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Lab A7

EE 329-05

2025 May 7

A7

Introduction:

The code works as intended, with the initial screen showing the correct message with part of the

message blinking and being able to type in different colors. Additionally, the screen successfully

transitioned to the game while being forced to stay within the boundary and jump to the opposite

side with no known bugs. One lesson learned during development was implementing the

LPUART1 to not only send a message to the terminal and utilize the echo with the keyboard, but

also use it to create a basic game within the terminal.

YouTube demo: <a href="https://youtu.be/XUNZTRecJj8">https://youtu.be/XUNZTRecJj8</a>

Baud Rate Calculation:

$$\frac{256*4*10^6}{115.2x10^3} = 8888.89$$

Round up to integer value: 8889 (0x22B9)

```
main.h
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
********************************
* @file
                : main.h
* @brief
               : Header for main.c file.
                  This file contains the common defines of the application.
*******************************
* @attention
* Copyright (c) 2025 STMicroelectronics.
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* in the root directory of this software component.
* If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.
/* USER CODE END Header */
#ifndef __MAIN_H
#define __MAIN_H
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
#include "stm3214xx hal.h"
void Error_Handler(void);
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif /* __MAIN_H */
main.c
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
*******************************
* @file
                : main.c
* @brief
               : Main program body
```

\*

```
* @attention
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* in the root directory of this software component.
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********************************
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -----*/
#include "main.h"
#include <UART.h>
#include <GV.h>
//variable to check if game is started
int start_game = 0;
void SystemClock_Config(void);
/*
* function : main
* INs
     : none
* OUTs : <u>int</u>
* action : Run Part one, switch to game title screen, start game and create
         borders
* authors : Brayden Daly, Zachary Lee
* version : 0.3
* date
       : 250507
 */
int main( void ) {
  HAL_Init();
  LPUART init(); //Initialize UART
  //Print Title Screen for Part 1
  LPUART_Print( "\x1B[3B\x1B[5C" );
  LPUART_Print("All good students read the" );
  LPUART_Print( "\x1B[1B\x1B[21D" );
  LPUART_Print( "\x1B[5m" );
  LPUART_Print( "Reference Manual" );
  LPUART_Print( "\x1B[H" );
  LPUART Print( "\x1B[0m" );
  LPUART_Print( "Input: " );
  //stall until the game is started ('P' Pressed)
  while ( !start_game )
```

```
{
   }
   //start title screen of game
   Splash Screen();
   //Create Border for game
   Create_Border();
}
uart.h
* UART.h
   Created on: May 7, 2025
       Author: <a href="bdaly">bdaly</a>
#ifndef UART_H_
#define UART_H_
#include "main.h"
#include "stm3214xx.h"
#define UART_PORT GPIOG
                             // Define the UART port as GPIOG
#define LEFT_BORDER 20
                             //Define Left border position
#define RIGHT BORDER 140
                             //Define Right border position
#define UPPER BORDER 35
                             //define upper border position
                             //define lower border position
#define LOWER_BORDER 5
// Function Prototypes
void LPUART_init(void);
void LPUART_Print(const char* message);
void LPUART1_IRQHandler(void);
void LPUART_ESC_Print(const char* esc_code, const char* message);
void Splash_Screen(void);
void Create Border(void);
#endif /* UART_H_ */
uart.c
* UART.c
 Created on: May 7, 2025
       Author: <a href="mailto:bdaly">bdaly</a>, <a href="Zachary">Zachary</a> Lee
*/
```

```
#include <main.h>
#include <UART.h>
#include <GV.h>
//global variables to hold the position and start game interrupt
uint32 t x = 0;
uint32_t y = 0;
extern int start game;
/* -----
* function : LPUART init
* INs
       : none
* OUTs : none
* action : initializes UART GPIO (PORT G 7,8), sets baud rate
* authors : <u>Brayden Daly</u>, <u>Zachary</u> Lee
* version : 0.3
* date : 250507
                          */
void LPUART_init( void ) {
  PWR->CR2 |= (PWR CR2 IOSV); // power avail on PG[15:2] (LPUART1)
  RCC->AHB2ENR |= (RCC AHB2ENR GPIOGEN); // enable UART PORT clock
  RCC->APB1ENR2 |= RCC APB1ENR2 LPUART1EN; // enable LPUART clock bridge
  /* USER: configure UART_PORT registers MODER/PUPDR/OTYPER/OSPEEDR then
   select AF mode and specify which function with AFR[0] and AFR[1] */
  //RECEIVER (RX) PG8
  UART PORT->MODER &= ~(GPIO MODER MODE7 | GPIO MODER MODE8);
  //TRANSMITTER (TX) PG7
  UART PORT->MODER |= (GPIO MODER MODE7 1 | GPIO MODER MODE8 1); // Set AF mode
  UART_PORT->OTYPER &= ~(GPIO_OTYPER_OT7);
  //pullups
  UART_PORT->PUPDR &= 0; // Enable pull-up for PG7 and PG8
  // Set very high output speed for PC7, 8
  UART PORT->OSPEEDR |= ((3 << GPIO OSPEEDR OSPEED7 Pos) |
                          (3 << GPIO OSPEEDR OSPEED8 Pos));
  // preset PC0, PC1, PC2, PC3 to 0
  UART_PORT->BRR = (GPIO_PIN_0 | GPIO_PIN_1 | GPIO_PIN_2 | GPIO_PIN_3);
  UART_PORT->AFR[0] &= ~(0x000F << GPIO_AFRL_AFSEL7_Pos); // clear PG7 nibble AF</pre>
  UART PORT->AFR[0] |= (0x0008 << GPIO AFRL AFSEL7 Pos); //set PG7 AF = LPUART1 TX
  UART_PORT->AFR[1] &= ~(0x000F << GPIO_AFRH_AFSEL8_Pos); // clear PG8 nibble AF
  UART_PORT->AFR[1] |= (0x0008 << GPIO_AFRH_AFSEL8_Pos); //set PG8 AF = LPUART1_RX</pre>
  LPUART1->CR1 &= ~(USART CR1 M1 | USART CR1 M0); // 8-bit data
                                                 // enable LPUART1
  LPUART1->CR1 |= USART_CR1_UE;
  LPUART1->CR1 |= (USART_CR1_TE | USART_CR1_RE); // enable xmit & recv
  LPUART1->CR1 |= USART_CR1_RXNEIE; // enable LPUART1 recv interrupt
```

```
LPUART1->ISR &= ~(USART ISR RXNE); // clear Recv-Not-Empty flag
  /* USER: set baud rate register (LPUART1->BRR) */
  LPUART1->BRR = 0x22B9; //8889
  NVIC - > ISER[2] = (1 << (LPUART1 IRQn & 0x1F)); // enable LPUART1 ISR
  __enable_irq();
  //clear screen and move cursor to top left
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[2J" );
  LPUART Print( "\x1b[H" );
}
/*
* function : Move Left Clear
* INs
     : none
* OUTs : none
* action : move the cursor to the left and clear character in previous place
* authors : <u>Brayden Daly</u>, <u>Zachary</u> Lee
* version : 0.3
       : 250507
· ----- */
void Move_Left_Clear( void ) {
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1D" );
  LPUART_Print( " " );
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1D" );
  LPUART Print( "\x1b[1D" );
}
* function : LPUART Print
      : string
* INs
* OUTs
        : none
* action : print a string to the screen
* authors : <u>Brayden Daly</u>, <u>Zachary</u> Lee
* version : 0.3
* date : 250507
· ----- */
void LPUART_Print( const char* message ) {
  uint16 t iStrIdx = 0;
  while ( message[iStrIdx] != 0 ) {
    while(!(LPUART1->ISR & USART_ISR_TXE)) // wait for empty xmit buffer
     LPUART1->TDR = message[iStrIdx];  // send this character
  iStrIdx++;
                                   // advance index to next char
  }
```

```
}
* function : LPUART IRQHandler
* INs
      : none
* OUTs
         : none
* action : Interrupt Handler to check for ESC key presses
* authors : Brayden Daly, Zachary Lee
* version : 0.3
* date : 250507
* ______
void LPUART1_IRQHandler( void ) {
  //set variable to hold which character was received
  uint8 t charRecv;
  //check if there was an interrupt
  if (LPUART1->ISR & USART_ISR_RXNE) {
     //set charRecv as the input from the UART interrupt
     charRecv = LPUART1->RDR;
     //switch to character inputted
     switch ( charRecv ) {
     //If R pressed, make font color red
     case 'R':
        LPUART_Print( "\x1b[31m" );
        break:
     //If P pressed, set start_game to 1
     case 'P':
         start_game = 1;
         break;
     //If B pressed, make font color blue
     case 'B':
         LPUART_Print( "\x1b[34m" );
        break;
     //If G pressed, make font color Green
     case 'G':
         LPUART_Print( "\x1b[32m" );
         break;
     //If W pressed, make font color white
     case 'W':
         LPUART_Print( "\x1b[37m" );
        break:
     //If C pressed, Clear the Screen and move cursor top left
     case 'C':
        LPUART_Print( "\x1b[2J" );
```

```
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
//If i pressed, move character up
case 'i':
  //if reach top border
   if ( y == UPPER BORDER - 1 ) {
      //erase character
     Move_Left_Clear();
      //move down to bottom border
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[27B" );
      //print character
      LPUART_Print( ".......);
      //update y coordinate
     y = LOWER_BORDER + 2;
   }
     //otherwise, move character up and increment y
   else {
     Move Left Clear();
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1A" );
      LPUART_Print( ".......);
     y++;
   }
   break;
//if j pressed move left
case 'i':
   //If character hits the left border
   if ( x == LEFT_BORDER + 1 ) {
      //clear character
      Move_Left_Clear();
      //move down to right border - 2
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[117C" );
      //print character
      LPUART_Print( ".......);
      //update x coordinate
      x = RIGHT_BORDER - 2;
   }
   //otherwise, move character left and decrement x
   else {
      Move_Left_Clear();
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1D" );
     LPUART_Print( "...);
      x--;
   }
   break;
```

```
//If k pressed, move character down
case 'k':
   //if character hits the lower border
   if ( y == LOWER BORDER + 2 ) {
     Move Left Clear();
      //move down to top border - 2
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[27A" );
      //print character
      LPUART Print( "...);
     //update y coordinate
     y = UPPER_BORDER - 1;
   }
   //otherwise, move character down and decrement y
   else {
     //clear character
     Move_Left_Clear();
      //move character down one
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1B" );
      //print character
      LPUART_Print( "...);
      //decrement y
     y--;
    }
   break:
//If l pressed move right and increment x
case '1':
   //If character hits right border
   if ( x == RIGHT_BORDER - 2 ) {
     //clear character
     Move_Left_Clear();
      //move to left boarder - 2
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[117D" );
      //print character
      LPUART_Print( ".......);
     //update x coordinate
      x = LEFT_BORDER + 1;
   //Otherwise, move character right and increment x
   else {
      //clear character
     Move_Left_Clear();
      //move character right one
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1C" );
```

```
//print character
           LPUART_Print( ".......);
           //increment x
           X++;
        }
        break;
     //for default, wait for TX buffer
     default:
        while ( !(LPUART1->ISR & USART_ISR_TXE) )
             ; // wait for empty TX buffer
        }
        //reset start game
        start_game = 0;
        LPUART1->TDR = charRecv; // echo char to terminal
     } // end switch
  }
}
/* -----
* function : Splash_Screen
* INs
        : none
* OUTs
        : none
* action : Prints Title Screen for Game
* authors : <u>Brayden Daly</u>, <u>Zachary</u> Lee
* version : 0.3
* date : 250507
void Splash_Screen( void ) {
  //set temporary variable to toggle for moving stars
  uint8_t tempvar = 0;
  //clear screen
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[2J" );
  //move cursor to top left
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
  //move down 15
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[15B" );
  //move 60 to the right
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[60C" );
  //print name of game
  LPUART_Print( "WELCOME TO 329 PRISON © ");
  //iterate to toggle stars
  for ( uint8_t i = 0; i < 10; i++ ) {
```

```
//switch statement for toggling stars
switch(tempvar) {
  //if 0, print stars in certain position
  case (0):
    //move cursor to top left
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
    //move cursor down 10
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[10B" );
    //move cursor 50 to the right
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[50C" );
    //print the stars
    //move cursor upper left
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
    //move down 20
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[20B" );
    //move 50 to the right
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[50C" );
    //print stars
    //otherwise, print stars in another position to make them twinkle
  case(1):
    //move cursor to top left
    LPUART Print( "\x1b[H" );
    //move cursor down 10
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[10B" );
    //move cursor 51 to the right
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[51C" );
    //print stars
    //move cursor upper left
    LPUART Print( "\x1b[H" );
    //move 20 down
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[20B" );
    //move 51 right
    LPUART_Print( "\x1b[51C" );
    //print stars again
    break;
//delay small amount for animation
delay_us(200000);
```

```
//toggle to next case statement
      tempvar ^= 1;
   }
   //go to top left
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
   //move to upper left border
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[21C" );
  LPUART_Print( "\x1b[34B" );
   //delay small amount of time
   delay_us(500000);
   //animation to have character run across the screen
   //iterate until it is done running
   for ( uint32_t i = 0; i < 120; i++ ) {
      //clear character
      Move_Left_Clear();
      //print character
      LPUART_Print( "...");
      //move character right one
      LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1C" );
      //small delay
      delay_us(50000);
   }
   //another delay
   delay_us(500000);
   //clear
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[2J" );
   //go to top left
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
   //set start coordinates to middle of screen
   x = 80;
   y = 20;
* function : Create_Border
* INs
        : none
* OUTs
         : none
* action : Creates the border for the game
* authors : <u>Brayden</u> <u>Daly</u>, <u>Zachary</u> Lee
* version : 0.3
* date
         : 250507
void Create_Border( void ) {
```

```
//clear
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[2J" );
//go to top left
LPUART Print( "\x1b[H" );
//set cursor to LEFT BORDER and upper border
//move to upper left border
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[20C" );
LPUART Print( "\x1b[5B" );
//print the ceiling of the border
for ( uint32_t i = 0; i < (RIGHT_BORDER - LEFT_BORDER); i++ ) {</pre>
   LPUART Print("-");
}
//move to upper left border
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
//move 20 to the right
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[20C" );
//move 5 down
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[5B" );
// Draw the side borders
for (uint32_t i = 0; i < (UPPER_BORDER - LOWER_BORDER); i++) {</pre>
   LPUART Print( " " );
                            //Print Left border
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1D" );
                                   // Move back to the left 1 column
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[120C" );
                                       // Move back to the right 30 columns
   LPUART Print( " " );
                                //print right border
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[1B" );
                                  // Move down 1 row
   LPUART_Print( "\x1b[121D" );
                                       // Move back to the left 1 columns
}
//go to top left
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
//move to upper left border
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[21C" );
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[34B" );
//print the floor of the border
for ( uint32_t i = 0; i < (RIGHT_BORDER - LEFT_BORDER - 1); i++ ) {</pre>
   LPUART_Print( "-" );
}
//go to top left
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[H" );
//move the cursor to center of screen
LPUART Print( "\x1b[20B" );
LPUART_Print( "\x1b[80C" );
//print character
LPUART_Print( "...);
```

```
}
delay.h
* delay.h
 Created on: Apr 21, 2025
     Author: <a href="bdaly">bdaly</a>
*/
#ifndef INC_DELAY_H_
#define INC_DELAY_H_
#include "stm3214xx hal.h"
void SysTick_Init( void );
void Delay_Us( const uint32_t time_us );
#endif /* INC DELAY H */
delav.c
#include "main.h"
#include "Delay.h"
#include "stm3214xx.h"
#include <stdint.h>
/*
* function : SysTick_Init(void);
       : none
* INs
* OUTs
       : none
* action : Configures the ARM Cortex-M SysTick timer for microsecond delays.
         Disables interrupts and sets it to use the processor clock.
* authors : Brayden Daly, Tyler Wong
* version : 0.3
* date : 253004
* ______ */
void SysTick_Init( void ) {
  SysTick->CTRL |= (SysTick_CTRL_ENABLE_Msk | // Enable SysTick
                  SysTick_CTRL_CLKSOURCE_Msk);
                                           // Use processor clock
  SysTick->CTRL &= ~(SysTick_CTRL_TICKINT_Msk); // Disable SysTick interrupt
}
/* -----
* function : delay us(uint32 t time us);
* INs
      : time_us - number of microseconds to delay
* OUTs
       : none (blocking delay)
* action : Uses SysTick countdown to delay for specified number of microseconds.
```

```
Note: small values may result in longer-than-expected delay.
* authors : Brayden Daly
* version : 0.3
* date : 253004
void delay_us( const uint32_t time_us ) {
   // Calculate number of clock cycles for the desired delay
   SysTick->LOAD = (uint32_t)((time_us * (SystemCoreClock / 1000000)) - 1);
                                                         // Reset SysTick counter
   SysTick->VAL = 0;
   SysTick->CTRL &= ~(SysTick_CTRL_COUNTFLAG_Msk);  // Clear count flag
   while (!(SysTick->CTRL & SysTick_CTRL_COUNTFLAG_Msk)); // Wait for countdown
}
* GV.h
* Created on: May 7, 2025
       Author: <a href="mailto:bdaly">bdaly</a>
*/
#ifndef GV_H_
#define GV_H_
extern int start_game;
```

#endif /\* INC\_GV\_H\_ \*/