Query Strings and HTML Templates

Query Strings

Query String

Allow users to send information in a URL

- Common Application:
 - User types a query in a search engine
 - Their query is sent in the URL as a query string

URL Recall

Protocol://host:port/path?query_string#fragment

- Query String [Optional] Contains key-value pairs set by the client
- https://www.google.com/search?q=web+development
 - HTTPS request to Google search for the phrase "web development"
- https://duckduckgo.com/?q=web+development&ia=images
 - An HTTPS request to Duck Duck Go image search for the phrase "web development"
- Fragment [Optional] Specifies a single value commonly used for navigation
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Uniform_Resource_Identifier
 - HTTPS Request for the URI Wikipedia page
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Uniform_Resource_Identifier#Definition
 - HTTPS Request for the URI Wikipedia page that will scroll to the definition of URI

Query String Format

https://duckduckgo.com/?q=web+development&ia=images

- Preceded by a question mark ?
- Consists of key-values pairs
 - Key and value separated by =
 - Pairs separated by &
- Can only contain ASCII characters
- Cannot contain white space

Percent Encoding

- If a non-ASCII character is sent as part of a query string it must be percent encoded
- Specify byte values with a % followed by 2 hex bytes

- 한
 - %ed%95%9c

- " " <-- single space</p>
 - %20

White Space

URLs cannot contain spaces

Spaces can be percent encoded as %20

- Can also replace spaces with +
 - The reserved character + indicates a key mapping to multiple values

Reserved Characters

- Some ASCII characters are reserved
 - Example: ? begins a query string
- Reserved characters must be % encoded

- Notable characters that are NOT reserved
 - Dash -
 - Dot .
 - Underscore _
 - Tilda ~

Reserved

•	&
/	ı
?	(
#)
[*
]	+
@	,
!	•
\$	=

The Problem

- We want to serve custom HTML
- In HW3 you're sending different content based on a cookie being set or not
 - You're doing this using 2 different HTML files
 - What if you wanted to add the value of the cookie to the page itself? Million+ files for each different value?
- In HW3 you're sending different content based on the values sent in a query string
 - Respond with a hard-coded plain text response
 - What if you wanted to send HTML containing these values?

- Instead of writing complete HTML files
 - Write an HTML template
- AN HTML template is an "incomplete" HTML file that is use to generate complete pages
- Use additional markup to add placeholders in the HTML
- Replace the placeholders with data at runtime

- Example template with 3 placeholders
- The title, description, and image_filname will be replaced later
 - Provide values for these 3 placeholders to serve a response

- To substitute the placeholders
 - Use any string manipulation that gets the job done
 - Find/replace is the simplest solution
 - May want more advanced approaches if you want to add more functionality

HW4 Template

- You need a page that will display all uploaded files
 - Add each image as the src in its own img element
- HTML templating is recommended
 - However you can accomplish this is ok for HW4
 - If you build your own template engine with a few features it will serve you well on future assignments!
- General strategy:
 - Write an HTML template with a loop containing an img element with a variable for the src attribute
 - Navigate all the files in your image directory and use the filenames as the content for the loop

- Loops
- To add loops to your templates
 - Choose syntax for the start and end of the loop

- Use string manipulation to find the start and end tags
- Iterate over your data
 - Add the contained HTML with the placeholder replaced for each value of your data

- Conditionals
- Can use similar approach as loops
- Choose syntax for the start and end of each block in the conditional

- Search for your tags
- Extract and evaluate the conditional
 - Choose how this will be evaluated
- Add the appropriate block of HTML to the page

Examples