



Abstract

Testing code is an imperative part of the software engineering process. This is done in order to ensure that robust, high quality software is being built that meets the customer's requirements. This work shows the benefits of having an automated testing framework to test various methods in OpenMRS, an open-source electronic medical record system platform.

Introduction

OpenMRS is an electronic medical record system platform written in the Java programming language that is supported by a community passionate about healthcare. They are mainly concerned with aiding the developing world where AIDS, tuberculosis, and malaria afflict the lives of millions of people. Our task this semester was to develop an automated testing framework to test five of their methods.

```

/TestsAutomation
/project
  /src
    bin
    / ...
  /scripts
    runAllTests (some scripting extension)
    ... other helper scripts
  /testCases
    testCase1.txt
    testCase2.txt
    ...
    testCasesExecutable
    testCase3 (maybe folder or file)
    ...
  /tmp (for output from running tests ... be sure to clean at start of runAllTests)
    testCaseResults (might be folder or file)
    ...
  /oracles
    testCase1Oracle (might be folder or file)
    ...
  /docs
    README.txt
  /reports
    testReport (txt or html)

```

Figure 1: Framework Directory Structure

```
# Test cases are written in the following format:
# 1. Test Case ID
# 2. Requirement being tested
# 3. Component being tested
# 4. Class
# 5. Driver being used
# 6. Test Inputs(s)
# 7. Expected Result
# 8. Package
```

Figure 2: Example Test Case Format

Developing an Automated Testing Framework for OpenMRS

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Methods:

1. Create the framework directory structure from Figure 1 in the team Github repository.
2. Clone the OpenMRS repository and upload it to the /TestAutomation/project/src folder within the team Github repository.
3. Clone the team Github repository to our local Ubuntu Linux machines.
4. Select 5 methods from the OpenMRS source code to test. The five methods chosen were:
 compareNaturalAscii(String s, String t)
 isStringInArray(String str, String[] arr)
 containsOnlyDigits(String str)
 containsDigit(String str)
 compareNaturalIgnoreCaseAscii(String s, String t)
5. Construct 5 test cases for each method using the format in Figure 2 and save them within the testCases folder.
6. Develop .java drivers for each method.
7. Develop a bash script that parses the lines of the test case files, compiles and runs the drivers, and outputs the test results into the terminal and a browser.
8. Perform 5 fault injections (1 fault per method).

```
package org.openmrs.util;

public class OpenmrsUtilDriver2 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String[] temp = args[0].split(", ");

        if(temp.length == 1) {

            String str = temp[0];
            System.out.println(OpenmrsUtil.containsOnlyDigits(str));

        } else {

            System.out.println("Error: Incorrect number of arguments!");

        }

    }

}
```

Figure 3: Example Driver

```
public static boolean isStringInArray(String str, String[] arr) {
    //Correct: boolean retVal = false;

    ///***FAULT***//
    boolean retVal = true;

    if (str != null && arr != null) {
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            if (str.equals(arr[i])) {
                retVal = true;
            }
        }
    }
    return retVal;
}
```

Figure 4: Example Fault

Results:

[illegible]

Figure 5: Test Case Results Before Fault Injections

Conclusion:

We were able to successfully build an automated testing framework for OpenMRS that displays the testing results in a HTML table that appears in a browser as well as a terminal. In Figure 5 above, the table displays the test number, requirement, method, class, driver, inputs, expected output, and the result for each test case. All test cases were initially designed to pass, but the introduction of fault injections caused some of the test cases to fail, which was expected.

Acknowledgments:

We would like to thank Dr. Jim Bowring for his constructive criticism and guidance throughout this entire project.