### JSX Syntax and JavaScript

- JSX expressions must have exactly one outermost element
- JSX is a syntax extension of JavaScript
- Creates DOM elements which are then rendered in the React DOM
- An expression that spans multiple lines must be wrapped in parentheses

## JSX syntax and HTML

- In a React component, JSX will be rendered as HTML in the browser
- Syntax of JSX attributes closely resembles HTML attributes

## **ReactDOM JavaScript library**

 ReactDOM renders JSX elements to the DOM by taking a JSX expression, creating a corresponding tree of DOM nodes, and adding that tree to the DOM

# **Embedding JavaScript in JSX**

 JavaScript expressions embedded within JSX expressions must be wrapped in curly braces

### JSX className

- Use className instead of class
- JSX className attributes are automatically rendered as class attributes

### **JSX** conditionals

- JSX does not support if/else syntax in embedded JavaScript
- Three ways to express conditionals for use with JSX elements:
- 1. a ternary within curly braces in JSX
- 2. an if statement outside a JSX element, or
- 3. the && operator.

## **Embedding JavaScript code in JSX**

Any text between JSX tags must be embedded between curly braces { }
to be interpreted as code

### JSX element event listeners

- Event listeners are specified as attributes on elements.
- Name should be written in camelCase
- Value should be a function

# JSX empty elements syntax

 Empty elements must be closed using a closing slash at the end of their tag