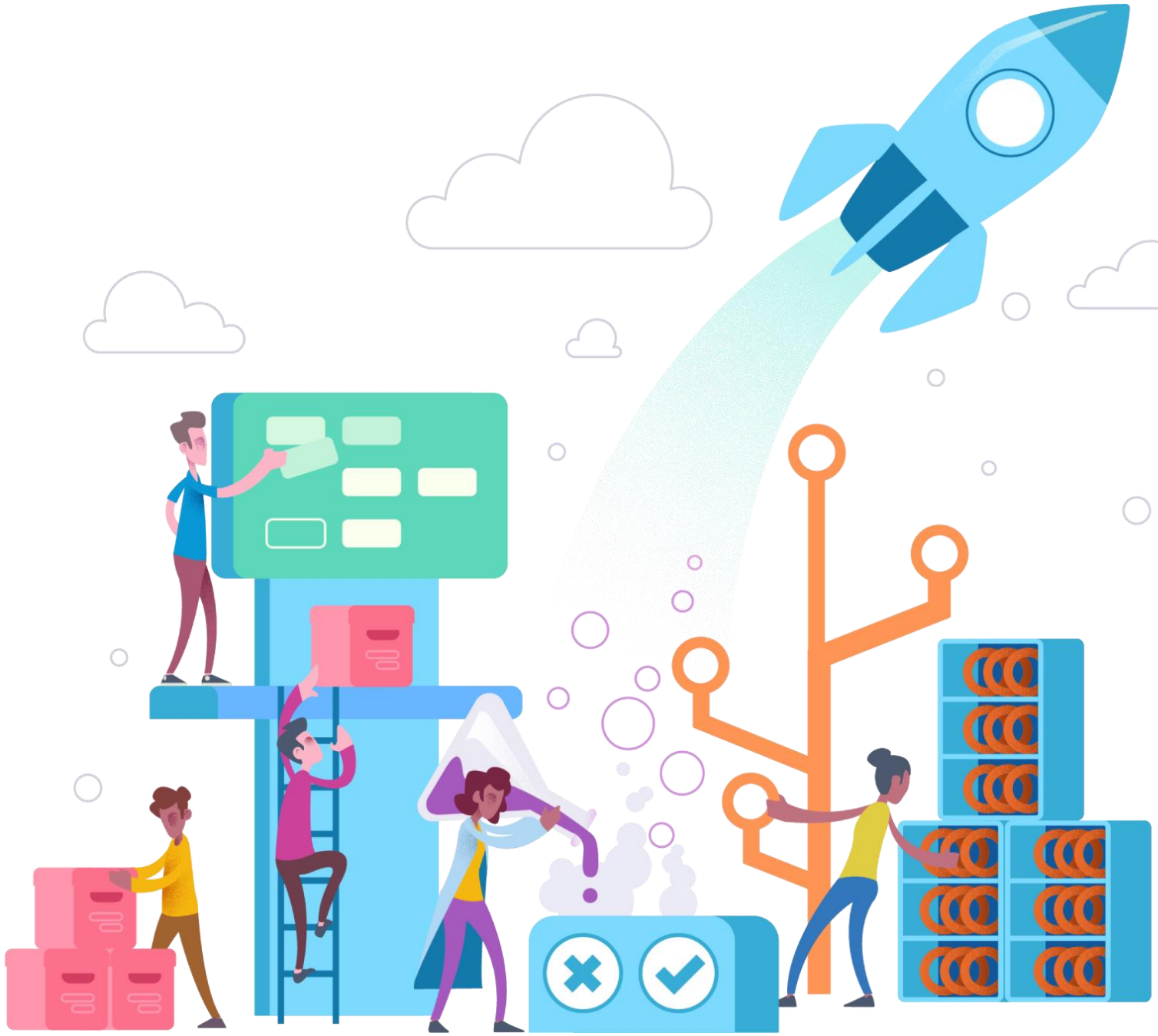
Microsoft

Azure DevOps

Christian Dennig
Andreas Mock



Agenda

- Theorie
  - What is DevOps?
  - DevOps Building blocks
  - DevOps on Azure
- Praxis / HandsOn
  - Let's Hack ☺
  - https://github.com/CSA-OCP-GER/DevOpsHackEssentials

Who are we?

Christian Dennig
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Cloud Solution Architect
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Cloud Solutions Architect
@andreasM009

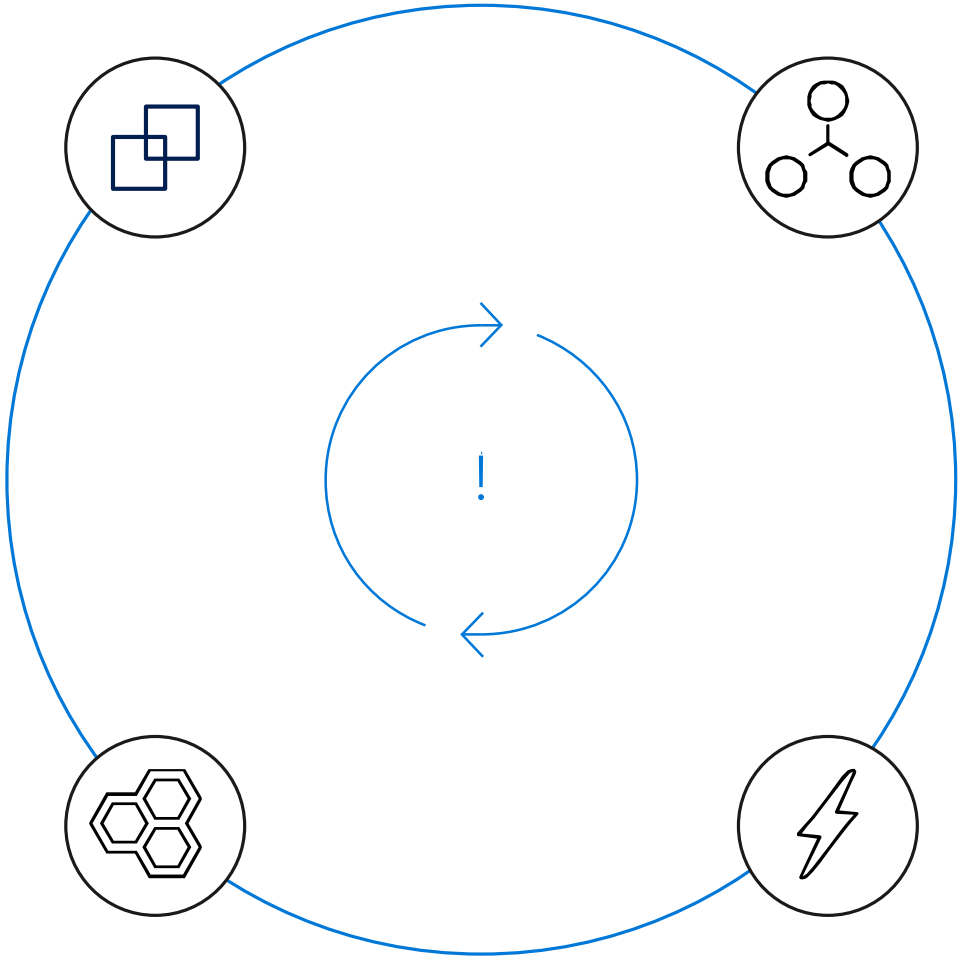
Feedback erwünscht...

https://aka.ms/icbdevops

Common software delivery challenges

Low Deployment Frequency

High Lead Time For Changes



High Change Failure Rate

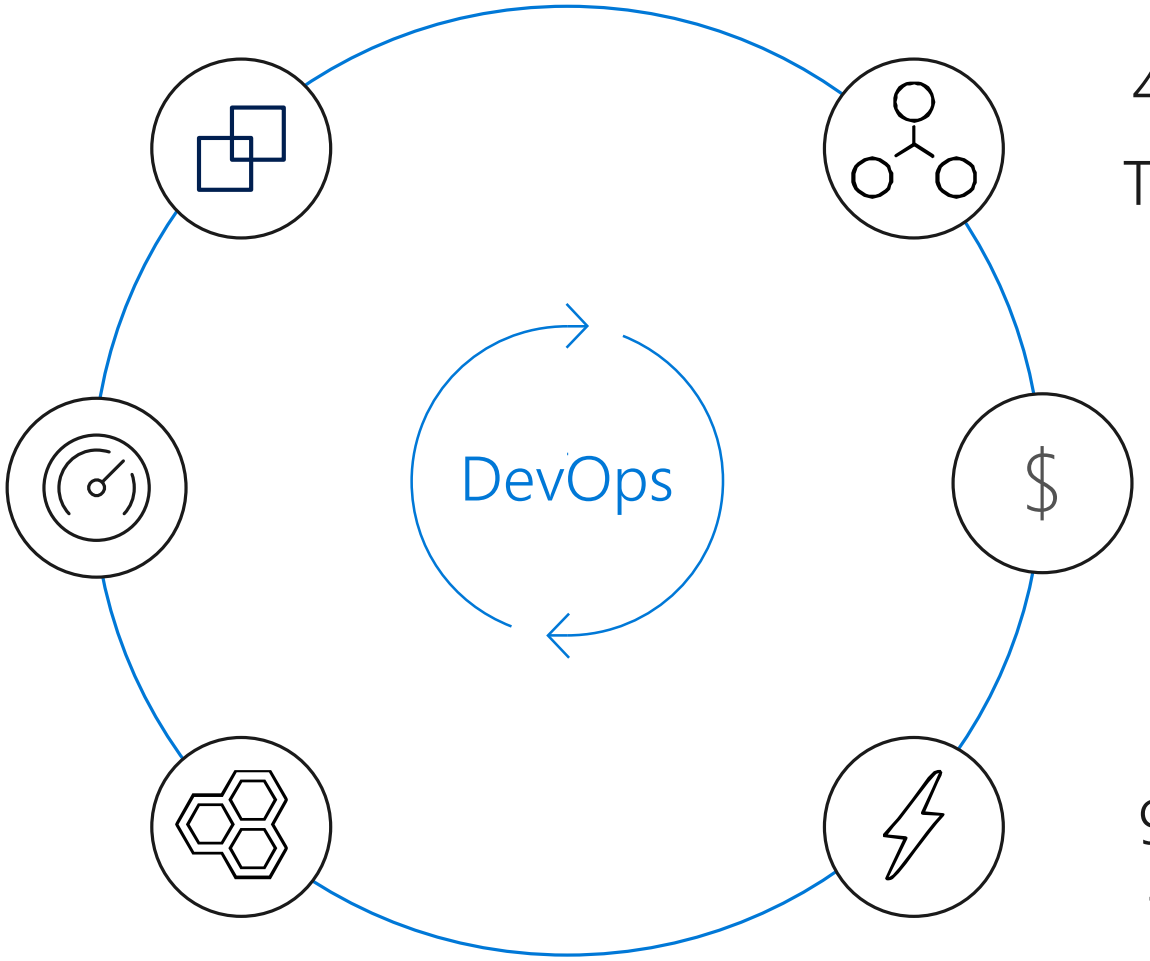
Long Mean Time to Recover

High Performance DevOps Companies Achieve…

46x Deployment Frequency

440x Faster Lead Time For Changes

20% Faster Time to Market



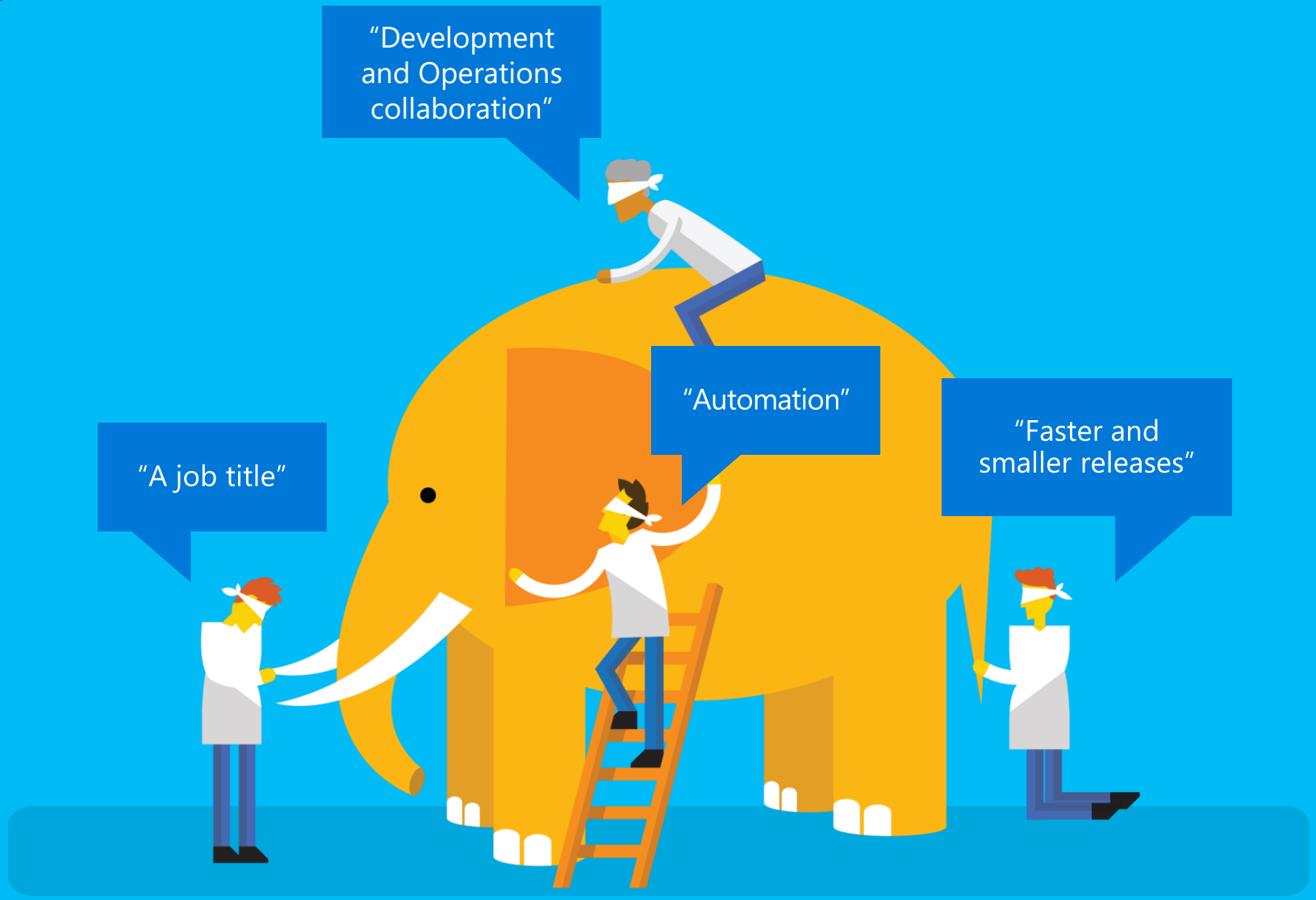
20% Increase Revenue

5x Lower Change Failure Rate

96x Faster Mean Time to Recover

Source: 2017 State of DevOps Report: Presented by Puppet and DORA

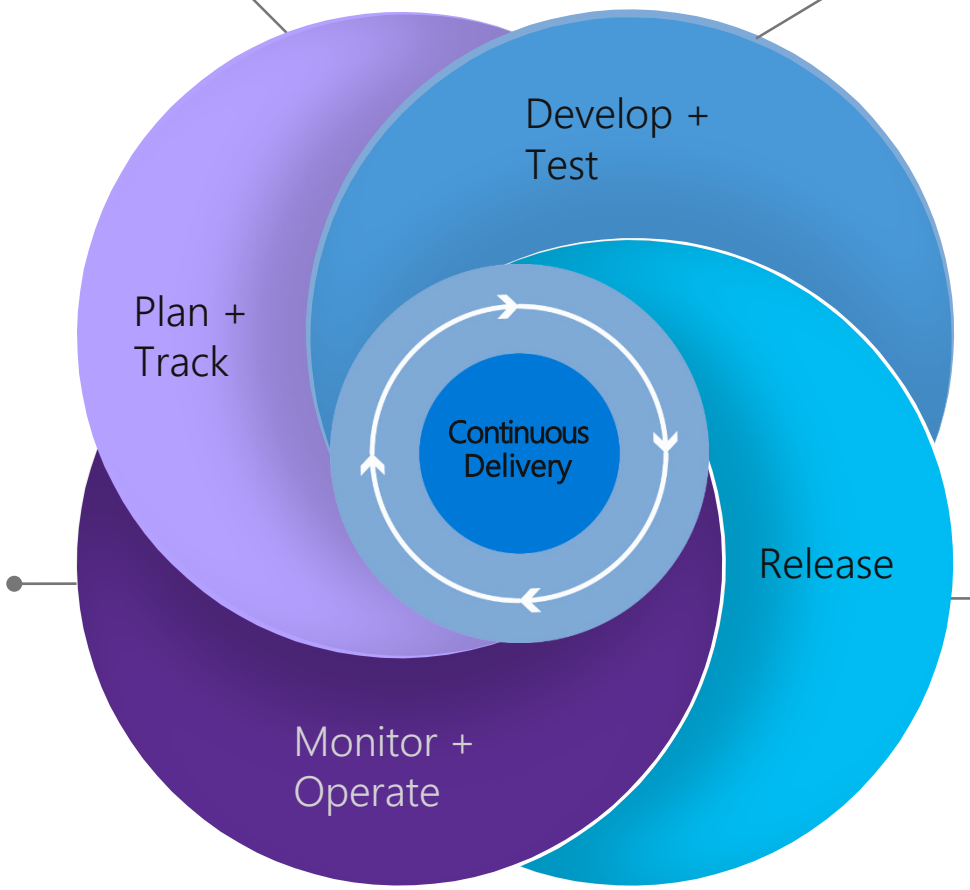
What is DevOps?



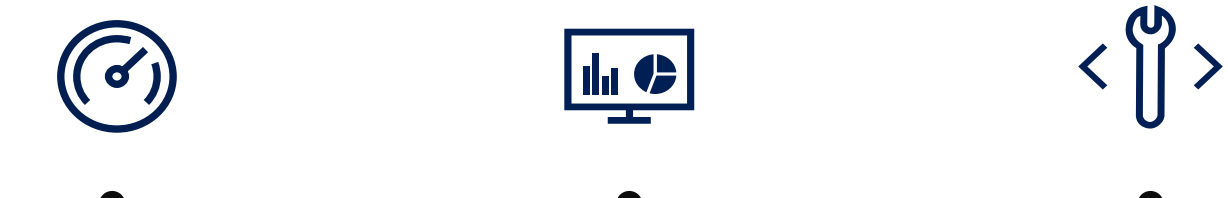
What is DevOps?

People. Process. Technology.

DevOps is the union of people, process, and technology to enable continuous delivery of value to your end users.



Deliver faster and more reliably.



Simple

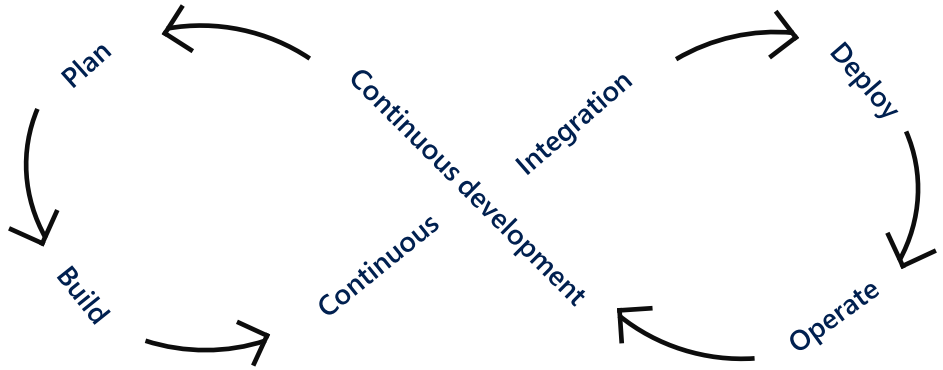
End-to-end DevOps Solutions

Reliable

Enterprise-grade platforms & services

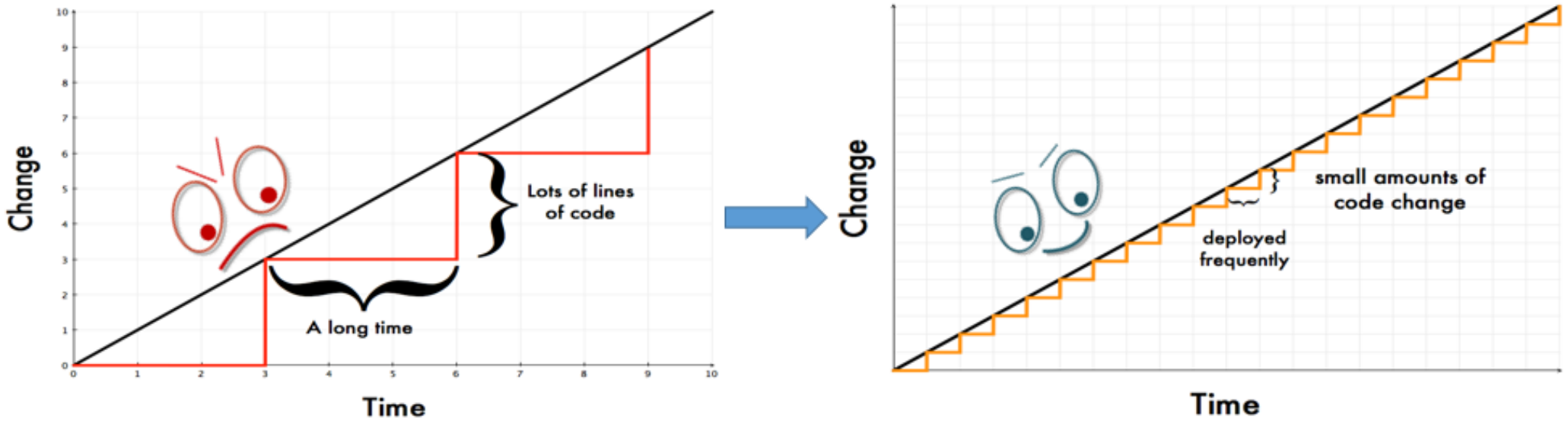
Open

Use the tools & languages you know



From slow delivery cycles to fast delivery cycles

John Allspaw's visual – From slow delivery cycles to fast delivery cycles



Azure DevOps

Azure Boards

Agile Management

Azure Repos

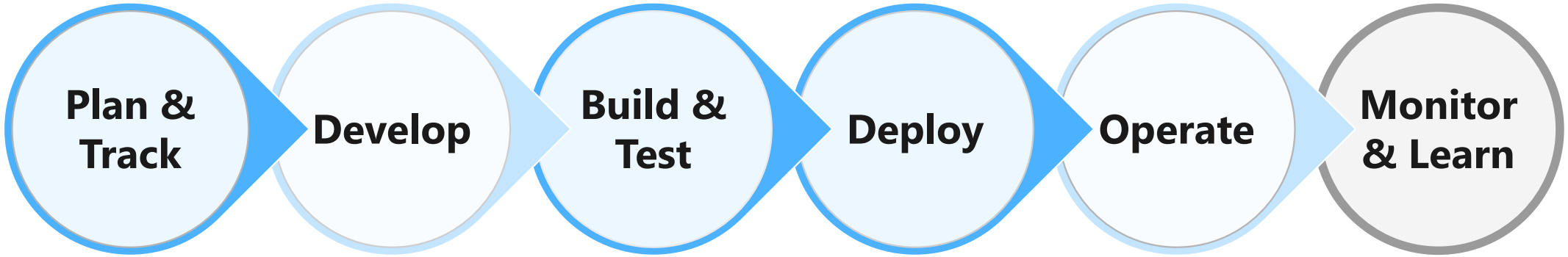
Source Control

Azure Pipelines

CI/CD

Azure Test Plans

Testing



Azure Boards

Agile Management

Introduce an Agile Projectmanagement

Introduce a well-defined agile process like Scrum, or

define your own agile process and visualize and control the value flow through Kanban.

But always use the basic ingredients of an agile Process

- Product vision statement
- Product Roadmap
- Release Plan
- Product Backlog
- Sprint Backlog
- Increment

Planing: Minimum Viable Product

A minimum viable product has just those core features sufficient to deploy the product, and no more. Developers typically deploy the product to a subset of possible customers - such as early adopters thought to be more forgiving, more likely to give feedback, and able to grasp a product vision from an early prototype or marketing information.

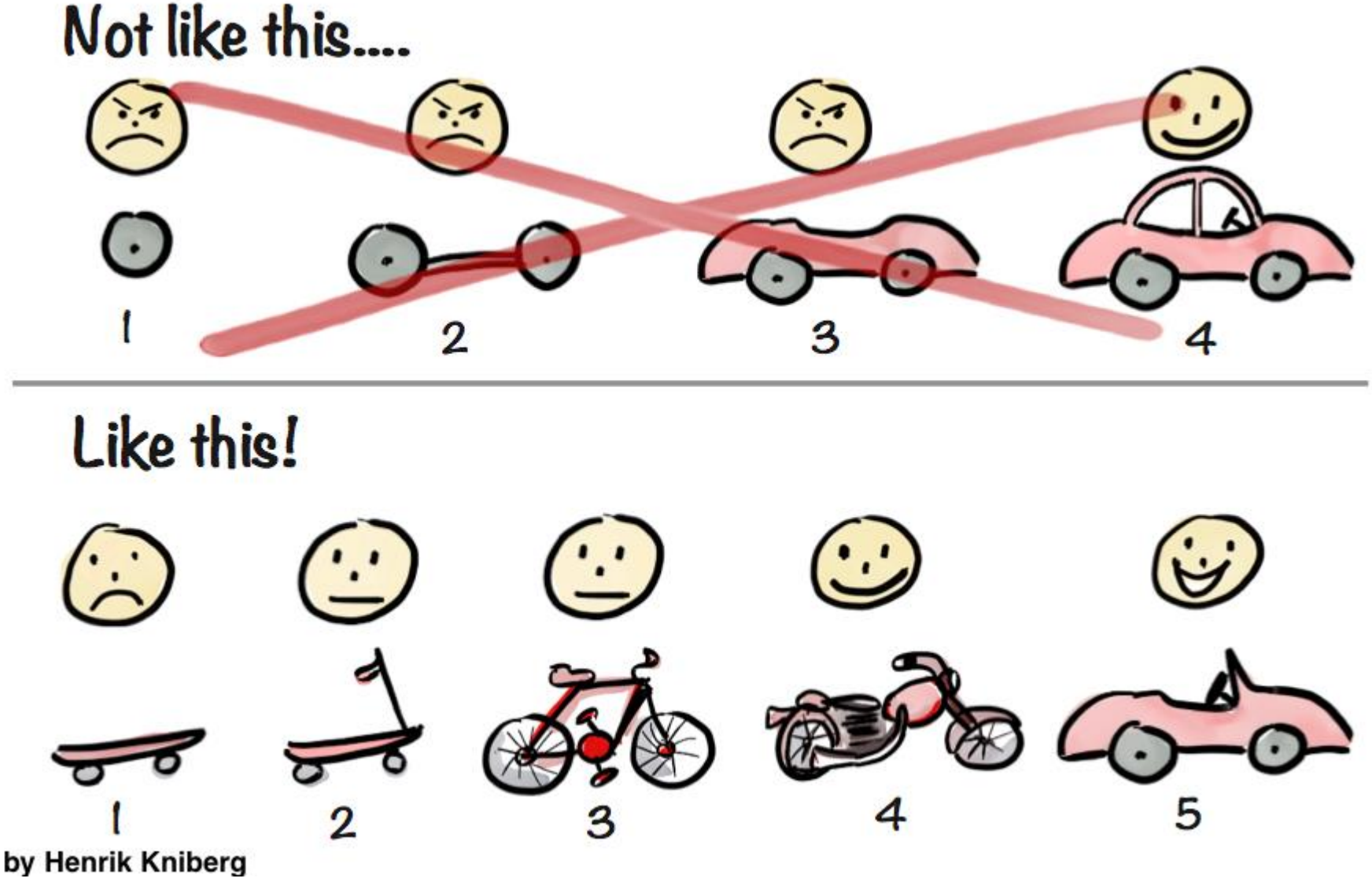
Steve Blank typically refers to minimum viable product as minimum feature set.

Purpose:

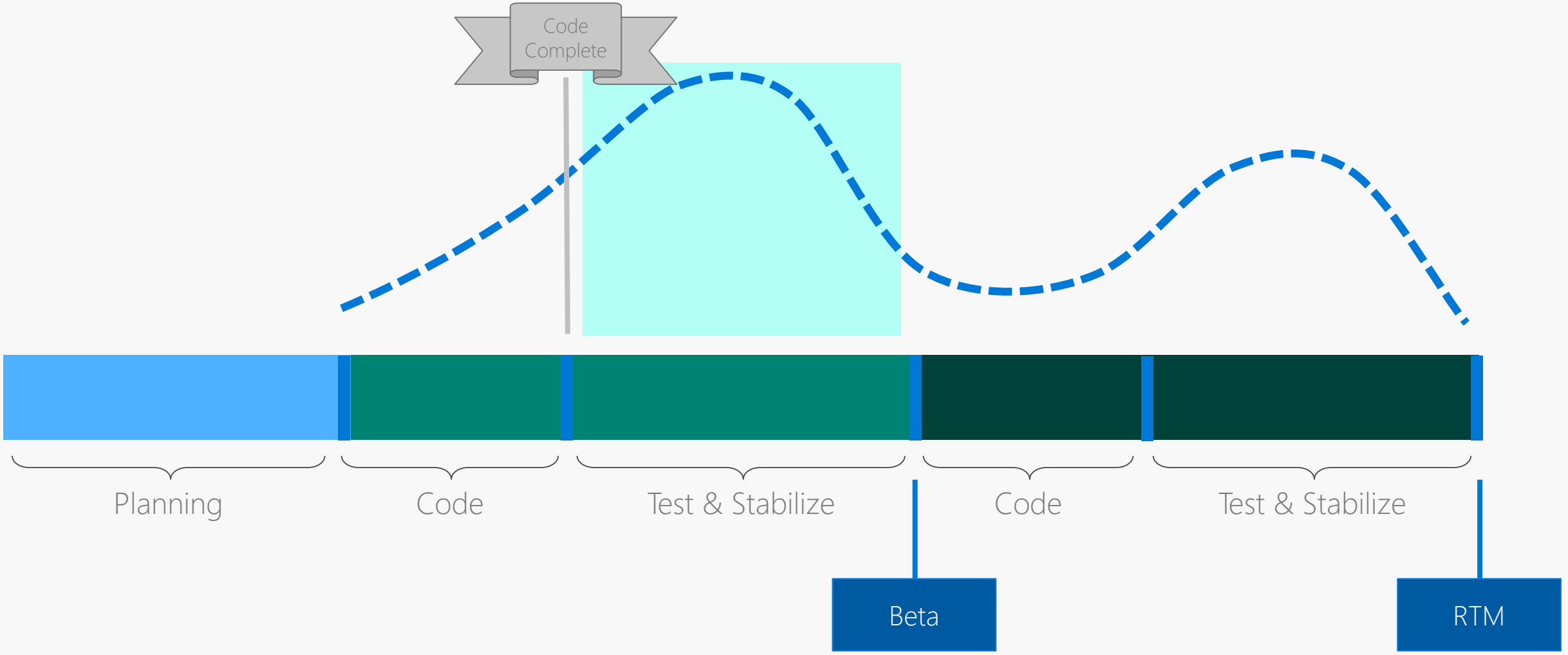
- Be able to test a product hypothesis with minimal resources
- Accelerate learning
- Reduce wasted engineering hours
- Get the product to early customers as soon as possible

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minimum_viable_product

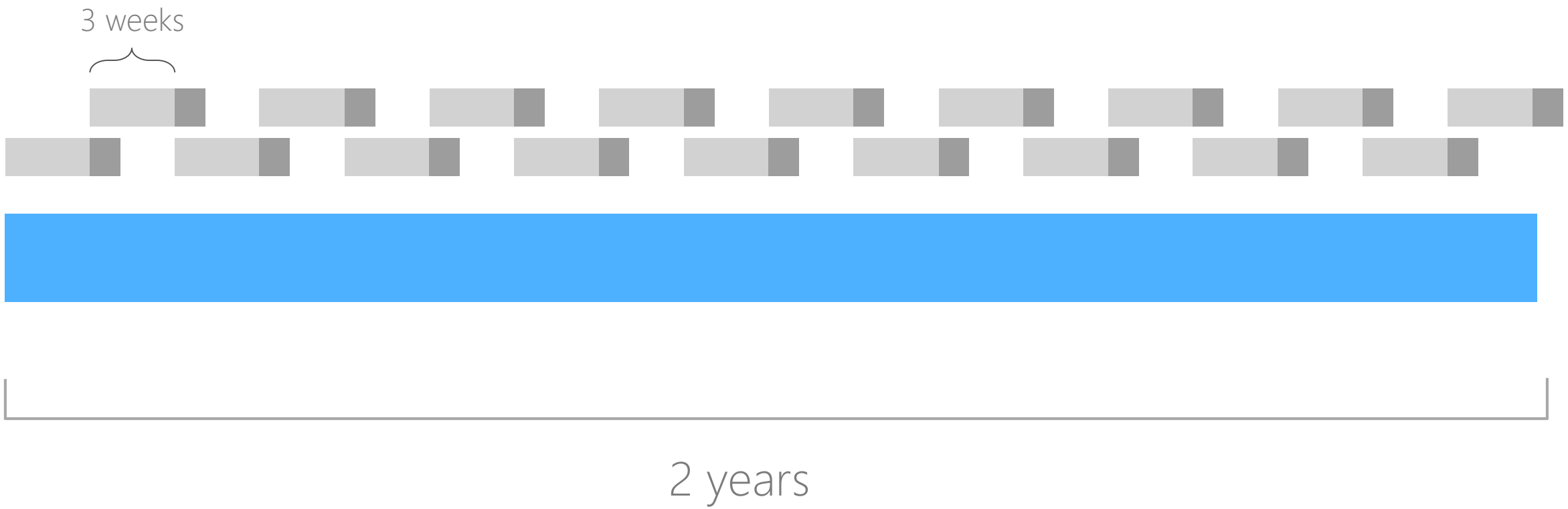
Planing: Minimum Viable Product



The way before Agile

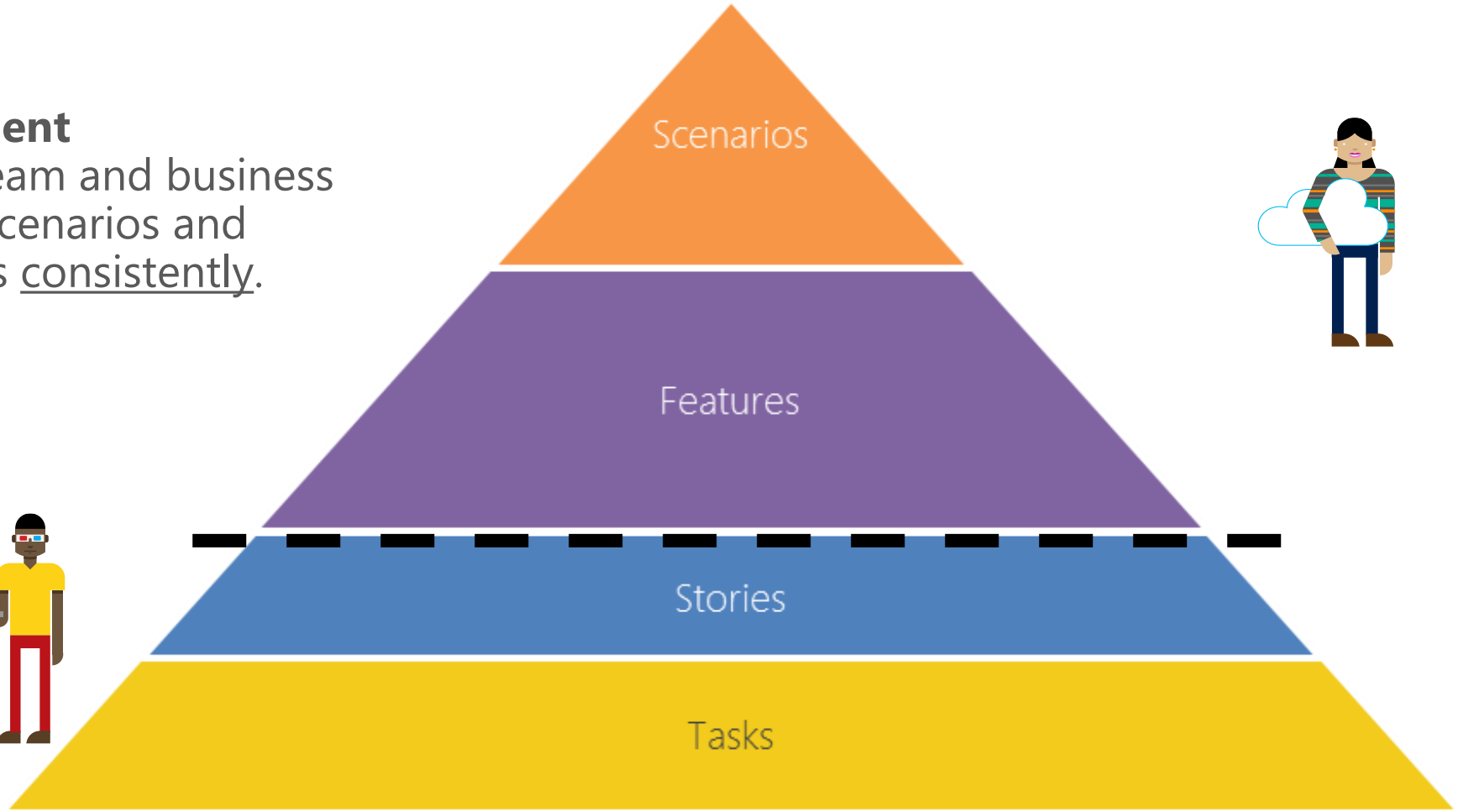


Now



Planning: Staying Aligned

Alignment
Every team and business tracks scenarios and features consistently.



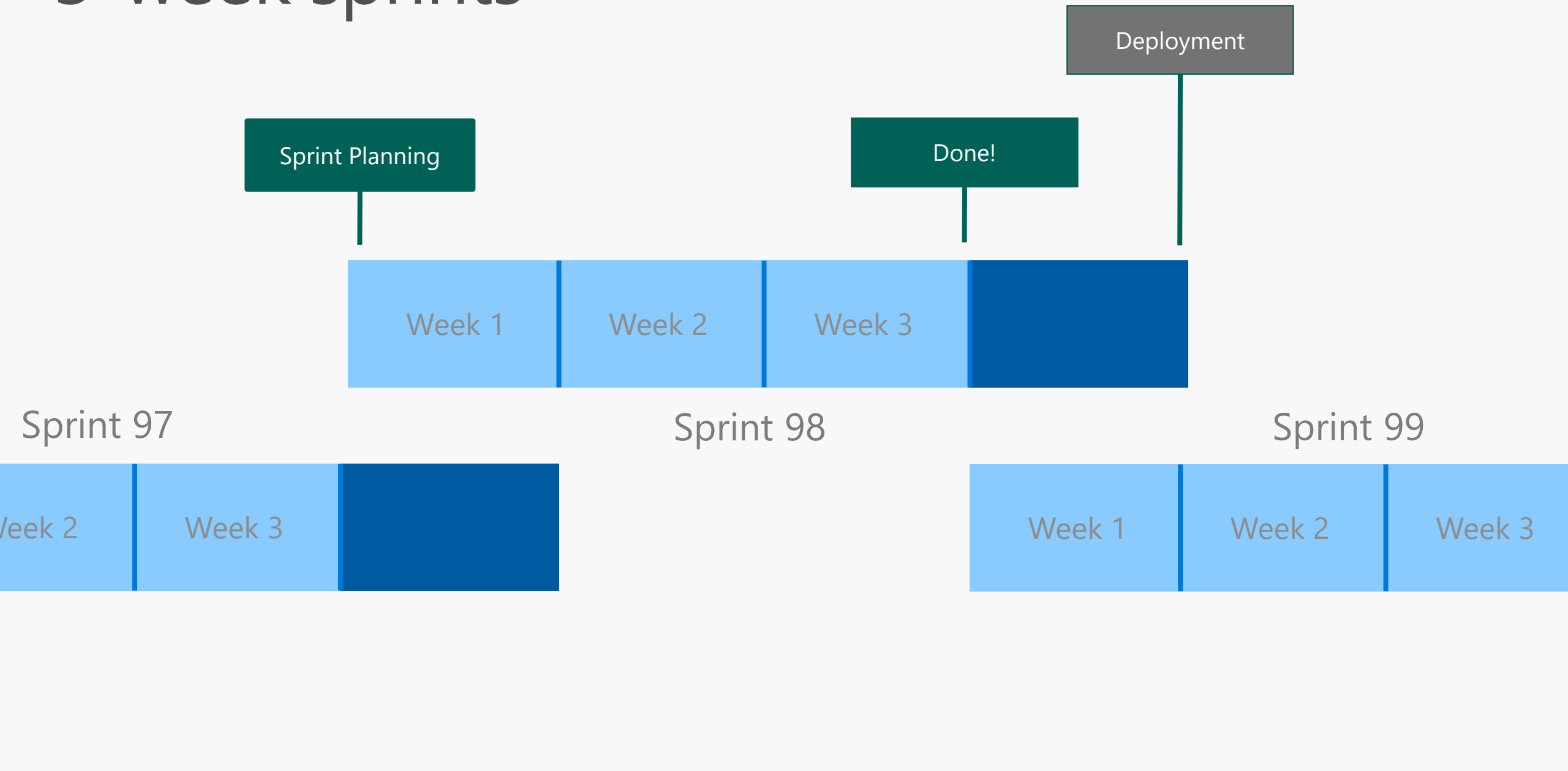
Team (Dev, Ops)
Team chooses how to manage stories and/or tasks

Planning

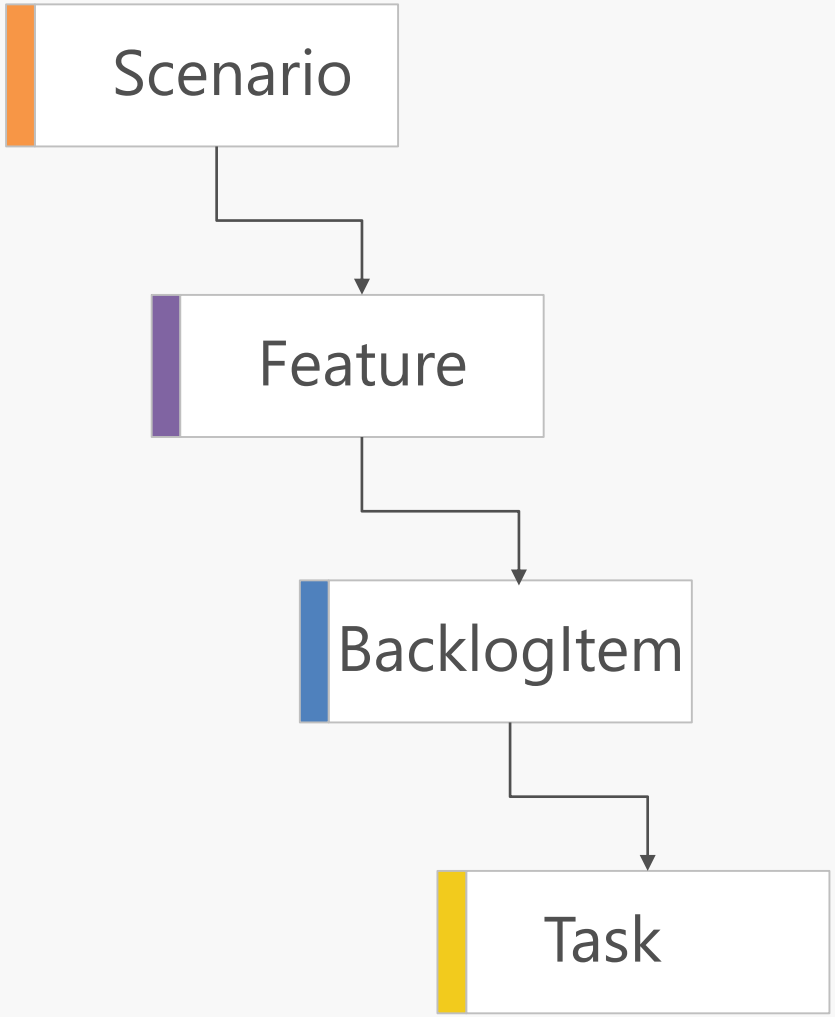
Leadership is responsible for driving the big picture

Teams are responsible for the detail

3-week sprints



Azure DevOps Workitems



	Iteration Path
Used to define your Scenarios	*Scenario1*
Used to define your Seasons	*Scenario1/Season1*
Used to define your Sprint	*Scenario1/Season1/Sprint1*
Used to define your work	*Scenario1/Season1/Sprint1*

ORG CHART

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

DEVELOPMENT

TESTING

ORG CHART

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

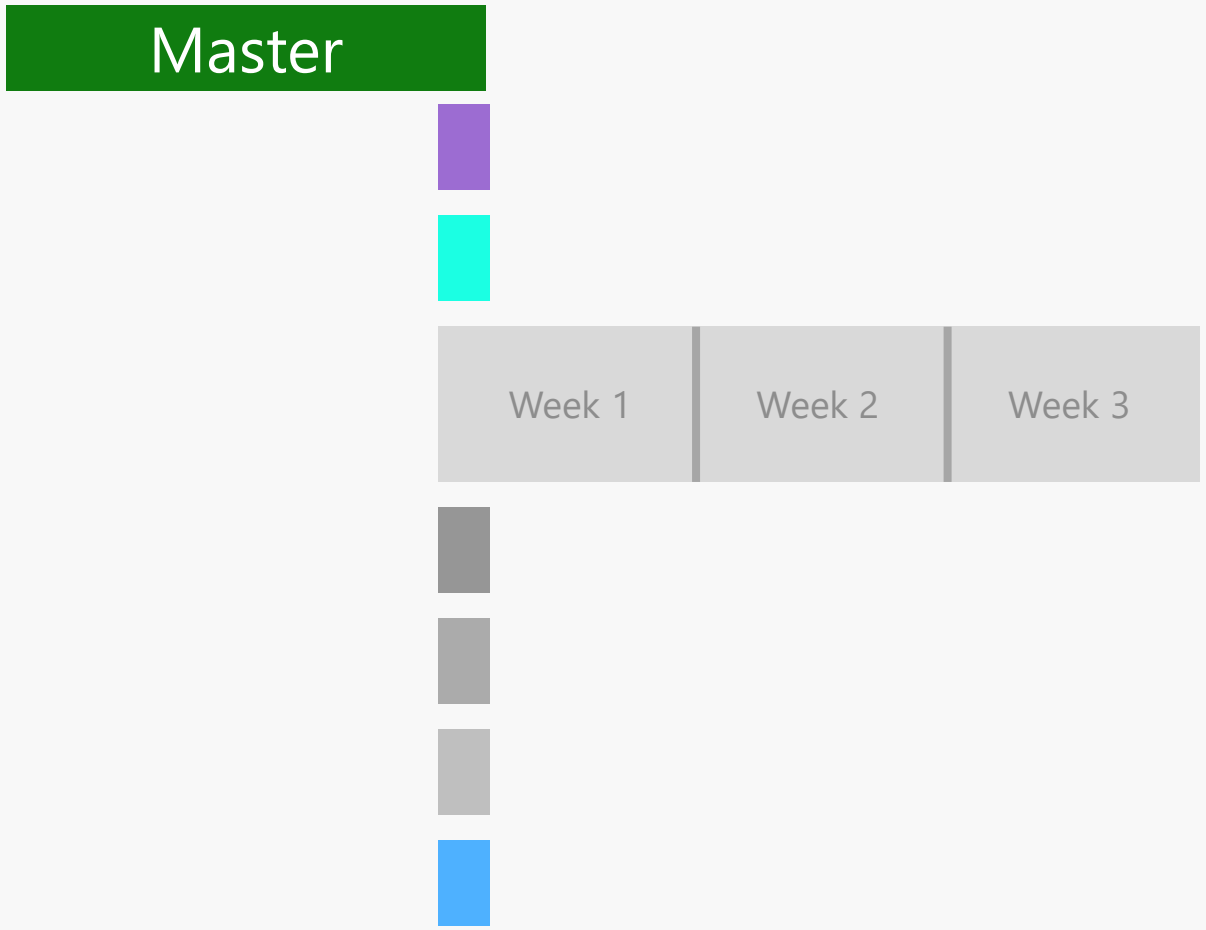
ENGINEERING

OPs

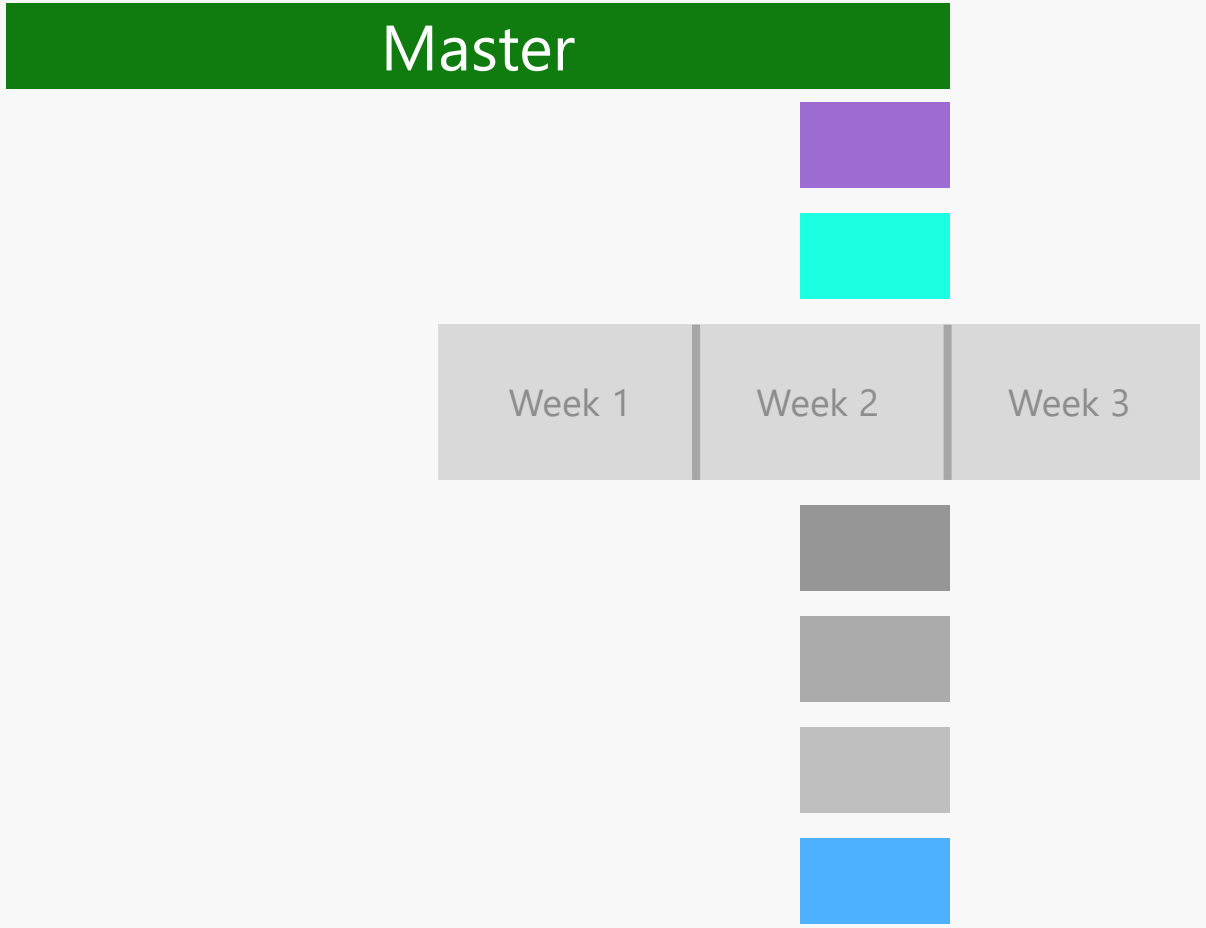
Azure Repos

Source Control

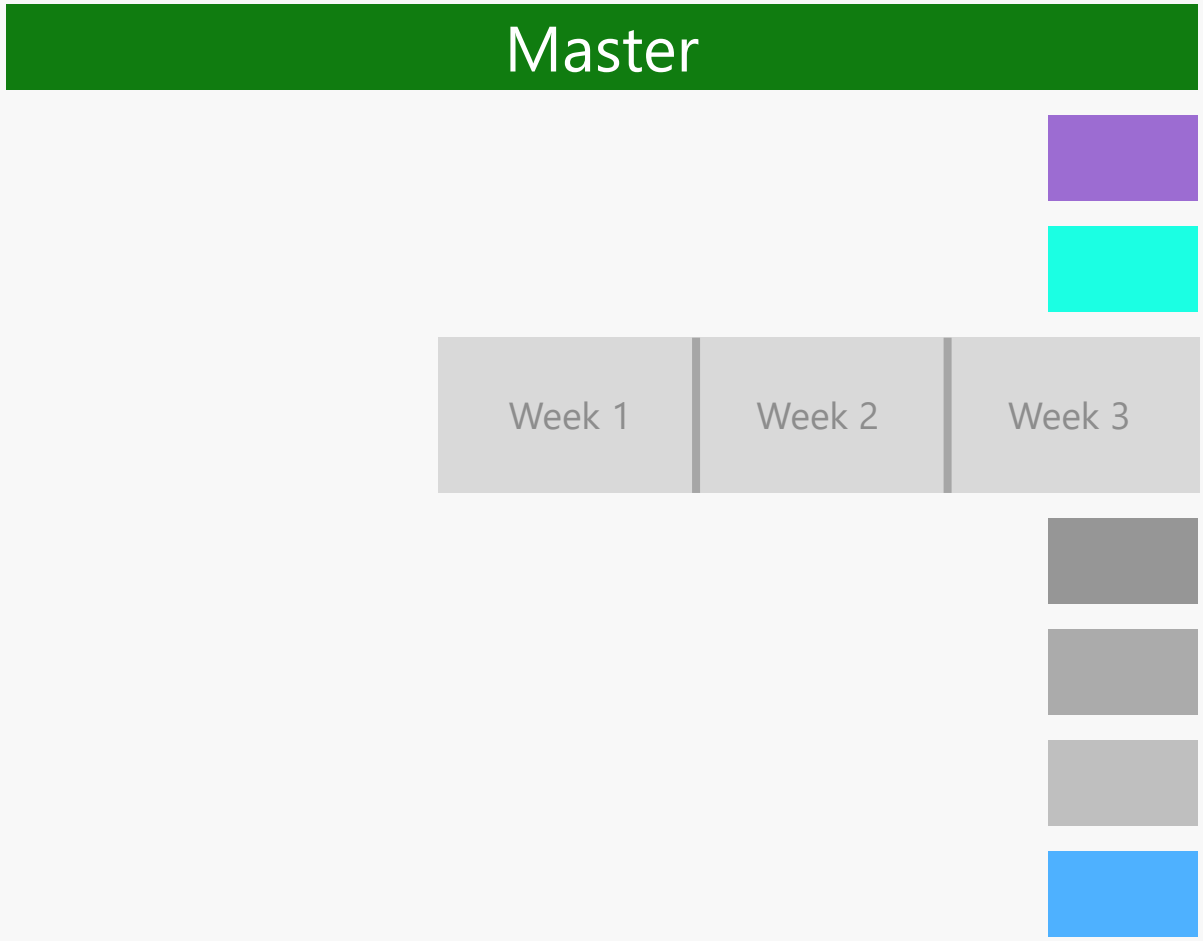
Everyone creates a branch…



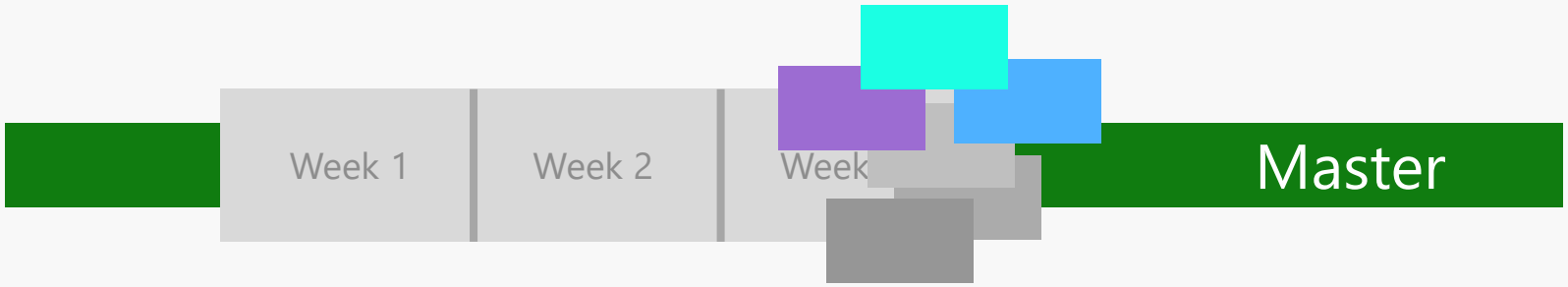
Writes a lot of code...



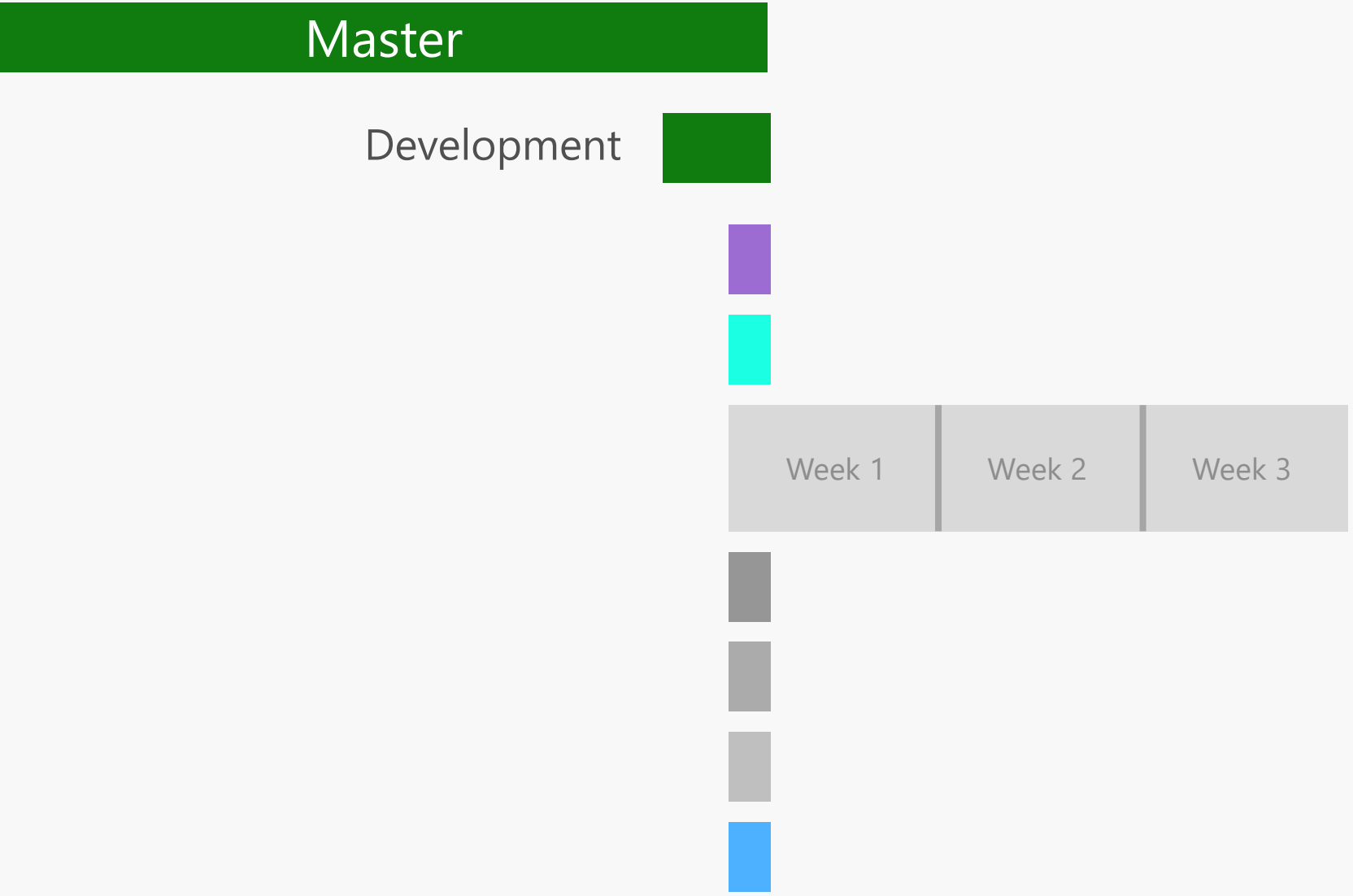
It needs to come together…



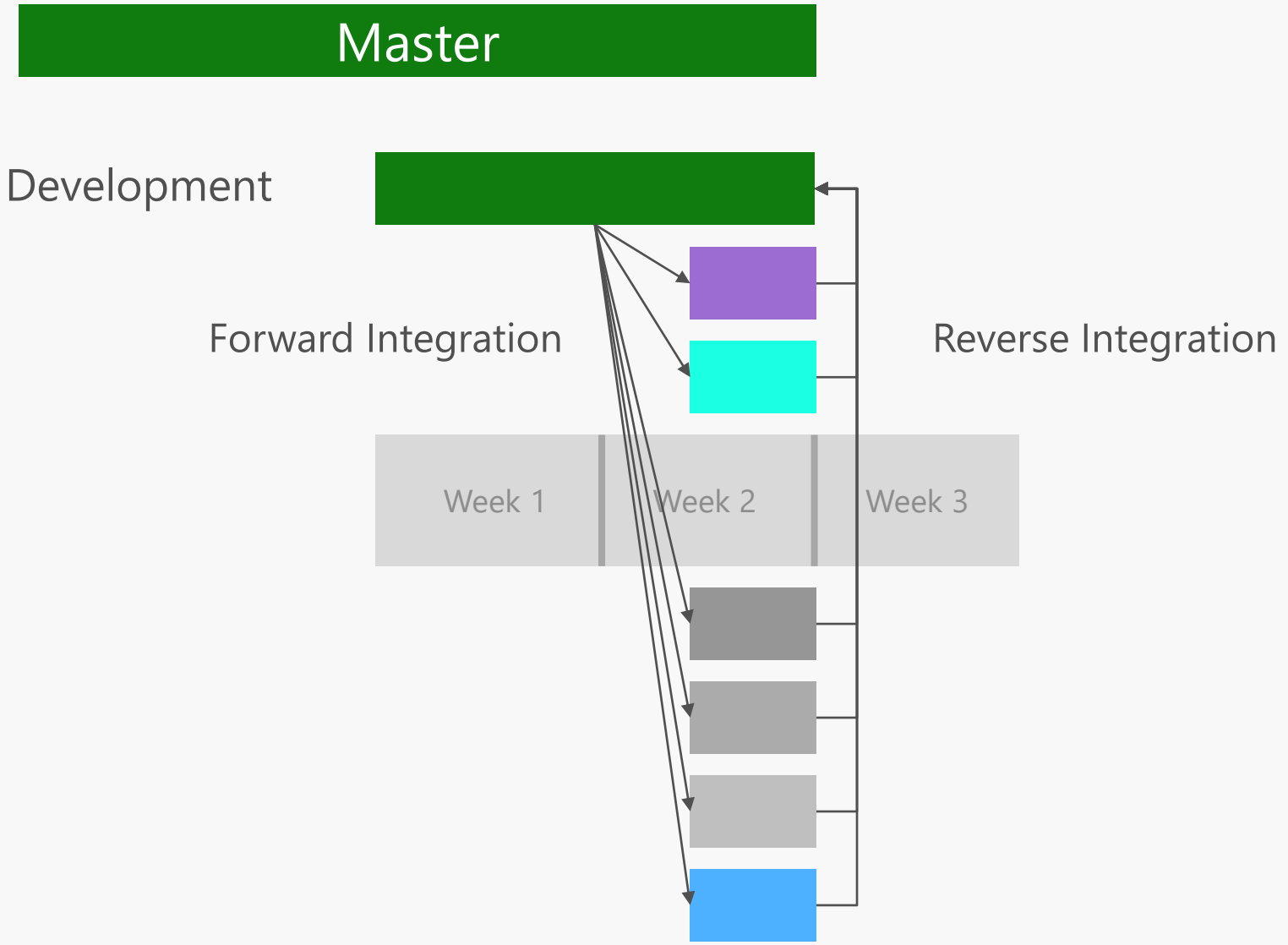
Merge Debt



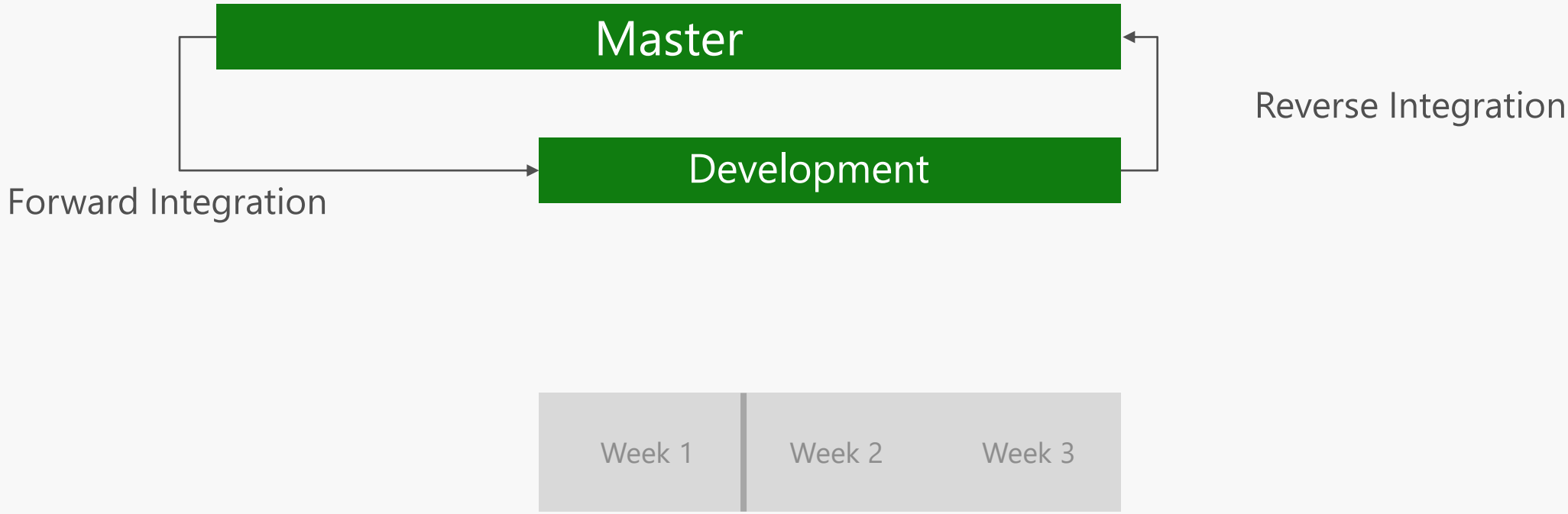
Work with Development Branch...



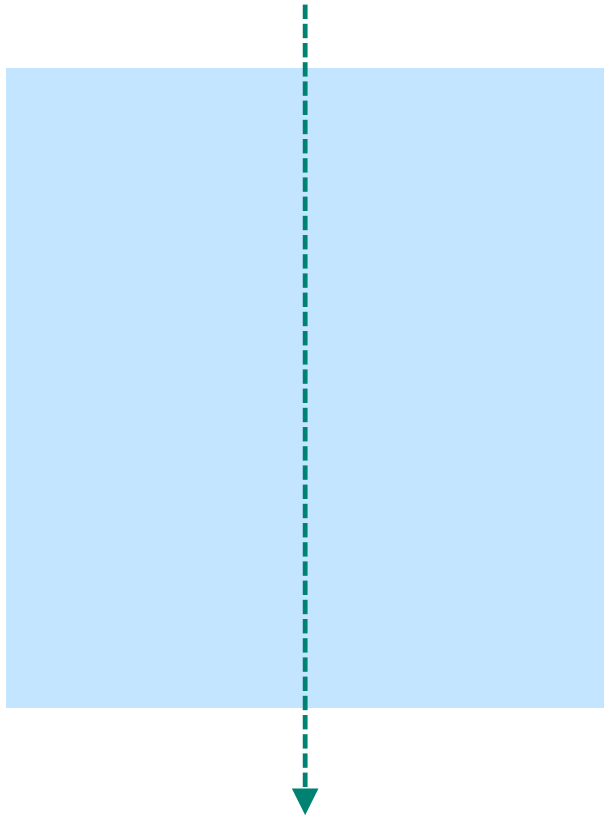
Integrate continuously…



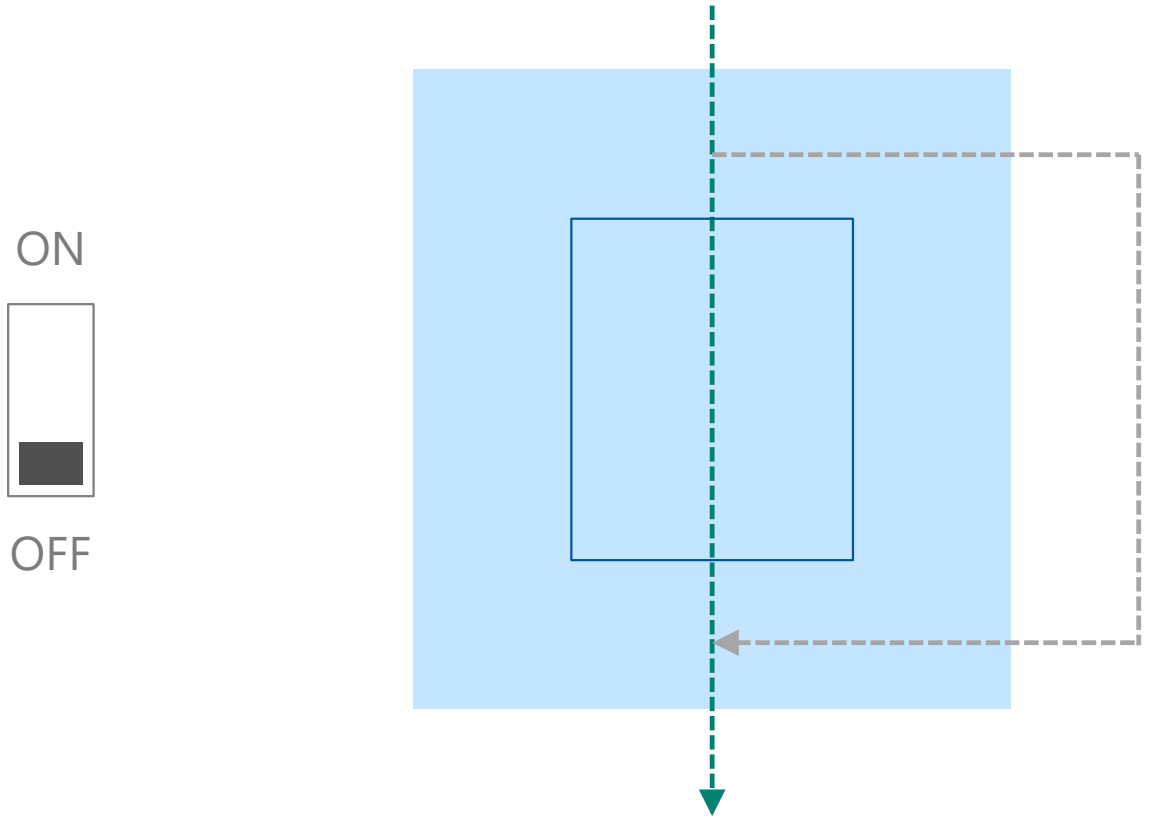
Integrate Development Branch…



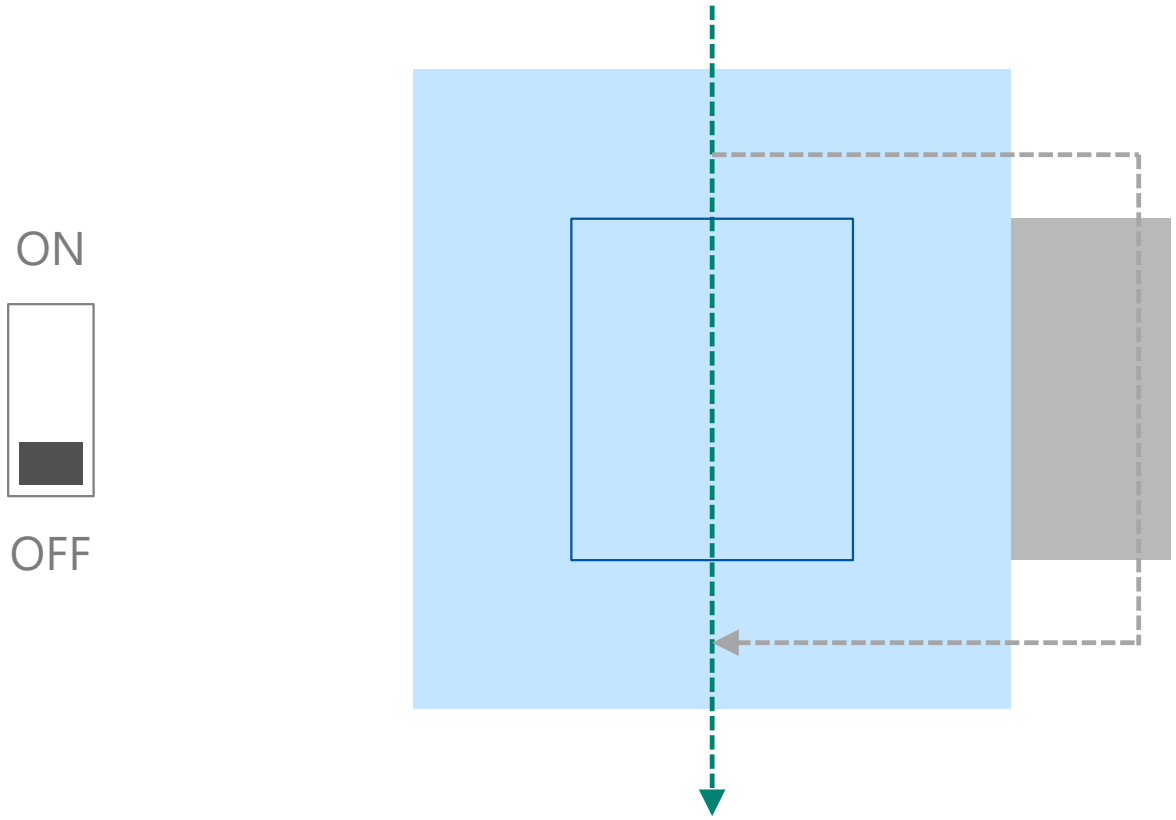
Feature Flags :Everything is going to production



Feature Flags



Feature Flags



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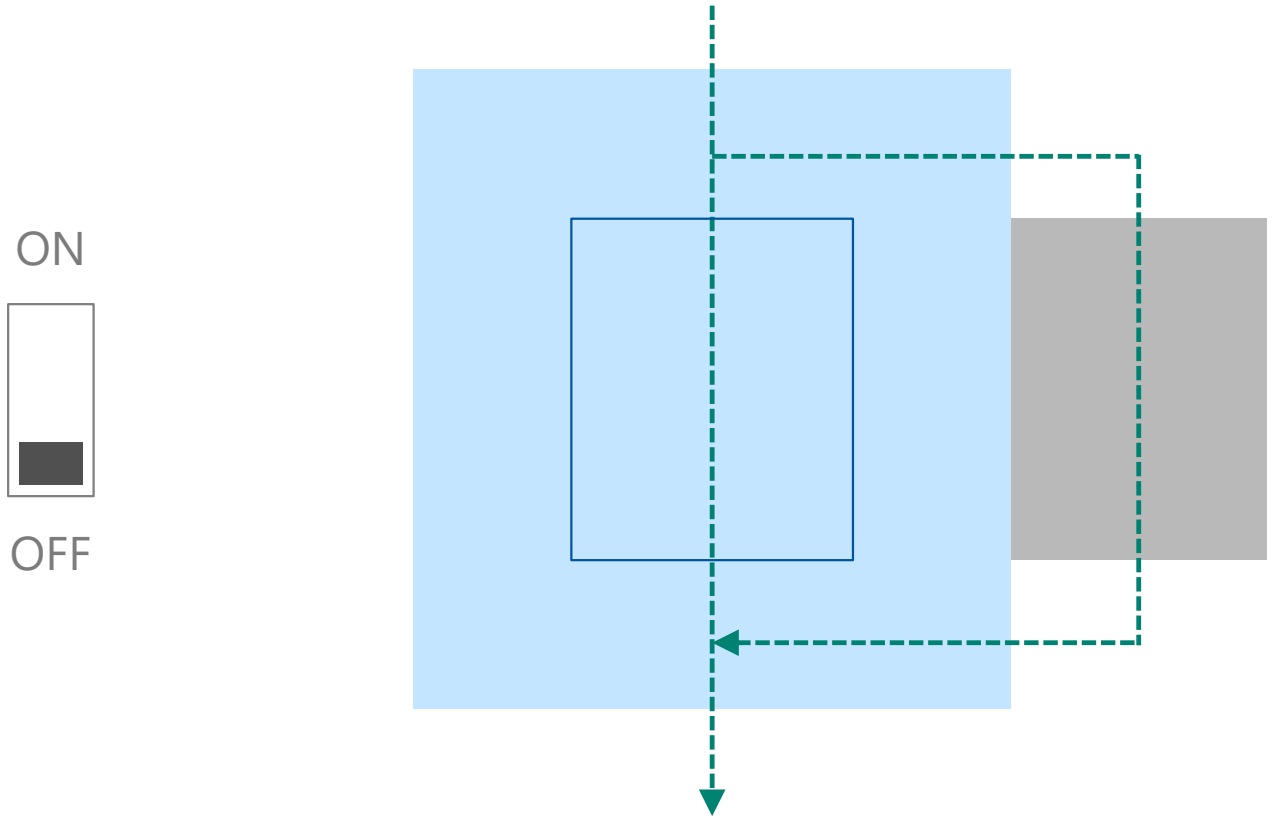
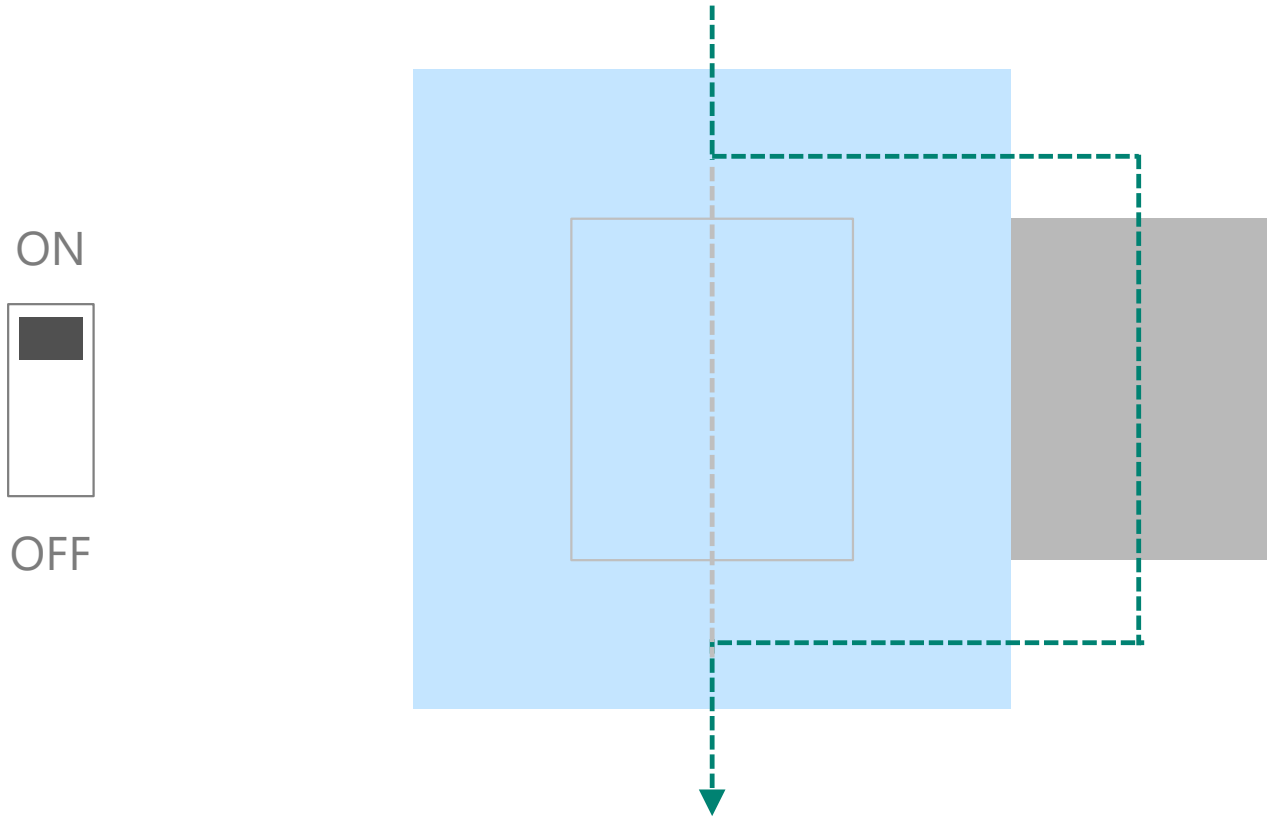


Feature Flags



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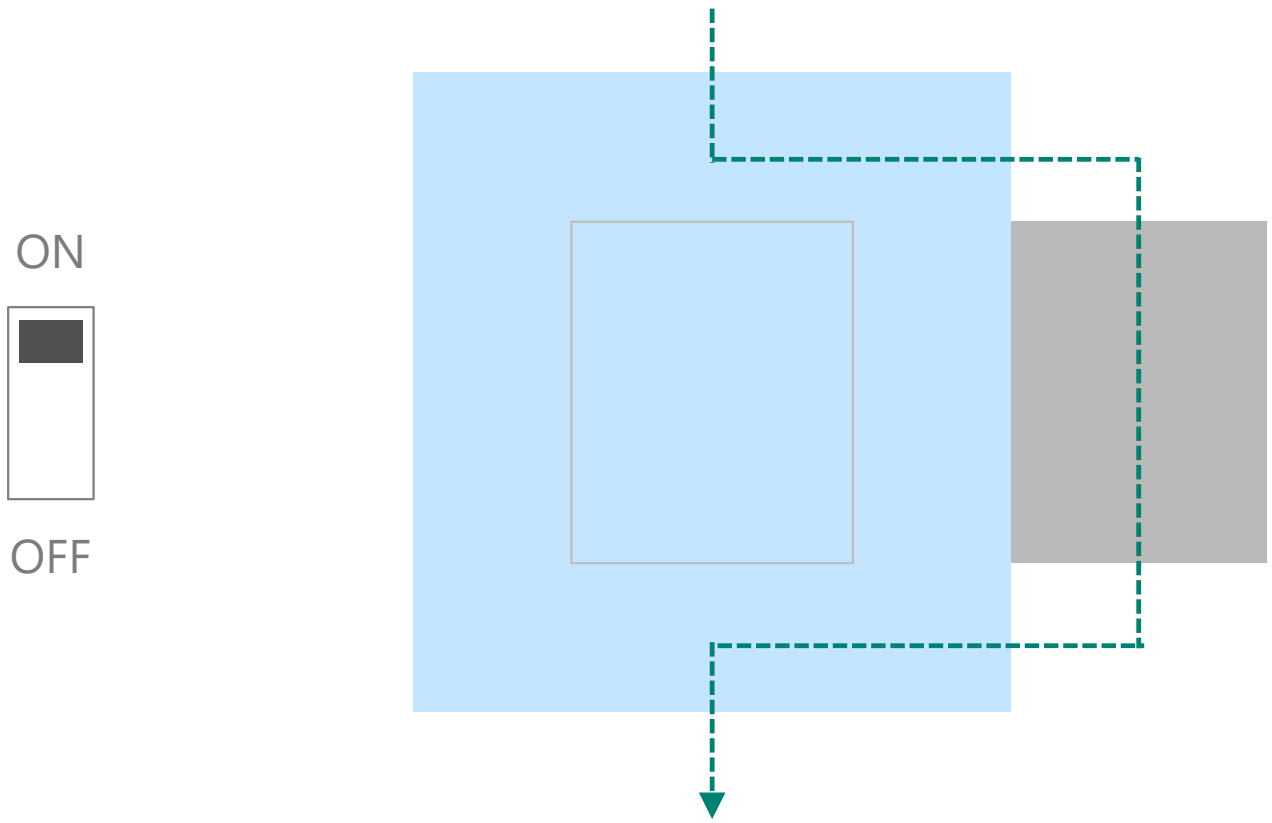
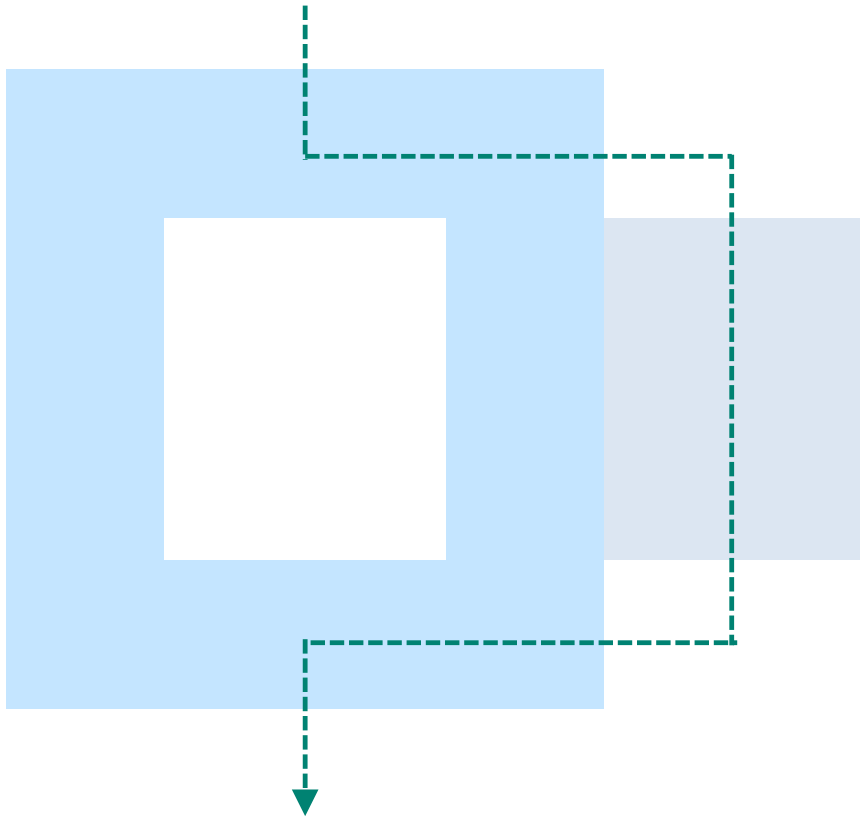
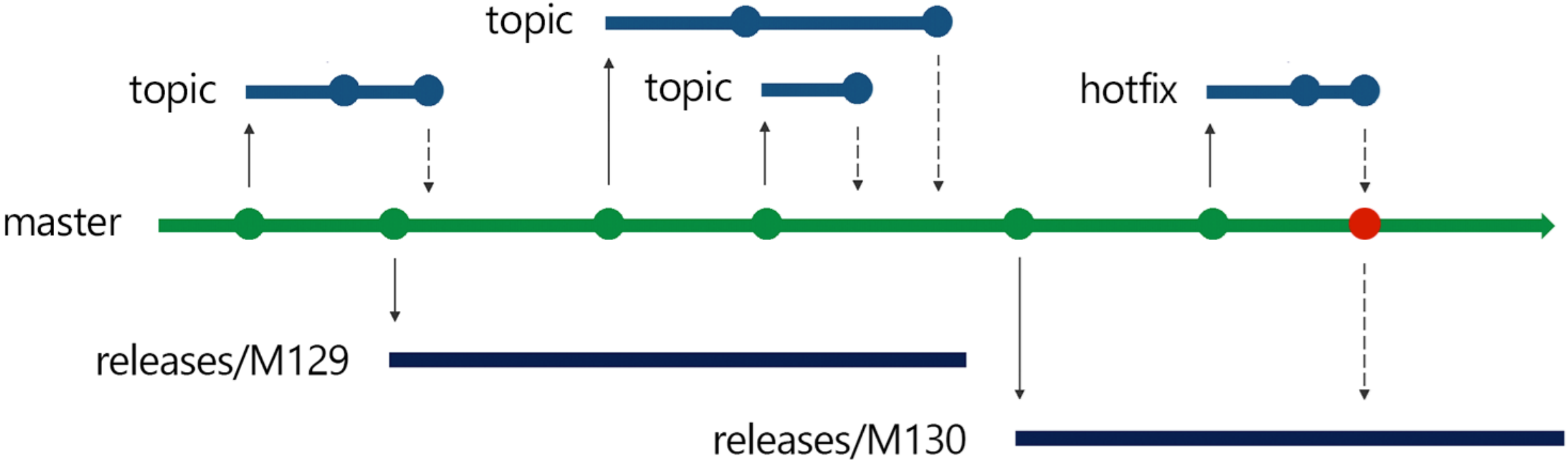


Feature Flags



Release Flow

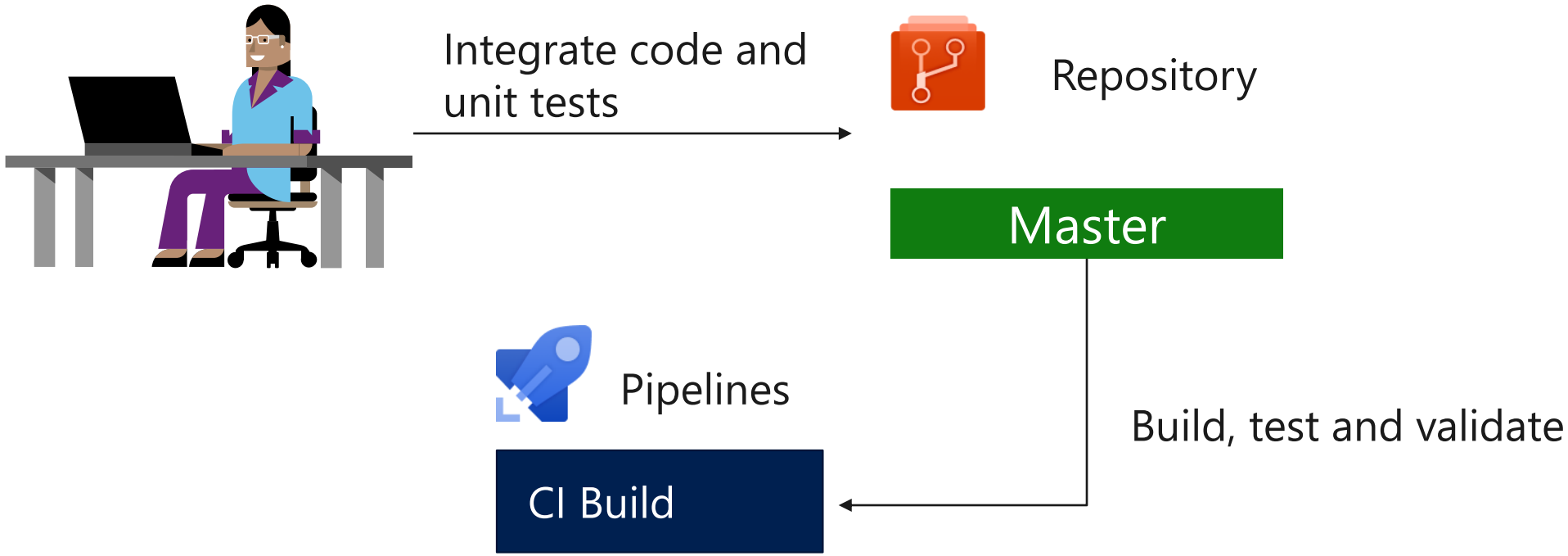
Using Trunk Based Development to avoid Merge Debt



Azure Pipelines

CI/CD

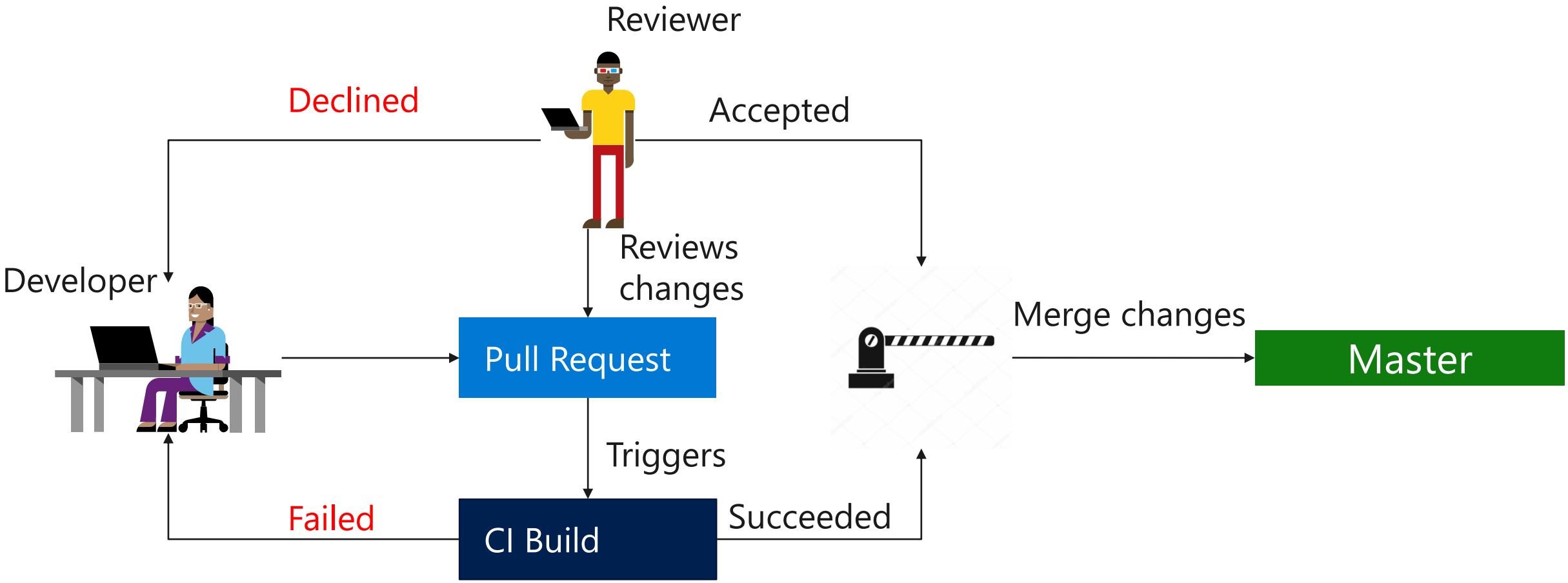
Continuous Integration (CI)



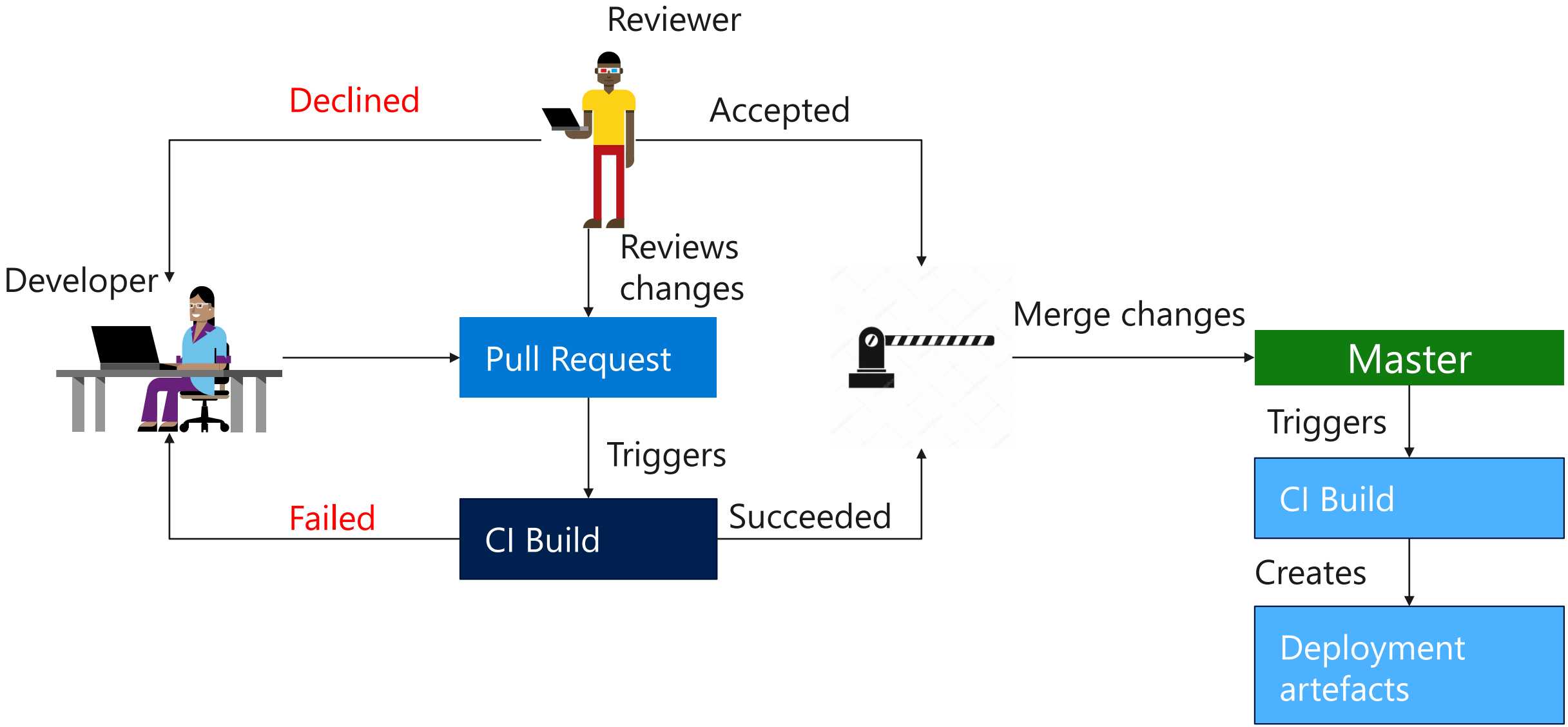
Pull Request

- CI keeps the master branch clean.
- Developer submits a “Pull Request” when a feature is completed and, on approval of the pull request, changes get merged to the master branch.
- A pull request is approved by reviewers
- A pull request is validated by a CI build

Pull request



CI Build to create deployment artefacts

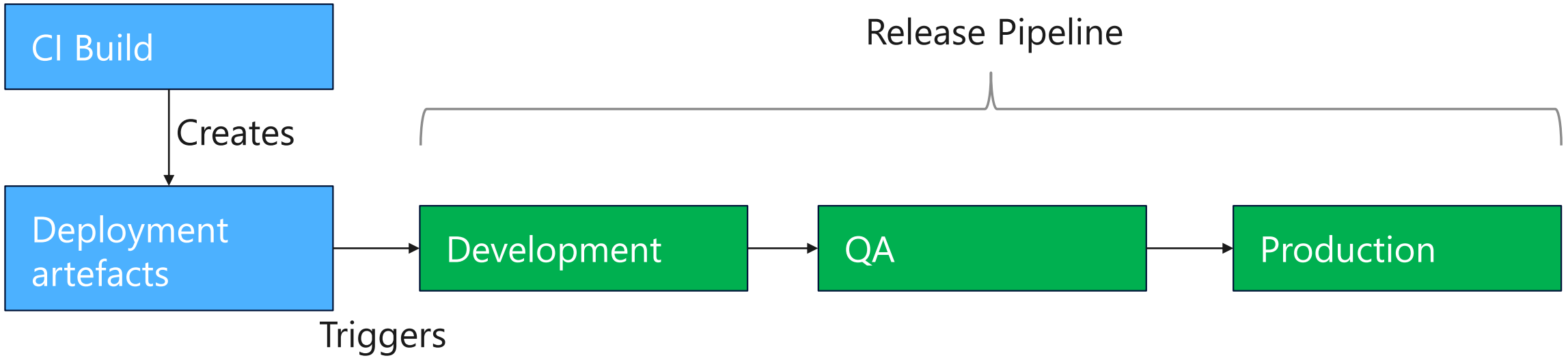


Continuous Deployment (CD)

Continuous Deployment is the process to build, test and deploy from a build to a production environment.

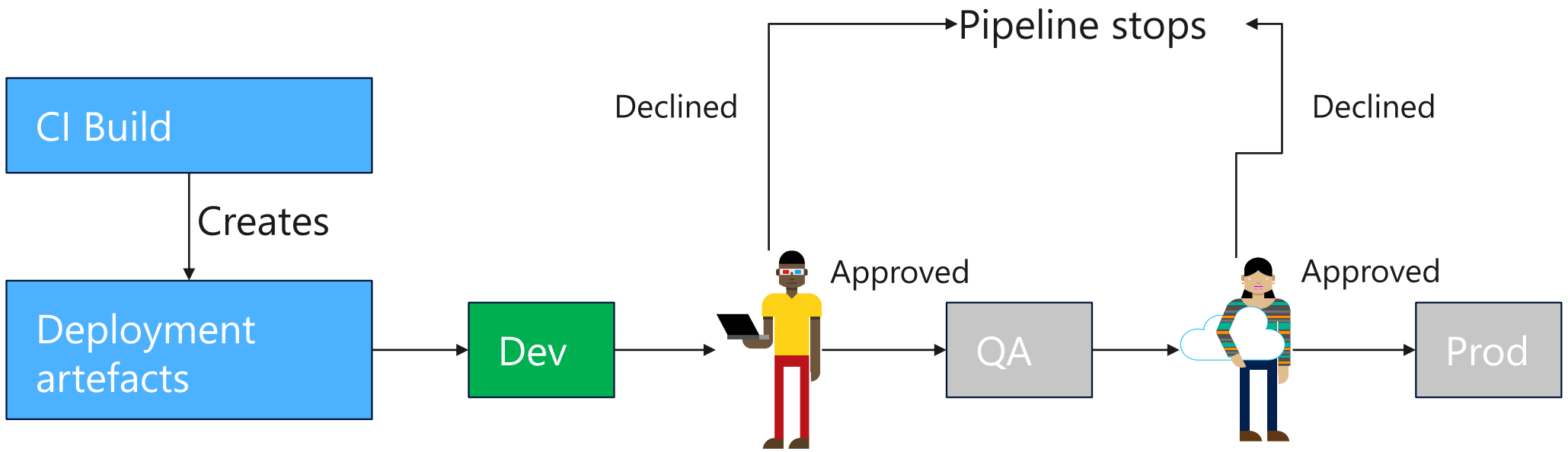
Multiple testing or staging environment create a *Release Pipeline* to automate the creation of infrastructure and deployment of applications.

Continuous Integration starts the CD process.

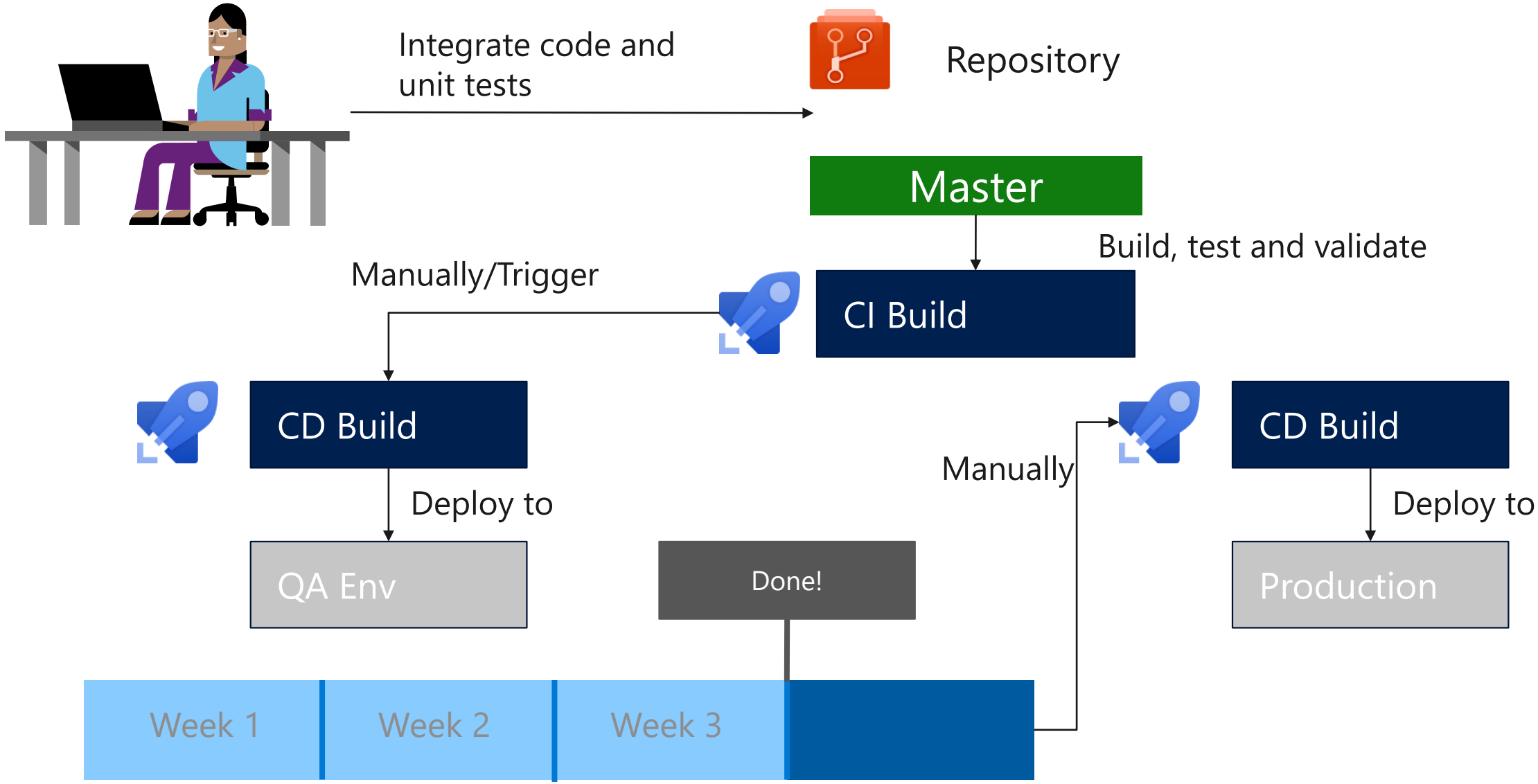


Approval Step

Before a deployment is rolled out to another environment in the pipeline an approval step can be used in which a decision maker signs off on the changes electronically.

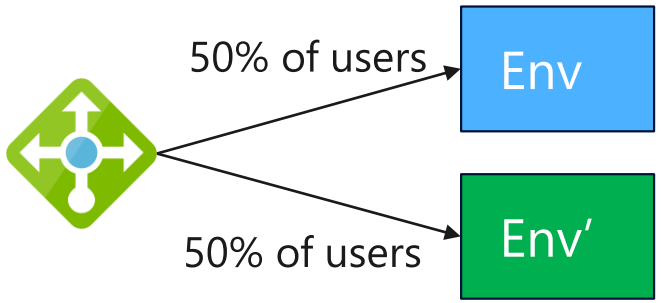


Continuous Delivery

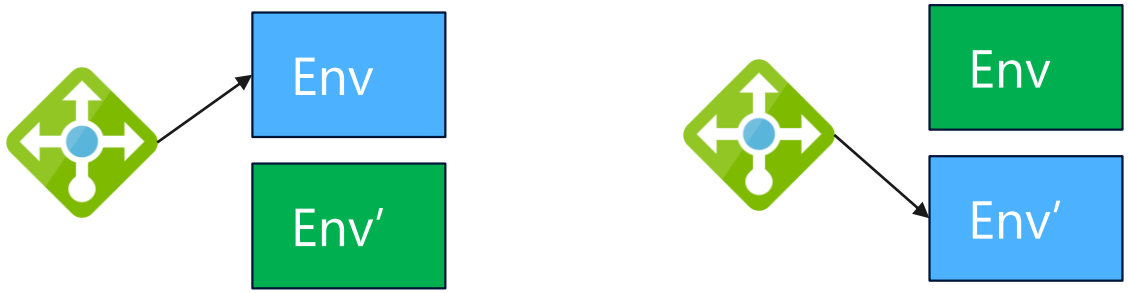


CD Strategies

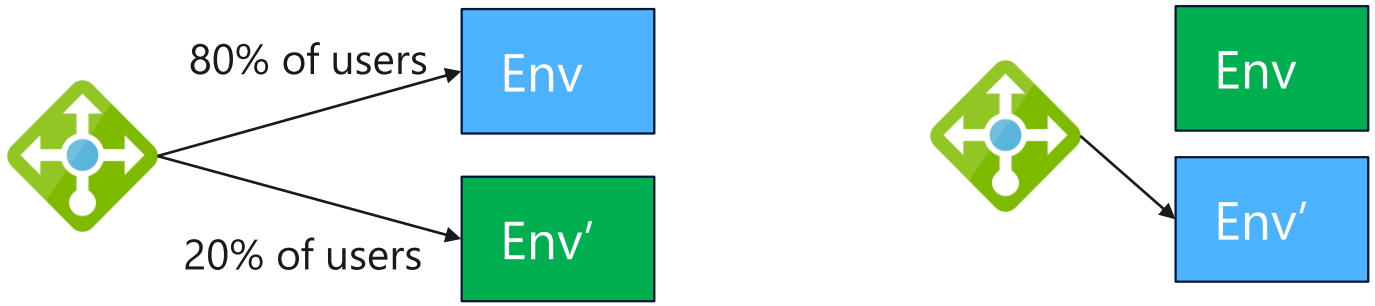
- Test A/B



- Blue/Green



- Canary Release



DevOps on Azure

DevOps on Azure

First Party Tools

End to end solutions, enterprise grade

Azure DevOps

Team Foundation Server

Visual Studio App Center

Third Party Integrations

Integrations with industry leading tools

Azure Capabilities

Built into Azure, out-of-the-box capabilities

ARM Templates

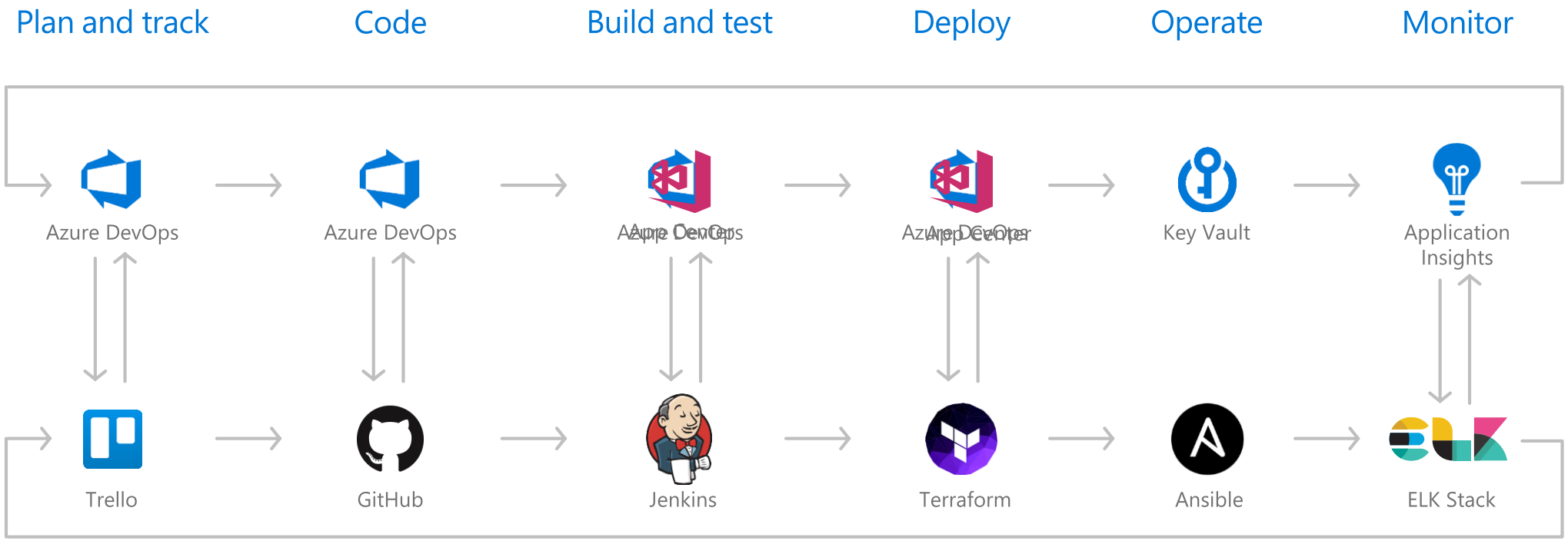
Azure Monitor

Application Insights

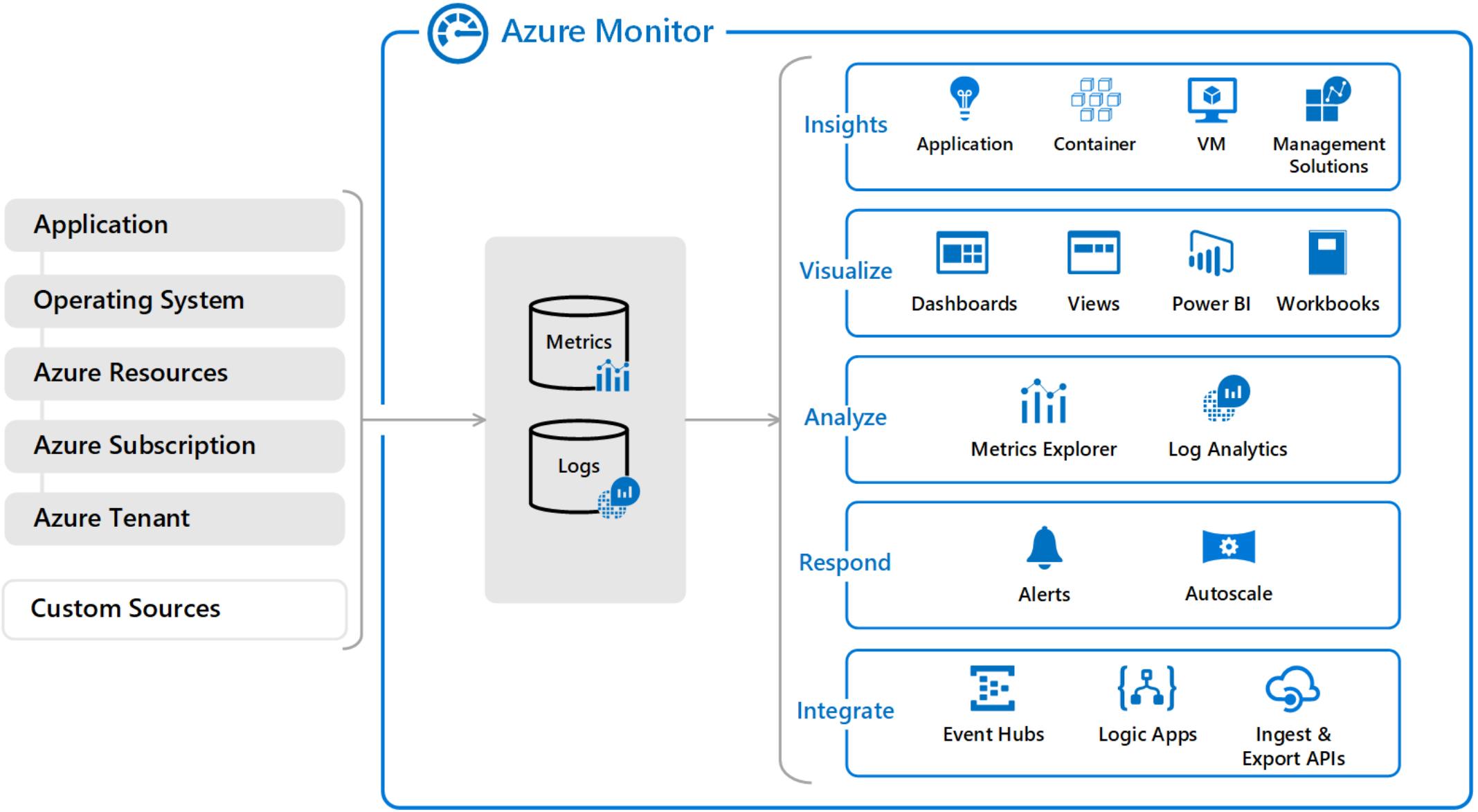
Log Analytics

Azure Key Vault

Azure DevOps framework



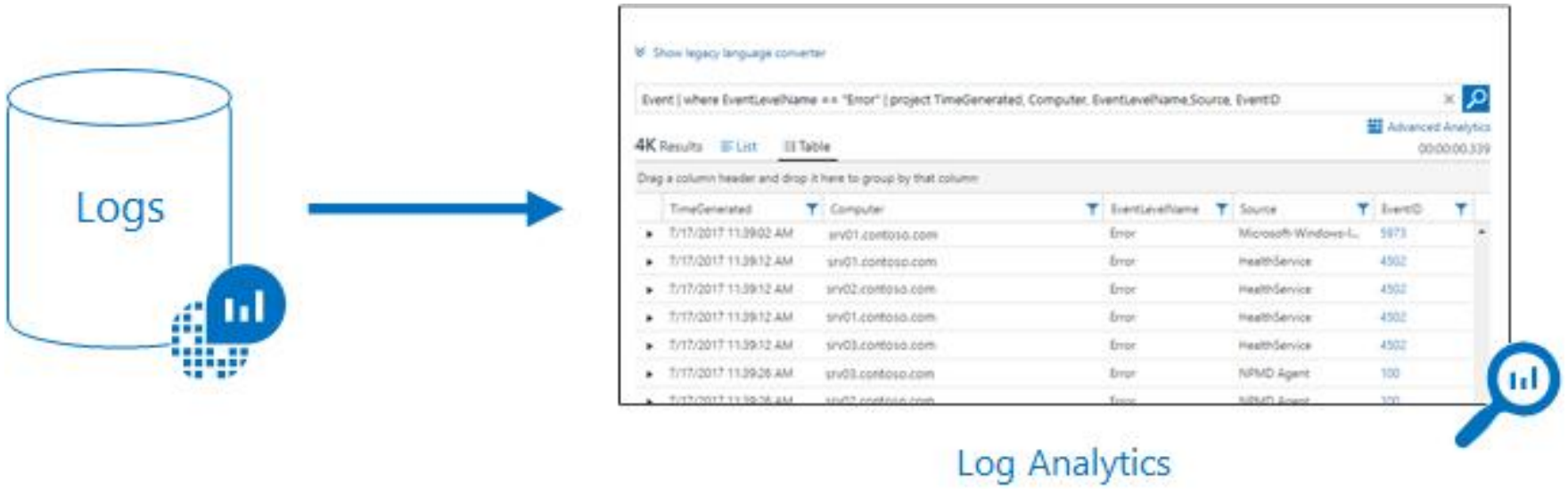
Azure Monitor



Metrics

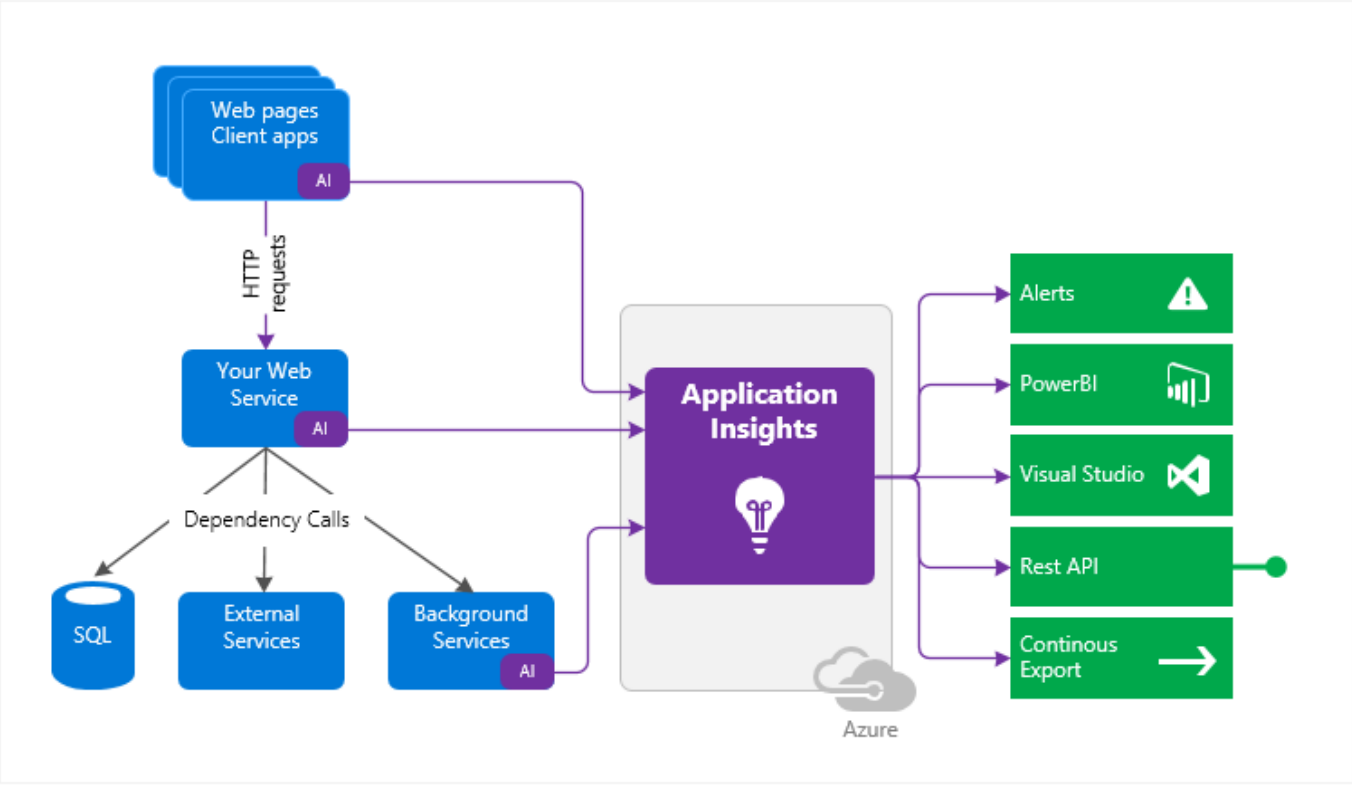
Metrics are numerical values that describe some aspect of a system at a particular point in time. They are lightweight and capable of supporting near real-time scenarios.

Logs



Logs contain different kinds of data organized into records with different sets of properties for each type.

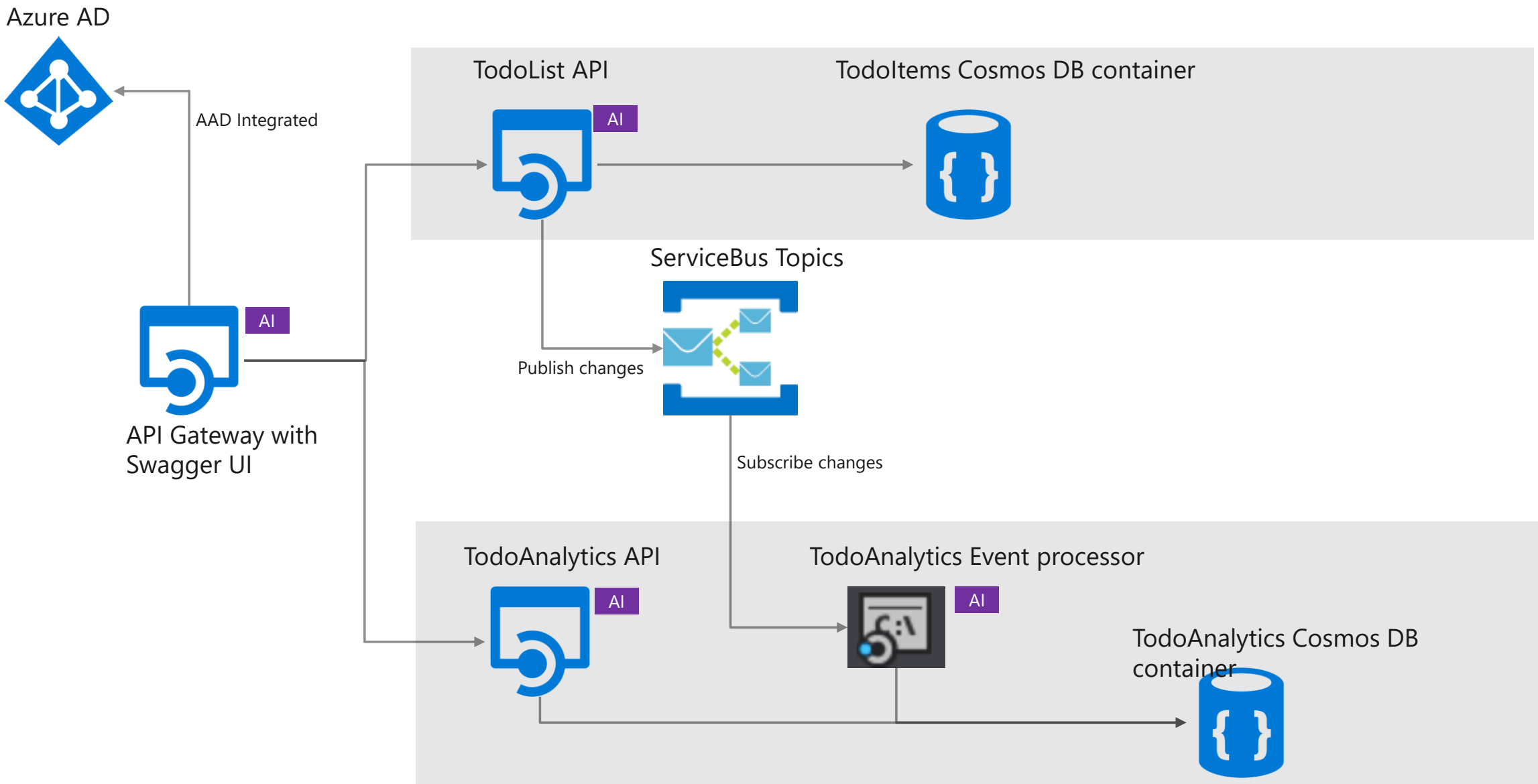
Application Insights

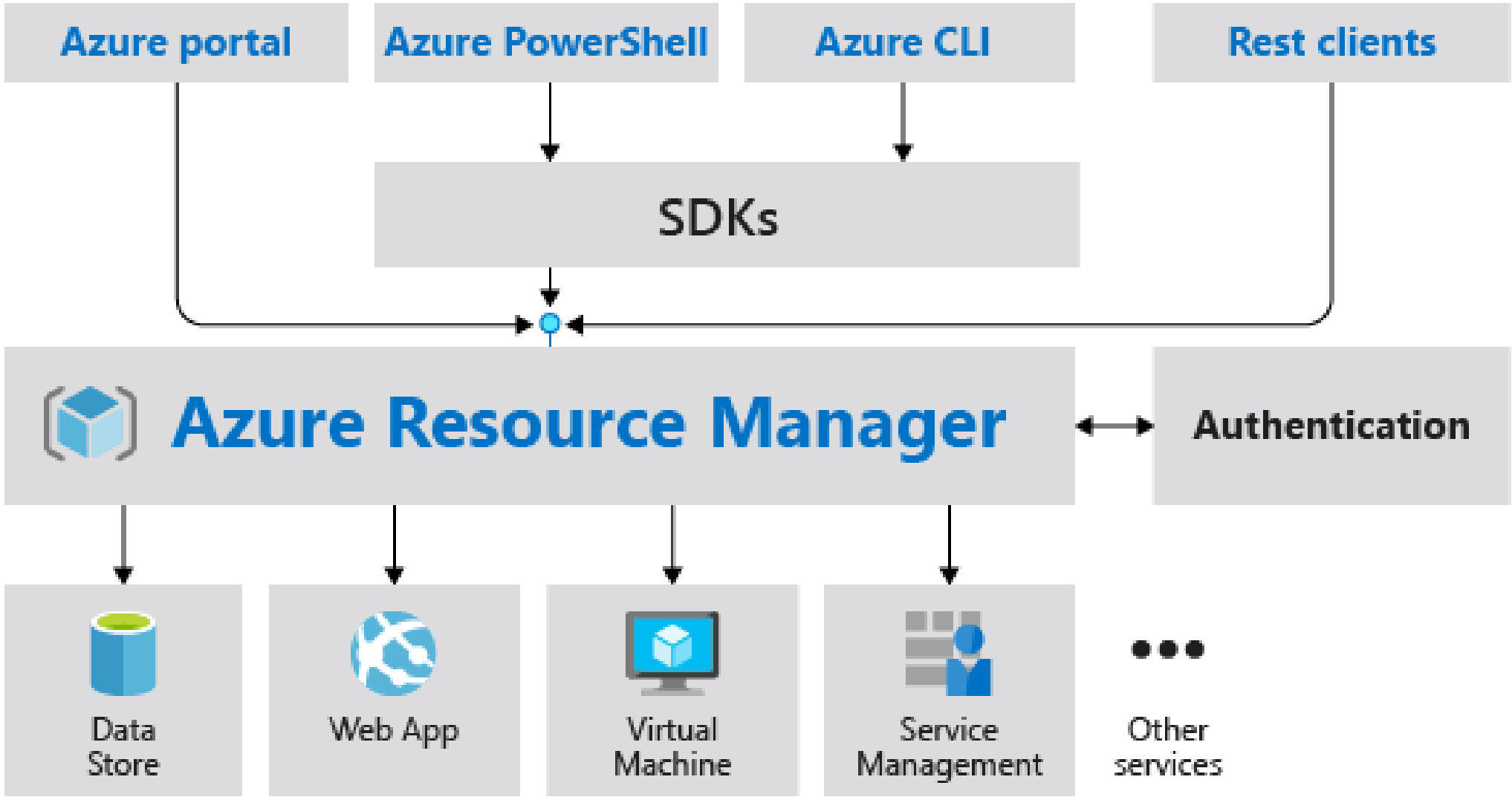


What does Application Insights monitor?

Request rates, response times, and failure rates - Find out which pages are most popular, at what times of day, and where your users are. See which pages perform best. If your response times and failure rates go high when there are more requests, then perhaps you have a resourcing problem.
Dependency rates, response times, and failure rates - Find out whether external services are slowing you down.
Exceptions - Analyze the aggregated statistics, or pick specific instances and drill into the stack trace and related requests. Both server and browser exceptions are reported.
Page views and load performance - reported by your users' browsers.
AJAX calls from web pages - rates, response times, and failure rates.
User and session counts.
Performance counters from your Windows or Linux server machines, such as CPU, memory, and network usage.
Host diagnostics from Docker or Azure.
Diagnostic trace logs from your app - so that you can correlate trace events with requests.
Custom events and metrics that you write yourself in the client or server code, to track business events such as items sold or games won.

Demo AKS Microservice Architecture




Azure portal
Azure PowerShell
Azure CLI
Rest clients
SDKs
Azure Resource Manager
Authentication
Data Store
Web App
Virtual Machine
Service Management
Other services

Terminology

- **resource** A manageable item that is available through Azure. Virtual machines, storage accounts, web apps, databases, and virtual networks are examples of resources
- **resource group** - A container that holds related resources for an Azure solution. The resource group includes those resources that you want to manage as a group. You decide how to allocate resources to resource groups based on what makes the most sense for your organization
- **resource provider** - A service that supplies Azure resources. For example, a common resource provider is **Microsoft.Compute**, which supplies the virtual machine resource. **Microsoft.Storage** is another common resource provider

ARM Template

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{
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    "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
    "parameters": {},
    "variables": {},
    "resources": [
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            "type": "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts",
            "name": "mystorage",
            "apiVersion": "2016-01-01",
            "location": "[resourceGroup().location]",
            "sku" : {
                "name" : "Standard_LRS"
            },
            "kind" : "Storage",
            "properties":{
            }
        }
    ],
    "outputs": {}
}
```

ARM REST Api Call

PUT
https://management.azure.com/subscriptions/{subscriptionId}/resourceGroups/{resourceGroupName}/providers/Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/mystorageaccount?api-version=2016-01-01

REQUEST BODY

```
{
    "location" : "westeurope",
    "properties" : {

    },
    "sku" : {
        "name" : "Standard_LRS"
    },
    "kind" : "Storage"
}
```

Blank ARM Template

```
{
    "$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2015-01-01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
    "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
    "parameters": {},
    "variables": {},
    "resources": [],
    "outputs": {}
}
```

Input parameters

Definition of variables used in template

List of resources that are created with this template

Output parameters that can be used for further deployment steps

ARM Template Parameters

```
{
    "$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/schemas/2015-01-01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
    "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
    "parameters": {
        "storageAccountName" : {
            "type": "string"
        }
    },
    "variables": {
    },
    "resources": [
        {
            "type": "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts",
            "name": "[parameters('storageAccountName')]",
            "apiVersion": "2016-01-01",
            "location": "[resourceGroup().location]",
            "sku" : {
                "name" : "Standard_LRS"
            },
            "kind" : "Storage",
            "properties":{
            }
        }
    ],
    "outputs": {}
}
```

Run an ARM Template

```
# create a new resource group if needed
New-AzResourceGroup `
    -Name "MyResourceGroup-RG" `
    -Location "westeurope"

# run the template
New-AzResourceGroupDeployment `
    -Name "mydeployment" `
    -ResourceGroupName "MyResourceGroup-RG" `
    -TemplateParameterFile .\parameters-template.json `
    -storageAccountName "mystorageaccount"
    -Mode Incremental
```

Run an ARM Template

```
# create a resource group if needed
az group create\
    --name "myResourceGroup-RG"\
    --location "westeurope"

# run the template
az group deployment create\
    --resource-group "MyResourceGroup-RG"\
    --template-file parameters-template.json\
    --parameters storageAccountName="mystorageaccount"\
    --mode Incremental
```

Links

- Azure Resource Manager Documentation https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/
- Azure Quickstart Templates https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/templates/?sort=Popular
- Azure Quickstart Template on GitHub https://github.com/Azure/azure-quickstart-templates

Demo

- Parts Unlimited
- MSENG