#### Homework #4 - Solution

(C Programming for Beginners - OnLine)

- **4.1** Here is a listing of a program, use a paper computer and answer how many times each loop is executed
  - a) How many times this loop is executed?

```
int i = 0;
while (i++ < 10) {
      printf("Hello World: %d\n", i);
}</pre>
```

### **Answer:**

10 times

b) How many times this loop is executed if we changed the counter increment to ++i?

```
i = 0;
while (++i < 10) {
      printf("Hello World: %d\n", i);
}</pre>
```

### **Answer:**

9 times

c) How many times this loop is executed, if it is executed immediately after the loop in #b, i.e. i is not reinitialized before the loop?

```
while (++i < 10) {
      printf("Hello World: %d\n", i);
}</pre>
```

### **Answer:**

Interestingly, 0 times, as the i is already 10 after the #b) loop

**4.2** Remember our famous homework#1 program? This program draws a box 20 characters in width and 10 characters in height, using a '-' for horizontal line and 'l' for vertical line.

```
printf("Using brutal force: \n");
```

```
printf("----\n");
printf("|
                       \n");
                       \n");
printf("|
printf("|
                       \n");
printf("
                       \n");
printf("
                       \n");
printf("|
                       |\n");
printf("|
                       |\n");
printf("|
                       \n");
printf("----\n");
```

Only prinf() is used for this purpose. A good solution could involve a loop, which now you know. So, write the solution - using loop.

Hint: One way to solve this would be by writing a loop to draw top line and nested loops to draw the middle lines and later similar loop like top for the bottom line.

```
int j = 0;
int k = 0;
printf("\nUsing while loop, better solution: \n");
// Draw first line
//"----"
while (j < 20)
     printf("-");
     j++;
}
printf("\n");
while (k < 8)
     //remember, there are only 10-2=8 lines in the middle
{
     //then
                                    j = 0;
     printf("|"); //left pipe
     while (j < 18)
           //there are only 20-2 spaces in the center
     {
           printf(" "); //center spaces
           j++;
     printf("|\n"); //write pipe and new line
     k++;
}
```

```
//finally last line
//-----
j = 0;
while (j < 20)
{
     printf("-");
     j++;
}
printf("\n"); //new line</pre>
```

**4.2** Change the while loop in 4.2 to do..while loop to print the same box.

```
int j1 = 0;
int k1 = 0;
printf(
      "\nUsing do .. while loop, better solution: \n");
// Draw first line
//"----"
do {
     printf("-");
     j1++;
} while (j1 < 20);</pre>
printf("\n");
do //remember, there are only 10-2=8 lines in the middle
     //then
      i1 = 0;
      printf("|"); //left pipe
     do //there are only 20-2 spaces in the center
            printf(" "); //center spaces
            j1++;
      } while (j1 < 18);</pre>
      printf("|\n"); //write pipe and new line
     k1++;
} while (k1 < 8);</pre>
//finally last line
//----
j1 = 0;
do
{
     printf("-");
```

```
j1++;
} while (j1 < 20);
printf("\n"); //new line</pre>
```

**4.4** Change the while loop in 4.3 to for - loop to print the same box

#### Answer:

```
int count1, count2;
int height = 10, width = 20;
printf("\nUsing for-loop: \n");
for (count1 = 1; count1 < width; count1++)
{
        printf("-");
}
printf("\n");
for (count1 = 1; count1< height; count1++)
{
        printf("|");
        for (count2 = 1; count2 < width - 2; count2++)
            printf(" ");
        printf(" \n");
}
for (count1 = 1; count1< width; count1++)
{
        printf("-");
}
printf("\n\n");</pre>
```

**4.5** Modify the program in 4.4 and use variables for horizontal, vertical characters instead of hard coded values like 'l', '-'. Ask user for all these values height, width, and characters to draw ('l', '-') instead of using hard coded values.

```
int loop1, loop2;
char hChar, vChar;
int ht, wd;
printf("\nUsing for-loop and user values: \n");

printf("\nPlease enter height of a box: ");
scanf("%d", &ht);
printf("\nPlease enter width of a box: ");
scanf("%d", &wd);

//you first need to flush the buffer, which still has
//'\n' character due to pressing enter
while (getchar() != '\n');
printf(
```

```
"\nPlease enter the vertical charcters to draw box: ");
scanf("%c", &vChar);
//don't forget to remove the newline character after
//reading just a charcter in above code
while (getchar() != '\n');
printf(
      "\nPlease enter the horizontal charcters to draw box: ");
scanf("%c", &hChar);
while (getchar() != '\n');
printf("\n");
for (loop1 = 1; loop1 < wd; loop1++)</pre>
      printf("%c", hChar);
printf("\n");
for (loop1 = 1; loop1< ht - 2; loop1++)</pre>
      printf("%c", vChar);
      for (loop2 = 1; loop2 < wd - 2; loop2++)</pre>
            printf(" ");
      printf("%c\n", vChar);
for (loop1 = 1; loop1 < wd; loop1++)</pre>
{
      printf("%c", hChar);
printf("\n");
```

**4.5** Modify the program in 4.5 so that it repeats the drawing by asking user to continue. If user enters 'y' then continue drawing more boxes.

```
int counter1, counter2;
char hChar1, vChar1;
int ht1, wd1;
char answer = 'y';

printf("\nUsing for-loop and user values, continuously: \n");
while (answer == 'y') {
    printf("\nPlease enter height of a box: ");
    scanf("%d", &ht1);
    printf("\nPlease enter width of a box: ");
    scanf("%d", &wd1);
```

```
//you first need to flush the buffer, which still has
            //'\n' character due to pressing enter
            while (getchar() != '\n');
            printf(
                  "\nPlease enter the vertical charcters to draw box:
                 ");
            scanf("%c", &vChar1);
            //don't forget to remove the newline character after
            //reading just a charcter in above code
            while (getchar() != '\n');
            printf(
                  "\nPlease enter the horizontal charcters to draw box:
            scanf("%c", &hChar1);
            printf("\n");
            for (counter1 = 1; counter1 < wd1; counter1++)</pre>
                  printf("%c", hChar1);
            }
            printf("\n");
            for (counter1 = 1; counter1 < ht1 - 2; counter1++)</pre>
                  printf("%c", vChar1);
                  for (counter2 = 1; counter2 < wd1 - 2; counter2++)</pre>
                        printf(" ");
                  printf("%c\n", vChar1);
            for (counter1 = 1; counter1 < wd1; counter1++)</pre>
                  printf("%c", hChar1);
            printf("\n");
            //clean up the newline after last character read
            while (getchar() != '\n');
            printf("Continue? Type 'y' for yes: ");
            scanf("%c", &answer);
printf("\nThank you for using my program\n");
return 0;
```

}