

**CSE312 - Web Dev**

# Activities

**1. CSE199 Treasure Hunt**

**2. Write a browser Extension that enables chat on the course website**

**3. Write a web page that uses Google Maps**

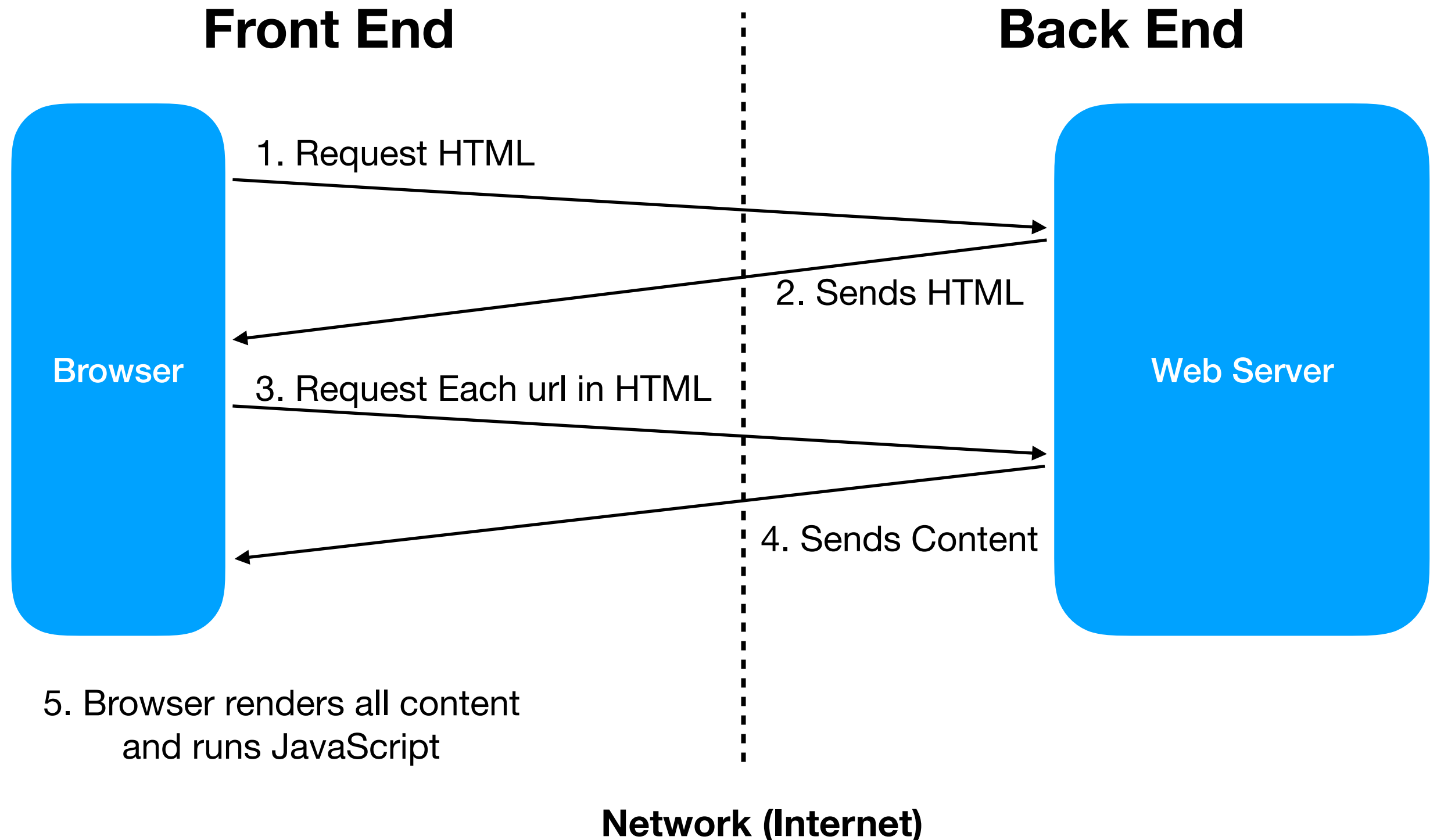
# JSON

- A way of representing complex data as a string
- Can send these strings over the Internet
  - Primary format for sending data over the Internet
- Useful especially when communicating between different programming languages
  - Ex. JavaScript on the front end and a Python back end

# JSON - Data Types

- String - Any value in quotes
- Number - Numerical values (not in quotes)
- Boolean - true or false (not in quotes)
- null
- Array - Comma separated values surrounded by [ ]
- Object - Comma separated key-value pairs surrounded by { }

# Loading a Web Site



# Loading a Web Site

- The server sends all content for a site to the user
- The browser reads the HTML/CSS/JavaScript to render the page
- \*We'll have much more to talk about latter in the course, but for now..
- Key Point: The server send the entire page to the client

# Loading a Web Site

- Key Point: The server send the entire page to the client
- **What are the implications/concerns with this?**

# Live Demos



# Activity 1

## **CSE199 Treasure Hunt**

**Complete phase 3 of the CSE199 treasure hunt**

**<https://fury.cse.buffalo.edu/cse199>**

**Demo: Show the last screen with the long token**

**-Keep this tab open and I'll check all 3 activities at the end of class**

# Browser Extensions

- Extensions allow additional JavaScript code to be injected into a website
- Useful when we want to modify a site without opening the browser console and typing commands after every page load
- Extensions automate this process

# Browser Extensions

- Extension have some limitations
  - Cannot access variables or functions from the page
  - More specifically: Extensions and page source run in two different environments
- Extension can modify the DOM (HTML elements)

# Live Demos

# Activity 2

**Write and upload a browser Extension that enables chat on the course website**

**There is a chat feature on the course website, but it's hidden**

**Write an extension that will display this chat on every page load**

**Demo: Go to the course website and hit refresh. Chat should appear automatically**

# Web APIs

- Web content/services designed to be used by programmers
- Loading a website in a browser returns HTML
  - Browsers renders this so it's readable for humans
- Requesting content from an API returns content readable by our software
  - Commonly returns JSON

# Web APIs

- Web APIs can be abused
- Ex. Yahoo! Finance had an API to request 15 minute delayed stock prices for free
  - [http://www.jarloo.com/yahoo\\_finance/](http://www.jarloo.com/yahoo_finance/)
  - Used to be free and open
  - Nothing from that documentation/blog works today

# Web APIs

- If an API were completely open
  - What's stopping someone from creating their own finance website using Yahoo's API
  - What if Google search had a free API? I could make a search site just as good as Google
- They need to limit API usage
  - Can track IPs and limit the number of requests, but there are ways around this



# Web APIs - Keys

- To limit and track usage, most APIs require an API key
- Register an account and request an API key
- All usage must include your key
- Since the key is linked to your account, they can verify that you are using the API
  - Limit, or bill, you accordingly

# Live Demos

# Activity 3

**Write a web page that uses Google Maps**

**Setup Google Maps on your own web page**

**-You will need to register an account and get an API key (It may ask for a credit card, but won't charge you. If this is an issue/concern, let me know)**

**Read through the API docs to implement the following:**

**-When a user clicks on the map, the latitude and longitude at the click are displayed somewhere on your page**

**Demo: Open your HTML in a browser, click on the map, show where the lat/long is displayed on the page**