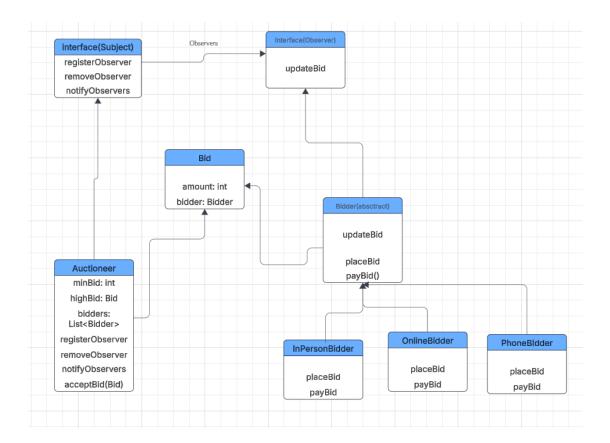


## Problem2:

- 1: MallardDuck → Duck : This is an IS-A relationship because MallardDuck inherits from Duck.
- 2: RedheadDuck  $\rightarrow$  Duck : This is an IS-A relationship because RedheadDuck inherits from Duck.
- 3: RubberDuck → Duck : This is an IS-A relationship because RubberDuck inherits from Duck.
- 4: DecoyDuck → Duck : This is an IS-A relationship because DecoyDuck inherits from Duck.
- 5: Duck → FlyBehavior : This is a HAS-A relationship because Duck has a FlyBehavior instance, allowing it to change flying behavior dynamically.
- 6: Duck  $\rightarrow$  QuackBehavior : This is a HAS-A relationship because Duck has a QuackBehavior instance, allowing it to change quacking behavior dynamically.
- 7: Quack  $\rightarrow$  QuackBehavior : This is an IS-A relationship because Quack implements QuackBehavior.
- 8: Squeak  $\rightarrow$  QuackBehavior : This is an IS-A relationship because Squeak implements QuackBehavior.
- 9: MuteQuack  $\rightarrow$  QuackBehavior : This is an IS-A relationship because MuteQuack implements QuackBehavior.

## Problem 3:



Comment: I designed this auction system following the Observer Pattern. The auctioneer acts as the subject, notifying all bidders (observers) whenever a new bid is placed. Each bidder can place bids and respond to updates accordingly.