Answer the questions in the spaces provided on the question sheets. If you run out of room for an answer, continue on a separate sheet of paper.

## Bayes' theorem

1. Suppose we have two coins. The first coin is a fair coin and the second coin is biased. The biased coin comes up heads with probability .75 and tails with probability .25. We select a coin at random and flip the coin ten times. The results of the coin flips are mutually independent. The result of the 10 flips is: T,T,H,T,T,T,T,T,H,T. What is the probability that we selected the biased coin?

**Solution:** Let B be the event that we selected the biased coin.  $p(B) = p(\overline{B}) = 1/2$ .

Let Y be the event that the outcomes is T,T,H,T,H,T,T,T,H,T. Because the results of the flips are independent,  $p(Y|\overline{B}) = (1/2)^{10}$ . Also  $p(Y|B) = (1/4)^7(3/4)^3$ . Using Bayes' Theorem:

$$p(B|Y) = \frac{p(Y|B)p(B)}{p(Y|B)p(B) + p(Y|\overline{B})p(\overline{B})} = \frac{(1/4)^7(3/4)^3(1/2)}{(1/4)^7(3/4)^3(1/2) + (1/2)^{10}(1/2)} = \frac{27}{27 + 2^{10}} \approx 0.0257.$$

- 2. Naïve Bayes classifier
  - (a) Using Bayes' theorem, compute the probability that a traveler survived ( $column\ D$ ) given their ticket class ( $column\ A$ ).

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Solution:} \ \, &p(0|ticket) = \frac{p(ticket|0)*p(0)}{p(ticket)}. \\ p(1|ticket) &= \frac{p(ticket|1)*p(1)}{p(ticket)}. \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Given an unknown traveler, make a prediction, using results from Part (a) about whether or not they will survive based on their ticket class.
  - i. What do you notice about this predictive model? How can we improve it?
- (c) Improve model.