

Design Document

Phase2 - Group55



CONTENTS

- Updated specification
- Diagram + explanation of each component
- Description of major design decision
- Description of how the project consistent with SOLID design principles
- Description of how the project adheres to Clean Architecture
- Description of which packaging strategies used
- Summary of design patterns implemented
- GUI Demo
- Progress report
- Accessibility report
- Future extensions







Rating system

Implements Glicko2 performance rating system



4 player chess

Able to play four player chess game

Updated



LAN

Able to play 2 player chess on same internet



GUI

Able to work flawlessly with 2 player chess.



Database

Able to keep user information in database



More

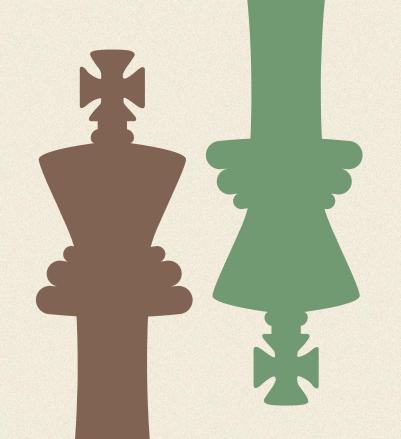
Future Expandability



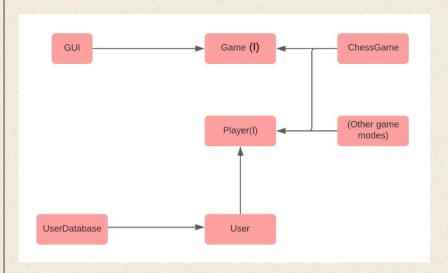


. (12) .

Diagrams +explanations



ChessGame



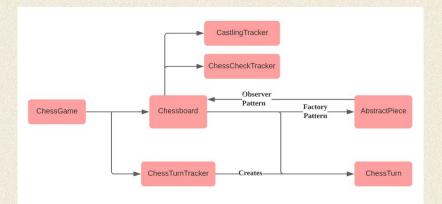
Key design features

- ISP: the Game(I) and Player(I) allows switching game modes cleaner.
- DIP: The interfaces also allow the development of code independent of the development of other parts of the code.

ChessGame

Key design features

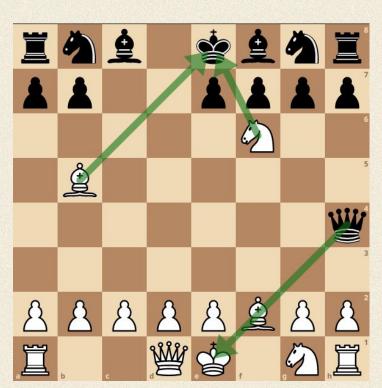
- CastlingTracker and CheckTracker was split from Board, as Piece doesn't need access to it.
- Factory design pattern was used to create several subclasses cleanly
- Observer Pattern was used on Pieces such that pieces keep track of their coordinates
- Custom Coord class used ubiquitously to simplify vector math.



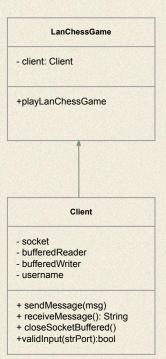
ChessGame

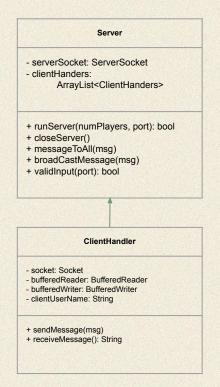
Key features

- Castling (KQkq)
- En passant
- Checks (line of sight mechanism)
- Preview Legal moves
- Promote pawn



LanChessGame extends ChessGame



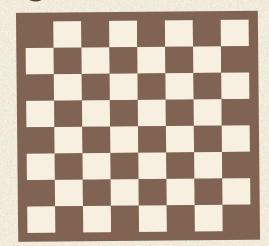


Client class helps LanChessGame to send and receive their moves to the server. Server class gives connection between two players. When client connects to the server, ClientHandler helps Server to keep informations needed to communicate with Client.

I've built methods that are needed to communicate between Client-Server and I named them straight forward to allow others to use it without guessing what each method does.

OriginalChessGame

Take turns on one local device

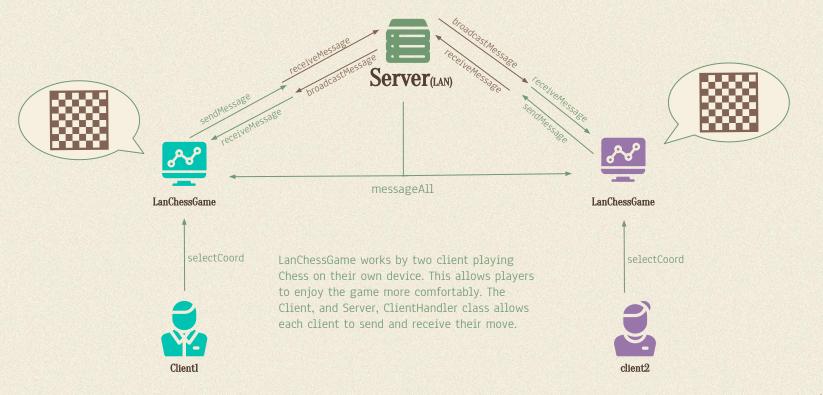


ChessGame for hotseat works by two players paying on one device. Which is very inconvenient. That is why we've implemented LanChessGame.

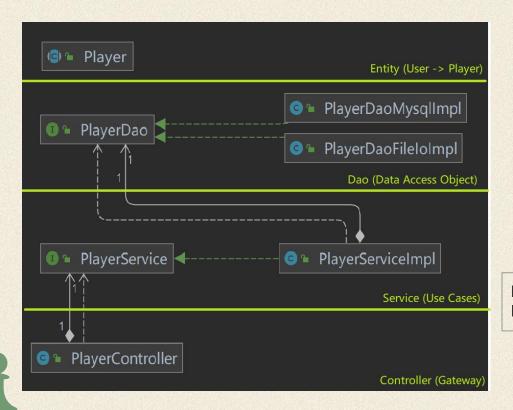




LanChessGame-explanation



DataBase—Clean Architecture



PlayerController

-PlayerService playerService

+ signIn(String, String): boolean

+ singUp(String, String): boolean

+ getAllPlayers(): List<Player>

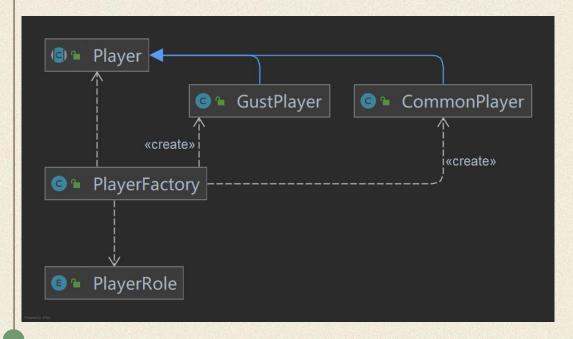
+ update(Player): boolean

+ changeName(String, String): boolean

+ changePassword(String, String): boolean

PlayerDaoMysqlImpl: Persistence via MySQL PlayerDaoFileIoImpl: Persistence via Serialization

DataBase-Design Pattern



Usage: Factory Pattern

Kind: Simple Factory Pattern

Instantiate different player subclasses

DataBase—SOLID Principles

| Single responsibility principle (SRP) | eg: Player, PlayerRole, PlayerFactory |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| | Each class is responsible for one single thing |
| Open/closed principle (OCP) | eg: Player(Abstract), CommonPlayer(Subclass) GustPlayer(Subclass) |
| | Use abstract class inheritance, open to extensions, closed to modifications |
| Liskov substitution principle (LSP) | eg: Player(Abstract), CommonPlayer(Subclass) GustPlayer(Subclass) |
| | Both subclasses can replace the parent Player, but not the reverse |
| Interface segregation principle (ISP) | eg: PlayerDao(Interface), PlayerService(Interface) |
| | Each for different functionality, no redundant need to be implemented |
| Dependency inversion principle (DIP) | eg: PlayerServiceImpl depend on PlayerDao(Interface) & Player(Abstract) |
| | High do not depend on lower, dependencies are on abstract or interface |

DataBase—Test

| Framework: JUnit | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| PlayerControllerImplTest | signIn, signUp, update, getAllPlayers, changePassword, changeName | |
| | Test Passed: 6 of 6 tests | |
| PlayerServiceImplTest | getAllPlayers, changePassword, changeName | |
| | Test Passed: 3 of 3 tests | |
| PlayerDaoImplTest | add, getByName, delete, update | |
| | Test Passed: 4 of 4 tests | |

The Rating System

GlickoCalculator

- DEFAULT_RATING
 DEFAULT VOLATILITY
- DEFAULT DEVIATION
- A few other default values for algorithm.
- + calculateRating(player, result list)
- + calculateNewDeviation()
- + ratingByOutcome
- + many conversion functions.

GlickoRating

- rating
- deviation
- volatilitynumResults
- + just a whole lot of getters and setters

Result

- WIN_POINTS
 DRAW POINTS
- LOSS POINTS
- isDraw
- player1
- player2
- + validPlayers(player1, player2)
- + participated(player)
- + getScore(player)

ResultsOverRatingPeriod

- List<Result> results
- Set<GlickoRating> participants
- + addResult(winner, loser)
- + addDraw(player1, player2)
- + addParticipants()
- + clearResults()

- Originally wanted to use ELO system.
- Glicko system, designed by Harvard professor Mark Glickman, is better.
- Referenced from public domain document on mathematical rating model, see here: http://www.glicko.net/glicko/glicko2.pdf
- Glickman scales the scores for use in the algorithm, and also for comparison to more traditional rating metrics (i.e. ELO).
- Lots of lovely, not at all confusing, math.

Let $a = \ln(\sigma^2)$, and define

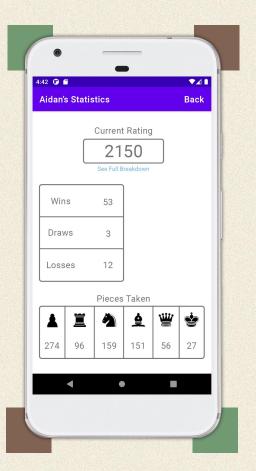
$$f(x) = \frac{e^x(\Delta^2 - \phi^2 - v - e^x)}{2(\phi^2 + v + e^x)^2} - \frac{(x - a)}{\tau^2}$$

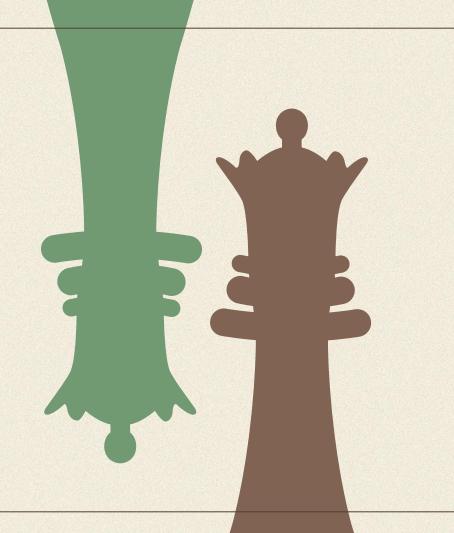




The RatingSystem & Stats

- User will be able to view their profile's statistics, including wins, losses, draws, a count of all the pieces taken, and finally a breakdown of their competitive rating.
- This has a lot of potential in the future for interesting expansions to gameplay analysis, was too complicated to implement more crazy things right now.
- While the back-end implementation is complete, front-end development was not completed due to time restraints.



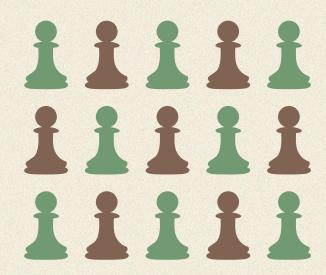


.03

Design Patterns

Design Decisions

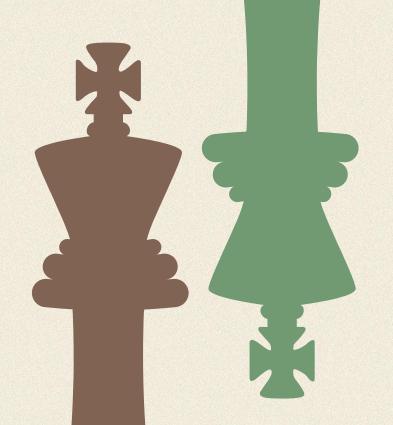
We used the Factory Design method to create Piece objects, since there are 6 different kinds of pieces, that are part of the Chess Game.



• 04•

SOLID

Design principle



SOLID design principle



Single Responsibility

Splitting the Chessboard into CastlingTracker, CheckTracker, and PieceTracker



Open Closed

We implemented needed methods to modify each class's behavior. So open for easy extension, but closed for modification.



Liskov Substitution

Using well placed Interfaces, we can easily swap one game mode with another. Allowing the reusing of code even if it has different rulesets.



Interface Segregation

A player interface is used so that the Chessgame only accesses needed features

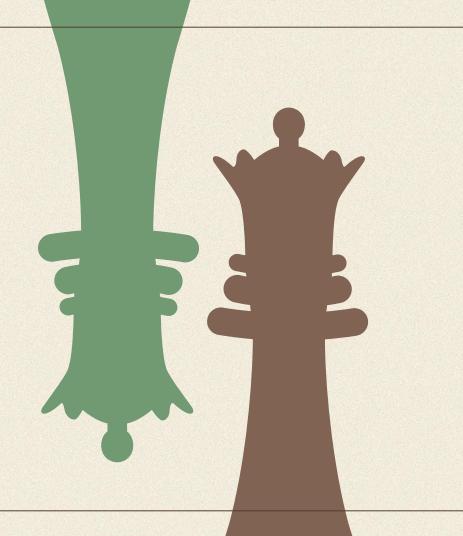


Dependence Inversion

Well placed interfaces allow developers to work on separate parts of the code with reduced dependency to other parts of the code







. 05.

Clean Architecture

Clean Architecture



Layers

Divided up code by each class's expectations, which allowed us to split up classes by their layer better.

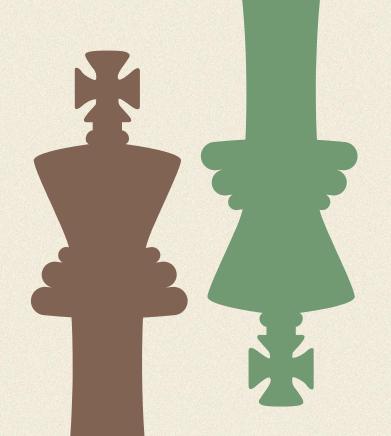


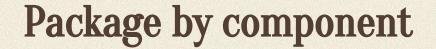
Dependency Rule

When we were programming, we built class from inner layer to outer layer. This prevented inner layer have dependency of other layers.

.06.

Packaging







ChessBoard ChessGame Piece



Lan

Client Server ClientHandler





GlickoCalculator GlicoRaiting Result

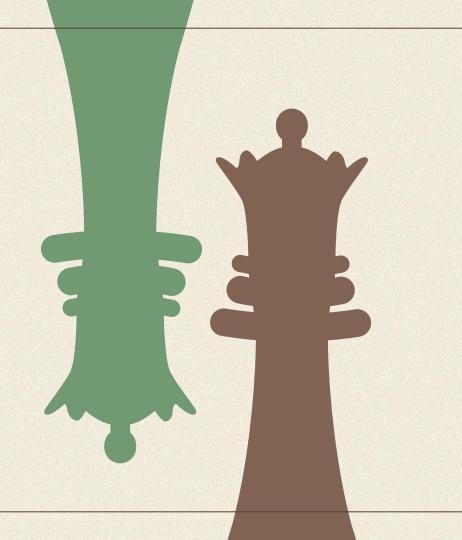


Player

Player GuestPlayer CommonPlayer







. 07

Design Patterns





PieceFactory

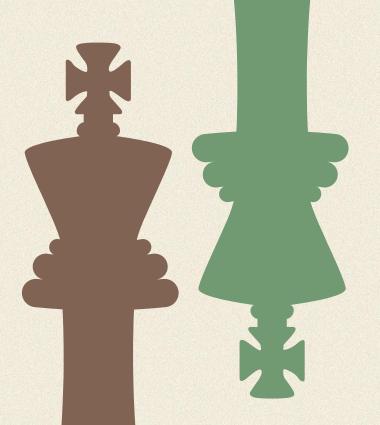
Instead of initializing each piece, such as King, Pawn, Bishop... use factory design pattern to simplify.



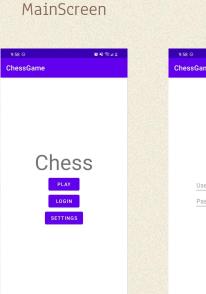
PlayerFactory

Used to create different types of players using factory design pattern.

• 08 • GUI



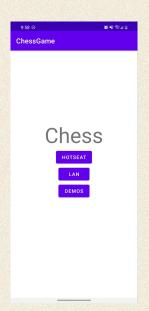
GUI Screenshot



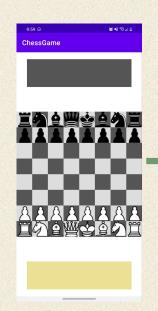
ChessGame Username Password

Login

Menu



HotSeatChess



Yellow means that It's your turn.



GUI Screenshot

LanChessGame

rest are the same



LegalMoves

資料等1回金 ChessGame

Promoting

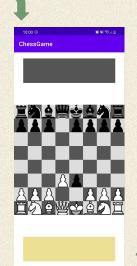


CheckState



En passant





Progress Report *





2-Player Chess game Connecting it to GUI





JongEun

LanChessGame Lan-related Classes

Ang

Database Unit Test





Kole

4-Player Chess Game

Matthew

Mainly GUI





Aidan

Glicko Rating System Connecting to GUI

Accessibility Report *

Principle of Universal Design

- **1** Equitable Use
 - Currently lacking here. Can work on introducing intuitive sound effects and narration for the hearing impaired. Also we can also add colour customization options to facilitate easy play for the visually impaired.
- 109 Flexible in use
 - Again, colour customization options would go a long way here. Text and image sizing, contrast, tap/drag options, as well as localizations would be great additions.
- Simple and Intuitive Use
 - Currently our design GUI is very simple and very easy to understand for those who have played chess before. For those who haven't played chess it could be a bit confusing, especially the rating system.

Principle of Universal Design

- **O4** Perceptible Information
 - Currently, we do not have any informations about how our program works. We can add simple videos of how to play chess(how to move, what checkmate state is and etc).
- Tolerance for Error

 Chess, as a competitive game, doesn't allow for much tolerance of error; there can't be a redo button. We will investigate further how to improve this in other ways.
- Our GUI is built on android, so the game can be played on a mobile device, only requiring tapping of the screen to function. Investigating fun solutions for physically impaired users.
- O7 Size and Space for Approach and Use

 The current focus was functionality, but in the future this will be taken further into consideration.

The Future



Expandability

- Online Multiplayer
- Matchmaking by Glicko Rating
- Enhanced Statistics Tracking
- User-Defined Gamemodes
- •



Refining

- Improve Accessibility
- Give app more personality with visuals and sound
- Make more robust tests, improve documentation



01

Giwon

I was able to figure out more efficient way for our program to work.

03

Ang

Refactored Player with Clean Architecture which is main goal for our project.

05

Matthew

Was able to work on GUI, to help visualize chess in better way. 02

JongEun

This pull request notified group members that I got my Lan classes working.

04

Kole

4 player chess game

<u>06</u>

Aidan

Was able to implement rating system to our project.





