	k=2	k=3	k=4	k=5	k=6
(xS,hash value)	(18590573 15this_is _a_bitcoi n_block_o f_4343570 8,0056046 a282a59b3 df085394b cd93f3715 9d1888a05 177a7c0c2 3e4718b13 2d7)	(25619047 this_is_a _bitcoin_ block_of_ 43435708, 0002f43f0 3672e5ce1 aa622328c 5d3022d98 dbf1f0783 69adda84c ef911593f f)	(10500882 80this_is _a_bitcoi n_block_o f_4343570 8,0000951 df7cf543b 9f924d060 a9eb884ce b2b8449a2 f4e8b4bcb 3821a3c5d 04a)	(14563628 37this_is _a_bitcoi n_block_o f_4343570 8,000009b 3609f78d6 713b56cc6 2a01bbd28 1e8e73e4b cb5983e78 78a637e5d 4b7)	(17030003 60this_is _a_bitcoi n_block_o f_4343570 8,0000004 9d427729d 69166d9ec b6a52513e bf99052d9 606cad880 979699d04 0b3)
n trials	10000	10000	100000	1000000	10000000
Time elapsed	3s	3s	4s	6s	31s

## 2/

## Result:

k = 7

n trials = 500000000

(xS, hash value) =

 $(110518648 this\_is\_a\_bitcoin\_block\_of\_43435708,00000004aa0b4bac88 ecbfbbb9615b6f318d4296)$ 

e31ef659027fae70e3e94fff) Time elapsed:1238s

## Cluster's configuration:

Master node: Standard (1 master, N workers)

Machine type: n1-standard-4

Number of GPUs: 0

Primary disk type: pd-standard

Primary disk size: 500GB

Local SSDs: 0 Worker nodes: 2

Machine type: c2-standard-4

Number of GPUs: 0

Primary disk type: pd-standard

Primary disk size: 500GB

## Local SSDs: 0

I tried 10 million trials as I did with k=6 but I could not find the correct xS, so I adjusted to 20 million trials, and then 50 million trials when I finally found the right xS.

```
3/
//iter.map(x => rand.nextInt(Int.MaxValue - 1) + 1)
iter.map(x => x + 1)
```

	k=2	k=3	k=4	k=5	k=6
(xS,hash value)	(391this_is_a_bitc oin_block of_43435 708,0023e 55ba2d08c 1ce14bbaa b43aa5942 99051f767 0924a67dd 8cb0a4826 68647)	(1633this _is_a_bit coin_bloc k_of_4343 5708,000b 6080a63bd b3fb191c2 72dc39355 2f6a858f2 c3a279087 6d57c69aa 094e01)	(63884thi s_is_a_bi tcoin_blo ck_of_434 35708,000 08f0b7e87 b95efa6f1 1a7e95fd7 2af990897 e3ef8d6da e757ea1e0 627a91e)	(816558th is_is_a_b itcoin_bl ock_of_43 435708,00 000181942 ea57bb6bd 049885bff 0155e32cd 960bf3d32 f9bd5a759 80ef3647)	
n trials	10000	10000 1633	100000 63884	1000000 816558	10000000 Not exists
Time elapsed	3s	3s	4s	6s	27s

Using this method to find the correct xS is fast if k is small. When k grows, xS grows even faster, so it takes so many trials until we get a correct xS. As demonstrated in the table, when k=6, 10000000 trials were not enough to get a correct xS. But with the random method, we could get a correct xS.

Thus, for k that is large, we may have a better chance of getting the correct xS if we use the random method instead of the linear method.