
1) Translate the following C code to MIPS assembly code.

```
void main()
{
int s0;
int s1;
for(s0 = 0; s0 < 5; s0++)
  for (s1 = 0; s1 < 4; s1++)
  {
    arr[counter] = s0 + s1;
  }
}
No Answer</pre>
```

2) Provide a set of pure MIPS instructions that may be used to implement the following pseudo-instruction:

```
not $11, $t2 # bit-wise invert
No Answer
```

3) Translate the following C code to MIPS assembly code.

```
void main()
{
int counter = 20;
int loc_arr[16];

while(counter >= 5)
{
  loc_arr[counter - 5] = 50;
  counter = counter - 1;
}
}
No Answer
```

4) Assume \$10 holds the value 0x00101000. What is the value of \$12 after the following instructions?

```
slt $12, $0, $10
bne $12, $0, ELSE
j DONE
ELSE:
addi $12, $12, 2
```

```
DONE:
No Answer

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5) Translate the following C code to MIPS assembly code.
int counter = 0;

void change_global(int value)
{
    counter = counter + value;
}

void main()
{
    change_global(5);
    change_global(10);
}
De hello
```
