# C programming language

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# origins







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## comparison

Java	С
object-oriented	procedural
interpreted	compiled
String	<b>char</b> array
condition (boolean)	condition (int)
garbage-collected	no memory management
references	pointers
exceptions	error codes

- in Java, everything is a method that is called on an object
- · in C, everything is a function
- in Java, source code is compiled to byte code, which is then interpreted by Java VM
- in C, source code is compiled into binary machine code
- in Java, String is a class
- in C, a string is just an array of char values which ends with the char '\0'
- in Java, the Java VM takes care of deallocating memory used
- in C, any memory you allocate, you must also deallocate

### hello, world

```
/* file: helloworld.c */
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
   printf("hello, world\n");
   return 0;
}
```

```
$ gcc -o helloworld helloworld.c
$ ./helloworld
hello, world
```

• The tradition of using the phrase "Hello, world!" as a test message was influenced by an example program in the seminal book *The C Programming Language* 

#### variables

```
$ gcc -o figure2-4 figure2-4.c
$ ./figure2-4
M 419
N
424
```

- What kind of variables are **ch** and **j**?
- What would you expect for input '~ 2147483643'?
- This program would behave exactly the same had this program declared **ch** and **j** as local variables instead of global variables.

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## memory model — part i

#### global variables

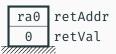
declared outside of any function and remain in place throughout the execution of the entire program. they are stored at a fixed location in memory.

#### local variables

declared within a function and come into existence when the function is called and cease to exist when the function terminates. they are stored on the run-time stack.



(a) Fixed location.



(b) Run-time stack.

• (a) and (b) represent the state of relevant memory for the previous program just before it terminates, i.e., in the process of executing line 15.

### FIXME — testing

ra1 retAddr ra0 retAddr 424 retVal (b) Run-time stack.

(a) Fixed location.

#### conditions

· under what conditions will each of the following be execute?

```
if (x) {
   /* ??? */
}

if (x-y) {
   /* ??? */
}

if (x=y) {
   /* ??? */
}

/* ??? */
}
```

- x != 0
- x != y
- y != 0



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