

# HTML Canvas and OO Javascript

This lecture is based on materials from:



Eloquent JavaScript A Modern Introduction to Programming by Marijn Haverbeke

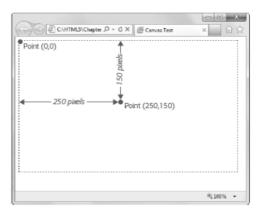


HTML5: The Missing Manual The Book That Should Have Been in the Box Matthew MacDonald O'Reilly Media



#### Canvas

• A drawing surface



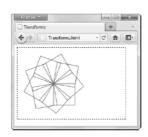


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>Lines</title>
  <style>
    canvas {
      border: 1px dashed black;
  </style>
  <script>
    window.onload = function() {
      var canvas = document.getElementById("drawingCanvas");
      var context = canvas.getContext("2d");
      context.strokeStyle = "blue";
      context.moveTo(250,50);
      context.lineTo(50,250);
      context.lineTo(450,250);
      context.closePath();
      // Draw the outline.
     context.stroke();
    };
 </script>
</head>
<body>
  <canvas id="drawingCanvas" width="500" height="300"></canvas>
</body>
</html>
```



#### **Transforms**

- Shifts the canvas' coordinate system
- Functions:
  - translate(x,y)
  - rotate(angle)
  - scale(w,h)
  - transform()
  - o save()
  - restore()





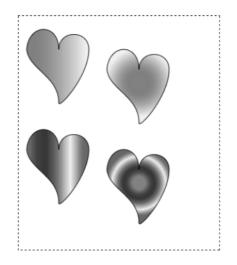
#### **Drawing Images**

Step 1: Load image into <img> tag Step 2: Paint image on canvas canvas.drawlmage(img,x,y);

Caveat: step 2 should run only after image has been loaded

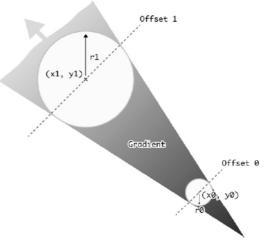


## Gradients and Bezier Curves





#### Radial Gradients



http://net.tutsplus.com/tutorials/javascript-ajax/canvas-from-scratch-transformations-and-gradients/



# Arrays

```
var a = new Array();  // empty array
var b = \text{new Array}(\text{``dog''}, 3, 8.4);
var c = [2, 5, 'a', 'b'];
c[15] = "hello"; // implicit extension
Properties:

    length

    join()

reverse()
• sort()
concat()

    slice()

splice()
• push() / pop()
shift() / unshift()
toString()
```



#### **Objects**

- Collection of properties and methods
- Creation
  - var empty = {};
  - var cat = {color:"gray", name:"Spots"};
- Adding properties/methods
  - cat.age = 10;
  - cat.talk = function () { console.log("Cats don't talk!");}
- · Deleting properties/methods
  - delete cat.age;



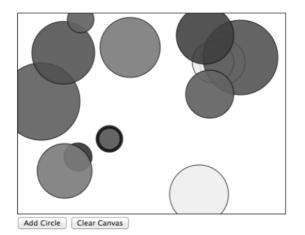
# Object Constructors

- Any function can become an object constructor
- Instantiate an object by calling **new** on the function.

```
function Rectangle (w,h) {
    this.width = w:
    this.height = h;
    this.area = function () {
          return this.width * this.height;
    };
var rec = new Rectangle (2,4);
rec.area();
rec["area"]();
rec.newFunction = newPredecleredFunc:
```



#### Interactive Circles





# Method and Property Types

- Private variables
- Private functions
- Privileged methods
- Public properties
- Public methods
- Prototype properties
- Prototype methods
- Static properties



## Prototype

- Javascript does not have a class construct
- Every object has a prototype property
- Use prototype to change type-wide definition



## Privileged vs. Prototype

- Prototype methods
  - are static
  - one single instance shared among all definitions
- Privileged methods
  - · recreated for each object
  - · cave access private data.

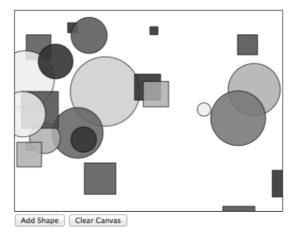


#### Inheritance

- Inherit by setting prototype to instance of parent object
- Calling parent constructor
  - Parent.call(this, args....);



# Interactive Shapes





### Saving the Picture in the Canvas

- Data URL
  - var url = canvas.toDataURL("image/jpeg");
  - Character-based representation of an image file
  - Can be assigned to an <img>
- Binary pixel data
  - var data = canvas.getImageData();
- Store a list of steps