### **Boeing Aircraft Route Planner**

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### **Project Foundation**

#### **Project Goals:**

- Develop several different route optimization algorithms. At least one involving more than one aircraft at once. (Create multiple competing heuristics. Analyze which provides better routes and why.)
- Implement cost calculation algorithm (time, fuel, personnel)
- Create input/output processing system (Reads in CSV file data and provides output to visualization mechanism)
- Create a mechanism to visualize the problem and solution(s). (Renders aircraft routes to screen in a user friendly format)

### **Project Boundaries:**

- Limited to static location data
- Fixed cost factors only
- Single route calculation at a time

#### **Required Resources:**

- Development environment
- Algorithm testing framework
- Location and cost data sets (how input files are going to be formatted)
- Computing resources for calculations
- Front-end environment for visualization

#### **Specify computing needs**

• Need a computer capable of running Rust, Python, and Java code (more computing needs might become apparent in the future).

### **Users and Stakeholders**

#### **User Analysis**

- Boeing and their clientele
- We are finding more optimal routes for their aircrafts to save them time and resources.
- They are to be assumed to be able to use simple websites and applications. However, it is assumed that our technology has to stay relatively simple and easy to use. They are expected to give the application information pertaining to a list of nodes, costs, and arcs in a certain format.
- Their key needs are an application that can generate a map of locations, have options for customizing available aircrafts, and an algorithm that finds aircraft routes and displays the information to them. A possible pain point is the speed that the application finds routes and how close the route is to the most optimal route.

#### **Stakeholder Analysis**

• Charles Tullock (boeing official)

#### **Stakeholder Expectations and Requirements**

A common problem in the aviation industry is planning the route an aircraft takes to visit many locations. Each location can be visited at any time, but the costs and benefits of moving between any two locations varies. This project will come up with heuristic solutions to create routes between locations while maximizing benefits and minimizing costs. Developers will be given input files that contain location identifiers and multiple types of costs (time, fuel, personnel) between locations. Students will create an application that consumes these files and produces an output containing the sequence of locations for the route and corresponding total computed costs.

Developers are expected to create multiple competing heuristics. Analyze which provides better routes and why. The input graph will not always be fully connected. Support planning a route for more than one vehicle simultaneously. Any vehicle could go to any location with an available arc but all locations must be visited just once. Also make sure to have a UI to visualize the problem and solution.

**Functional Requirements** 

Feature ID: F001

Name: Route Optimization Algorithms

**Description:** This feature will involve several different competing heuristics to a variation of the

traveling salesman problem. The heuristics will have their own unique strengths for example one

heuristic might work well with multiple airships while a different heuristic works well for one

airship. The algorithms will need to be able to find routes that allow the airship(s) to visit every

given location at least once.

**Priority:** High

**User Stories:** 

1. As a user I want to be able to find a low cost flight plan for my aircrafts so that I can save

money that can be budgeted elsewhere.

**Acceptance Criteria:** 

1. When locations, costs, and amount of aircrafts are given, the Route Optimization

Algorithm shall find an optimized route.

2. The system shall have multiple different Route Optimization Algorithms, with at least

one being able to handle multiple aircrafts.

3. At least one heuristic for multiple aircrafts is made, one heuristic for a sparse graph

(every location can't visit every other location), and one heuristic that finds the optimal

route for a small number of nodes.

Feature ID: F002

Name: Cost Calculation Algorithm

**Description:** This feature when given time, fuel, and personnel of a path will combine the

individual weights into a weight for the total cost.

**Priority:** Low

**User Stories:** 

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1. As a user I want time, fuel, and personnel to be taken into account when calculating a

route's cost so that I have an accurate total cost that I am going to have to pay for the

overall flight plan.

**Acceptance Criteria:** 

1. When time, fuel, and personnel are given, the Cost Calculation Algorithm will calculate

the total costs from each location to every other location.

2. When time, fuel, and personnel are given and you can't travel from location A to location

B, a null (or infinite cost) is returned instead.

Feature ID: F003

Name: Input/output Processing System

**Description:** The input/output processing system will read in CSV files and organize the data

into a valid data structure in Rust for backend calculations. It will also write to a PUML file and

pipeline the results of backend calculations to the Javascript front end.

**Priority:** High

**User Stories:** 

1. As a user I want to be able to give the application a file so that it can make a route

specific to my needs.

**Acceptance Criteria:** 

1. When a CSV file of locations, costs, and amount of airships are given, the input/output

system shall read the input into a suitable data structure for the route optimization

algorithm.

2. When a route is found, the output processing system will write the route data into a

PUML file

3. When a route is found, the output processing system will pipeline the data via wasm-pack

to the Javascript front-end.

Feature ID: F004

Name: User Interface System

**Description:** After the back-end completes calculations of the optimal path, that information will be given to the front-end user interface to be displayed in a manner that most efficiently conveys the optimal path. This user interface system will be prioritizing ease of use and ease of understanding for the user so that anyone could easily describe the information being shown to them without difficulty. A system of nodes and paths will be used to visualize the different potential routes an aircraft could take, where the optimal path would be highlighted and bolded to make it more visible and identifiable to the user.

#### **User Stories:**

1. As a user I want to be able to visualize plan routes so that I can understand where my aircrafts will be flying and to verify that the application is creating complete routes.

**Priority:** Medium

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- 1. When a route is given in the form of a csv (possibly puml) file, a UI will read the file and show a colored path of the nodes and their arcs on the map.
- 2. When a world is given in the form of a csy (possibly puml) file, a UI will read the file and show all the nodes and their connections.
- 3. The UI system shall allow you to select how many aircrafts are available for planning your route.
- 4. The UI system shall allow you to select which route optimization algorithm you want to use (if the algorithm is available for given requirements such as more then one aircraft).

Feature ID: F005

Name: Route Algorithm Analyzer

**Description:** This algorithm will compare the route optimization algorithms routes which includes the time it takes to find a route, the cost of the route, and possibly how flexible the algorithm is (can it solve multiple and single aircraft routes, full graphs, sparse graphs, et.).

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

1. Where the system has a Route Optimization Algorithm, the system shall have a timer to keep track of how long it took to find a route. (Possible requirement?)

2. When given multiple routes from different Route Optimization Algorithms, the Route Algorithm Analyzer shall compare the costs between routes and output which route is cheaper.

## **Technical Requirements**

Specify how your system will be built:

#### **Development Specifications**

- 1. The back-end system that handles input/output, the algorithmic data, and unit tests of the former will be built in Rust utilizing the graph and graph\_builder crates. The front-end system that handles visualization will be built in Javascript, HTML, and CSS. These systems will be connected via the wasm-pack crate.
- 2. May incorporate reading the initial CSV file into SQL if many data operations are needed.
- 3. API integrations needed (To be determined.)
- 4. Development tools and environments. (To be determined.)

#### **Quality Requirements**

- 1. Performance expectations (response times, load capacity)
- 2. Security requirements (To be determined.)
- 3. If given a valid map of locations, a valid flight plan will always be given to the user.
- 4. Compatibility requirements (To be determined.)

### **Documentation and Diagrams**

#### **Required Diagrams**

Use Case Diagram
Show system interactions with users
Include all major functionalities
Data Flow Diagram
Illustrate how data moves through your system
Show major processes and data stores
Entity-Relationship Diagram (if using a database)
Show data structure and relationships
Include attribute lists for each entity

# **Project Planning Timeline**

Organize your development timeline around the planned sprints

# **Validation Strategy**

#### **Review Process**

Self-review the documentation Peer review by team members Professor/advisor review Stakeholder review (if applicable) Final adjustments based on feedback