Linked List

Recall - Array

- Sequential
 - One continuous block of memory
 - Random access based on memory address
 - address = first_address + (element_size * index)
- Fixed Size
 - Since memory adjacent to the block may be used
 - Efficient when you know how many elements you'll need to store

Array

Program Stack	
Main Frame	name:myArray, value:1503

- Arrays are stored on the heap
- Pointer to index 0 goes on the stack
- add index * sizeOfElement to 1503 to find each element
 - This is called random access

Program Heap	
1503	myArray[0]
	myArray[1]
•••	myArray[2]
	myArray[3]
[used by another program]	

Recall - Linked List

- Sequential
 - Spread across memory
 - Each element knows the memory address of the next element
 - Follow the addresses to find each element
- Variable Size
 - Store new element anywhere in memory
 - Add store the memory address in the last element
 - or new element stores address of first element

Linked List

Main Frame name:myList, value:506

- myList stores a list containing: [5,3,1]
- Last link stores null
 - We say the list is "null terminated"
 - When we read a value of null we know we reached the end of the list

Program Heap	
506	name:value, value:5
	name:next, value:795

Program Heap	
795	name:value, value:3
***	name:next, value:416

Program Heap	
416	name:value, value:1
* * *	name:next, value:null

Linked List

Main Frame name:myList, value:506

```
class LinkedListNode[A](var value: A, var next: LinkedListNode[A]) {
}
```

```
var myList: LinkedListNode[Int] = new LinkedListNode[Int](1, null)
myList = new LinkedListNode[Int](3, myList)
myList = new LinkedListNode[Int](5, myList)
```

- We create our own linked list class by defining a node
 - A node represents one "link" in the list
- The list itself is a reference to the first/head node

Program Heap	
506	name:value, value:5
	name:next, value:795

Program Heap	
795	name:value, value:3
	name:next, value:416

Program Heap	
416	name:value, value:1
	name:next, value:null

Lecture Question

Task: Write a prepend method for our linked list

- Write a method in the datastructures.LinkedListNode class (from the repo) named prepend that:
 - Takes a value of type A as its parameter
 - Prepends the input to the front of this list (assume the method is called on the head node)
 - Returns a reference to the new head of the list