Voice Dev 3

CS571: Building User Interfaces

Cole Nelson

Today's Warmup

- Clone today's code to your machine.
 - Run the command npm install inside of the starter and solution folders.
- Create and train the following intents in wit.ai...
 - o get_comments e.g. "get 4 comments"
 - login e.g. "log me in"
 - logout e.g. "log me out"
 - create_commente.g. "create a comment"

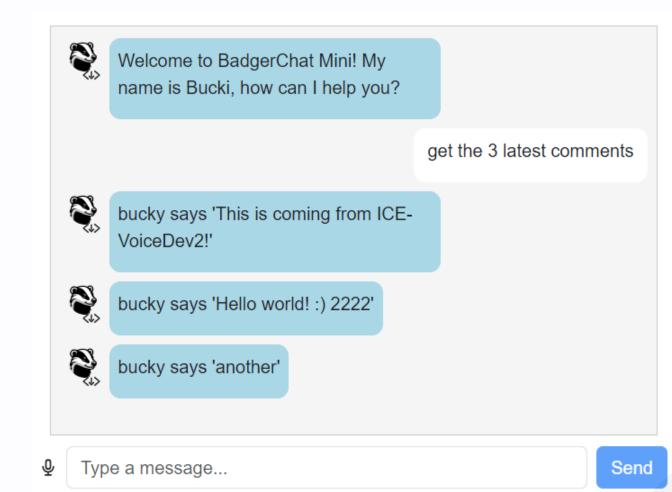
Learning Objectives

- 1. Be able to keep the context of the conversation.
- 2. Be able to delegate to subagents.
- 3. Be able to appreciate other neat features, such as traits, speech-to-text translation, and text-to-speech synthesis.

Your Turn!

Implement
get_messages for
BadgerChat Mini!

Here's the web version you built...



Looking Ahead...

We still need to implement login and create_comment, but how would these be expressed?

"Log me in with username **bucky124** and password **myp@ssw0rd**." ← seems silly!

There is no Wit.Al entity to handle this, usernames and passwords are unpredictable!

Possible Solution

Step out of Wit.Al for a moment!

When the login intent has been triggered, ask the user for their username and set the stage to "FOLLOWUP USERNAME"

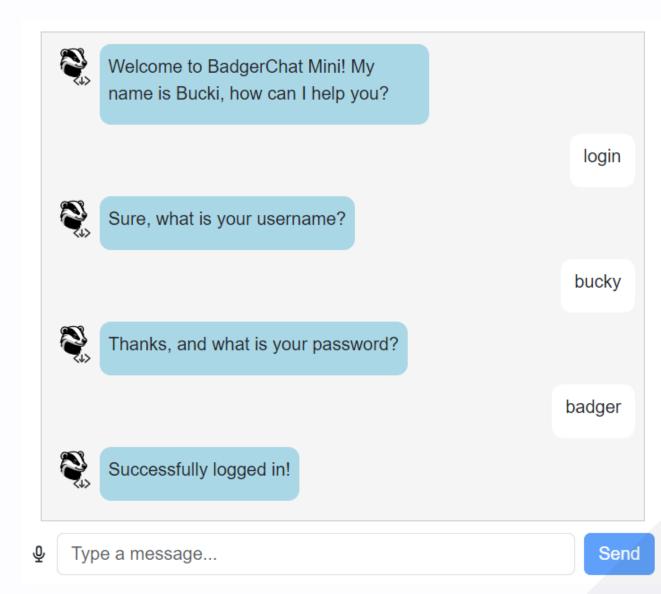
On the next handleReceive, ask for their password and set the stage to "FOLLOWUP_PASSWORD"

Finally, on the next handleReceive, attempt to login.

Your Turn!

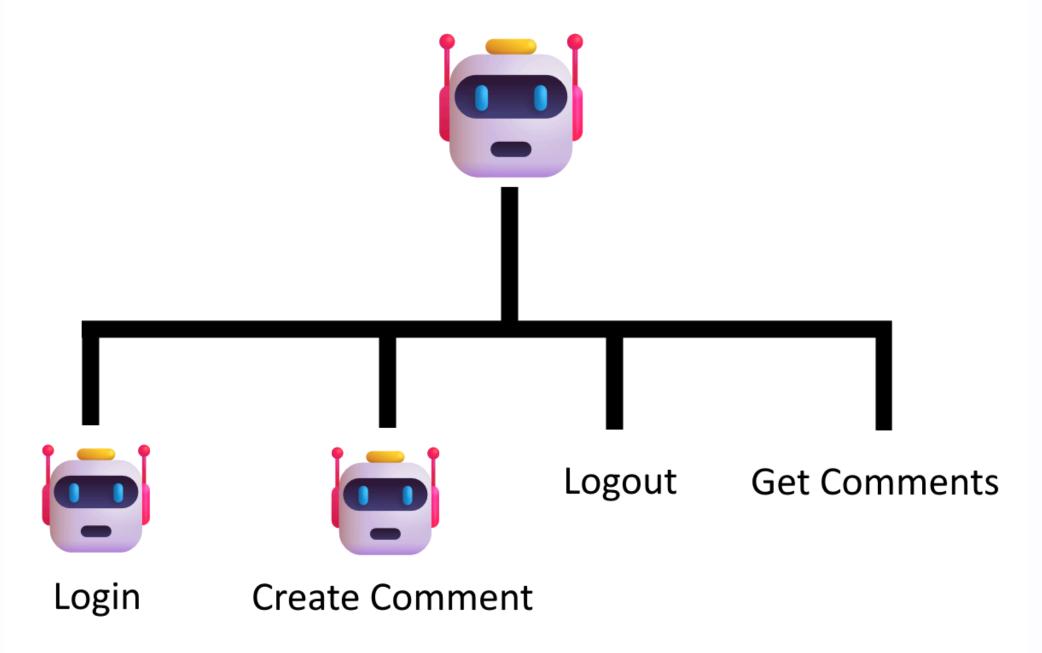
Implement login for BadgerChat Mini!

- bucky,badger
- pete608,gopioneers!
- gophy77,boooo



```
const createChatAgent = () => {
    const CS571_WITAI_ACCESS_TOKEN = "...";
    // We may have a lot to keep track of!
    let stage;
    let comment, commentConfirm;
    let loginUsername, loginPassword;
    const handleInitialize = async () => {
        return "Welcome to BadgerChat Mini";
   // ...
export default createChatAgent;
```

Having many intents → Having many context variables



In ChatAgent.js

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```
const createChatAgent = () => {
   const delegator = createChatDelegator();
   const handleReceive = async (prompt) => {
        if (delegator.hasDelegate()) { return delegator.handleDelegation(prompt); }
       // ...
   // ...
   const handleLogin = async (promptData) => {
        return await delegator.beginDelegation("LOGIN", promptData);
   const handleCreateComment = async (promptData) => {
        return await delegator.beginDelegation("CREATE", promptData);
```

In ChatDelegator.js

```
const createChatDelegator = () => {
   let delegate;

const DELEGATE_MAP = {
    "LOGIN": createLoginSubAgent,
    "CREATE": createCommentSubAgent
}

// ...
```

... with functions to begin and end delegation.

In LoginSubAgent.js ...

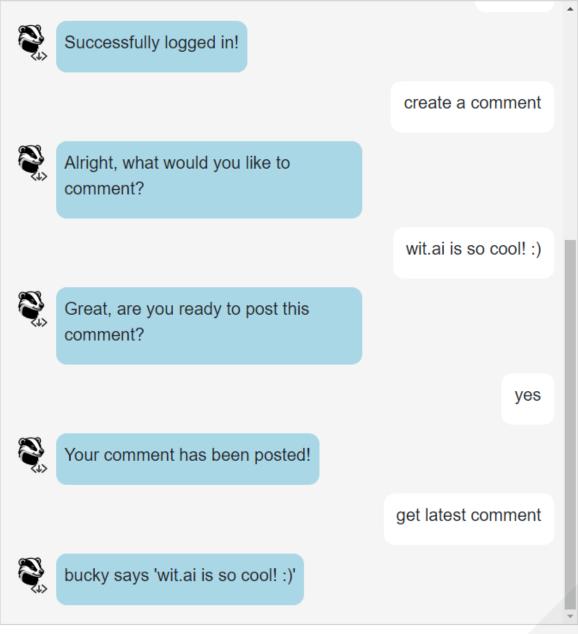
```
const createLoginSubAgent = (end) => {
             let stage;
             const handleInitialize = async (promptData) => {
                 return "I should handle logging in!";
             const handleReceive = async (prompt) => {
                 switch(stage) {
                     case "FOLLOWUP USERNAME": return await handleFollowupUsername(prompt);
                     case "FOLLOWUP_PASSWORD": return await handleFollowupPassword(prompt);
             const handleFollowupUsername = async (prompt) => { }
             const handleFollowupPassword = async (prompt) => {
               // ...
               end();
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```

In CreateCommentSubAgent.js ...

```
const createCommentSubAgent = (end) => {
   let stage;
   const handleInitialize = async (promptData) => {
        return "I should handle creating a comment!";
    const handleReceive = async (prompt) => {
        switch(stage) {
           case "FOLLOWUP COMMENT": return await handleFollowupComment(prompt);
           case "FOLLOWUP_CONFIRM": return await handleFollowupConfirm(prompt);
    const handleFollowupComment = async (prompt) => { }
    const handleFollowupConfirm = async (prompt) => {
       // ...
       end();
```

Your Turn!

Delegate and implement create_comment for BadgerChat Mini!



Other Features

Text-to-Speech handleSynthesis

```
const resp = await fetch(`https://api.wit.ai/synthesize`, {
    method: "POST",
    headers: {
        "Content-Type": "application/json",
        "Accept": "audio/wav",
        "Authorization": `Bearer ...`
    body: JSON.stringify({
        q: "This is the text I would like to transcribe!",
        voice: "Rebecca",
        style: "soft"
```

Speech-to-Text handleTranscription

```
const resp = await fetch(`https://api.wit.ai/dictation`, {
    method: "POST",
    headers: {
        "Content-Type": "...",
        "Authorization": `Bearer ...`
    },
    body: rawSound
})
```

Content-Type is limited to a range of audio types, *not* what is recorded by default.

Traits

Used for detecting certain traits like user sentiment.



Questions?