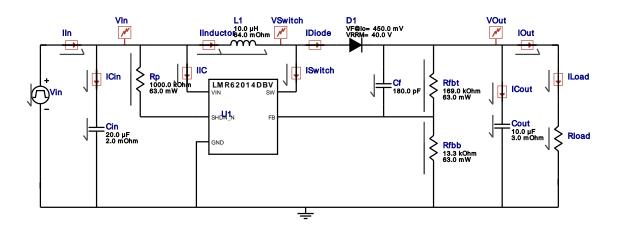
#	Name	Parameter Name	Description	Values
1.	lout	signal_type	Signal Type	PULSE
		I1	Initial Load Current	0.001 A
		12	Minimum Load Current	0.001 A
		Td	Initial Time Delay	800u s
		Tr	Rise Time	100u s
		Tf	Fall Time	100u s
		Pw	Pulse Width	1.2m s



Design Id = 150

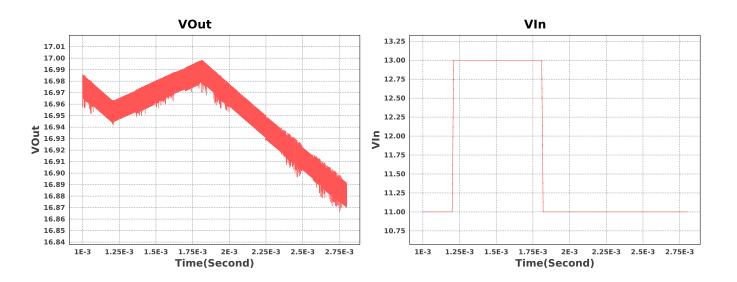
 $sim_id = 3$ 

Simulation Type = Input Transient



#### Simulation Parameters

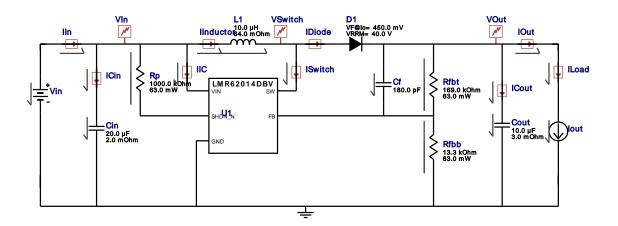
# N	Name	Parameter Name	Description	Values
— – 1. R	Rload	R	Load Resistance	16500.0



Design Id = 150

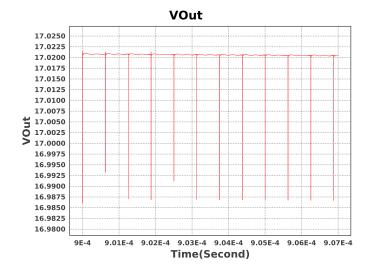
 $sim_id = 4$ 

Simulation Type = Steady State



#### Simulation Parameters

# Name	Parameter Name	Description	Values
1. lout	1	Load Current	0.001 A



#### **Design Assistance**

- 1. Master key : BED2B438EB35597A[v1]
- 2. LMR62014X Product Folder: http://www.ti.com/product/LMR62014: contains the data sheet and other resources.

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