UBIT:	@buffalo.edu	CSE116 - Fall 2019
Name:		Level 4 Quiz

Q1. First-Order Functions [15 points]

```
def selectionSort[T](inputData: List[T], comparator: (T, T) => Boolean): List[T] = {
 var data: List[T] = inputData
  for (i <- data.indices) {</pre>
   var minFound = data.apply(i)
   var minIndex = i
   for (j <- i until data.size) {</pre>
      val currentValue = data.apply(j)
      if (comparator(currentValue, minFound)) {
        minFound = currentValue
        minIndex = j
      }
    data = data.updated(minIndex, data.apply(i))
    data = data.updated(i, minFound)
  data
}
def q1(): Unit = {
 var data = List(7, 1, -9, -4, 6, -3)
 val comparator = (a: Int, b: Int) => Math.abs(a) < Math.abs(b)</pre>
 data = selectionSort(data, comparator)
 println(data)
```

What is printed to the screen when the method q1() is called?

Q2. Linked-Lists [15 points]

```
class LinkedListNode[A](var value: A, var next: LinkedListNode[A]) {
  def append(a: A): Unit = {
    if (this.next != null) {
      this.next.append(a)
      this.next = new LinkedListNode[A](a, null)
    }
  }
  def q2method(f: A => Boolean): Int = {
    var value = 0
    if (f(this.value)) {
      value = 2
    if (this.next == null) {
      value
    } else {
      value + this.next.q2method(f)
 }
}
def q2(): Unit = {
 val x = new LinkedListNode[Int](1, null)
  x.append(3)
 x.append(5)
 x.append(6)
  x.append(9)
  val f: Int \Rightarrow Boolean = (a: Int) \Rightarrow a < 8 && a > 2
  val result = x.q2method(f)
 println(result)
```

Draw the linked-list that is created when the method q2() is called.

What is printed to the screen when the method q2() method is called?

Q3. Trees and Traversals [10 points]

```
class BinaryTreeNode[A](var value: A, var left: BinaryTreeNode[A], var right: BinaryTreeNode[A]) {}
def inOrderTraversal[A](node: BinaryTreeNode[A], f: A => Unit): Unit = {
  if (node != null) {
    inOrderTraversal(node.left, f)
    f(node.value)
    inOrderTraversal(node.right, f)
 }
}
def preOrderTraversal[A](node: BinaryTreeNode[A], f: A => Unit): Unit = {
  if (node != null) {
    f(node.value)
    preOrderTraversal(node.left, f)
    preOrderTraversal(node.right, f)
}
def q3(): Unit = {
 val root = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](19, null, null)
 root.left = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](-32, null, null)
 root.right = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](6, null, null)
  root.left.right = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](8, null, null)
 root.right.left = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](83, null, null)
 root.right.right = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](-2, null, null)
 root.right.right = new BinaryTreeNode[Int](5, null, null)
 preOrderTraversal(root, println)
}
```

Draw the tree that is created when the method q3() is called.

What is printed to the screen when the method q3() method is called?

Q4. Binary Search Tree [10 points]

```
class BinarySearchTree[A](comparator: (A, A) => Boolean) {
  var root: BinaryTreeNode[A] = null
  def insert(a: A): Unit = {
    if(this.root == null){
      this.root = new BinaryTreeNode(a, null, null)
      insertHelper(a, this.root)
    }
  }
  def insertHelper(a: A, node: BinaryTreeNode[A]): Unit = {
    if(comparator(node.value, a)){
      if(node.right == null){
        node.right = new BinaryTreeNode[A](a, null, null)
      }else{
        insertHelper(a, node.right)
    }else{
      if(node.left == null){
        node.left = new BinaryTreeNode[A](a, null, null)
      }else{
        insertHelper(a, node.left)
      }
    }
 }
}
def q4(): Unit = {
  val comp = (a: Int, b: Int) => a < b</pre>
  val bst = new BinarySearchTree[Int](comp)
  bst.insert(-8)
  bst.insert(-7)
  bst.insert(-6)
  bst.insert(1)
  bst.insert(12)
  bst.insert(-10)
  inOrderTraversal(bst.root, println)
```

Draw the tree that is created when the method q4() is called.

What is printed to the screen when the method q4() method is called?