Lecture 11 – Testing in R

Learning Objectives:

- 3. Learn the basic principles of software design.
 - 3.3. Learn the basic of unit testing.

Announcement: Midterm project handout on Github!

Why create tests?

- Create robust code!
- Make sure code still works after changes (like refactoring)!
- Fewer bugs!

How much code should you test at once?

- Unit testing
- Units are smallest chunks of code that can't be further divided.
- Will mean different things to different people.

What code should you test?

- Focus on external interfaces
- Test each behavior in one test
- Always write a test when you find a bug!

Unit Testing in R with testthat

Testing code in R – There's a package for that!

- Write your functions in R scripts.
- Use a test script in the test directory. Must begin with "test_". Write test here.
- Run tests using:
 - > testthat::test_dir("dirname")

Key features of testthat:

- Expectation: describes expected result.
- **Test**: groups together multiple expectations to test output of single function.
- File: groups together multiple tests, given readable name with context().

Group work: Write Unit Tests

AdvDiff in the 11-TestinginR folder is a simple advection-diffusion model. Points begin at a single source and move according to the flow field (Ux - the x-component of fluid velocity, Uy - the y-component of velocity) within a fixed a domain (x, y). They diffuse based on a pseudo-random number generated by R and the root mean square distance, calculated with the diffusion coefficient D.

To run, open the R Studio project and source simulate_advdiff.R

Create Unit tests with testthat that:

- 1. Ensures that points with no diffusion move together.
- 2. Ensures that points that are in zero velocity flow fields spread out to create an area equal to D*end.time.

More Information

<u>http://bioconductor.org/developers/how-to/unitTesting-guidelines/</u>
<u>#choosingTestFramework</u> – Choosing a Unit Testing Framework in R

https://r-pkgs.org/tests.html - Unit Testing in R Packages