# AI1103 Assignment-1

## SRIVATSAN T - CS20BTECH11062

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/CS20BTECH11062/AI1103/tree/ main/Assignment-1/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/CS20BTECH11062/AI1103/tree/ main/Assignment-1/Assignment-1.tex

### **OUESTION**

Suppose that 90 % of people are right handed. What is the probability that at most 6 of a random sample of 10 people are right handed?

#### **SOLUTION**

One can either be 'right' handed or 'left' handed. Given that 90 % of the population is 'right' handed and since being 'right' handed and being 'left' handed are mutually exclusive,

- Probability of 'right' handed =  $Pr(R) = \frac{9}{10}$  Probability of 'left' handed =  $Pr(L) = \frac{1}{10}$

One can use binomial distribution to find out the probability that more that 6 people are 'right' handed.

Let X be a variable representing number of people who are 'right' handed in a given sample. Picking different number of people is an example of a Bernoulli trial.

So X has a binomial distribution:

$$\Pr(X = y) = \binom{n}{x} * (l)^{n-y} * (r)^{y}$$
 (0.0.1)

Where

- n = Total number of people = 10
- 1 = Probability that a person is 'left' handed =
- r = Probability that a person is 'right' handed

So,

$$\Pr(X = y) = \binom{n}{y} * \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{n-y} * \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{y} \tag{0.0.2}$$

 $Pr(at most 6 are right handed) = Pr(X \le 6)$  $\implies$  1 - Pr  $(X \ge 7)$ Since

$$\sum_{Y=1}^{10} Pr(X) = 1) \tag{0.0.3}$$

Thus, we can write:

$$1 - \Pr(X \ge 7) = 1 - \sum_{X=7}^{10} \Pr(X)$$
 (0.0.4)

$$\implies 1 - \sum_{y=7}^{10} {10 \choose y} * 0.1^{10-y} * 0.9^y \qquad (0.0.5)$$

$$\implies 1 - \binom{10}{7} * 0.1^{3} * 0.9^{7} - \binom{10}{8} * 0.1^{2} * 0.9^{8}$$
$$- \binom{10}{9} * 0.1^{1} * 0.9^{9} - \binom{10}{10} * 0.1^{0} * 0.9^{10}$$
$$(0.0.6)$$

$$\implies$$
 Pr  $(X \le 6) = 0.012795198$ 

Thus the probability that at most 6 people are 'right' handed out of a random sample of 10 is 0.012795198