How to Be a Good Software Engineer

not only a Programmer

Dr. Umit Yalcinalp

Umit Yalcinalp

- Software Architect, Researcher
 - Adobe; Oracle; Sun Microsystems; SAP; ...
- Technologist
 - Java, XML, Web Standards; Cloud Computing; Infrastructure; Metaprogramming, ...
- Tech Education and Evangelism
 - · Salesforce; SAP;
 - Mills College;
 - Conferences
- Startup

What is this talk about

- Coding is fashionable! So what is the problem?
 "Be a software engineer in 6 weeks!"
- Some Distilled Lessons learned in 20+ yrs
- How to stay alive and thrive
- What to look for in a working environment

Lets look at a typical problem

Problem:

There are student records with following information: id, firstname, lastname, street, city, state,

zipcode, year_started, status.

Data:

10, mary, jones, 24 Bellweather street, San Francisco, California, 94114, 2014, G 130, bill, pecke, 1000 Morane Street Apt 14, Palo Alto, California, 94303, 2013, G 132, jack, drumms, 343 Marylane, Boston, MA, 23030, 2010, S

We need them sorted by last name.

Discussion

How about this?

sort -f -b -k=3 -t="," studentfile

You can get a lot done in Unix/Linux/Shell scripts

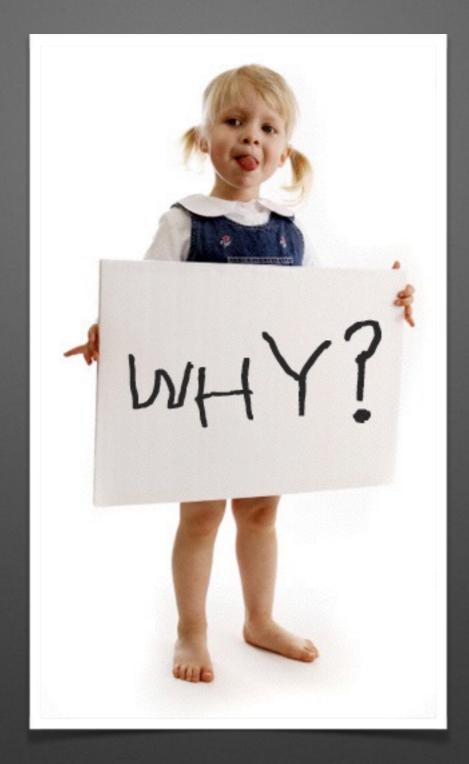
(Yep!) Many Approaches:

- Write a program in my favorite dev environment (Java, Python,...)
- Use a sorting library I found in open source
- Write a UNIX shell script that uses a sort utility
- Import them in a database & use the database language (SQL, ...)
- Develop a web service that will expose student records in different ways
- Develop a system that will enable us to examine all the student records with a nice graphical interface

• ...

Before writing Code

- What are the use cases? Are there more than one?
- How and where will this be used?
 - Ways of input/output, Size of input/output
 - Are there restrictions on usage?
 - What should this be?
 Some Function in a library
 Do we need an exposed API
 Should it be a Service, ...



What is the problem we are solving?

Photo: http://www.sheknows.com/parenting/articles/804453/why-mommy-why

```
# Include <5 (alb. h)
int main(void)
{
  int count;
  for (count = 1; count <= 500; count ++)
    printf ("I will not throw paper dirplanes in class.");
  return 0;
}

MEND 18-3
```

Rule #1

A Solution is

as good as

the assumptions you make

&

use cases

you have addressed

When you are interviewing

- Know your algorithms, complexity etc.
- You may illustrate more than one approach and explain why
- State your assumptions explicitly
- Always ask questions to understand the use case(s)

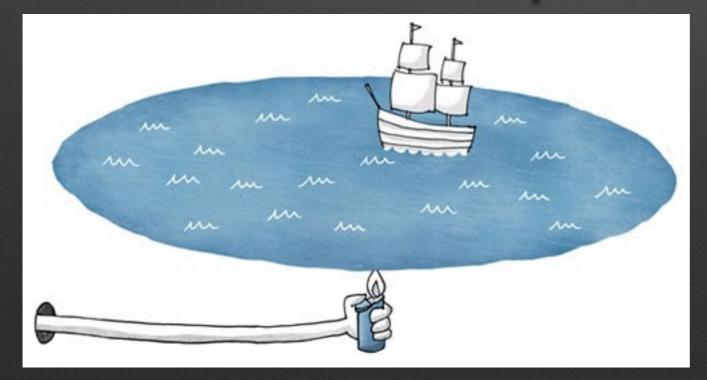
When you are developing

- Always ask questions to understand the use case(s)
- Always document assumptions and use cases
 - Use your dev environments coding practices
 - Don't write cryptic code
 not x = x+y but miles = miles + bonus
- Always develop tests for your code
- Integrate with or contribute to end2end use case testing

Methodology Issues



- Keep it too small —> Bottom up
- Boil the ocean —> Top down



Be #SmartAgile

- Start Small
- Think Big
- Iterate, Iterate, Iterate
- Change Course with new findings at each step

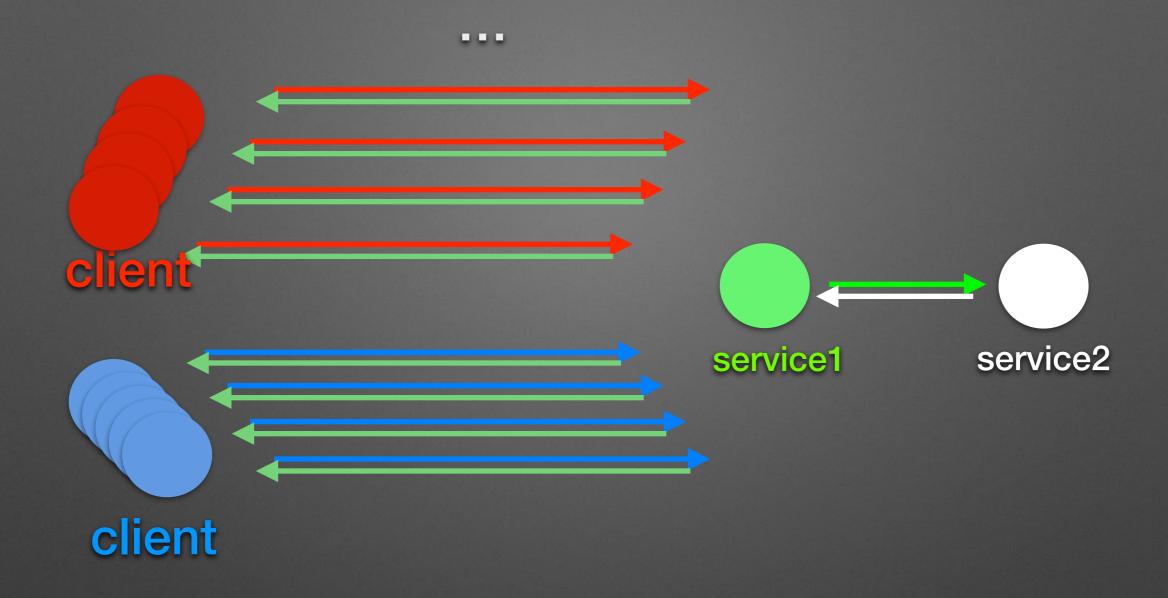
(also lean principles)

Rule #2: Think Systems and Architecture not App





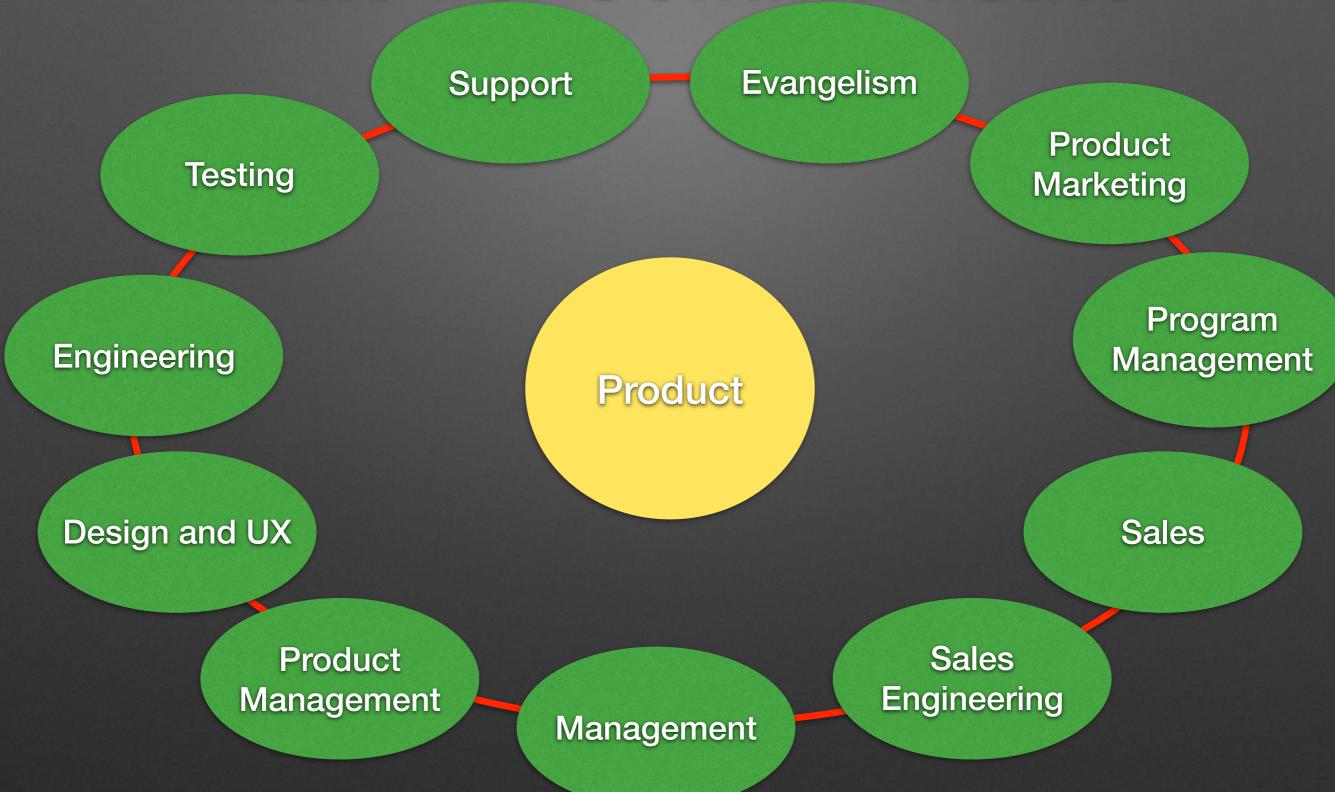




- Protocols
- Types of clients
- Responsibilities of each service and component in each service = Stack Architecture
- Security

Build on what you learn in this course...

Rule #3: Communicate



Strategy Issues

- Building things no one wants
- Building with bad software design



Rule #4: self.update();

- static final boolean CHANGE = true;
- Spend 1 hr each day minimum to learn something new
- Free Options:
 - Meetups and hackathons (Amazon, <u>salesforce.com</u>, Google, ...)
 - Subscribe to articles (InfoQ)
 - Seminars in your school and elsewhere

Thank you!

Last words: Always think of how with why

