User Accounts

- Everything we've built so far treats every user the same and delivers the same content to all visitors
 - Only exception was setting a cookie after their first visit
- For many features of a web app we want to remember a user across multiple visits and verify their identity

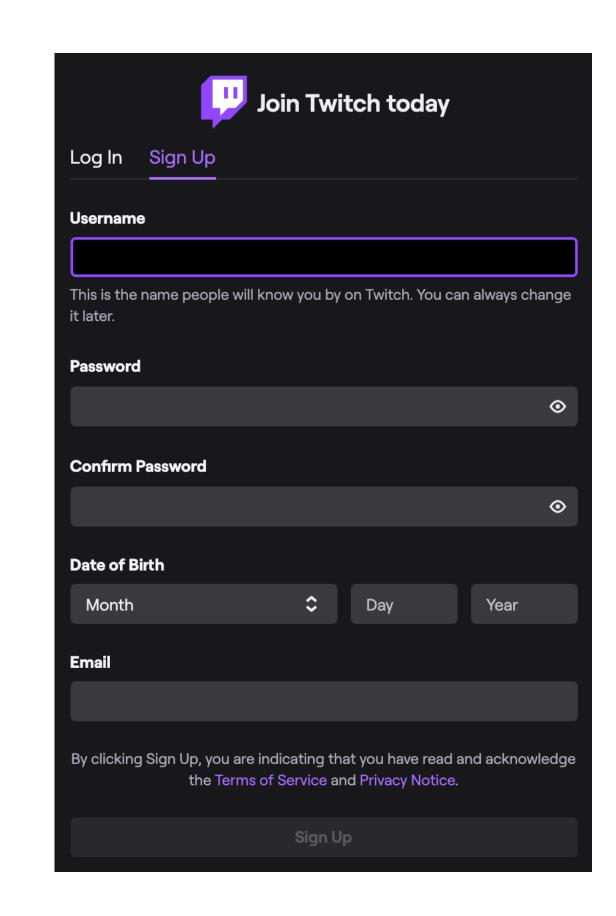
User Accounts

- Registration
 - Users can create an account on your app
 - Choose a username and password

- Authentication
 - Verify that a user is [likely] a registered account holder by providing their username/password
 - Log them into your app
 - Serve content specific to them

User Accounts

- Registration
 - Can be a simple web form
 - At a minimum, provide a username and password
- Common to affiliate an account with a valid email address
 - And verify that email
 - Limits the number of bots that register



Sign Up Free

Your work er	Hall addicss	
	cted by reCAPTCHA and the Privacy Policy and Terms	
of Service appl	у.	

By signing up, I agree to the Privacy Policy and Terms of Service.

Why Verify Email?

Example

- On the server
 - Store each username/password in a database
 - This data must persist so the users can log in
 - What if this database is compromised?
 - Perhaps by a SQL injection attack

- NEVER store passwords as plain text
- Not even the admins of a website should know the passwords of their users
- We do this by hashing the passwords and storing only the hashes

Hash Function

- A function that converts one value into another with certain properties
 - Typically a fixed length value

Used to build hash tables

Hash functions may not add any security!

Cryptographic Hash Function

- A hash function that is meant for secure purposes
- Goal of being a one-way function
 - Easy to compute a hash value from plain text
 - Very difficult to compute the plain text of a given hash
- Hashes can be shared without compromising the plain text
 password

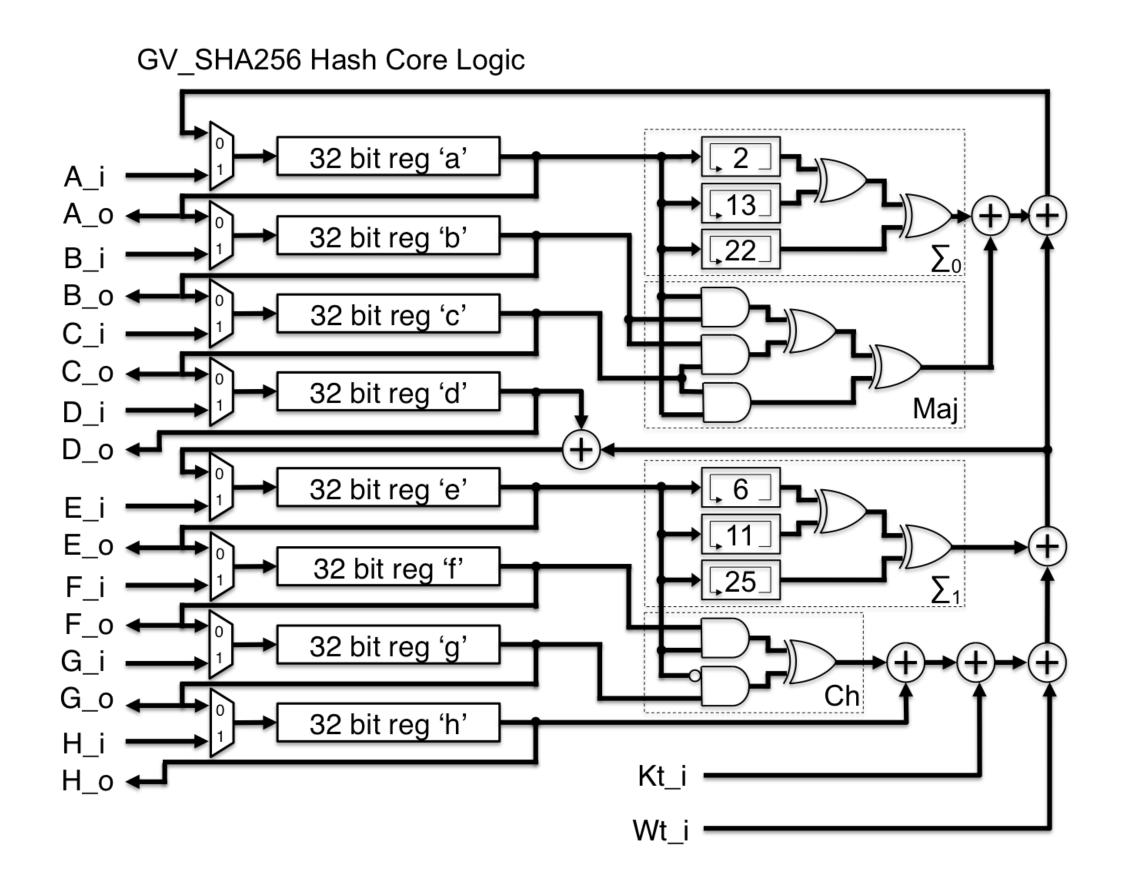


Cryptographic Hash Function

- Only a cryptographic hash of your password is stored
- By only storing the hash of a password:
 - Even the admins of a site can't read your password!
- SHA256 is a commonly used cryptographic hash function
 - https://www.xorbin.com/tools/sha256-hashcalculator

SHA256

- Runs input through multiple rounds of bit-level manipulation
- Easy (Fast) to compute
- Very difficult to compute in reverse



Ref: opencores.org

SHA256 Demo

Brute Force Attack

- Storing SHA256 hashes is not always secure!
 - Surprisingly common misconception
- Hashes are easy to compute, but hard to reverse
- To attack a hash:
 - Hash every possible password
 - If the hashes match, you know the password

Brute Force Demo

Entropy

- Entropy is a measure of uncertainty
 - Number of guesses required to guarantee a hash is matched
- Examples:
 - If you know the plain text is a single lowercase letter the entropy is 26
 - If it's two lowercase letters, the entropy is $26^2 = 676$
 - If it's two letters that can be upper or lower case, $52^2 = 2704$
- Tend to measure the "bits of entropy"
 - The log base 2 of these values

Entropy Demo

Dictionary Attack

- More advanced version of the brute force attack
- Use common words with common replacements
 - a -> @
- O -> 0
- i ->!
- Real words are easier to remember
 - Attacker takes advantage of this
- Lists of common passwords are freely available
 - Start with these

Rainbow Table

- A table containing the start and end of "chains" of hashes
- Repeatedly rehash the start to reach the end
- To attack a hash:
 - Rehash until you reach the end of a chain
 - Rehash the beginning of the chain to find the value before the hash
- Takes a long time to compute a large table
- Effectively trades space for time once the table is computed

Salting

- Salt hashes to prevent attack like rainbow tables
- A salt is a randomly generated string that is stored in plain text with the hash
- The salt is appended to the plain text before hashing
 - Nearly all hashes in the rainbow table will not use this salt
- The salt does not add entropy since it is stored in the clear

- The bcrypt library implements hashing, salting, and other security related functions
- Available in many different languages