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Assignment 4

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/CS20BTECH11054/AI1103/blob /main/Assignment_4/codes/Assignment_4.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/CS20BTECH11054/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment_4/Assignment_4.tex

1 Problem

Let a random variable X follow exponential distribution with mean 2. Define Y = [X - 2|X > 2]. The value of $Pr(Y \ge t)$ is

2 Solution

Given that, Y = [X - 2|X > 2]

$$\Pr(Y \ge t) = \frac{\Pr(X - 2 \ge t, X > 2)}{\Pr(X > 2)}$$
 (2.0.1)

Let the PDF,CDF, and mean for the distribution be f(x), $F_X(x)$ and E(x) such that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, & \text{if } 0 < x < \infty \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.2)

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\lambda x}, & \text{if } 0 < x < \infty \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.3)

$$E(x) = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$
 (2.0.4)

Given, the mean or expected value of the distribution is 2, So, from (2.0.4), we get

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = 2$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{2} \tag{2.0.5}$$

 $Pr(X \ge t + 2)$ can be found by

$$Pr(X \ge t + 2) = Pr(X > t + 2) + Pr(X = t + 2)$$
(2.0.6)

As this probability distribution is continuous, at every random variable x, Pr(X = x) should be zero. So, using this in (2.0.6), we get

$$\Pr(X \ge t + 2) = \Pr(X > t + 2) = 1 - F_X(t + 2) = e^{-\lambda(t+2)}$$
(2.0.7)

Pr(X > 2) can be found by

$$Pr(X > 2) = 1 - F_X(2) = e^{-2\lambda}$$
 (2.0.8)

Substituting (2.0.7) and (2.0.8) in (2.0.1), we get

$$\Pr(Y \ge t) = \frac{e^{-\lambda(t+2)}}{e^{-2\lambda}} = e^{-\lambda t} = e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$$
 (2.0.9)

Therefore, $Pr(Y \ge t) = e^{-\frac{t}{2}}$

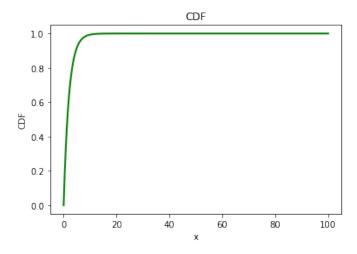


Fig. 0: \mathbf{CDF}

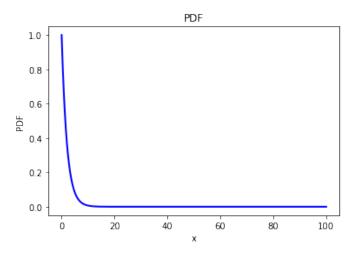


Fig. 0: **PDF**