

# **PROJECT: NUSCouples**

# **Overview**

NUSCouples is a desktop application targeted at couples studying in the National University of Singapore (NUS). The user interacts with it using a CLI, and it has a GUI created with JavaFX. It is written in Java, and has about 10 kLoC.

# **Summary of contributions**

- Major enhancement: added a timetable field and the ability to view the NUSMods timetable of the person stored in NUSCouples
  - What it does: allows the user to view the schedule of their partner with just one command/one click.
  - Justification: this feature allows the user to keep updated with their partner's school schedule.
- **Minor enhancement**: added a command to compare and display the common breaks in the NUSMods timetable of the person stored in NUSCouples along with one other given timetable.
- Code contributed: [Functional code] [Test code]
- Other contributions:
  - Project management:
    - Managed releases v1.3 v1.5rc (3 releases) on GitHub
  - Enhancements to existing features:
    - Add code to add a timetable field to person (Pull request #71)
    - Add code to parse timetable given an NUSMods URL (Pull request #76)
    - Reimplemented select and created deselect command to view and hide timetable respectively (Pull requests #127, #155)
    - Add command to compare timetables (Pull request #161)
    - Wrote tests (Pull requests #74, #178)
  - Community:
    - PRs reviewed (with non-trivial review comments): #148

# Contributions to the User Guide

Given below are sections I contributed to the User Guide. They showcase my ability to write documentation targeting end-users.

## **Timetable**

### Adding your partner's timetable [Since v1.3]

Refer to [Adding your partner: add]

## Editing your partner's timetable [Since v1.3]

Refer to [Editing your partner: edit]

### Viewing your partner's timetable: tview[Since v1.4]

Shows the current saved timetable of your partner.

Format: tview Alias: tv

TIP

Click your partner's details in the list panel on the left to view your partner's timetable.

Ctrl + Click your partner's details to go back to calendar view.

### Comparing timetable: tcompare [Since v1.5]

Displays the common breaks shared by the given timetable and your partner's timetable in a timetable format.

Format: tcompare tt/TIMETABLE\_URL

Alias: tc tt/TIMETABLE\_URL

- The timetable url provided has to be a valid NUSMods short URL.
- Your partner must exist in NUSCouples before this command can be executed.

#### Examples:

- tcompare tt/http://modsn.us/IO4n5
- tc tt/http://modsn.us/wNuIW

# Contributions to the Developer Guide

Given below are sections I contributed to the Developer Guide. They showcase my ability to write technical documentation and the technical depth of my contributions to the project.

# **Timetable View and Compare feature**

# Adding a Timetable

The Timetable Viewer feature is implemented by Timetable, which will reside in ModelManager.

Users are able to add a shortened NUSMods timetable URL to their existing partner in NUSCouples.

```
Sample shortened NUSMods URL: http://modsn.us/wNuIW
```

We pass the shortened URL through a HttpURLConnection to get the expanded URL.

```
Sample expanded NUSMods URL: https://nusmods.com/timetable/sem-
2/share?CS2101=SEC:C01&CS2103T=TUT:C01&…
```

The expanded NUSMods URL can be generalised and represented in the format ···/timetable/sem-[SEM\_NUM]/share?[MODULE\_CODE]=[LESSON\_TYPE]:[CLASS\_NUM]&[MODULE\_CODE]=[LESSON\_TYPE]:[CLASS\_NUM]&···

We can parse this expanded NUSMods URL to get the SEM\_NUM, as well as the MODULE\_CODE, LESSON\_TYPE and CLASS\_NUM for each of the modules in the timetable.

Using NUSMods API, we can get the WEEK\_TEXT, DAY\_TEXT, START\_TIME, END\_TIME and VENUE of each module.

The following diagram shows how the Timetable class is represented.

A TimetableModule represents one NUSMods module.

The TimetableModuleSlots represents a particular class session of a TimetableModule. (e.g. Tutorial, Lecture, etc)

# **Design Considerations**

Aspect: Implementation of add NUSMods timetable URL

- Alternative 1 (current choice): Accept short URLs only
  - Pros: Easier to implement.
  - Cons: Less user friendly as users can only add one type of URL.
- Alternative 2: Accept both short URLs and expanded URLs
  - Pros: More user friendly as users have the choice to add either short or expanded URLs.
  - Cons: Difficult to check if given expanded NUSMods URL is a valid.

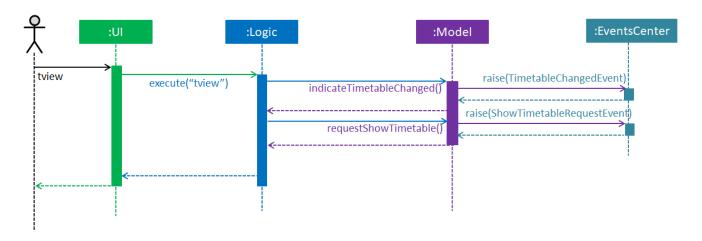
#### Aspect: Data Structure to support implementation of Timetable

- Alternative 1 (current choice): Store information by days of the week and by modules taken
  - Pros: Easy to add new functions on top of this implementation, more flexible.
  - Cons: May be a bit messy to implement due to the need to manage both structures.

- Alternative 2: Store information by days of the week
  - Pros: Easy to add new functions on top of this implementation such as compare timetables by days.
  - Cons: Have to sort information by day during parsing which can be tedious.
- Alternative 3: Store information by modules taken
  - Pros: Easier to implement due to how NUSMods API is structured.
  - Cons: Difficult to extract out information for a particular time slot on a particular day.

## Viewing a Timetable

The following image shows how the tview Command works.



The TimetableChangedEvent is handled by StorageManager which will save the new timetable details into the relevant timetable display files.

```
@Subscribe
public void handleTimetableChangedEvent(TimetableChangedEvent event) {
    setUpTimetableDisplayFiles(event.timetable.getTimetableDisplayInfo());
    setUpTimetablePageHtmlFile();
    raise(new ShowTimetableRequestEvent());
}
```

The ShowTimetableRequestEvent is handled by both ListPanel and MainWindow. The following code snippets show how they are handled.

```
@Subscribe
private void handleShowTimetableRequestEvent (ShowTimetableRequestEvent event) {
   logger.info(LogsCenter.getEventHandlingLogMessage(event));
   scrollTo(PARTNER_INDEX); // selects Partner in ListPanel
}
```

```
@Subscribe
private void handleShowHelpEvent(ShowHelpRequestEvent event) {
    logger.info(LogsCenter.getEventHandlingLogMessage(event));
    handleHelp();
}

public void handleShowTimetable() {
    browserPanel.loadTimetablePage(); // Loads Timetable Page in Browser Panel
    if (!browserPlaceholder.getChildren().contains(browserPanel.getRoot())) {
        browserPlaceholder.getChildren().add(browserPanel.getRoot());
    }
}
```

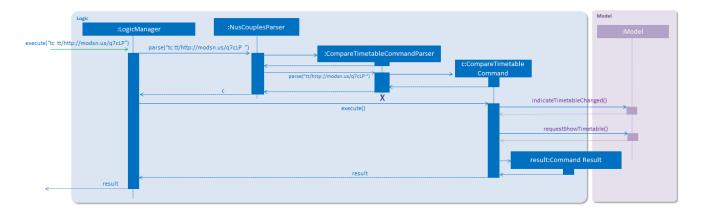
# **Design Considerations**

#### **Aspect: Implementation of storing Timetable Information**

- Alternative 1 (current choice): Stores Information in a HTML file. Edits the javascript array in the HTML file to change the contents of the tables.
  - Pros: Easy to implement.
  - Cons: GUI will be a static web page.
- Alternative 2: Use JavaFX
  - Pros: Provides a friendlier GUI (able to drag and drop table view).
  - Cons: Takes longer to load and display.

## **Comparing Timetables**

The sequence diagram below shows interactions within the Logic Component for the execute("tc tt/http://modsn.us/q7cLP") API call.



Similar to Viewing a Timetable, the CompareTimetableCommand raises two Events: ShowTimetableRequestEvent and TimetableChangedEvent. This updates the relevant files and refreshes the Timetable Page displayed.