AMPATH
Capstone Experience

Team abstract-class
(offline-data-capture service)

Overview

- **Class Objective:** Develop offline capabilities for the AMPATH app.
- **Primary Focus of our Team:** Capturing existing data for offline use.
- **Sprint 1:** Getting Started.
- **Sprint 2:** Deliberating and Conceptualizing.
- **Sprint 3:** Refactoring the Existing Online Tracker.
- **Sprint 4:** Getting Familiarized with PouchDB.
- **Sprint 5:** Improving our Offline Data Capture Implementation.
- **Sprint 6:** Capturing and Displaying Specific Patient Data.
- **Final Thoughts**

Sprint 1

Getting Started

Sprint 1: Topics Covered

- Getting familiar with the overall AMPATH app structure.
- Compilation issues - aka The “ladda” problem.
- CORS: Issues with the Allow-Control-Allow-Origin Google Extension.
- Successfully connecting to the AMPATH server.

Getting Familiar with the AMPATH Application

- AMPATH uses many Angular techniques that most of our team members had previously never seen before.

- Therefore, we spent a large portion of this sprint completing tutorials to become better familiarized with such techniques.

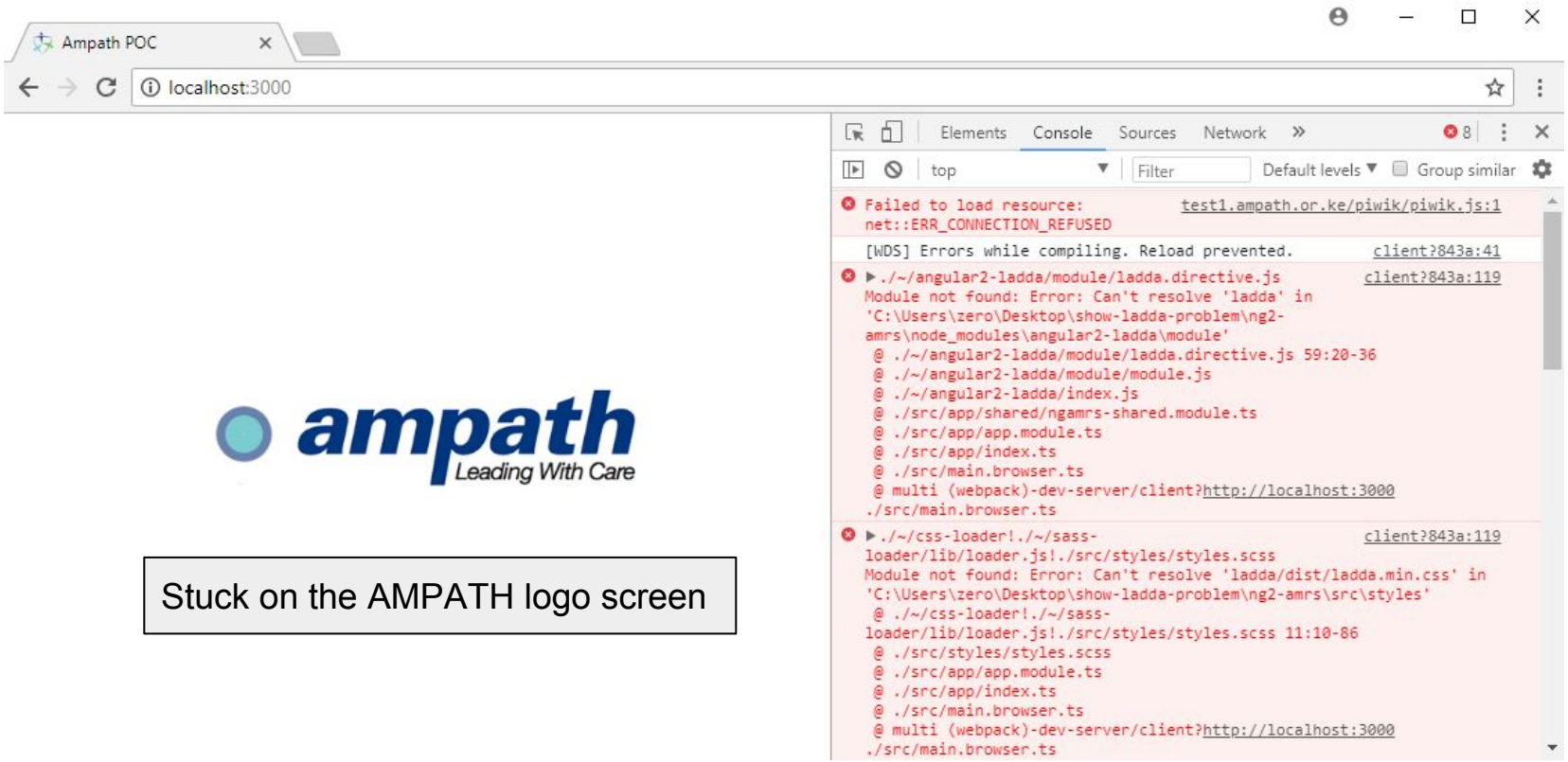
- The following tutorials in particular were incredibly helpful for us in better understanding how the AMPATH app works, especially regarding HTTP, REST and Routing:

- **Tour of Heroes:** https://angular.io/tutorial
- **Todo-app:** https://www.sitepoint.com/angular-2-tutorial/

Compilation Issues: Remember “ladda” guys?

```
ERROR in ./~/angular2-ladda/module/ladda.directive.js
Module not found: Error: Can't resolve 'ladda' in 'C:\Users\zero\Desktop\show-ladda-problem\ng2-amrs\node_modules\angular2-ladda\module'
 @ ./~/angular2-ladda/module/ladda.directive.js 59:20-36
 @ ./~/angular2-ladda/module/module.js
 @ ./~/angular2-ladda/index.js
 @ ./src/app/shared/ngamrs-shared.module.ts
 @ ./src/app/app.module.ts
 @ ./src/app/index.ts
 @ ./src/main.browser.ts
 @ multi (webpack)-dev-server/client?http://localhost:3000 ./src/main.browser.ts

ERROR in ./~/css-loader!./~/sass-loader/lib/loader.js!./src/styles/styles.scss
Module not found: Error: Can't resolve 'ladda/dist/ladda.min.css' in 'C:\Users\zero\Desktop\show-ladda-problem\ng2-amrs\src\styles'
 @ ./~/css-loader!./~/sass-loader/lib/loader.js!./src/styles/styles.scss 11:10-86
 @ ./src/styles/styles.scss
 @ ./src/app/app.module.ts
 @ ./src/app/index.ts
 @ ./src/main.browser.ts
 @ multi (webpack)-dev-server/client?http://localhost:3000 ./src/main.browser.ts
Child html-webpack-plugin for "index.html":
    chunk    {0} index.html 547 kB [entry]
        [1] ./~/html-webpack-plugin/lib/loader.js!./src/index.html 5.93 kB {0} [built]
             factory:15ms building:0ms = 15ms
        [2] (webpack)/buildin/global.js 509 bytes {0} [built]
            [] -> factory:0ms building:1ms = 1ms
        [3] (webpack)/buildin/module.js 517 bytes {0} [built]
            [] -> factory:1ms building:1ms = 2ms
         + 1 hidden modules
webpack: Failed to compile.
```

Runtime Issues with the “ladda” Problem



ampath
Leading With Care

Stuck on the AMPATH logo screen

Resolution

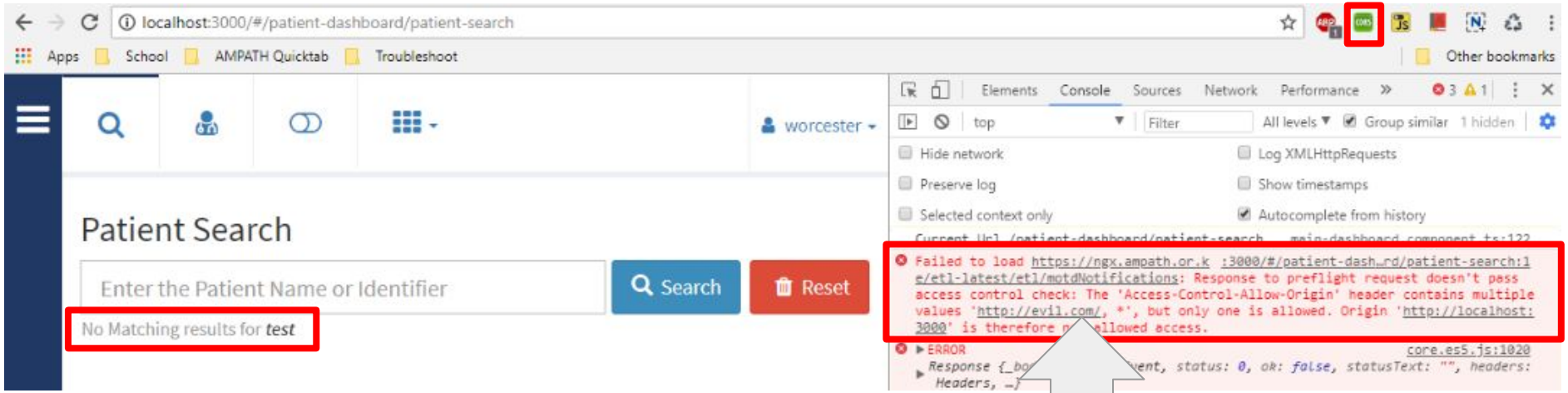
1. Clone a clean copy of ng2-amrs, e.g.: `git clone https://github.com/<your-github-name>/ng2-amrs ng2-amrs-clone`
2. Open ng2-amrs-clone in WebStorm and press ALT-F12 (or Fn-ALT-F12) to start a terminal.
3. Delete package-lock.json from the Project menu in WebStorm (make sure safe delete is checked)
4. In the webstorm terminal, run: `npm install pouchdb @types/pouchdb`
5. Run: `npm install webpack webpack-dev-server karma-cli protractor typescript release-it rimraf -g`
6. Run: `npm install` now that all the required dependencies are installed.
7. Run: `npm start` (This should now be successful without any compilation or runtime errors)

Result: Successful Compilation

Terminal

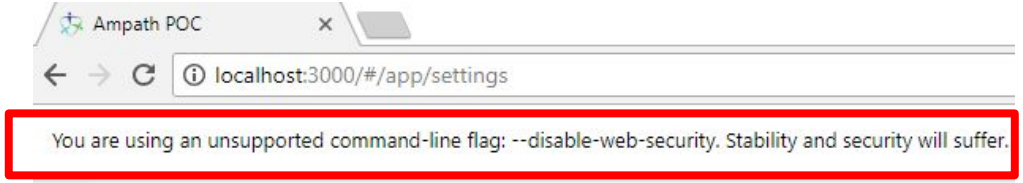
```
  [684] ./src/app/app.module.ts 6.18 kB {4} [built]
        [] -> factory:0ms building:0ms dependencies:31ms = 31ms
     + 1070 hidden modules
chunk    {5} polyfills.bundle.js, polyfills.bundle.js.map (polyfills) 547 kB [entry]
     + 188 hidden modules
chunk    {6} vendor.bundle.js, vendor.bundle.js.map (vendor) 674 kB [entry]
     + 89 hidden modules
Child html-webpack-plugin for "index.html":
    chunk    {0} index.html 547 kB [entry]
         + 4 hidden modules
webpack: Compiled successfully.

[at-loader] Ok, 5.454 sec.
```

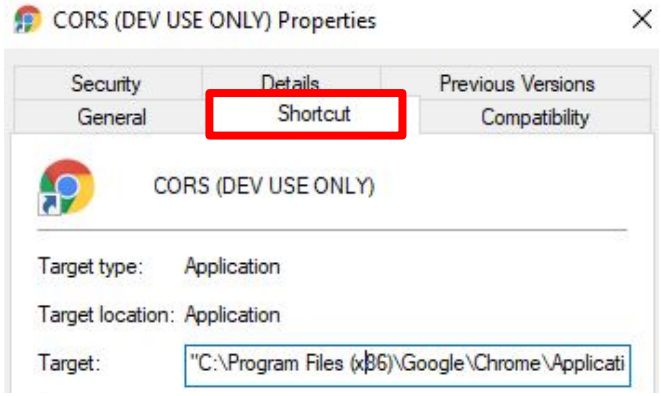
Connecting to the AMPATH Server

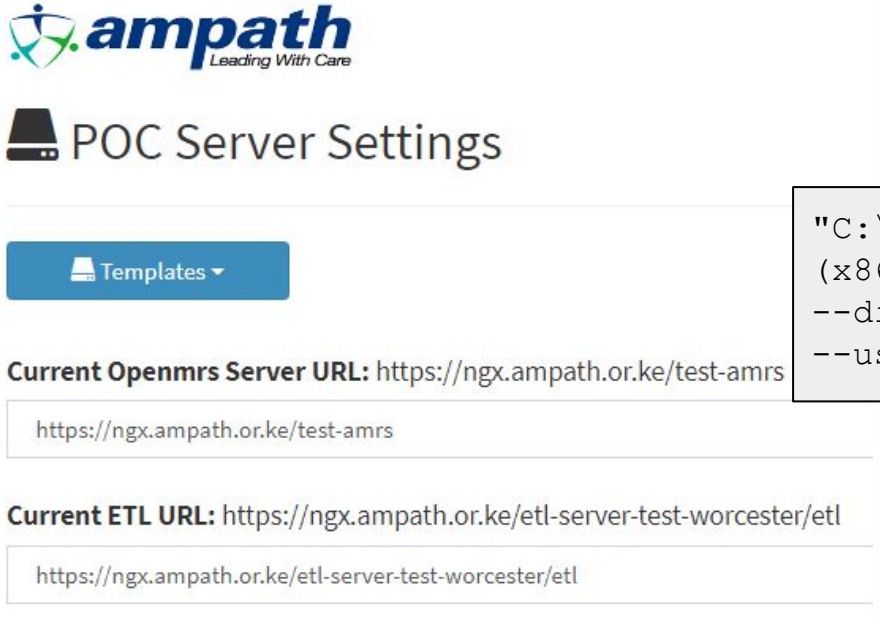


- Problems with the Allow-Control-Allow-Origin Google Extension: **evil.com?**

Resolution: Disable Web Security in Chrome

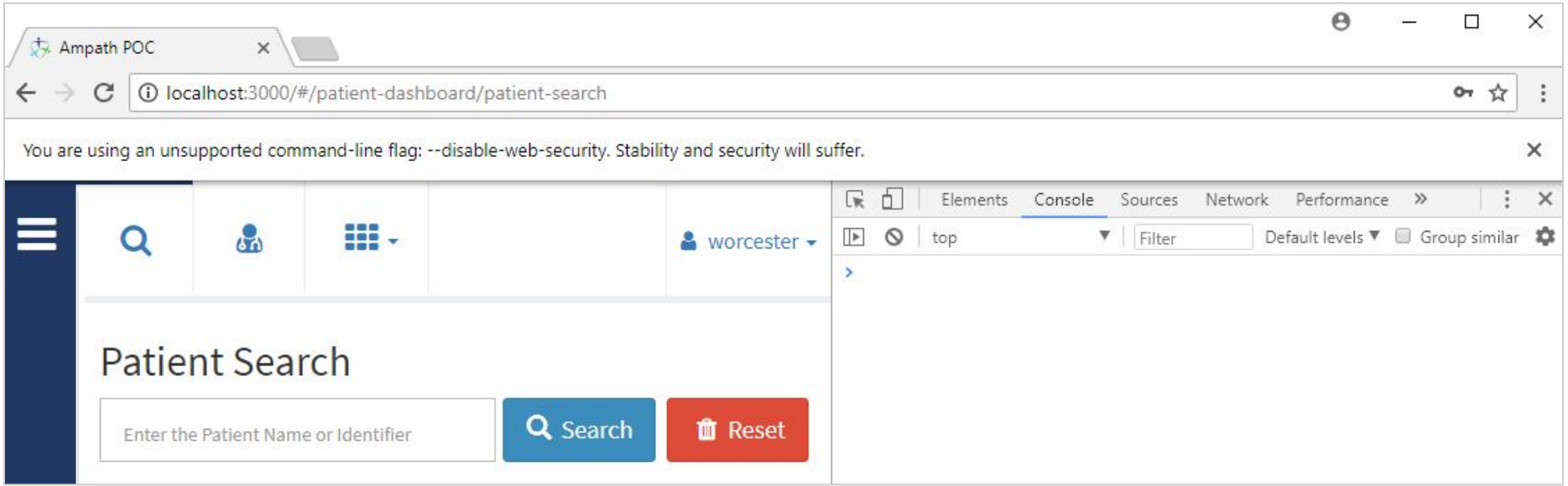







```
"C:\Program Files
(x86)\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe"
--disable-web-security
--user-data-dir="C:/ChromeDevSession"
```

We’re in without errors!



Sprint 2

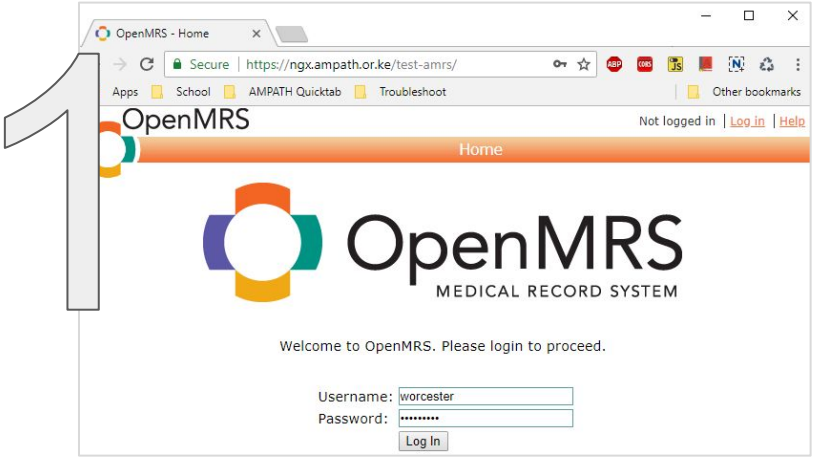
Deliberating and Conceptualizing

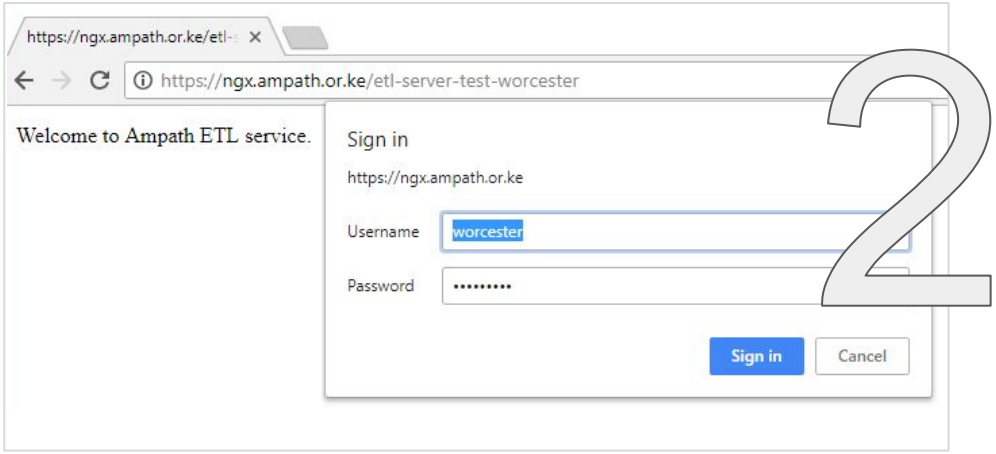
Sprint 2: Topics Covered

- What we learned about AMPATH app so far.
- OpenMRS AMPATH Server.
- ETL AMPATH Server.
- High-level ideas for Offline Implementation.
- High-level ideas for Synchronization.

Some Discoveries During Sprint 2

- The AMPATH app communicates to servers primarily by REST (Representational State Transfer) API.
    - REST is an approach that uses HTTP requests to GET, PUT, POST and DELETE data.
- The app is dependent on not one, but TWO servers, **OpenMRS** and **ETL**.

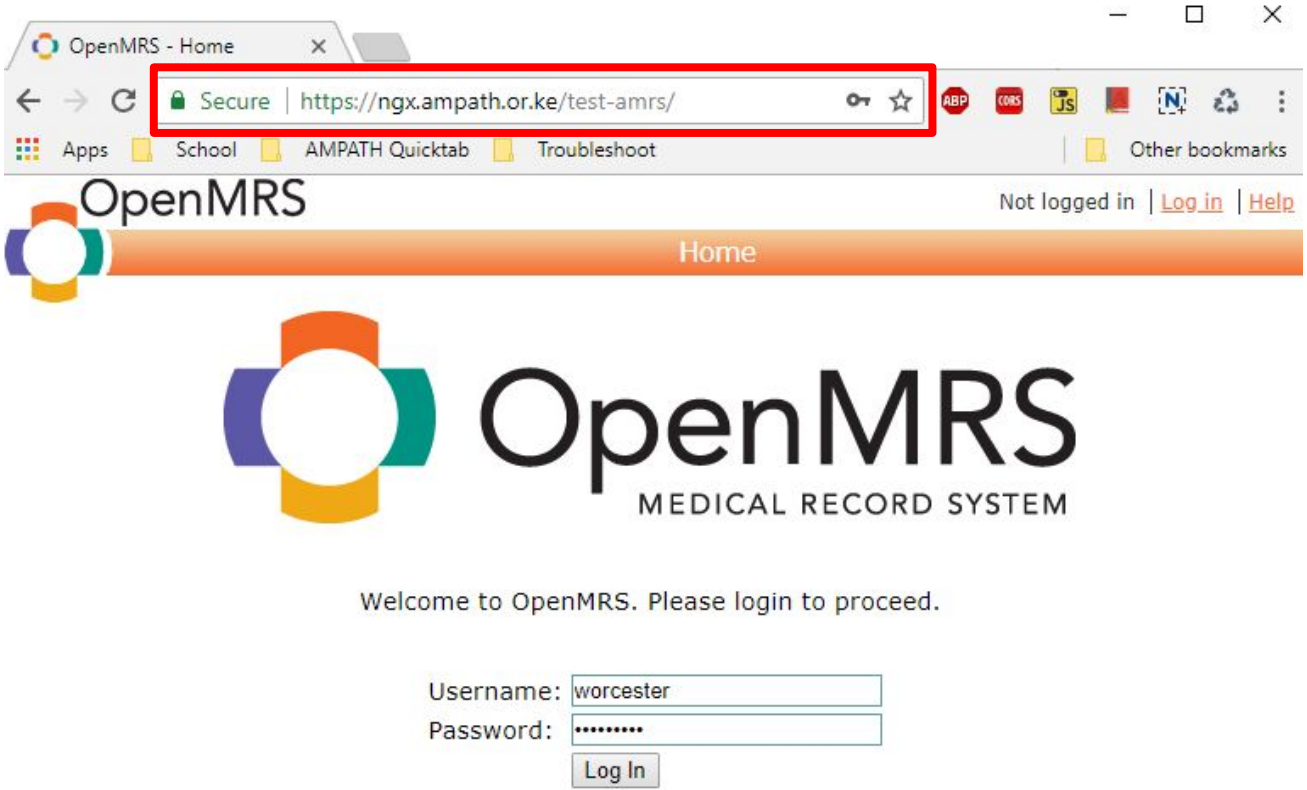




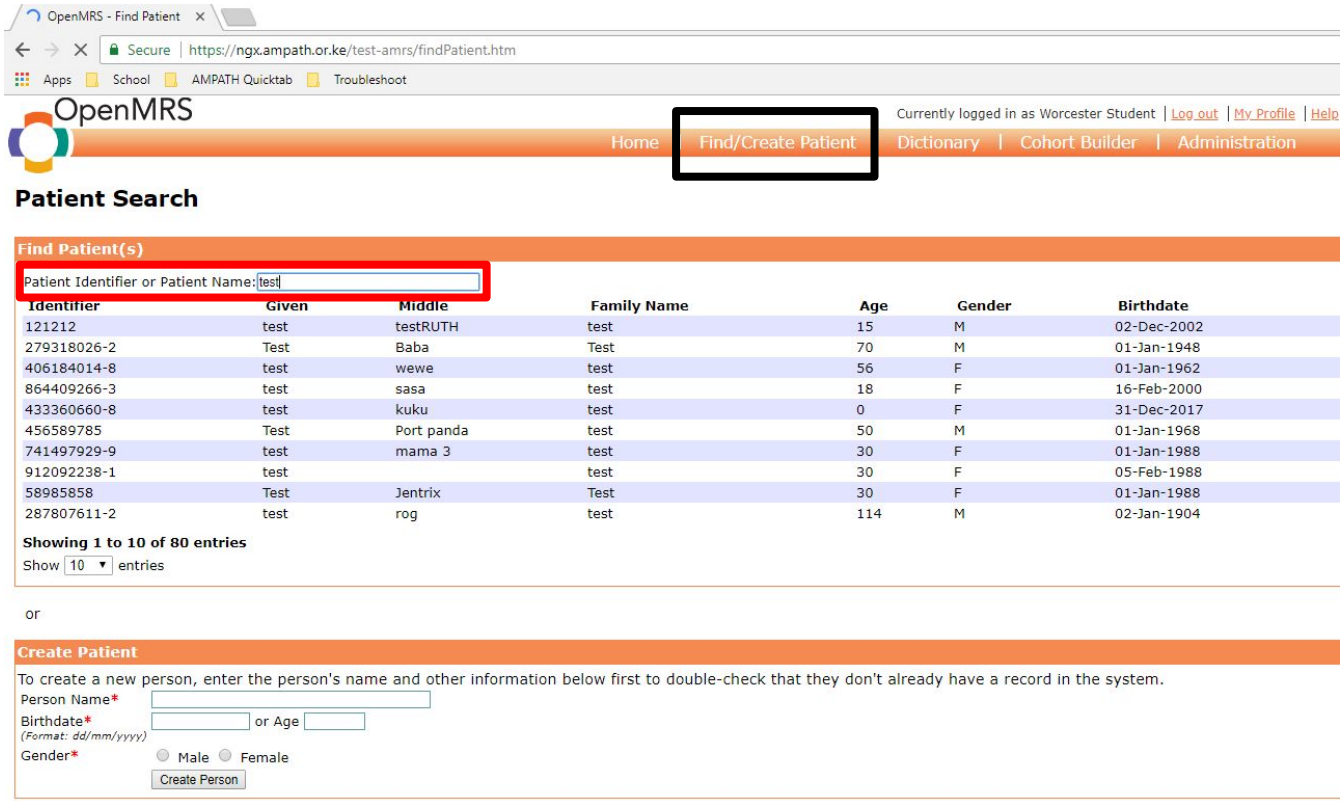
OpenMRS and ETL

- The majority (if not all) of the patient data seems to exist in OpenMRS.
- The responsibility of the AMPATH ETL server seems to extract the data from the OpenMRS server and flatten certain tables, such as HIV Summary.
- It is worth noting that we did not have access to an AMPATH ETL server until the end of the semester.
- Even after gaining access to ETL, we still couldn’t seem to access certain data (such as HIV summaries and labs) -- will discuss more in depth during Sprint 6 section.

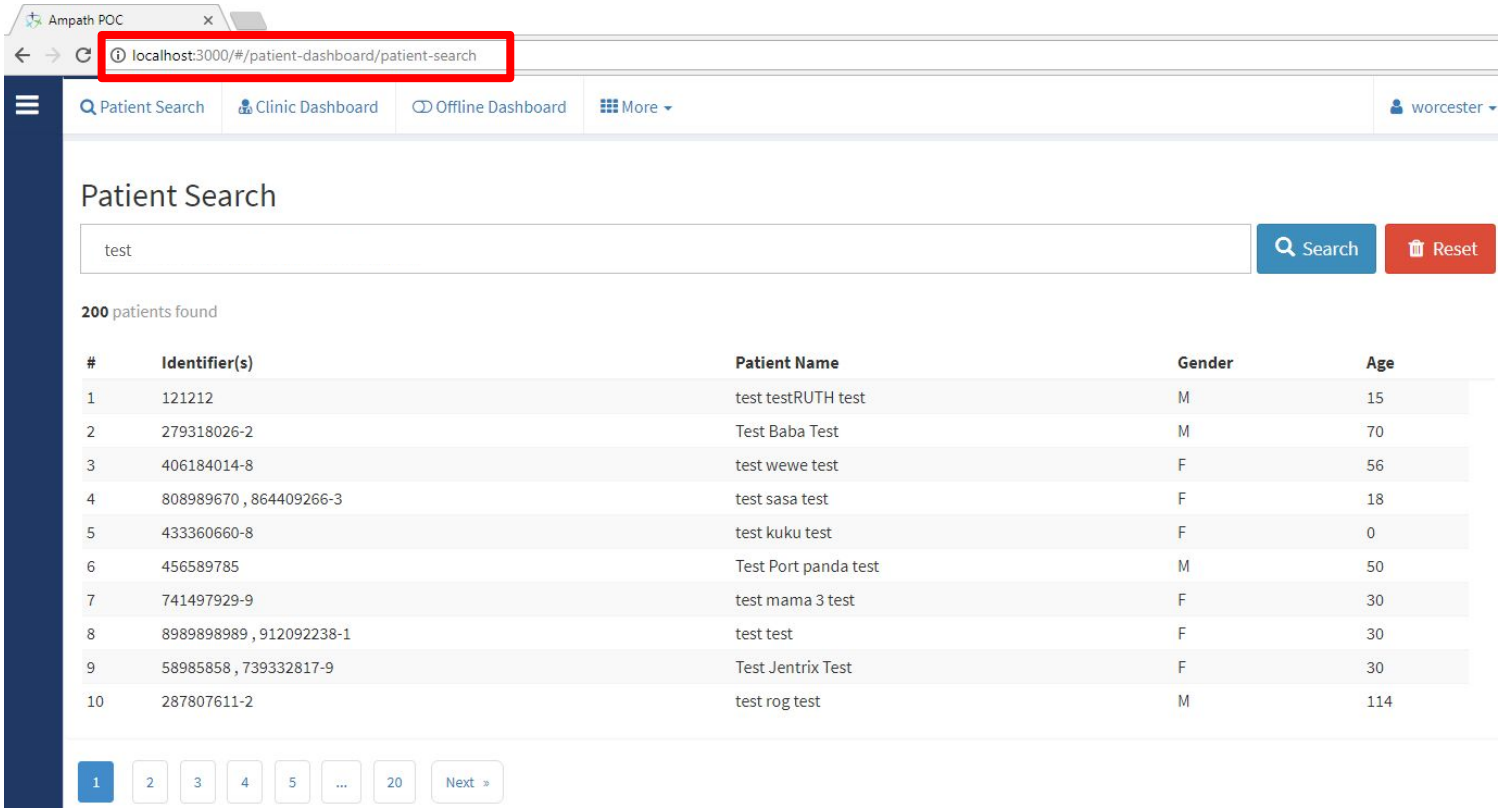
Accessing AMPATH OpenMRS Server Directly



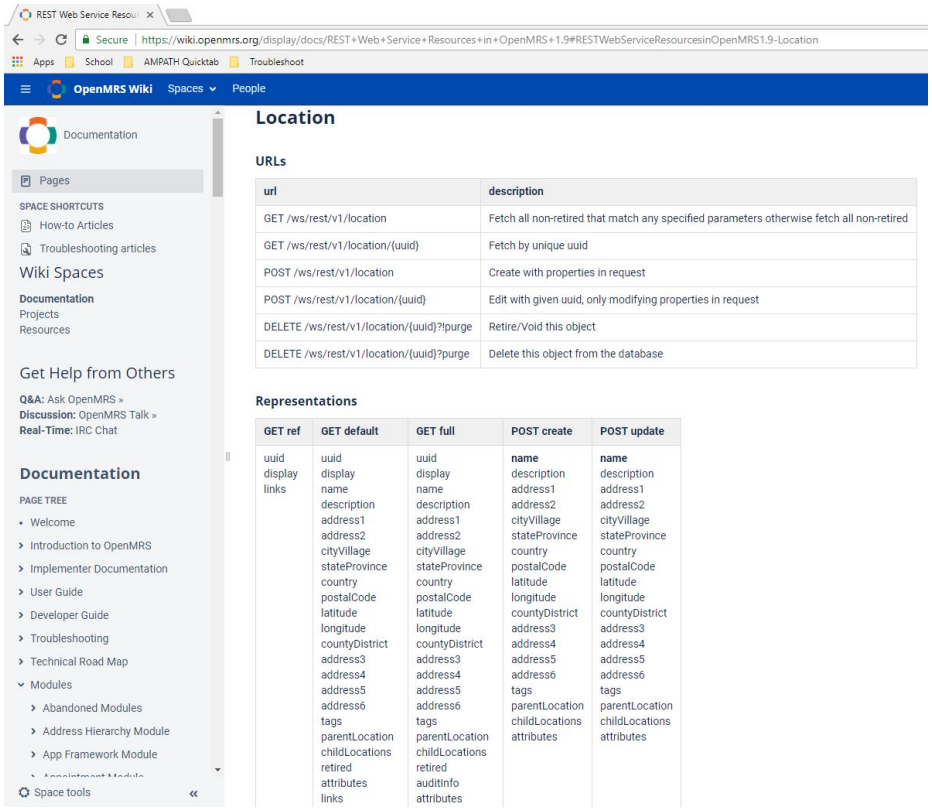
Accessing AMPATH OpenMRS Server Directly



Compare to AMPATH Patient Search

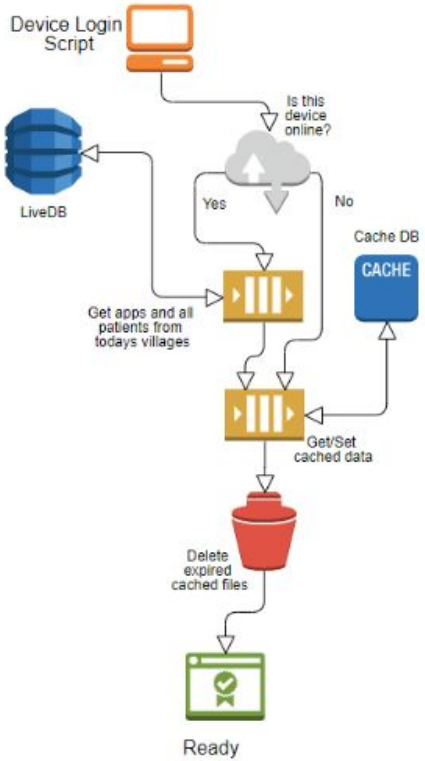


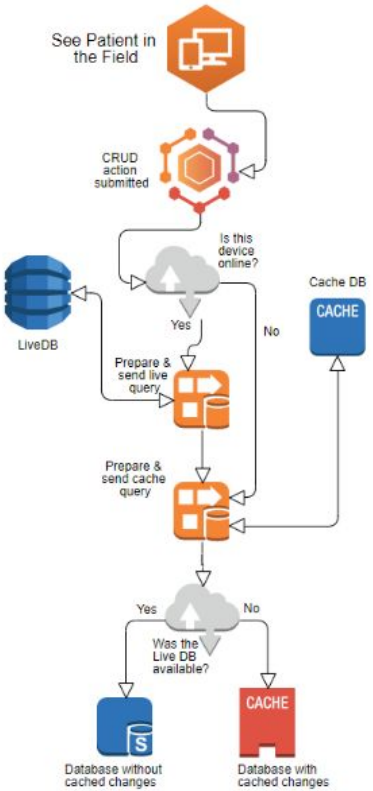
OpenMRS Wiki: wiki.openmrs.org



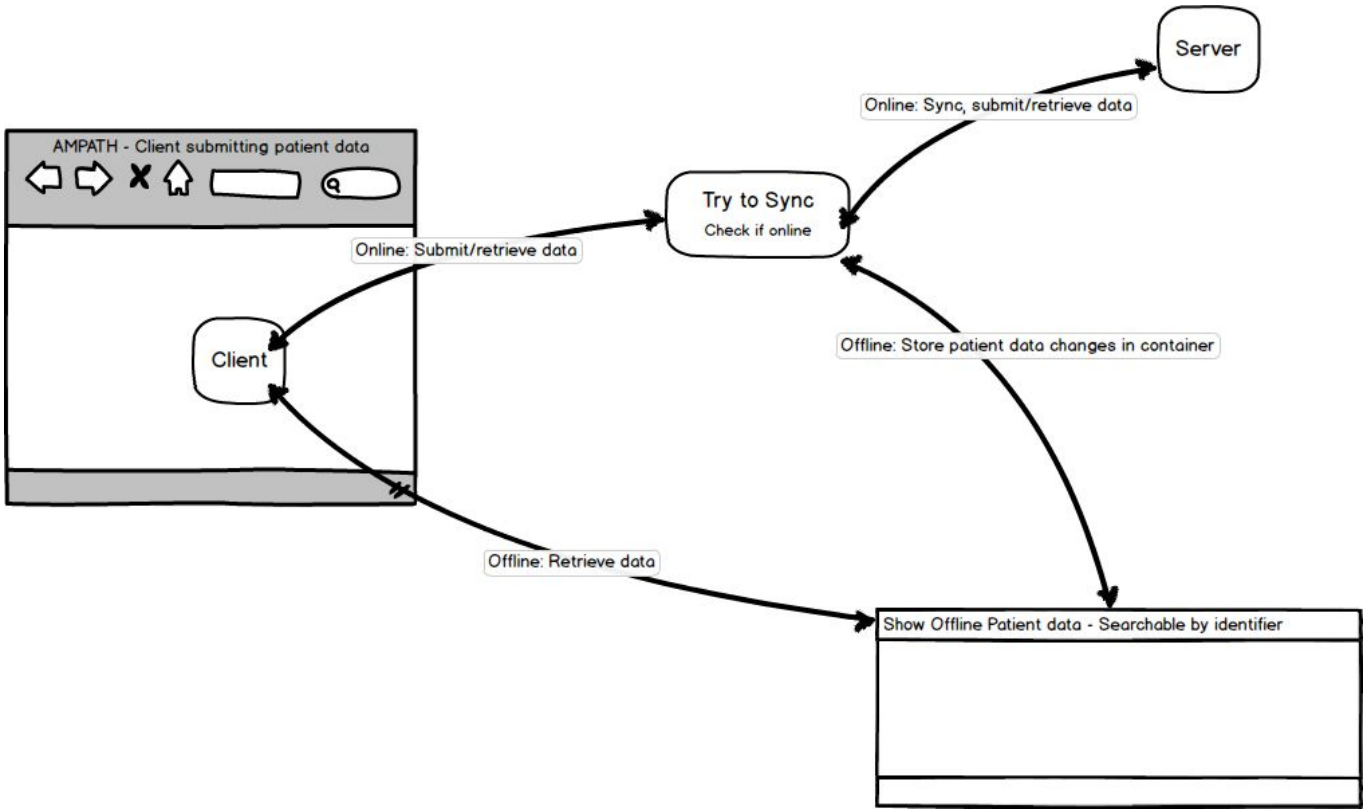
- Very helpful resource
- Helped us better understand how to make HTTP/REST requests to the AMPATH OpenMRS server.

High-Level Ideas for Offline Implementation





High-Level idea for Data Synchronization



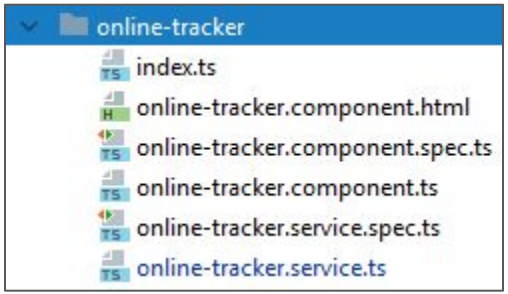
Sprint 3

Refactoring the Existing Online Tracker

Why we Refactored Online Tracker

- We’re all working on giving the AMPATH app offline capabilities.
- Our class as a whole anticipated we would likely need a way to check for internet connectivity.
- A way of doing so existed, but it was wrapped inside AMPATH’s Online Tracker component.
- We refactored the existing Online Tracker component to include a service that will handle the connectivity checking logic.
- Now we can make our own components call upon the new Online Tracker service to check for connectivity.

Refactoring Online Tracker: Service



online-tracker.service.ts

```
5   @Injectable()
6   export class OnlineTrackerService {
7
8     public isOnline: boolean = false;
9
10    constructor(private _sessionService: SessionService) {...}
13
14    public updateOnlineStatus() {
15      return new Promise( executor: (resolve, reject) => {
16
17        this._sessionService.getSession()
18          .subscribe(
19            next: (results) => {
20              this.isOnline = true;
21              resolve(this.isOnline);
22            }, error: (error) => {
23              this.isOnline = false;
24              resolve(this.isOnline);
25            });
26
27      });
28    }
29  }
```

Refactoring Online Tracker: Component

```
18    constructor(private _onlineTrackerService: OnlineTrackerService) {
19    }
20
21    public ngOnInit() {
22      console.log('Tracker Loaded');
23      this.timer = Observable.timer(1000, 30000);
24      this.timer
25        .takeWhile(() => this.subscribeToTimer)
26        .subscribe((t) => this.getOnlineStatus());
27    }
28
29    public ngOnDestroy() {
30      this.subscribeToTimer = false;
31      console.log('Timer Unsubscription');
32    }
33
34    public getOnlineStatus() {
35      this.isUpdating = true;
36      this._onlineTrackerService.updateOnlineStatus()
37        .then((results: any) => {
38          if (results) {
39            this.isOnline = results;
40            this.isUpdating = !results;
41          }
42        }).catch((error) => {
43        this.isOnline = false;
44        console.error('ERROR: GetOnline Status Error', error);
45      });
46    }
47  }
```

```
this.isOnline = results;
this.isUpdating = !results;
```

- The above code was causing the following problem:

- Online-Tracker light indicator would be stuck in (updating…) status if offline, even after regaining connectivity.
- The **offline-login** team later identified and fixed this bug. Thanks guys!

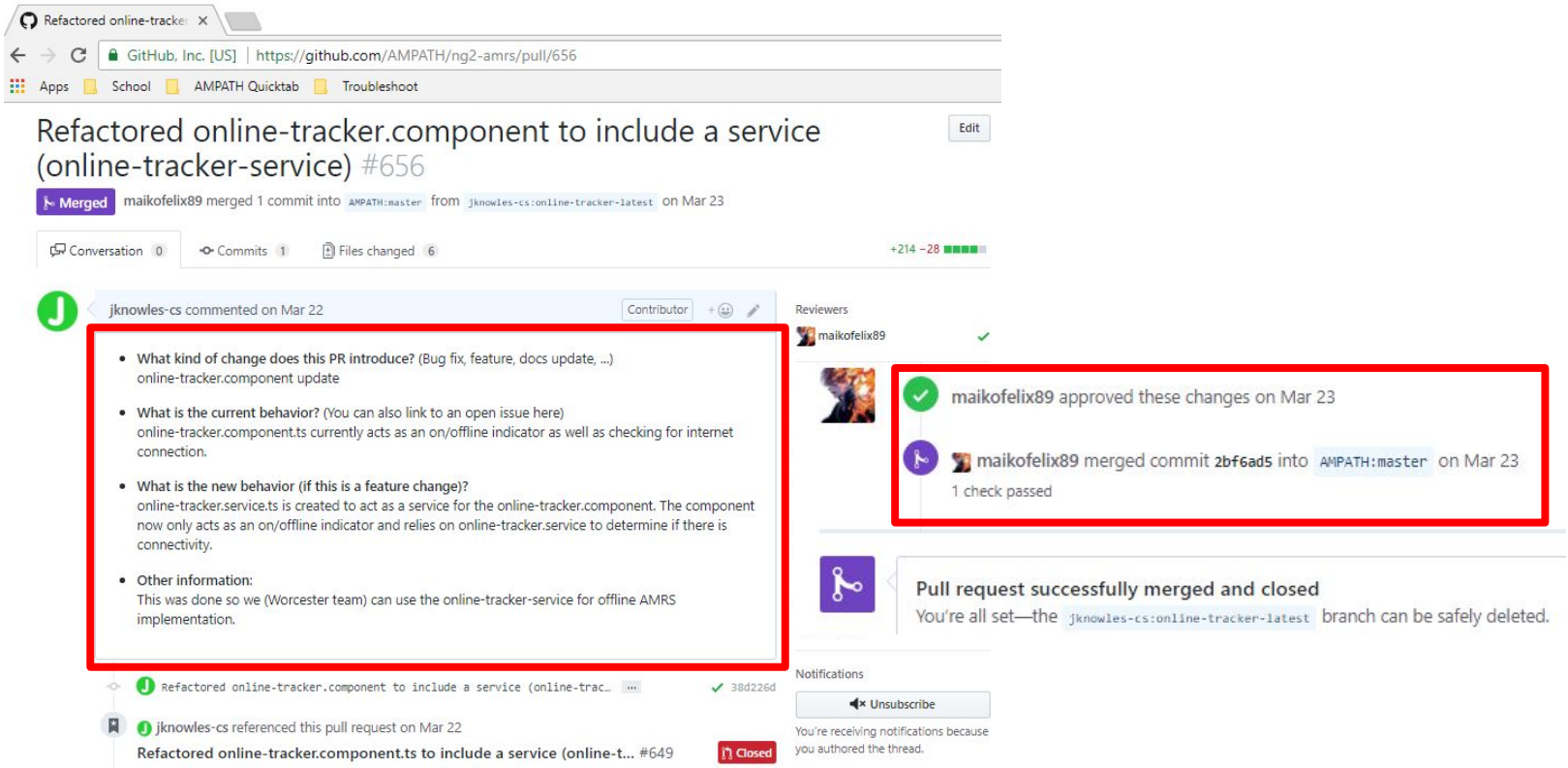
Refactoring Online Tracker: Component

online-tracker.component.ts

```
15    constructor(private _onlineTrackerService: OnlineTrackerService) {
16    }
17
18    public ngOnInit() {
19      this.timer = Observable.timer(1000, 30000);
20      this.timer
21        .takeWhile(() => this.subscribeToTimer)
22        .subscribe((t) => this.getOnlineStatus());
23    }
24
25    public ngOnDestroy() {
26      this.subscribeToTimer = false;
27    }
28
29    public getOnlineStatus() {
30      this.isUpdating = true;
31      this._onlineTrackerService.updateOnlineStatus()
32        .then((results: any) => {
33          this.isOnline = results;
34          this.isUpdating = false;
35        }).catch((error) => {
36          this.isOnline = false;
37          console.error('ERROR: GetOnline Status Error', error);
38        });
39      }
40  }
```

- This is how the Online-Tracker Component looks now, after the bugfix from the **offline-login** team.

Online Tracker: Pull Request Accepted



Sprint 4

Getting Familiarized with PouchDB

Sprint 4: Topics Covered

- Successfully installing PouchDB within the AMPATH app.

- Got routing to work; created a link so we could access our offline-data-capture component directly, i.e.
  ➔ `localhost:3000/#/offline-data-capture`

- Using existing OpenMRS services, such as patient-resource-service to capture some basic patient data.

PouchDB

➔ Since our main objective is to capture AMPATH data for offline use, we needed a place to store it, at least temporarily.

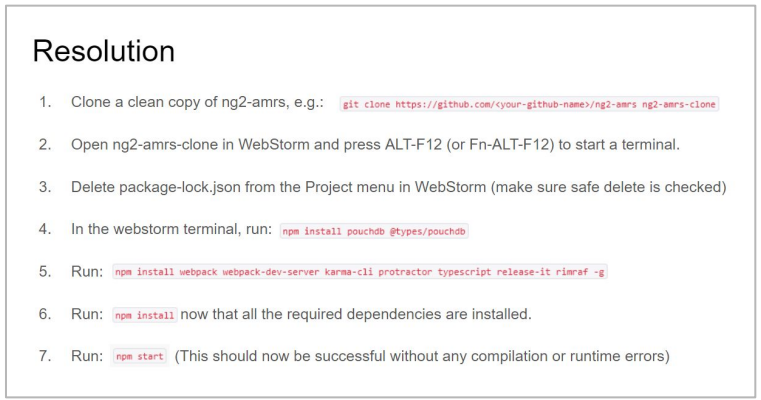
➔ We opted to use PouchDB for this purpose.

- **Pros using PouchDB:**
- Other teams were using PouchDB as well.
- A very powerful and straightforward way of storing data once we figured it out.

- **Cons using PouchDB:**
- Very limited documentation for Angular specific use.
- Required a lot of self-teaching and self-discovery, after much trial and error.

Installing PouchDB

- We originally had trouble with this.
- It often seems that when installing a new dependency in the AMPATH app, it is likely to stop working unless starting with a clean copy.
- We had to reclone a clean copy of the ng2-amrs repo and reinstall all the AMPATH dependencies to get PouchDB to work properly.



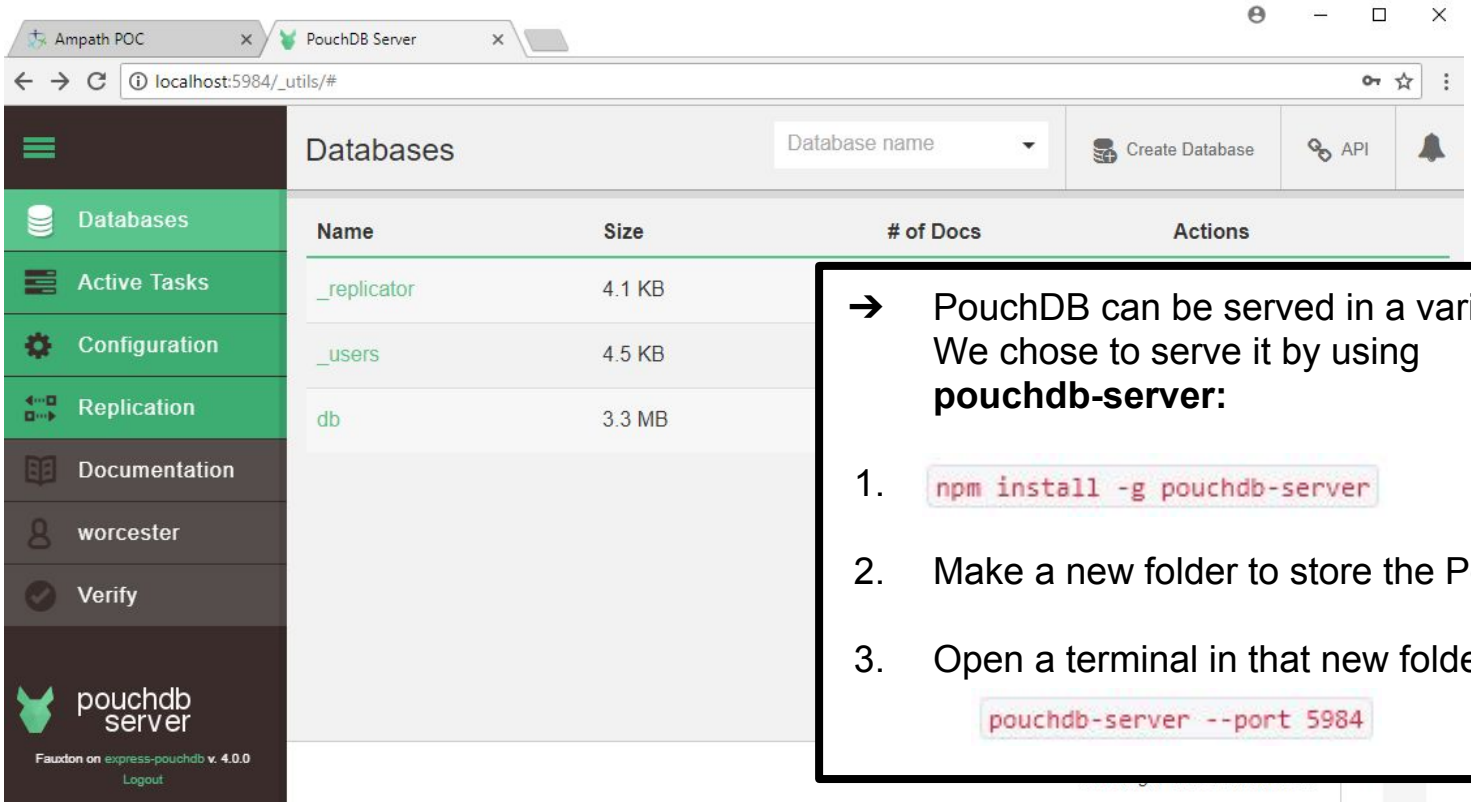
Resolution

1. Clone a clean copy of ng2-amrs, e.g.: `git clone https://github.com/<your-github-name>/ng2-amrs ng2-amrs-clone`
2. Open ng2-amrs-clone in WebStorm and press ALT-F12 (or Fn-ALT-F12) to start a terminal.
3. Delete package-lock.json from the Project menu in WebStorm (make sure safe delete is checked)
4. In the webstorm terminal, run: `npm install pouchdb @types/pouchdb`
5. Run: `npm install webpack webpack-dev-server karma-cli protractor typescript release-it rimraf -g`
6. Run: `npm install` now that all the required dependencies are installed.
7. Run: `npm start` (This should now be successful without any compilation or runtime errors)

Installing PouchDB:
npm install pouchdb @types/pouchdb

Installing PouchDB Server:
npm install -g pouchdb-server

PouchDB Server



➔ PouchDB can be served in a variety of ways. We chose to serve it by using **pouchdb-server:**

1. `npm install -g pouchdb-server`
2. Make a new folder to store the PouchDB data.
3. Open a terminal in that new folder, then type:

   `pouchdb-server --port 5984`

Beginning to Implement Offline Data Capture Service

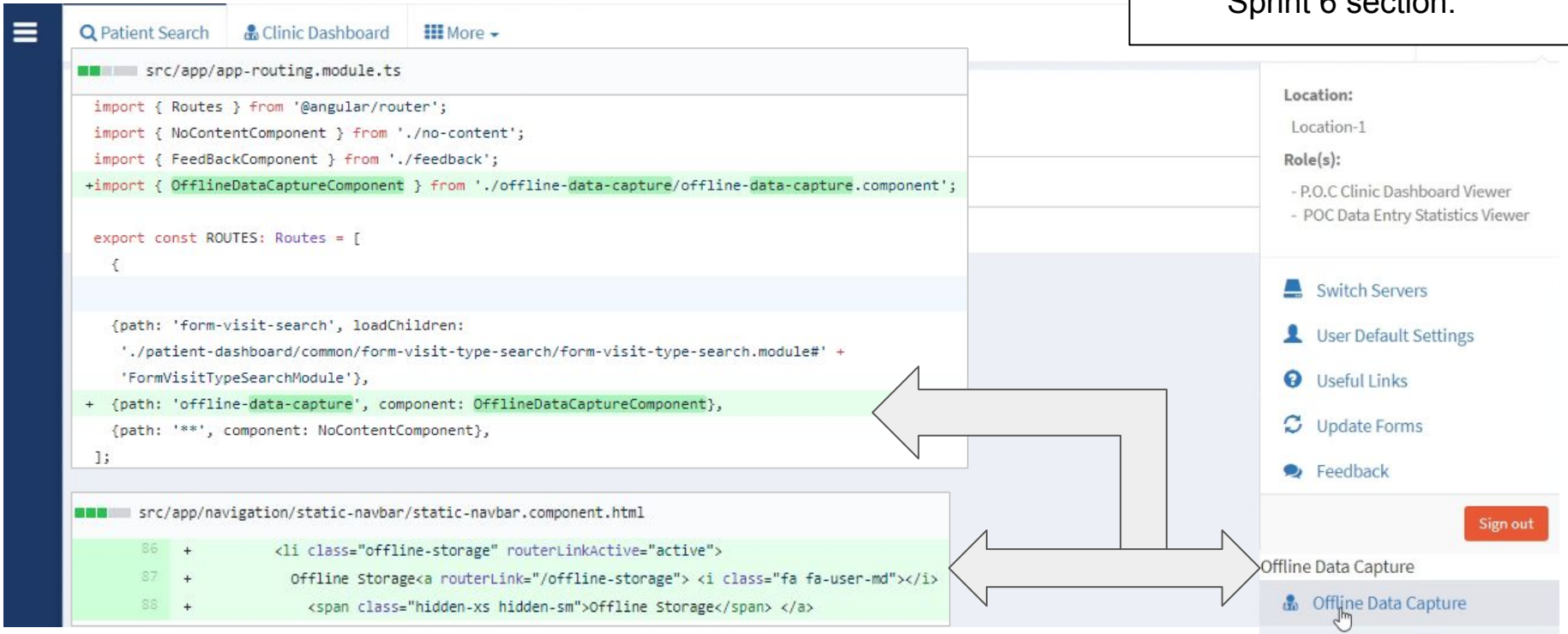
ng2-amrs-pouchdb / src / app / offline-data-capture / **offline-data-capture.service.ts**

```
1  import PouchDB from 'pouchdb';
2  import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
3
4  @Injectable()
5  export class OfflineDataCaptureService {
6    public db = new PouchDB('http://localhost:5984/db');
7
8    constructor() {}
9
10   public storePatient(data): Promise<string> {
11     return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
12
13       try {
14         this.db.put(data);
15         resolve('Success');
16       } catch (error) {
17         reject(error);
18       }
19     });
20   }
21
22 }
```

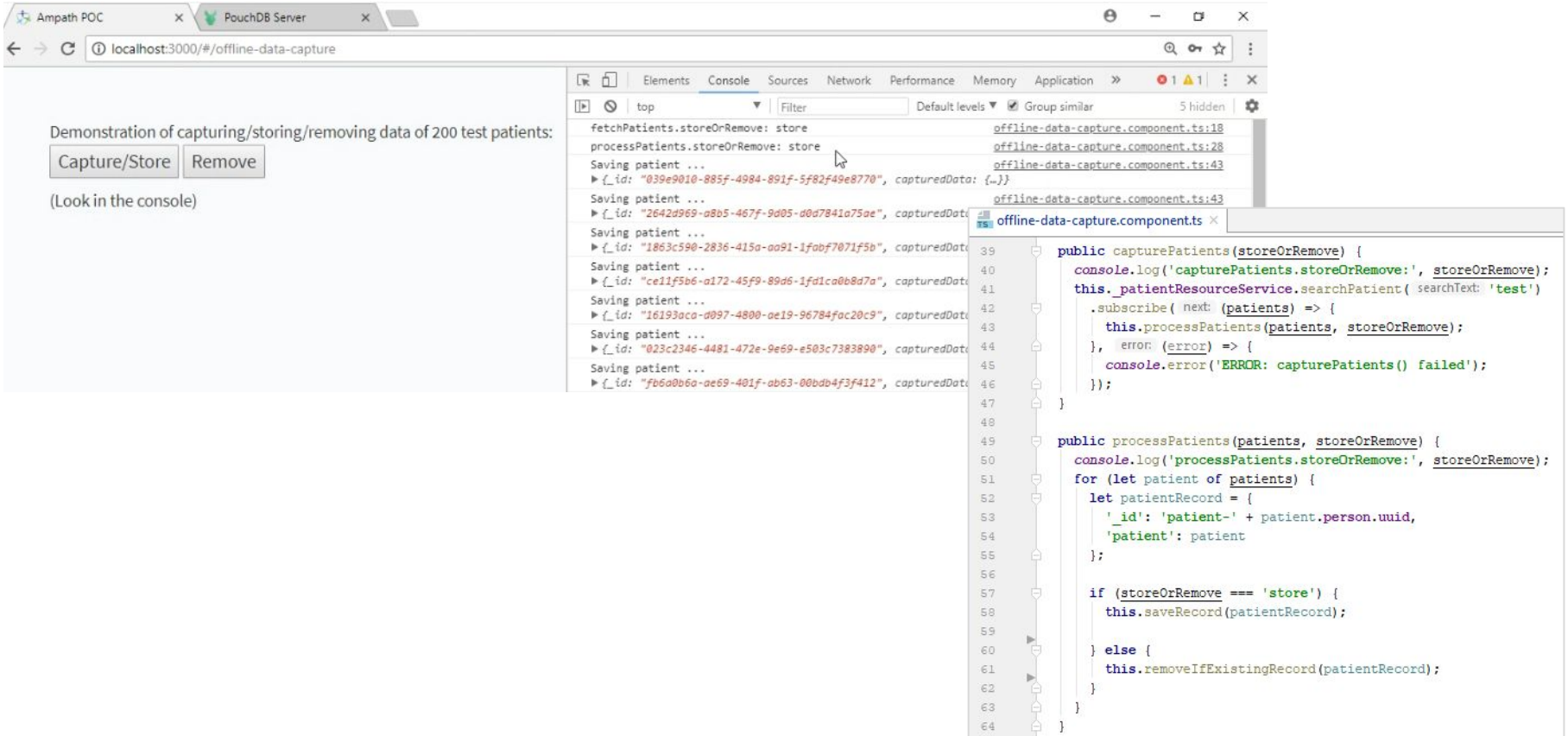
- Initial implementation of our service as of Sprint 4.
- Conflicts arise when trying to store a given ID in the PouchDB database more than once.
- We have since made some improvements which we will discuss more in depth during our Sprint 5 section.

Our Original Routing Implementation

- There's a better way to do this.
- We'll explain more in the Sprint 6 section.



Introducing our Offline Data Capture Component



Our capturePatients() uses an OpenMRS Service

offline-data-capture.component.ts

```
39  public capturePatients(storeOrRemove) {
40    console.log('capturePatients.storeOrRemove:', storeOrRemove);
41    this._patientResourceService.searchPatient( searchText: 'test')
42      .subscribe( next: (patients) => {
43        this.processPatients(patients, storeOrRemove);
44      }, error: (error) => {
45        console.error('ERROR: capturePatients() failed');
46      });
47  }
48
49  public processPatients(patients, storeOrRemove) {
50    console.log('processPatients.storeOrRemove:', storeOrRemove);
51    for (let patient of patients) {
52      let patientRecord = {
53        '_id': 'patient-' + patient.person.uuid,
54        'patient': patient
55      };
56
57      if (storeOrRemove === 'store') {
58        this.saveRecord(patientRecord);
59
60      } else {
61        this.removeIfExistingRecord(patientRecord);
62      }
63    }
64  }
```

ng2-amrs-pouchdb 〉 src 〉 app 〉 openmrs-api 〉 patient-resource.service.ts

```
8   @Injectable()
9   export class PatientResourceService {
10
11    public v: string = 'custom:(uuid,display,' +
12      'identifiers:(identifier,uuid,preferred,location:(uuid,name),' +
13      'identifierType:(uuid,name,format,formatDescription,validator)),' +
14      'person:(uuid,display,gender,birthdate,dead,age,deathDate,birthdateEstimated,' +
15      'causeOfDeath,preferredName:(uuid,preferred,givenName,middleName,familyName),'
16      + 'attributes,preferredAddress:(uuid,preferred,address1,address2,cityVillage,' +
17      'stateProvince,country,postalCode,countyDistrict,address3,address4,address5,address6)))';
18
27    public searchPatient(searchText: string, cached: boolean = false, v: string = null):
28     Observable<any> {
29
30      let url = this.getUrl();
31      let params: URLSearchParams = new URLSearchParams();
32
33      params.set('q', searchText);
34
35      params.set('v', (v && v.length > 0) ? v : this.v);
36
37      return this.http.get(url, options: {
38        search: params
39      })
40        .map((response: Response) => {
41          return response.json().results;
42        });
43    }
```

Sprint 5

Improving our Offline Data Capture Implementation

Sprint 5: Topics Covered

- Discussing the Conflict issues arising from our Offline Data Capture Service implemented in Sprint 4.
- Fixing our Offline Data Capture Service.
- Deciding what data is most useful to capture.
- Manipulating existing components to capture extensive data when a given patient is searched for.

Our Offline Data Capture Service had Problems...

- Attempting to store captured data by a given ID more than once would cause a conflict (HTTP Status Code 409).

- During Sprint 5, we were able to identify the problem and update our Offline Data Capture Service accordingly.

Updating our Offline Data Capture Service

ng2-amrs-pouchdb / src / app / offline-data-capture / **offline-data-capture.service.ts**

Before...

```
10    public storePatient(data): Promise<string> {
11      return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
12
13        try {
14          this.db.put(data);
15          resolve('Success');
16        } catch (error) {
17          reject(error);
18        }
19      });
20    }
21  }
```

After:

```
28    public storeCapturedData(data): Promise<string> {
29      return this.db.get(data._id).then((existing) => {
30        return this.db.put({
31          _id: existing._id,
32          _rev: existing._rev,
33          capturedData: data.capturedData
34        });
35      }).catch((notExisting) => {
36        console.log('Storing captured data for the first time:', data._id);
37        return this.db.put(data);
38      });
39    }
40  }
```

We also added a PouchDB remove() function

ng2-amrs-pouchdb / src / app / offline-data-capture / offline-data-capture.service.ts

```
18    public removeExistingOfflineData(data) {
19      return this.db.get(data._id).then((existing) => {
20        return this.db.remove(existing).then((success) => {
21          console.log('Data deleted from PouchDB - ID:', data._id);
22        });
23      }).catch((error) => {
24        console.log('Existing stored data not found for ID:', data._id);
25      });
26    }
```

Deciding what to Capture: Exploring our Options

- Now that we've fixed our service, we wanted to capture more data.
- It's worth noting at this point (midway through Sprint 5) that we have only been capturing basic patient information. (name, address, etc)
- We wanted to be able to capture more detailed patient information, such as vitals, patient visits, lab results, etc.
- We noticed the existing **Patient Encounters Component** was fetching a substantial amount of information when a given patient was searched for.

Existing AMPATH Patient Encounters Component

ng2-amrs-pouchdb > src > app > patient-dashboard > common > patient-encounters > patient-encounters.component.ts

```
97   public getPatient() {
98     this.dataLoading = true;
99     this.subscription = this.patientService.currentlyLoadedPatient.subscribe(
100      next: (patient) => {
101      if (patient !== null) {
102        this.patient = patient;
103        this.loadPatientEncounters(patient.person.uuid);
104      }
105    }, error: (err) => {
106      this.errors.push({
107        id: 'patient',
108        message: 'error fetching patient'
109      });
110    });
111  }
```

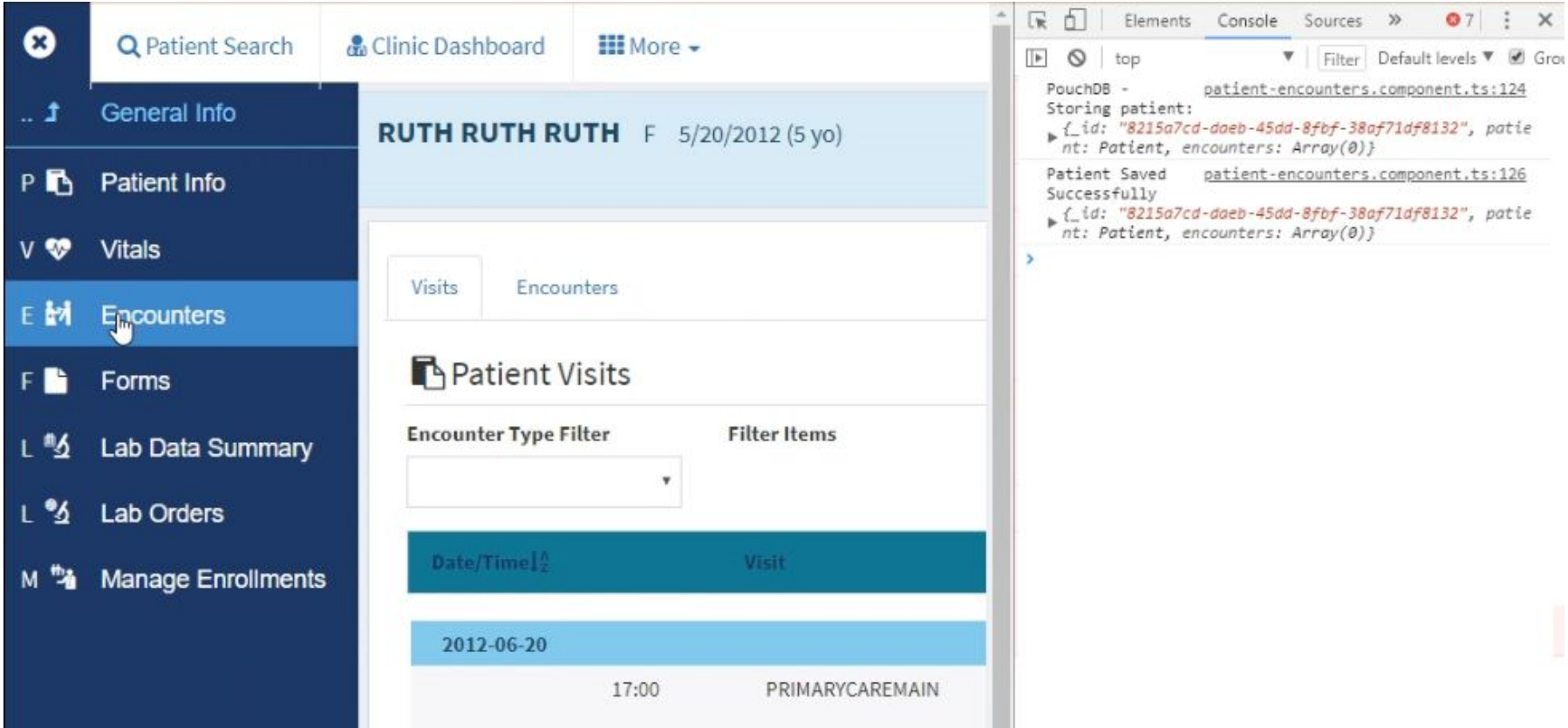
We added a function in it to call our service...

ng2-amrs-pouchdb > src > app > patient-dashboard > common > patient-encounters > patient-encounters.component.ts

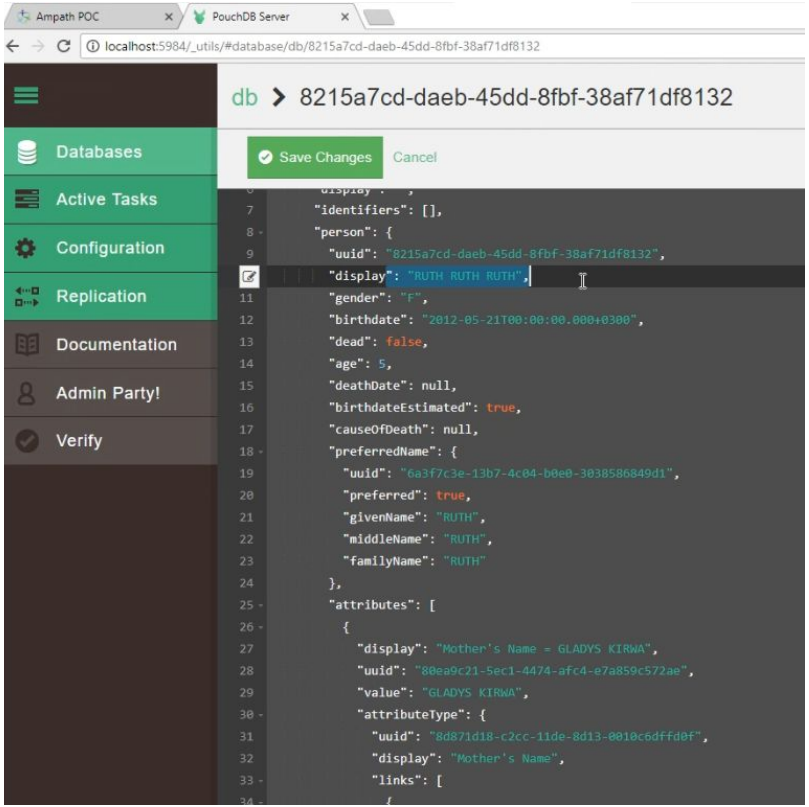
```
114   public storePatientRecordPouchDB(patient) {
115     let patientRecord = {
116       '_id': patient.person.uuid,
117       'capturedData': patient,
118       'encounters': this.encounters
119     };
120     console.log('PouchDB - Storing patient:', patientRecord);
121     this._offlineDataCaptureService.storeCapturedData(patientRecord).then( onfulfilled: (result) => {
122       console.log('Patient Saved Successfully', patientRecord);
123     })
124       .catch( onrejected: (error) => {
125         console.error('ERROR: Error saving Patient', patientRecord);
126       });
127   }
```

Then we called `this.storePatientRecordPouchDB(patient)` within the existing getPatient() function.

Demonstrating storing data offline when searched for...



...and the extensive Patient Data is Stored in PouchDB!




```
Approximate Lines: 2500+
File Size: ~300kb per patient
```

- We're probably capturing too much data here.
- We have to keep in mind the customer.
- (i.e. Limited internet connectivity and limited storage space)
- We began addressing these issues in Sprint 6.

Sprint 6

Capturing and Displaying Specific Categories

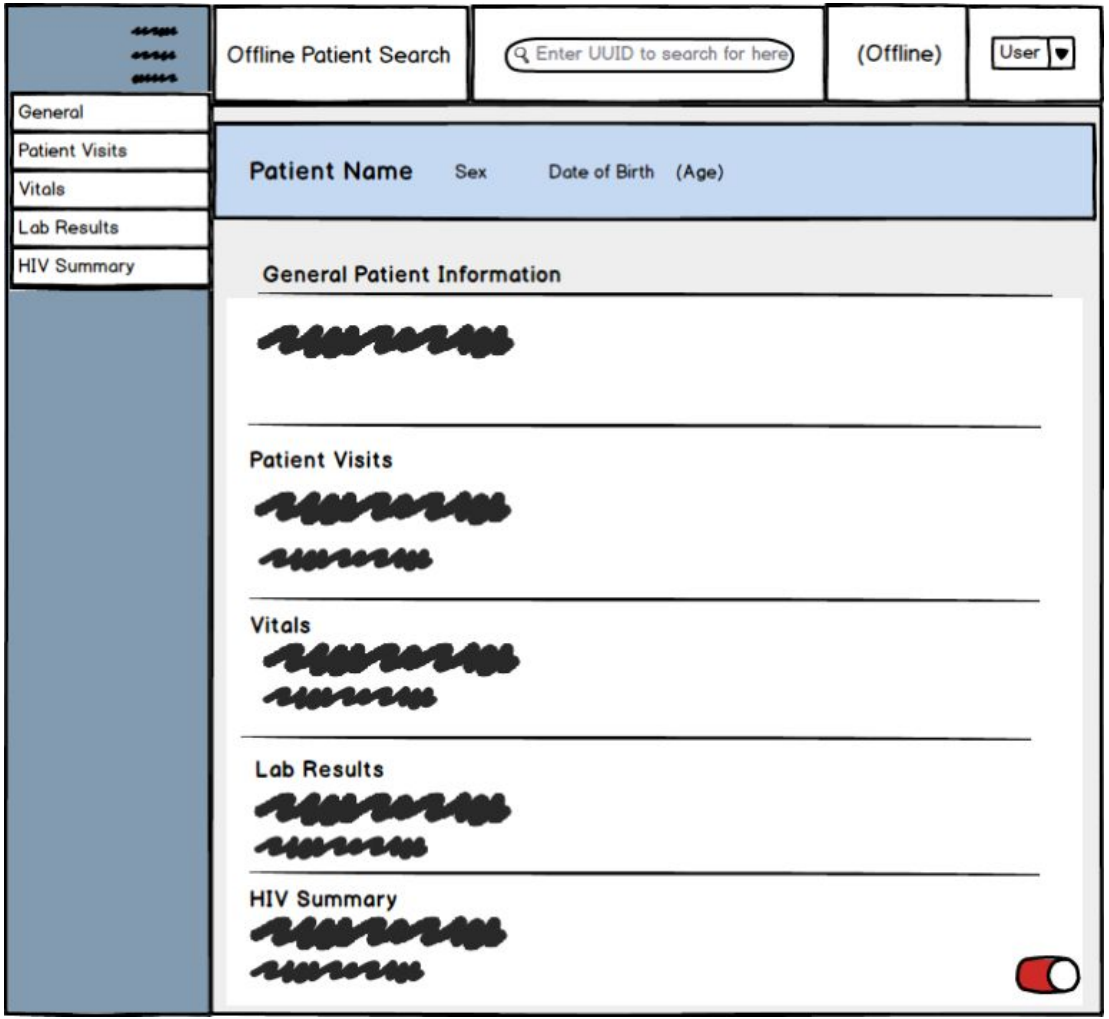
Sprint 6: Topics Covered

- Reconsidering the extensive amount of data currently being captured.
- Creating a mock diagram demonstrating GUI implementation ideas.
- Developing an offline GUI to display specific offline data.
- Capturing the specific data requested by the AMPATH team.
- Storing this specific data into the PouchDB database.
- Retrieving data from PouchDB when user is offline to display in our GUI.

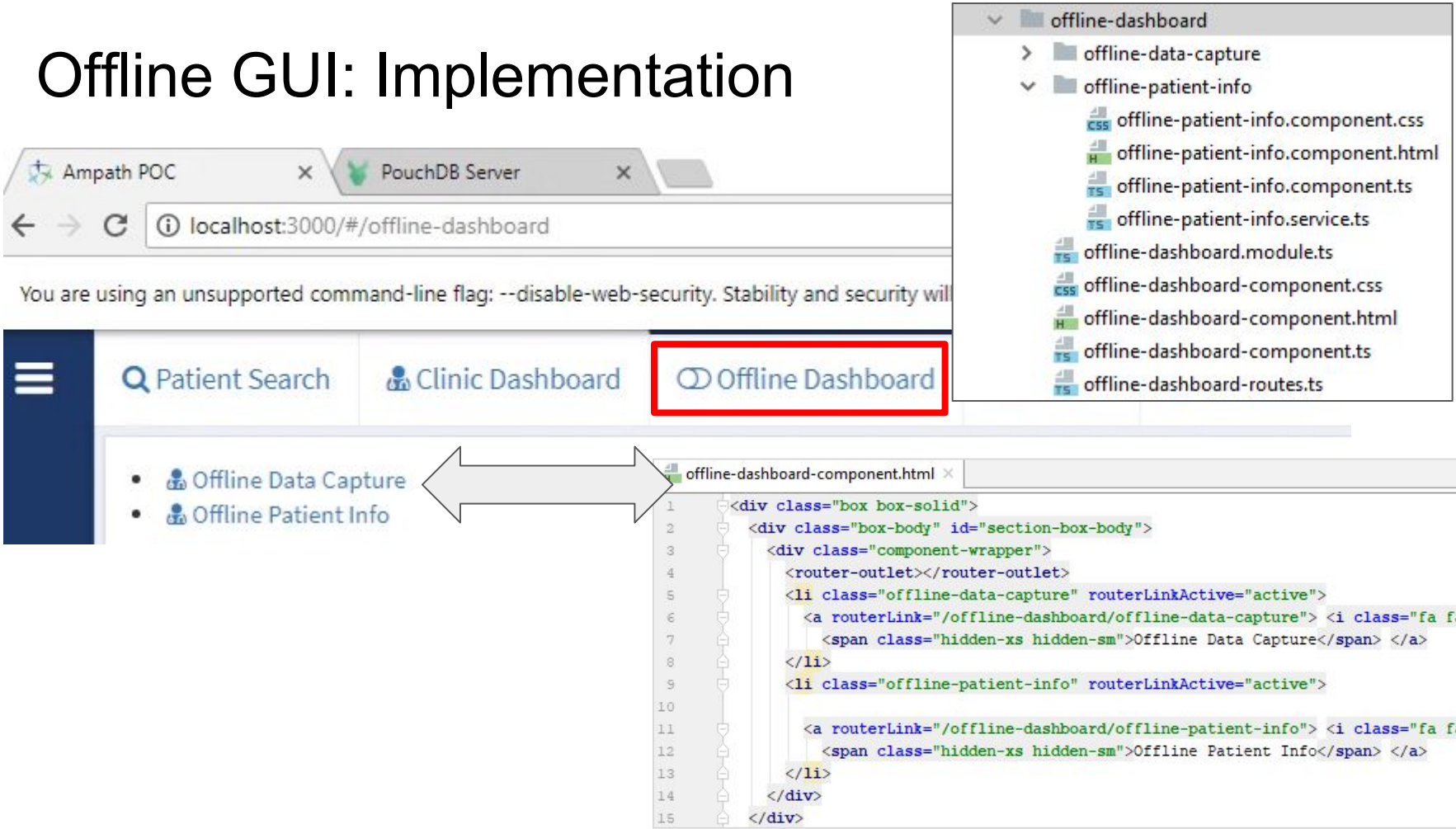
Mock Diagram for Offline GUI

- Based on the mockup by the **offline-storage team** with small changes.

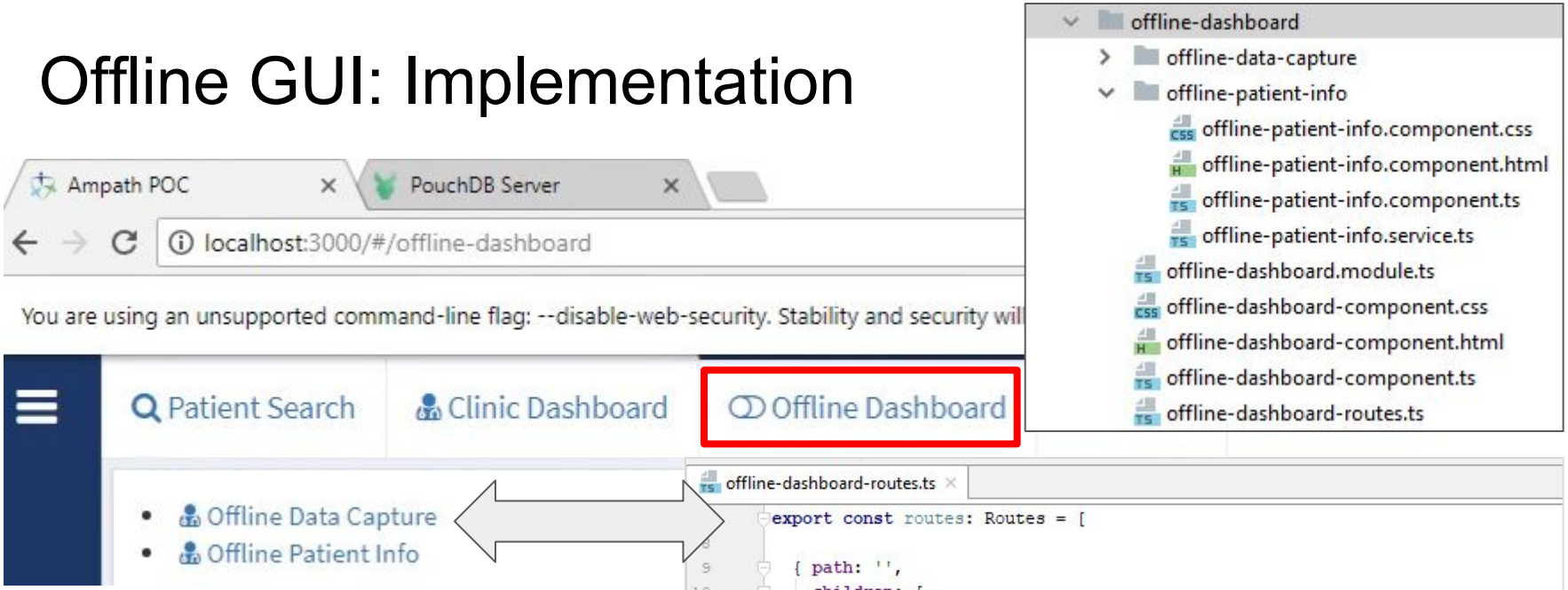
- The categories listed here are based on what we and the AMPATH team decided to be most useful to capture for offline use.



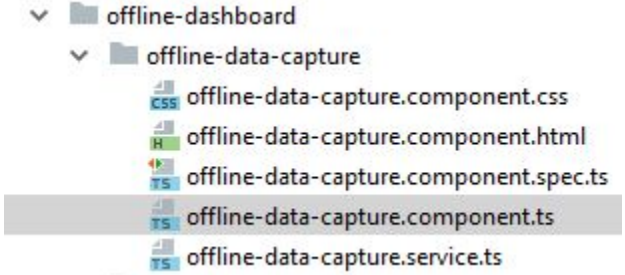
Offline GUI: Implementation

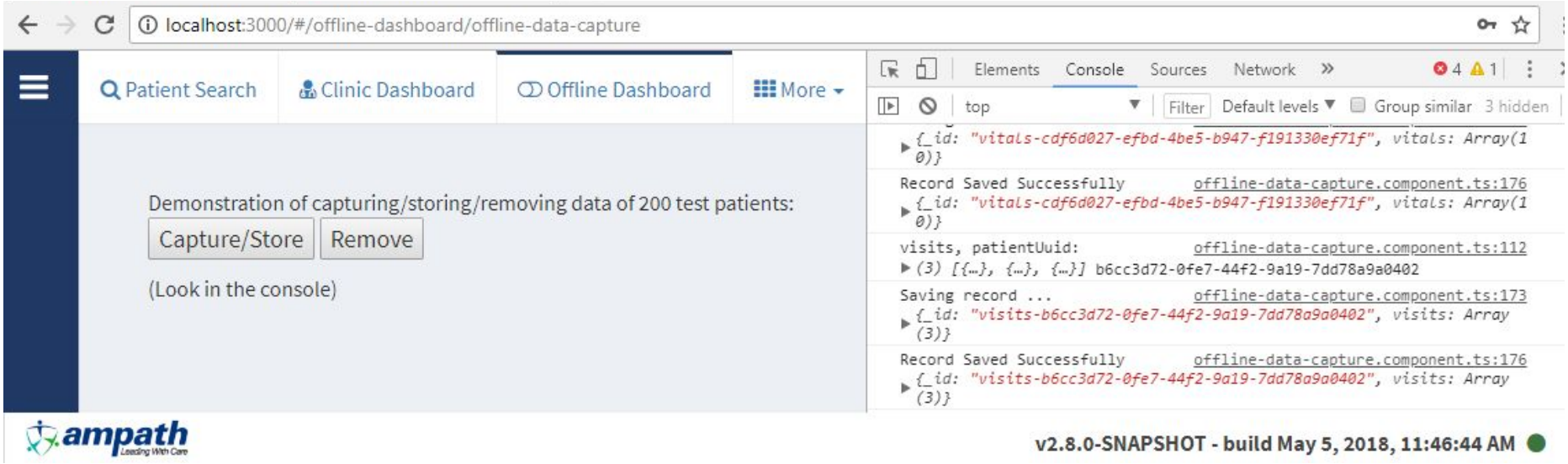


Offline GUI: Implementation

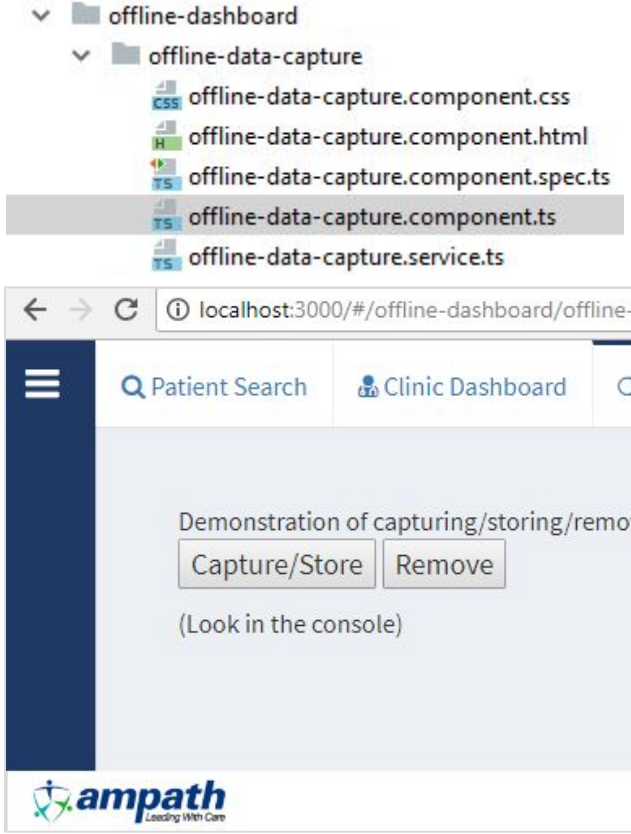


Updated: Capturing Specific Data when Online





Updated: Capturing Specific Data when Online



offline-data-capture.component.ts

```
49   public processPatients(patients, storeOrRemove) {
50     console.log('processPatients.storeOrRemove:', storeOrRemove);
51     for (let patient of patients) {
52       let patientRecord = {
53         '_id': 'patient-' + patient.person.uuid,
54         'patient': patient
55       };
56
57       if (storeOrRemove === 'store') {
58         this.saveRecord(patientRecord);
59
60         this.captureVitals(patient.person.uuid);
61         this.captureVisits(patient.person.uuid);
62
63         // labs and HivSummary are not capturing any data. ETL server issue?
64         // this.captureLabs(patient.person.uuid);
65         // this.captureHivSummary(patient.person.uuid);
66
67       } else {
68         this.removeIfExistingRecord(patientRecord);
69
70         let vitals = { '_id': 'vitals-' + patient.person.uuid };
71         this.removeIfExistingRecord(vitals);
72
73         let visits = { '_id': 'visits-' + patient.person.uuid };
74         this.removeIfExistingRecord(visits);
75
```

Our captureVitals() uses ETL VitalsResourceService

offline-data-capture.component.ts

```
85  public captureVitals(patientUuid): any {
86    console.log('captureVitals:', patientUuid);
87    this._vitalsResourceService.getVitals(patientUuid,  startIndex: 0,  limit: 10)
88      .subscribe( next: (vitals) => {
89          if (vitals.length > 1) {
90            console.log('vitals, patientUuid:', vitals, patientUuid);
91            let patientRecord = {
92              '_id': 'vitals-' + patientUuid,
93              'vitals': vitals
94            };
95            this.saveRecord(patientRecord);
96          }
97        },
98        error: (error) => {
99          console.error('ERROR: captureVitals() failed');
100       });
101 }
```

ng2-amrs-pouchdb 〉 src 〉 app 〉 etl-api 〉 vitals-resource.service.ts 〉

```
7   @Injectable()
8   export class VitalsResourceService {
9
10    constructor(private http: Http, private appSettingsService: AppSettingsService) { }
11    public getUrl(): string {
12
13      return this.appSettingsService.getEtlRestbaseurl().trim() + 'patient';
14    }
15    public getVitals(patientUuid: string, startIndex: number, limit: number): Observable<any> {
16      let url = this.getUrl();
17      url += '/' + patientUuid + '/vitals';
18      let params: URLSearchParams = new URLSearchParams();
19
20      params.set('startIndex', startIndex.toString());
21      params.set('limit', limit.toString());
22
23      return this.http.get(url,  options: {
24        search: params
25      }).map((response: Response) => {
26        return response.json().result;
27      });
28    }
29  }
```

Our captureVisits() uses an OpenMRS Service

offline-data-capture.component.ts

```
103  public captureVisits(patientUuid): any {
104    console.log('captureVisits:', patientUuid);
105    this._encounterResourceService.getEncountersByPatientUuid(patientUuid)
106      .subscribe( next: (visits) => {
107          if (visits.length > 10) {
108            visits = visits.slice(0, 10);
109          }
110
111          if (visits.length > 1) {
112            console.log('visits, patientUuid:', visits, patientUuid);
113            let visitsRecord = {
114              '_id': 'visits-' + patientUuid,
115              'visits': visits
116            };
117            this.saveRecord(visitsRecord);
118          }
119        },
120        error: (error) => {
121          console.error('ERROR: captureVisits() failed');
122        });
123  }
```

ng2-amrs-pouchdb 〉 src 〉 app 〉 openmrs-api 〉 encounter-resource.service.ts

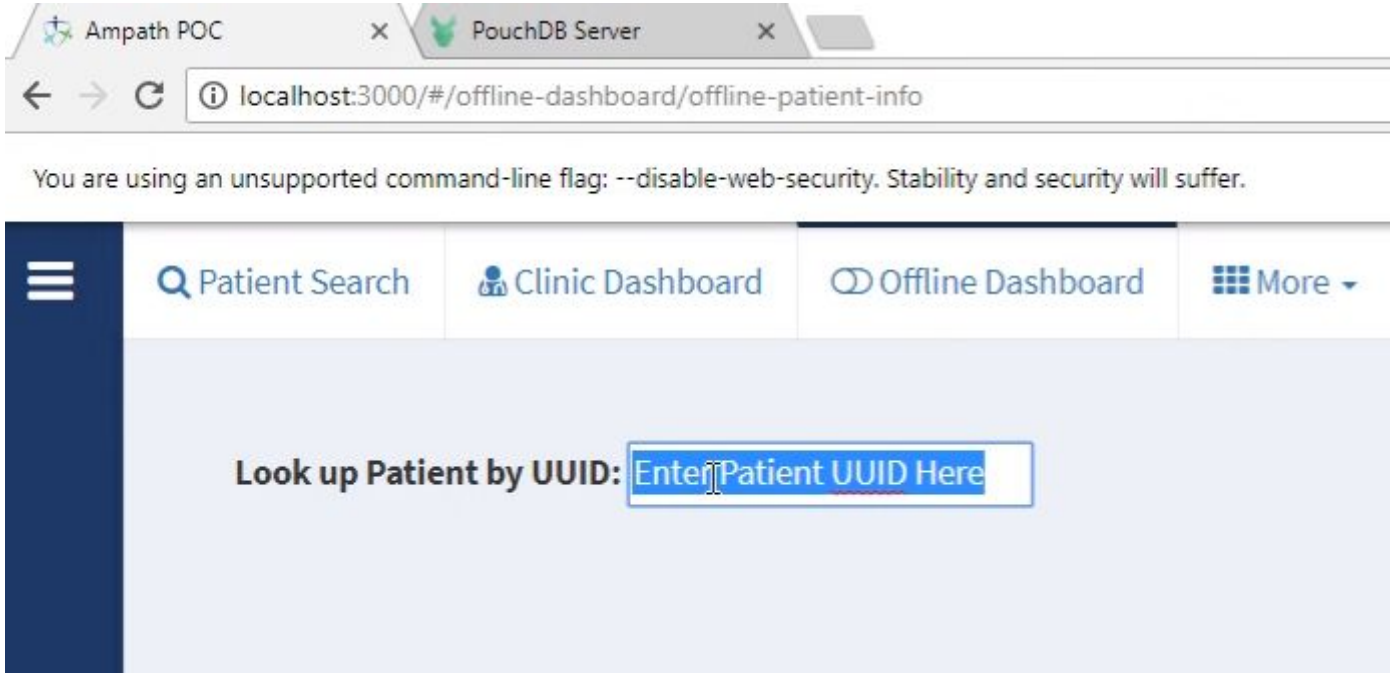
```
6   @Injectable()
7   export class EncounterResourceService {
8     public v: string = 'custom:(uuid,encounterDatetime,' +
9     'patient:(uuid,uuid),form:(uuid,name),' +
10    'visit:(uuid,display,auditInfo,startDatetime,stopDatetime,location:(uuid,display)' +
11          ',visitType:(uuid,name)),' +
12    'location:ref,encounterType:ref,encounterProviders)';
13
20    public getEncountersByPatientUuid(patientUuid: string, cached: boolean = false,
21                                      v: string = null): Observable<any> {
22      if (!patientUuid) {
23        return null;
24      }
25      let url = this.getUrl() + 'encounter';
26      const params = new URLSearchParams();
27      params.set('patient', patientUuid);
28      params.set('v', this.v);
29
30      return this.http.get(url, options: {
31        search: params
32      }).map((response: Response) =>
33        response.json()).flatMap((encounters: any) => {
34
35        if (encounters.results.length >= 500) {
36          params.set('startIndex', '500');
37          return this.http.get(url, options: {
38            search: params
39          }).map((res: Response) => {
40            return encounters.results.concat(res.json().results);
41          });
42        } else {
43          return Observable.of(encounters.results);
44        }
45      });
46    }
```

Labs and HIV Summary

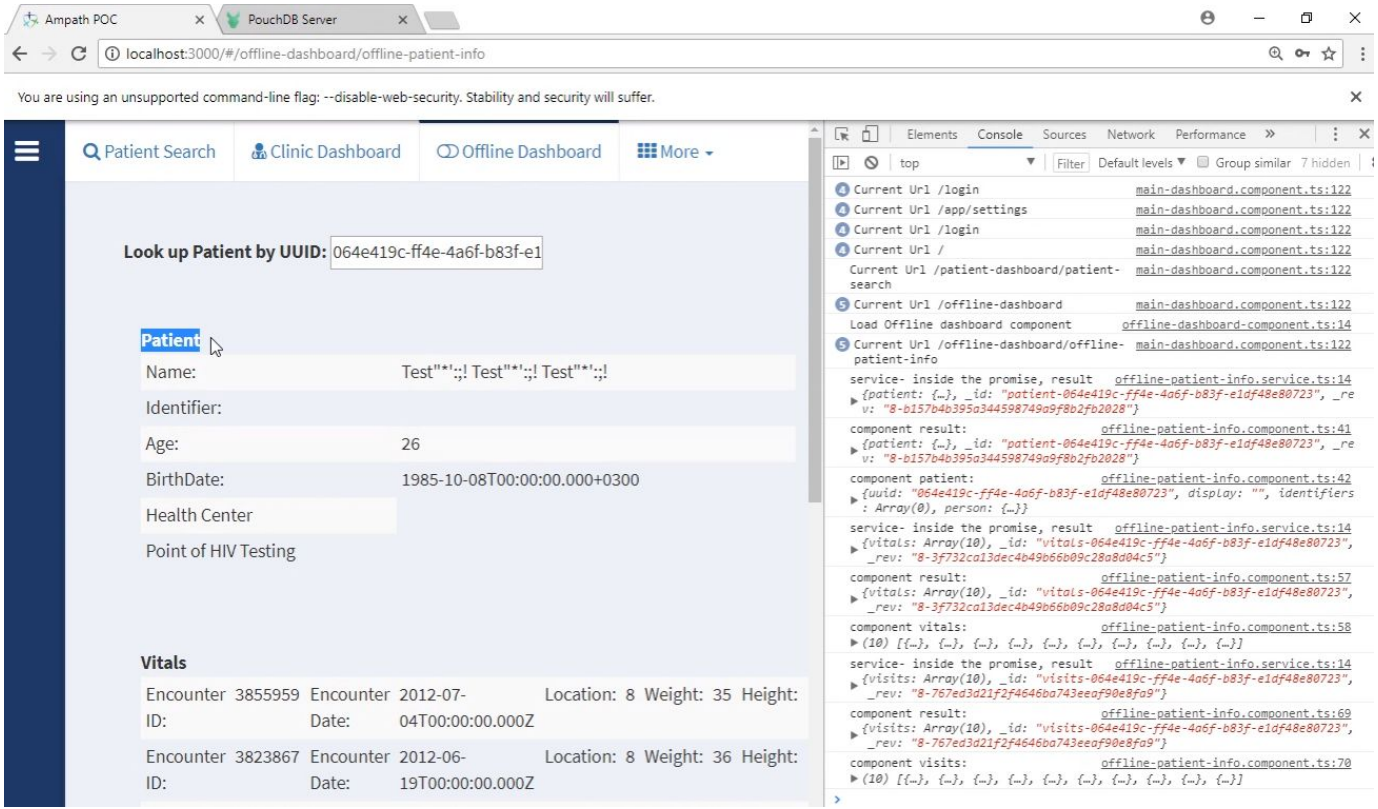
- Note: We implemented functions to capture Labs/HIV Summary data as well.
- Unfortunately, we were unable to verify if these functions worked properly.
- It appears this may be due to either one or both of the following reasons:

    1. We could not properly access the ETL server for this particular data, or
    2. There was no data available for Labs/HIV Summary.
       (Nothing was captured when we tried to run the functions)

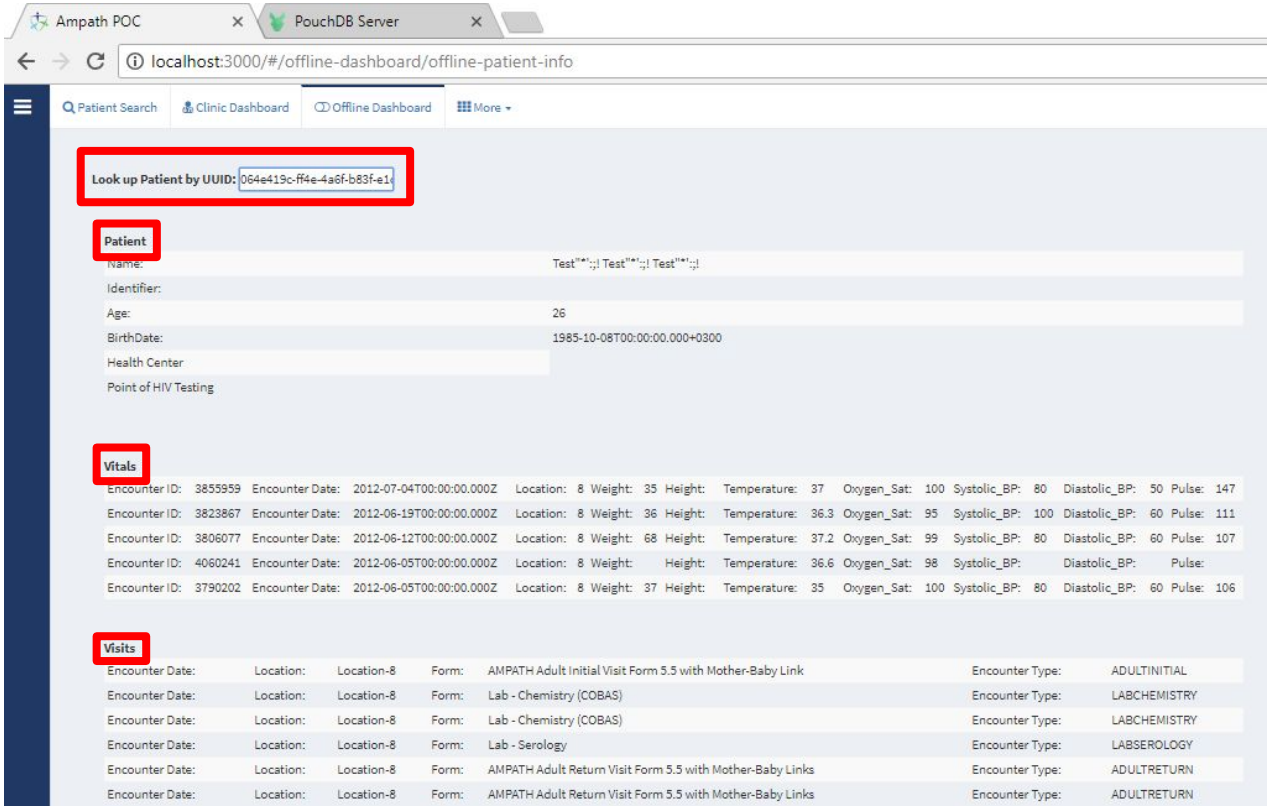
Displaying PouchDB data in Offline GUI



Displaying PouchDB data in Offline GUI



Displaying PouchDB data in Offline GUI



Overall Project

Final Thoughts

Overall Project: Final Thoughts

- Learned a lot about Angular & AMPATH app.
- Working in teams was a great way to learn.
- Overall project felt like a real world experience.
- Online Tracker refactoring seems like a success.
- Offline Data Capture implementation needs work.

Overall Project: Final Thoughts

We wish we were able to complete the following, but ran out of time.

- Having tabs for the offline GUI similar to our mockup.
- Complete implementation of our offline GUI (editing, submission, etc)
- Synchronization between offline and online data.
- Complete testing of our implementations.
- Incorporate all teams' implementations as a whole.

We hope our research will help future AMPATH developers complete such tasks!