

**First Day of
CSE142: Computer Architecture: Software
Perspective (2023 Summer Session II)**

Prof. Usagi a.k.a.
Hung-Wei Tseng



Before we get there ...

What's your
name?

liang

yao

jeon

jia umbas woo

ganesan khadivar

duong

patel

nguyen

sun

peng

prasad

pham

ren

bailey diem huang

shen

li motlagh

hernandez

alkhalifah

dang wright

bobro

miguel

quach

nhat

bui

ramesh

chen

kwon

skrable

Instructor — Hung-Wei Tseng

- Associate Professor @ UC Riverside, 05/2019—
- Website: <https://intra.engr.ucr.edu/~htseng/>
- E-mail: htseng @ ucsd.edu
- Visiting Researcher @ Google, 01/2023—03/2023
 - Working for TensorFlow Lite
- PhD in **Computer Science**, University of California, San Diego, 2014
- Research Interests
 - General-purpose computing on AI/ML/NN accelerators
 - Intelligent storage devices & near-data processing
 - Or anything else fun — we have an OpenUVR project recently
- Fun fact: Hung-Wei was once considering a career path as a singer but went back to academia due to the unsuccessful trial



Before we get there ...

What's your name?

The collage features various computer science terms in different colors: graphics, database, cybersecurity, engineering, parallel, enjoy, operating, algorithms, structures, human, web, security, learning, software, development, user, fullstack, coding, and def.

A screenshot of a search results page for "favorite topic computer science" is shown. The search bar contains the query. Below it, a navigation bar includes "All" (highlighted), "Images", "News", "Videos", "Shopping", and "More". The text "About 1,440,000,000 results (0.71 seconds)" is displayed. A list titled "5 Trends in Computer Science Research" includes:

- Artificial intelligence and robotics. ...
- Big data analytics. ...
- Computer-assisted education. ...
- Bioinformatics. ...
- Cyber security.

The URL <https://www.topuniversities.com/courses/5-trends-com...> is shown at the bottom of the search results.

ChatGPT

chat.openai.com

New chat +

"How do I make an HTTP request in Javascript?" →

⚡ Capabilities

- Remembers what user said earlier in the conversation
- Allows user to provide follow-up corrections
- Trained to decline inappropriate requests

⚠ Limitations

- May occasionally generate incorrect information
- May occasionally produce harmful instructions or biased content
- Limited knowledge of world and events after 2021

What's the most popular topic in computer science? 

Free Research Preview. ChatGPT may produce inaccurate information about people, places, or facts. [ChatGPT May](#)

Bard

bard.google.com/?utm_so...

Bard Experiment

I'm Bard, your creative and helpful collaborator. I have limitations and won't always get it right, but your feedback will help me improve.

Not sure where to start? You can try:

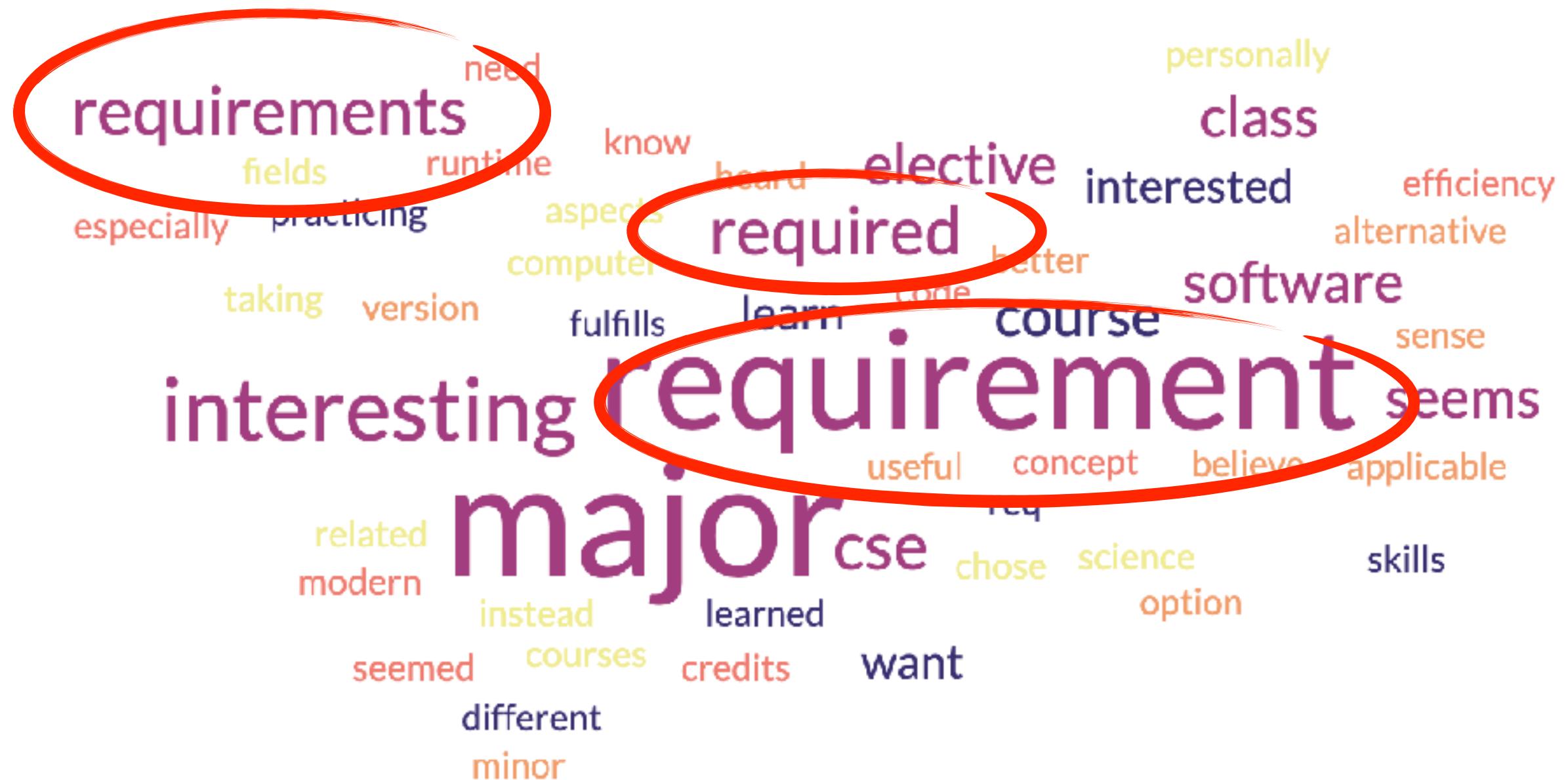
- What are some power words to use on my resume that show leadership?
- Give me a table to track the depth chart for a community basketball team
- Write some lyrics for a heartbreak anthem titled "Lovesick"

What's the most popular topic in computer science? 

Bard may display inaccurate or offensive information that doesn't represent Google's views. [Bard Privacy Notice](#)

Before we get there ...

What's your name?



What do you care as a computer scientist?



Algorithms
Data Structures
Computer Architecture
Programming Languages
User Interfaces

What's computer architecture?



architecture noun

ar·chi·tec·ture | \är-kuh-tek-chur \

Definition of *architecture*

1 : the art or science of building

specifically : the art or practice of designing buildings especially habitable ones

2 **a** : formation or construction resulting from architectural design

// *the architecture of the garden*

b : a unifying or coherent form or structure

// *a novel that lacks architecture*

3 : architectural product or work

// *buildings that comprise the architecture of the square*

4 : a method or style of building

// *Gothic architecture*

5 : the manner in which the components of a computer or computer system are organized and integrated

// *different program architectures*

**The manner in which the components
of a computer or computer system are
organized and integrated**

Computer Architects — Hidden Figures

BASED ON THE UNTOLD TRUE STORY

HIDDEN FIGURES



A screenshot of the Google Bard interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons. Below it, the address bar shows "bard.google.com". The main area has a header "Bard Experiment" with a profile picture of a man. A message from the user says "How important is computer architecture in computer science". Below it, a message from Bard starts with "HT" and ends with a small icon. At the bottom, there's a large input field with a blue border containing the placeholder text "Enter a prompt here". To the left of the input field is a plus sign icon. To the right are a microphone icon and a send arrow icon. A note at the bottom states: "Bard may display inaccurate or offensive information that doesn't represent Google's views." and "Bard Privacy Notice".

A screenshot of the ChatOpenAI interface. The address bar shows "chat.openai.com". The header says "New chat" and "Default (GPT-3.5)". A message from the user asks "How important is computer architecture in computer science?". A response from the AI, indicated by a green icon, begins with "Computer architecture is a fundamental and crucial aspect of computer science. It lays the foundation for understanding how computers function at a hardware level, which in turn has a significant impact on software development and overall system performance. Here's why computer architecture is important in computer science: 1. [redacted]". At the bottom, there's a "Send a message" input field and a note: "Free Research Preview. ChatGPT may produce inaccurate information about people, places, or facts. ChatGPT August 3 Version".

The return of backpropagation

- Between 2005 and 2009 researchers (in Canada!) made several technical advances that enabled backpropagation to work better in feed-forward nets.
 - Unsupervised pre-training; random dropout of units; rectified linear units.
 - The technical details of these advances are very important to the researchers but they are not the main message.
 - The main message is that backpropagation now works amazingly well if you have two things:
 - a lot of labeled data
 - a lot of convenient compute power (e.g. GPUs)



COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND DESIGN MIPS EDITION

THE HARDWARE/SOFTWARE INTERFACE

SIXTH EDITION



MK
MORGAN KAUFHANN

DAVID A. PATTERSON & JOHN L. HENNESSY

Computer Architecture

Enables

Deep Learning

**Why should I care about
“Computer Architecture”**

Demo

```
if(option)
    std::sort(data, data + arraySize);      O(nlog2n)
for (unsigned c = 0; c < arraySize*1000; ++c) {
    int t = std::rand();
    if (data[c%arraySize] >= t)            O(n)
        sum++;
}
if option is set to 1: O(nlog2n)
```

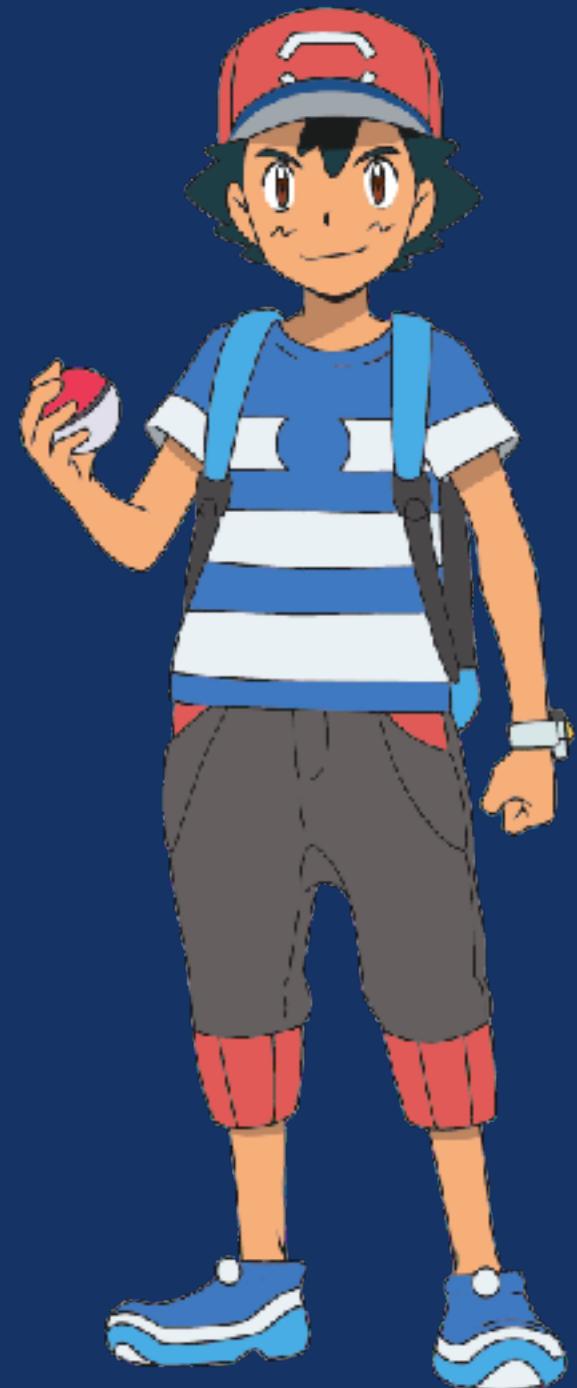
otherwise, O(n): *O(n*)

Demo (2) — quick sort v.s. bitonic sort on GPU

Quick Sort
 $O(n \log_2 n)$

Bitonic Sort
 $O(n \log_2^2 n)$

```
void BitonicSort() {  
    int i,j,k;  
  
    for (k=2; k<=N; k=2*k) {  
        for (j=k>>1; j>0; j=j>>1) {  
            for (i=0; i<N; i++) {  
                int ij=i^j;  
                if ((ij)>i) {  
                    if ((i&k)==0 && a[i] > a[ij])  
                        exchange(i,ij);  
                    if ((i&k)!=0 && a[i] < a[ij])  
                        exchange(i,ij);  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```



?????



Thinking about the washlet



Or a Tesla



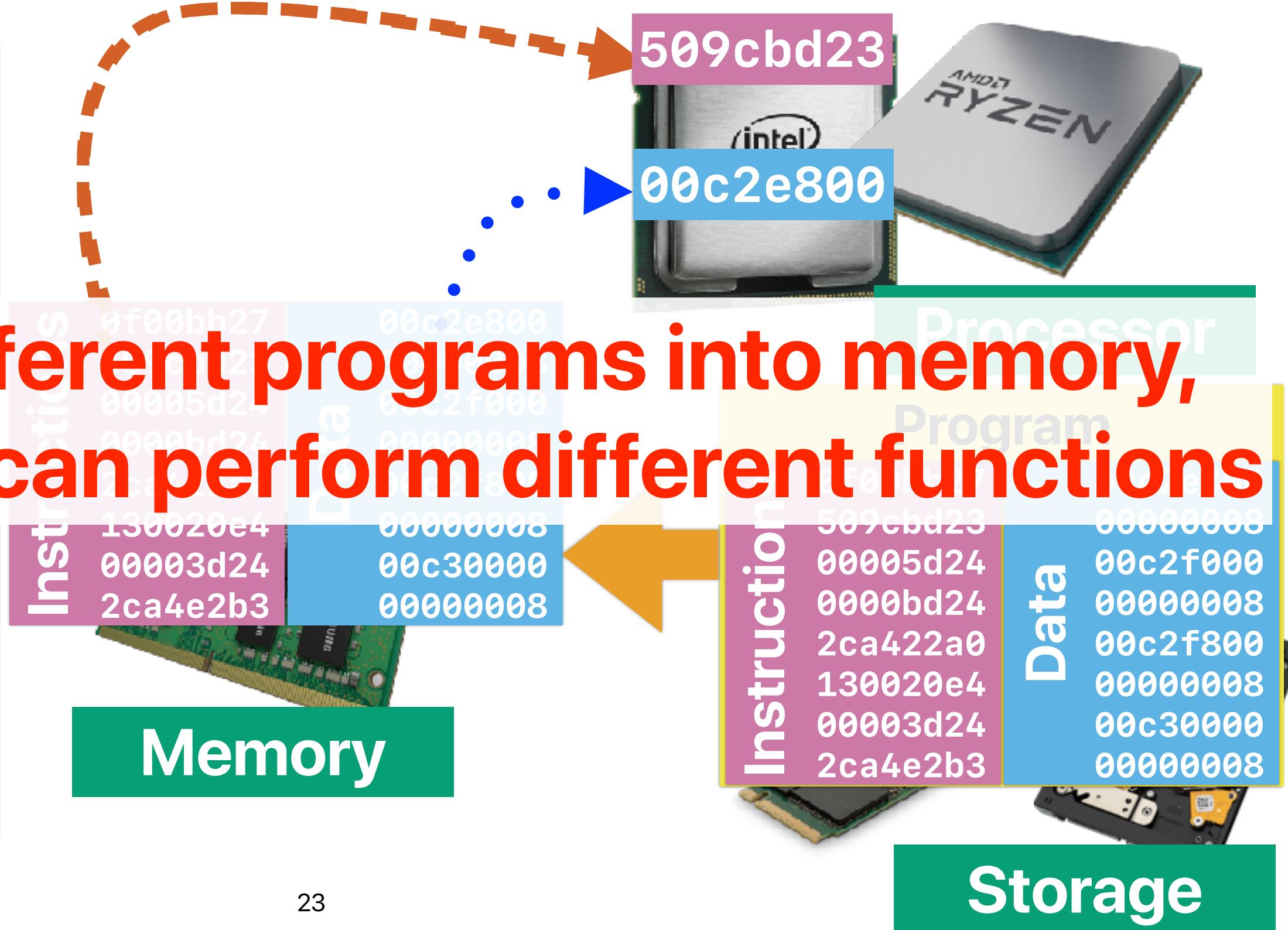
How does a computer execute your code?

Big Picture: the Von Neumann Architecture

von Neumann Architecture



By loading different programs into memory,
your computer can perform different functions

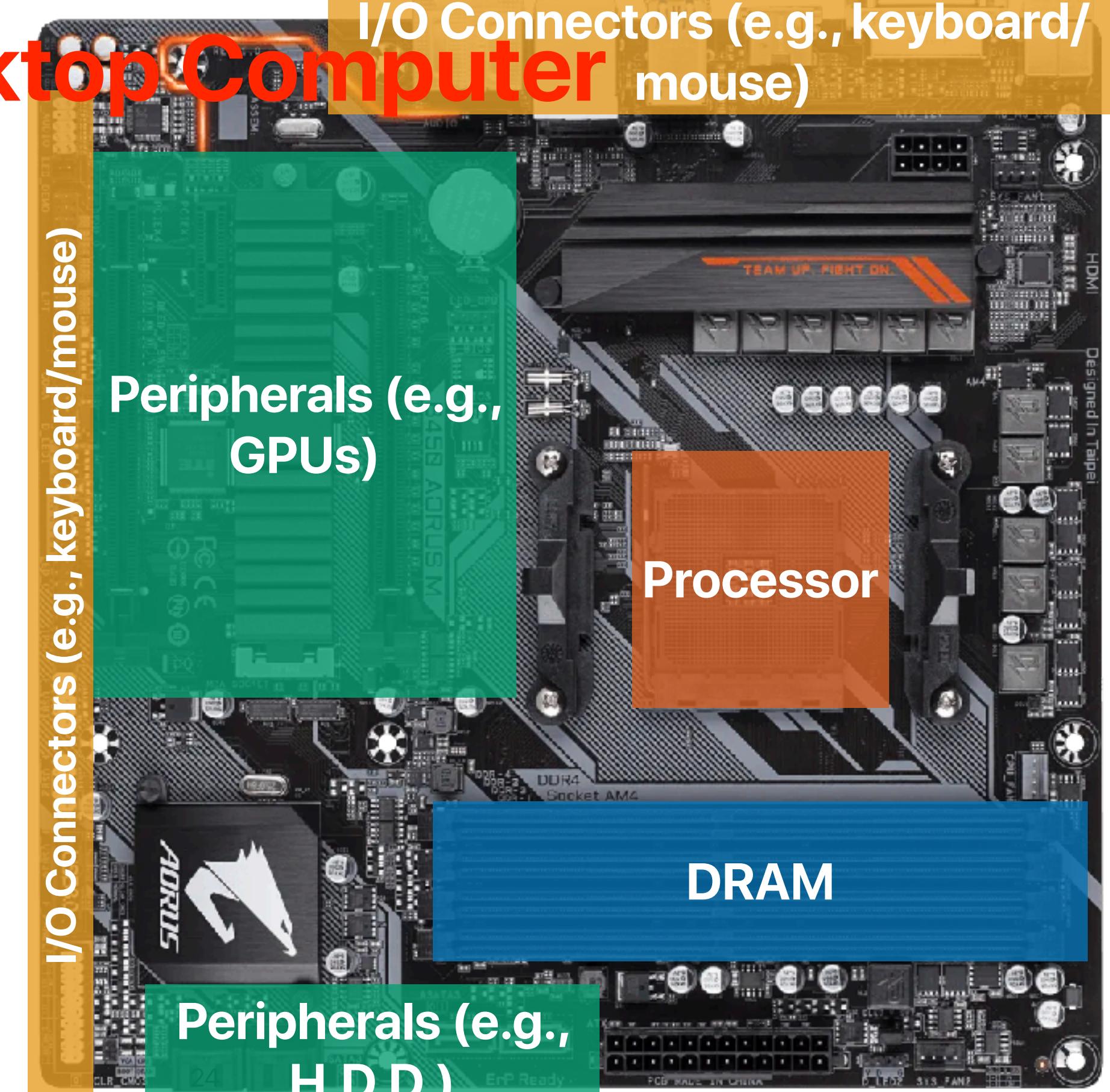


Desktop Computer

I/O Connectors (e.g., keyboard/mouse)

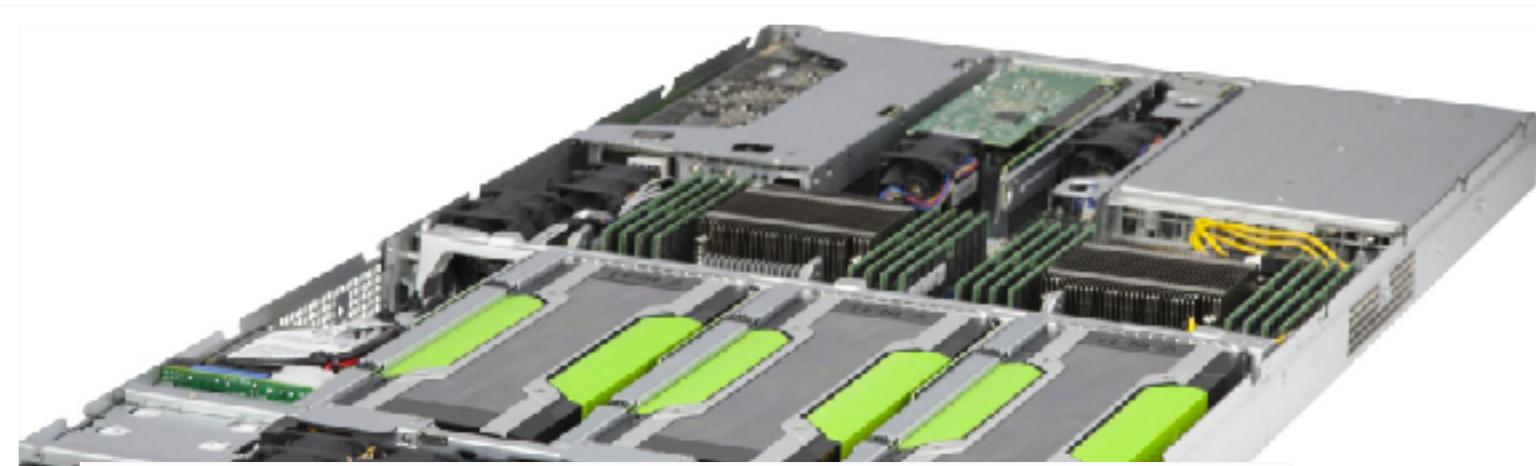


I/O Connectors (e.g., keyboard/mouse)



Server

I/O Connectors (e.g., keyboard/mouse)



Peripherals (e.g., GPUs)

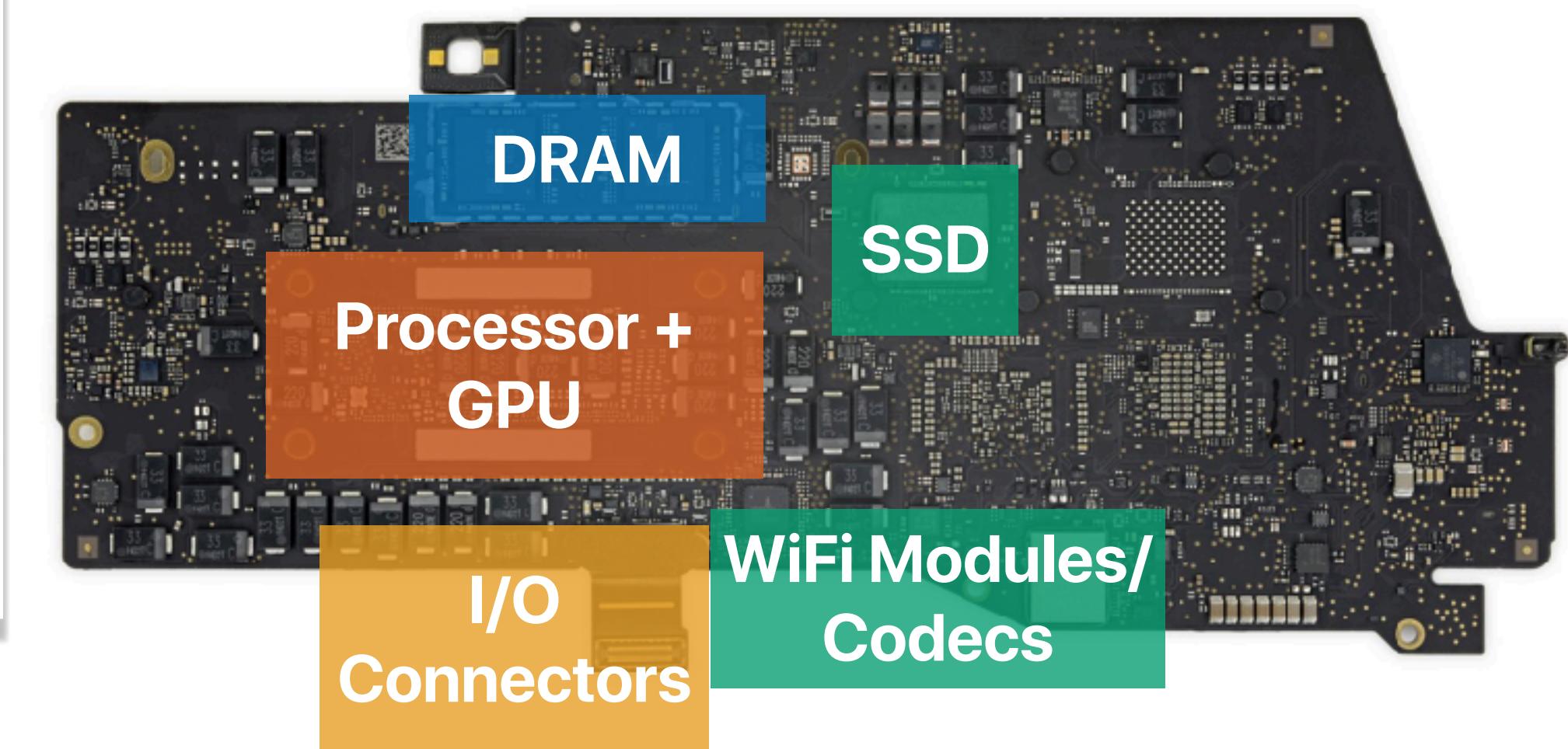
Peripherals (e.g., H.D.D.)

DRAM DRAM DRAM DRAM

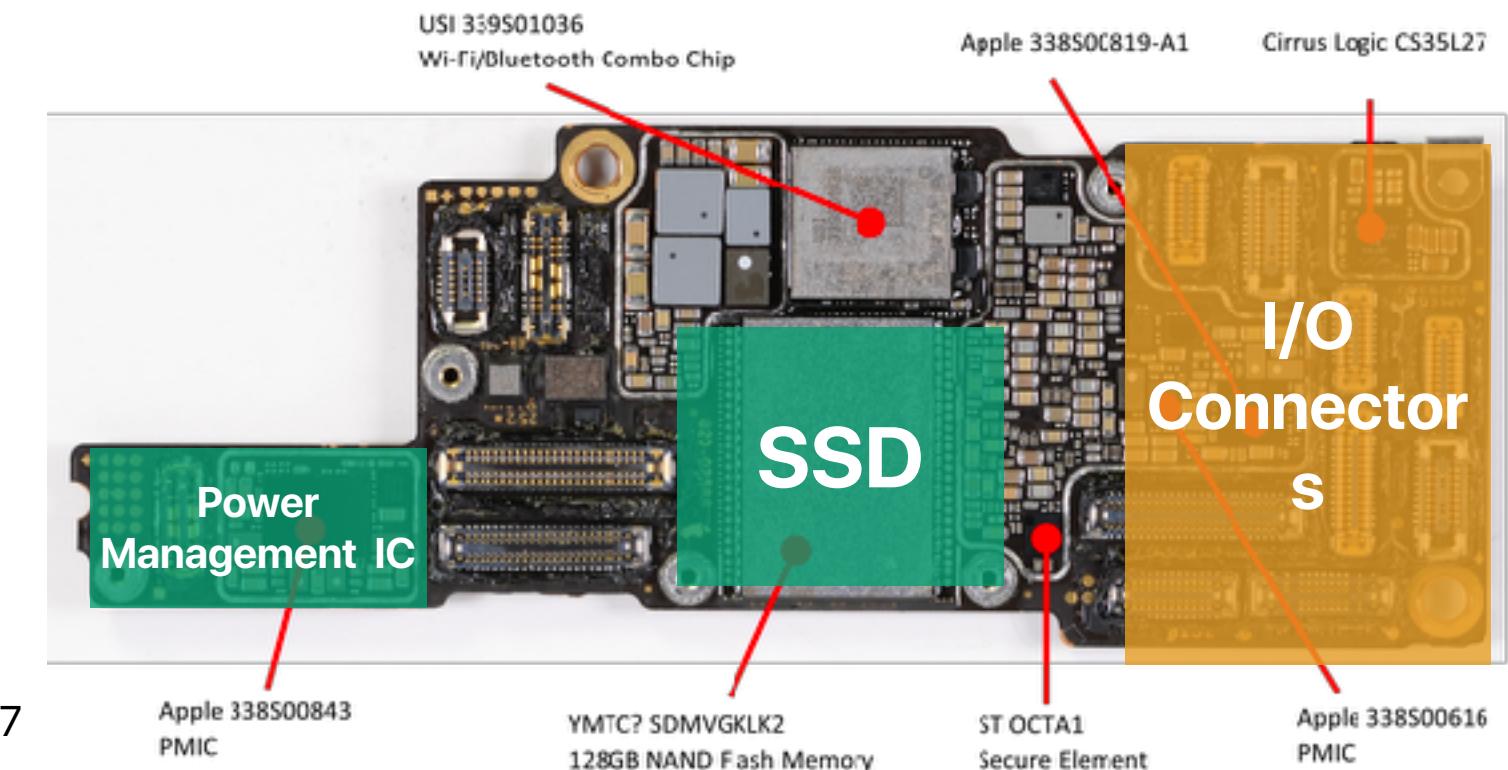
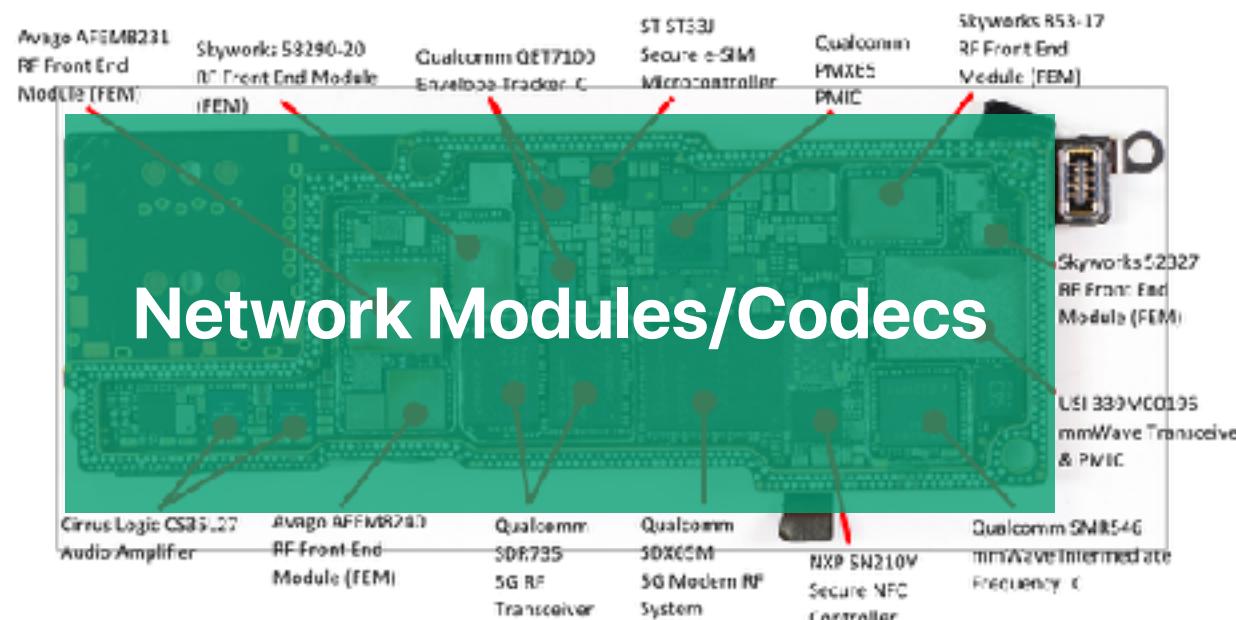
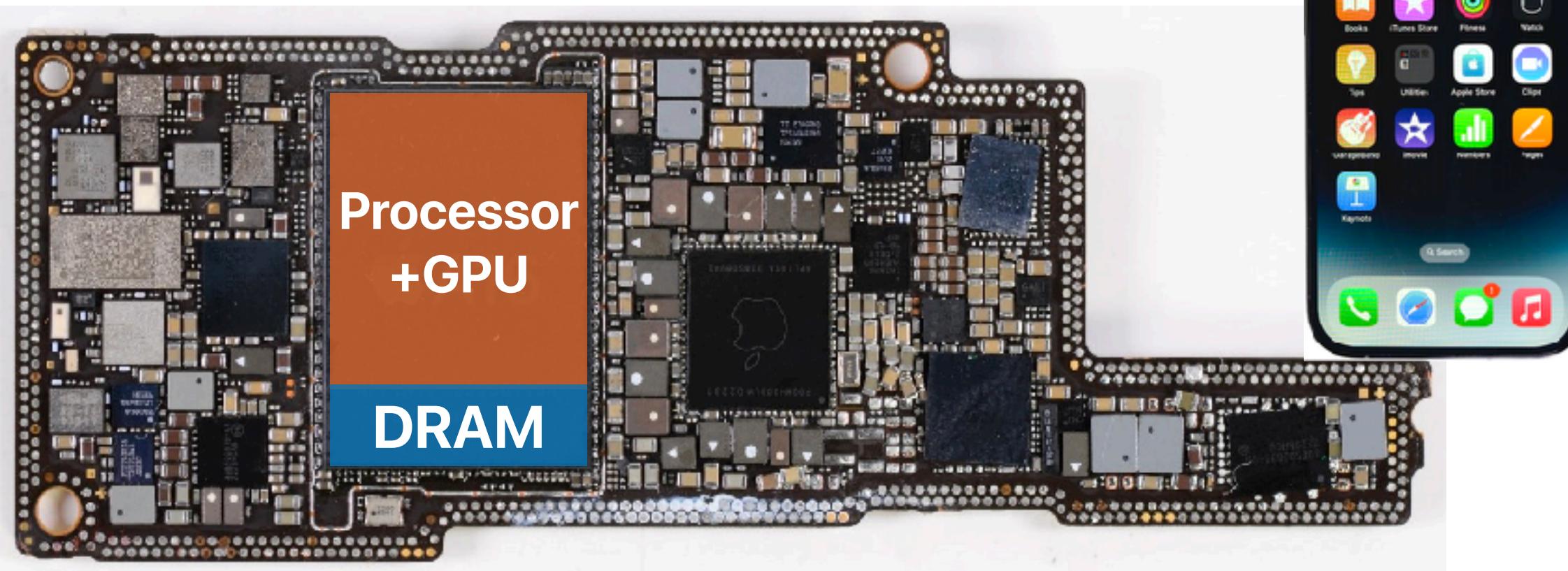
Processor Processor Processor Processor

DRAM DRAM DRAM DRAM

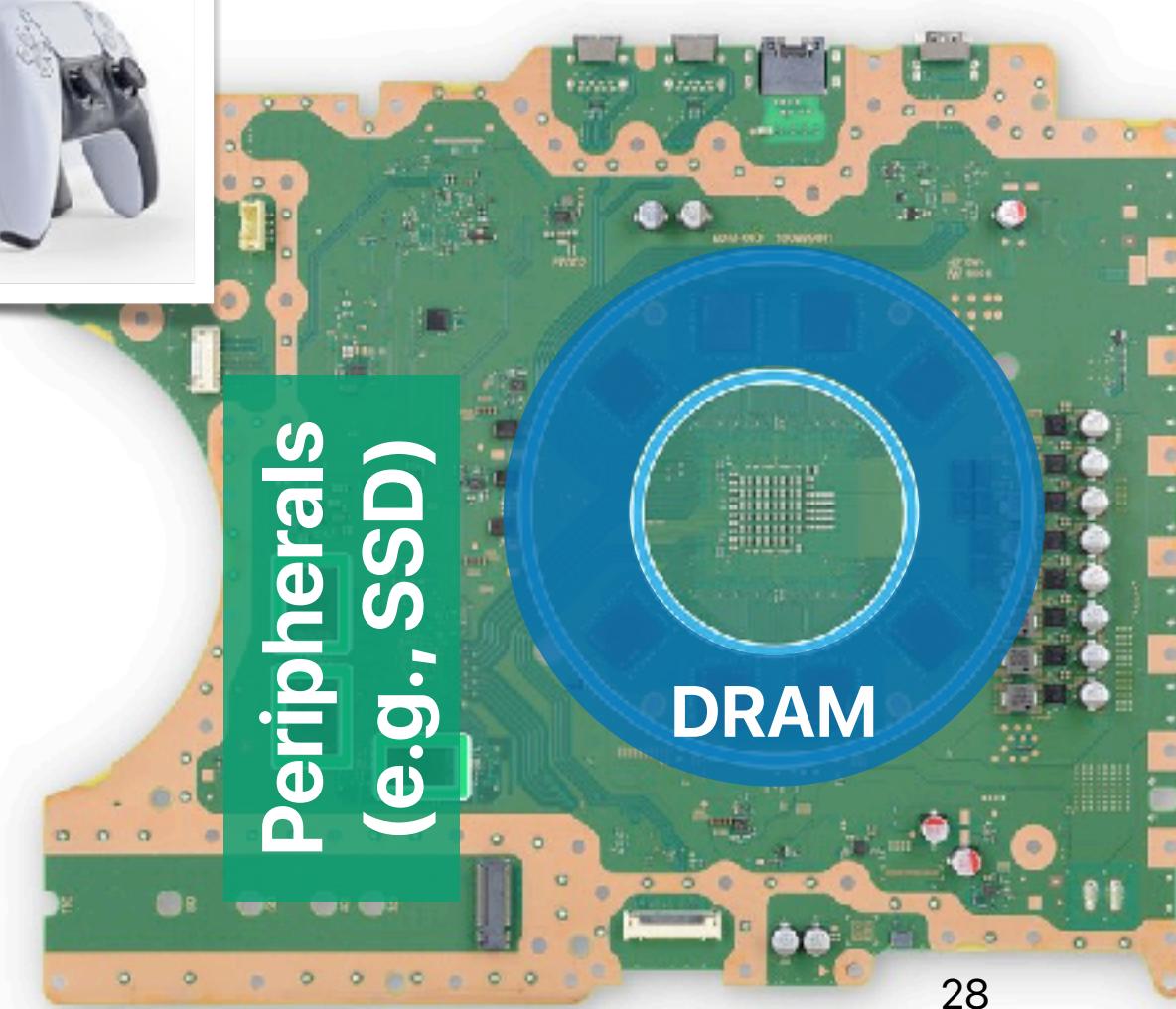
MacBook Pro 13"



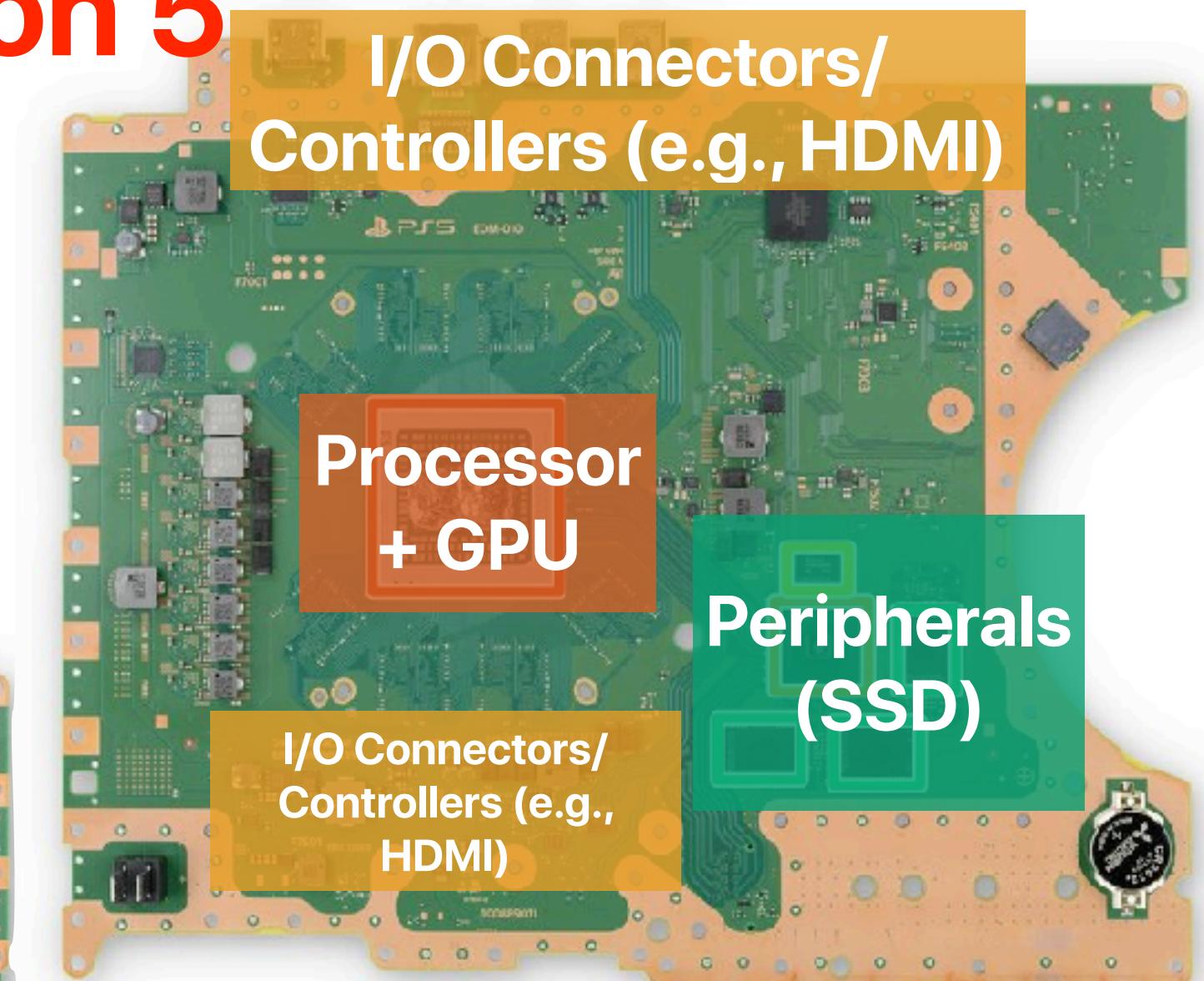
iPhone 14 Pro



Play Station 5



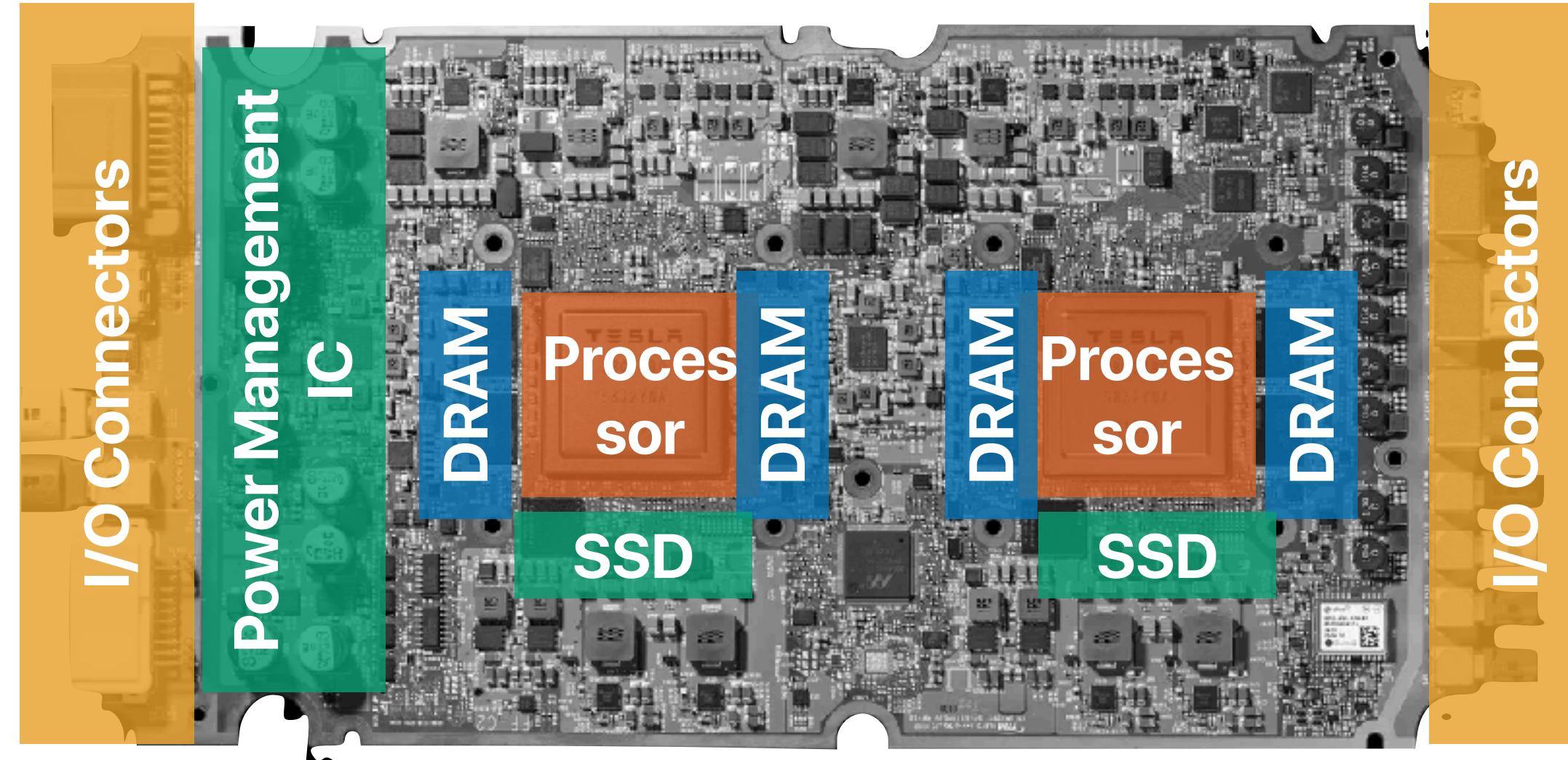
Peripherals
(e.g., SSD)



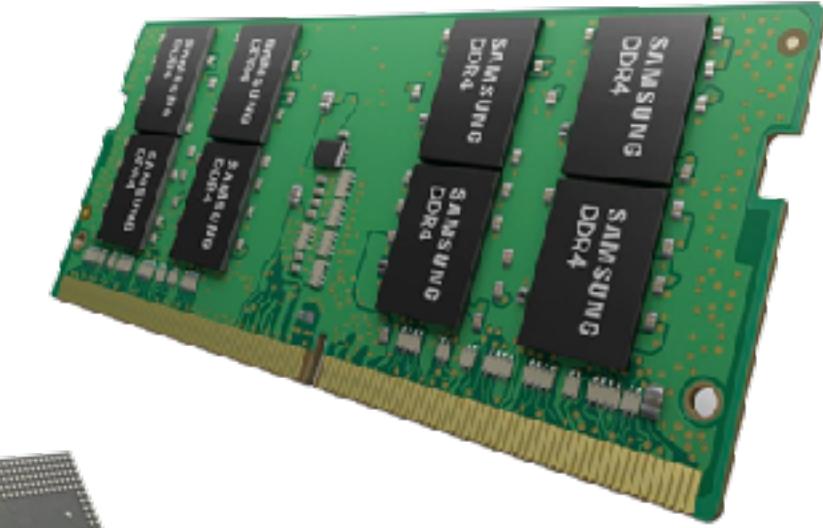
Nintendo Switch



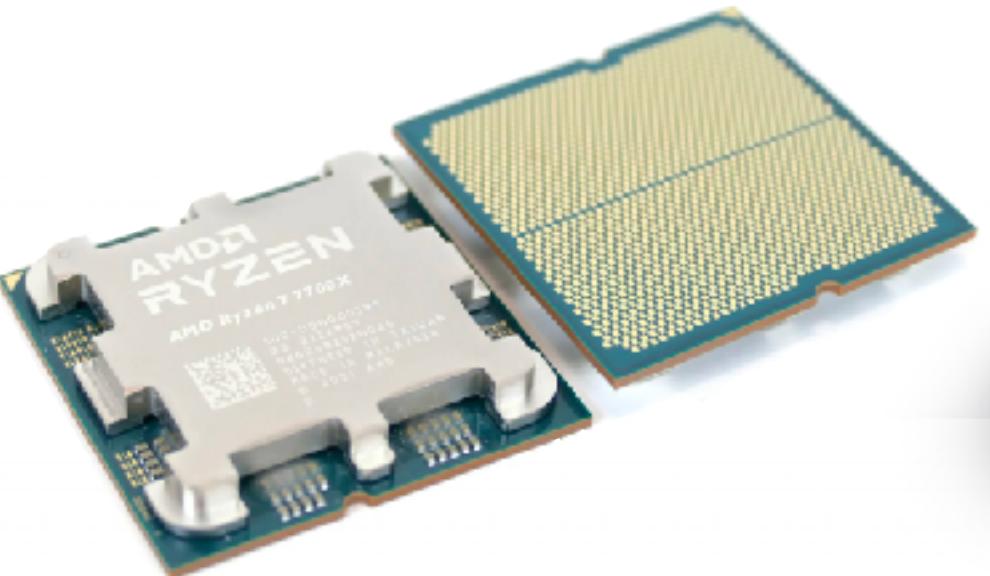
Tesla Model 3



Processors and memory modules are everywhere!



Processors



Memory



**Processors & Memory are every
where!**

The program = Instructions + Data

You may use “objdump” to see the content of a program!

```
simple.o:      file format elf64-x86-64
```

Contents of section .text:

```
0000 f30f1efa 554889e5 c745f800 000000c7  
0010 45fc0000 0000c745 f8000000 00eb1e8b  
0020 45f84898 488d145f 00000000 488d0500  
0030 0000008b 04020145 fc8345f8 01837df8  
0040 137edcb8 00000000 5dc3
```

Instructions

```
....UH...E.....  
E.....E.....  
E.H.H.....H...  
.....E..E...}.  
.~.....].
```

Contents of section .data:

```
0000 01000000 02000000 03000000 04000000  
0010 05000000 06000000 07000000 08000000  
0020 09000000 0a000000 01000000 02000000  
0030 03000000 04000000 05000000 06000000  
0040 07000000 08000000 09000000 0a000000
```

```
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....
```

Contents of section .comment:

```
0000 00474343 3a202855 62756e74 7520392e  
0010 342e302d 31756275 6e747531 7e32302e  
0020 30342e31 2920392Data2e3000
```

.GCC: (Ubuntu 9.
4.0-1ubuntu1~20.
04.1) 9.4.0.

Contents of section .note.gnu.property:

```
0000 04000000 10000000 05000000 474e5500  
0010 020000c0 04000000 03000000 00000000
```

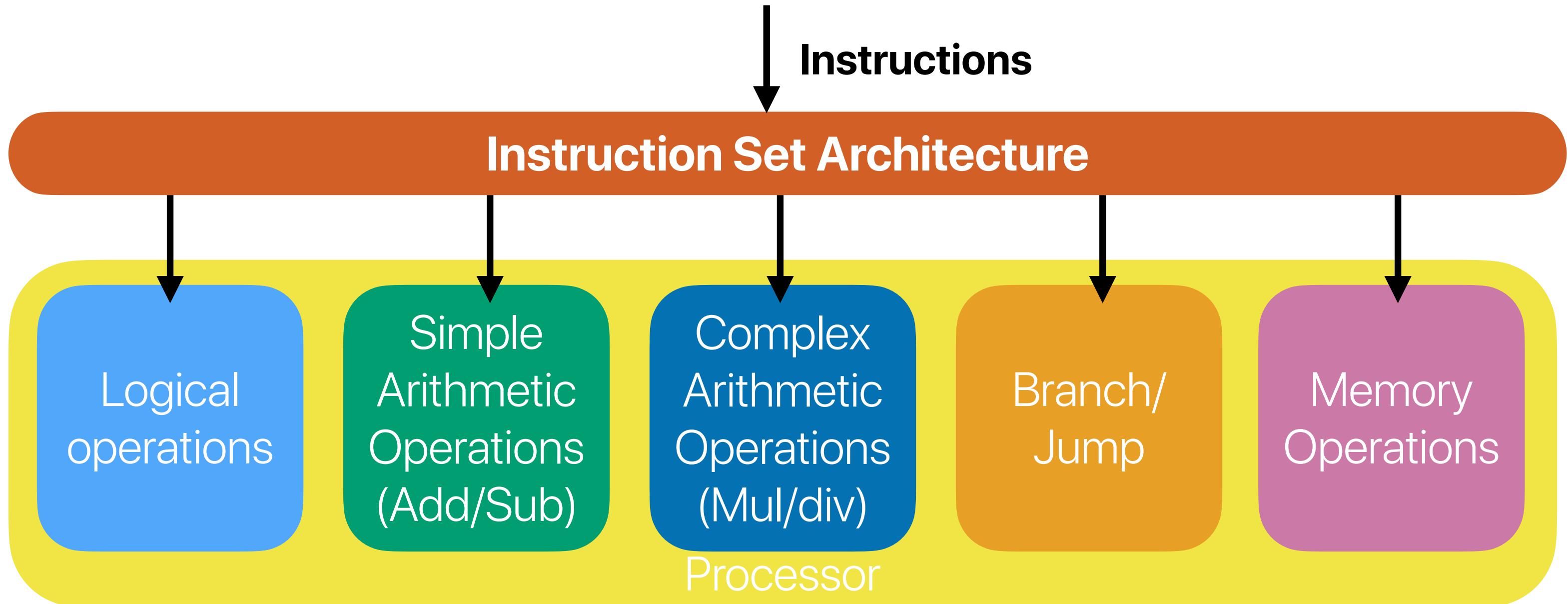
.....GNU.
.....

Contents of section .eh_frame:

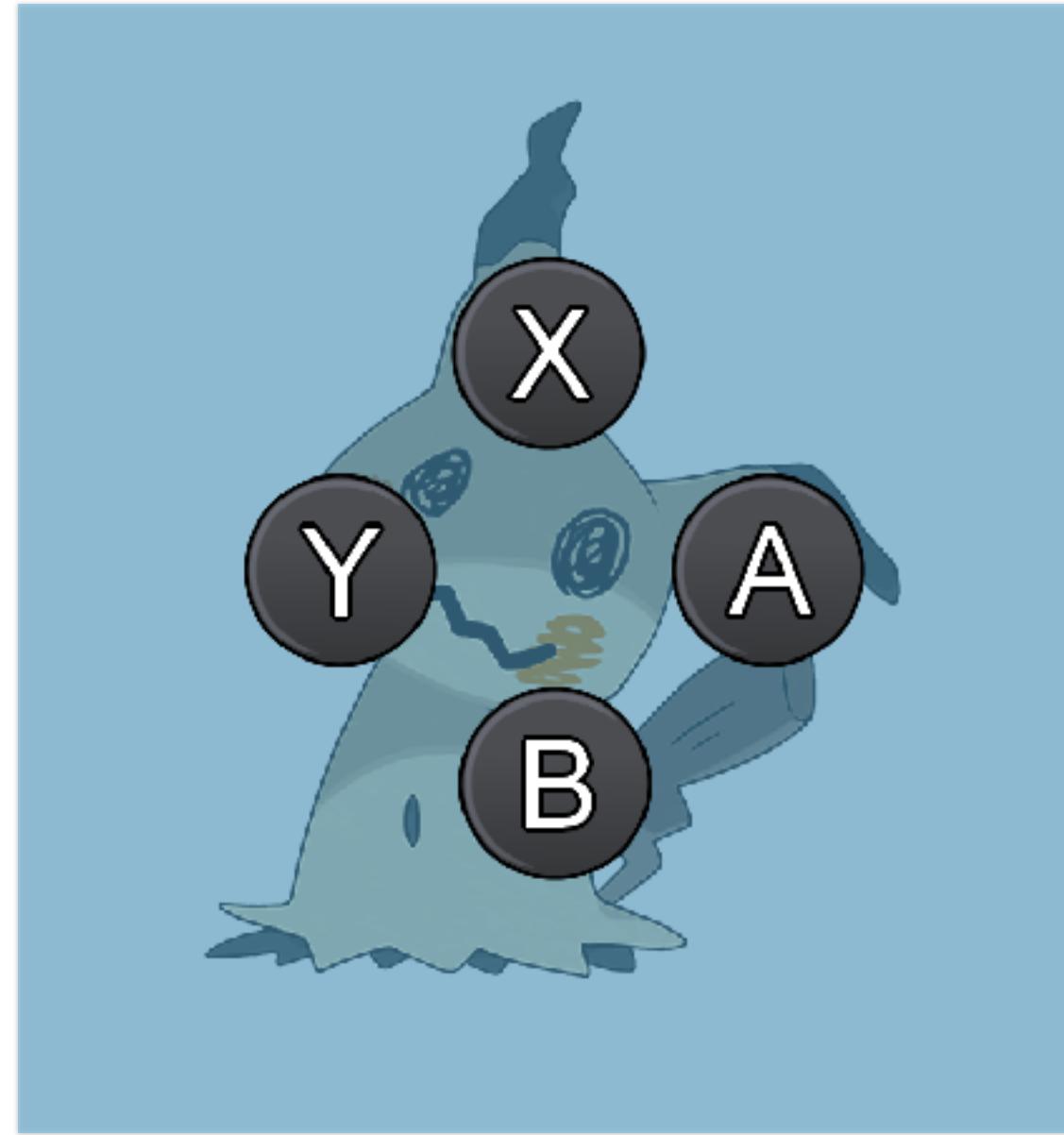
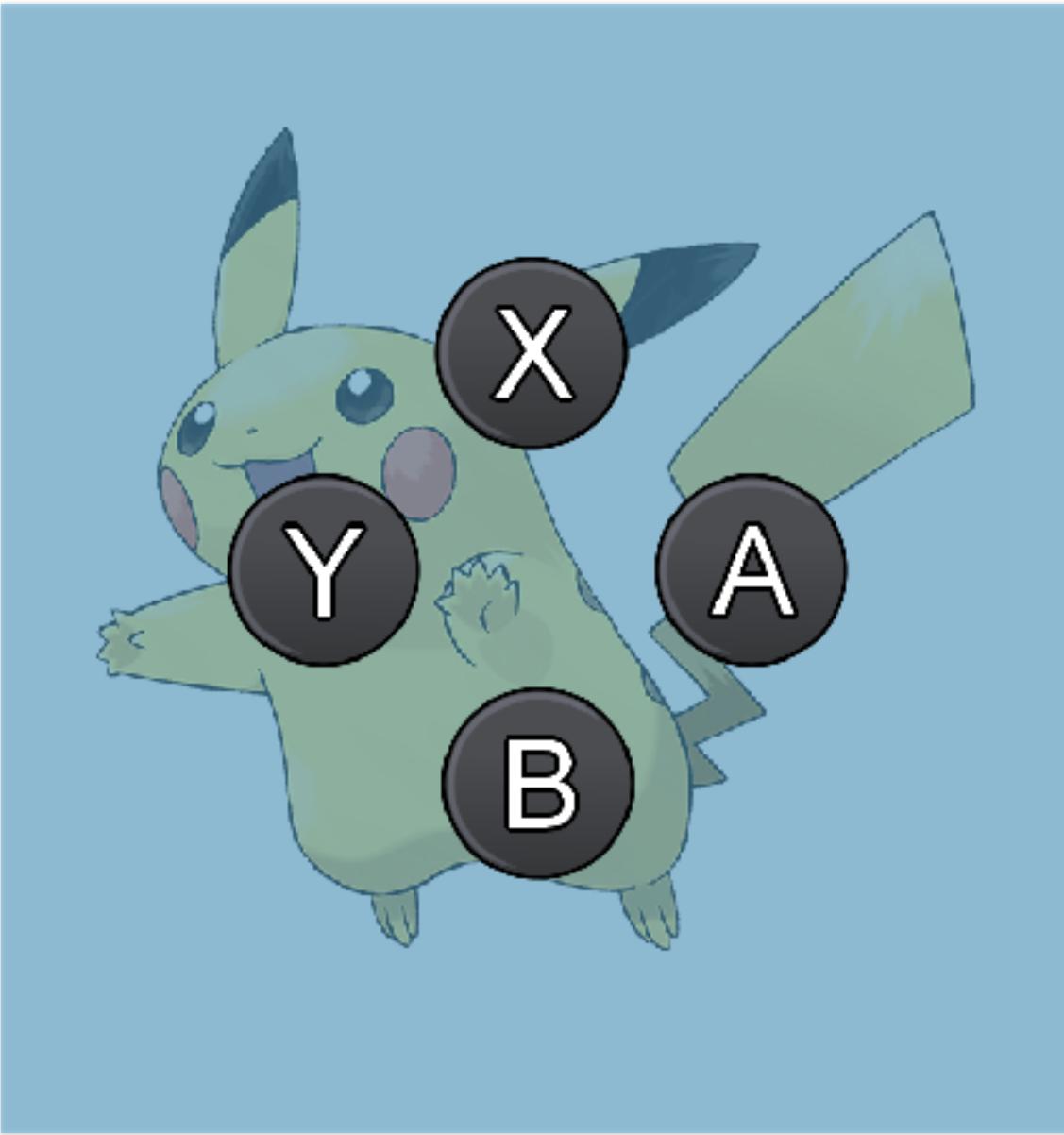
```
0000 14000000 00000000 017a5200 01781001  
0010 1b0c0708 90010000 1c000000 1c000000  
0020 00000000 4a000000 00450e10 8602430d  
0030 0602410c 07080000
```

.....zR..x..
.....
....J....E....C.
.A.....

Microprocessor — a collection of functional units



ISA — the “abstraction” of processor features



Most of time, I don't program at this level...

```
simple.o:      file format elf64-x86-64
```

Contents of section .text:

0000 f30f1efa 554889e5 c745f800 000000c7UH...E.....
0010 45fc0000 0000c745 f8000000 00eb1e8b	E.....E.....
0020 45f84898 488d1485 00000000 488d0500	E.H.H.....H...
0030 0000008b 04020145 fc8345f8 01837df8E..E...}.
0040 137edcb8 00000000 5dc3	.~.....].

Contents of section .data:

0000 01000000 02000000 03000000 04000000
0010 05000000 06000000 07000000 08000000
0020 09000000 0a000000 01000000 02000000
0030 03000000 04000000 05000000 06000000
0040 07000000 08000000 09000000 0a000000

Contents of section .comment:

0000 00474343 3a202855 62756e74 7520392e	.GCC: (Ubuntu 9.
0010 342e302d 31756275 6e747531 7e32302e	4.0-1ubuntu1~20.
0020 30342e31 2920392e 342e3000	04.1) 9.4.0.

Contents of section .note.gnu.property:

0000 04000000 10000000 05000000 474e5500GNU.
0010 020000c0 04000000 03000000 00000000

Contents of section .eh_frame:

0000 14000000 00000000 017a5200 01781001zR..x..
0010 1b0c0708 90010000 1c000000 1c000000
0020 00000000 4a000000 00450e10 8602430dJ....E....C.
0030 0602410c 07080000	..A.....

Start with this simple program in C

```
int A[] =  
{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,1,2,3,4  
,5,6,7,8,9,10};
```

Compiler

Contents of section .data:
0000 01000000 02000000 03000000 04000000
0010 05000000 06000000 07000000 08000000
0020 09000000 0a000000 0b000000 0c000000
0030 03000000 04000000 05000000 06000000
0040 07000000 08000000 09000000 0a000000

control flow
operations
logical operations

```
int main()  
{  
    int i=0, sum=0;  
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++)  
    {  
        sum += A[i];  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

memory access
arithmetic operations

main:
.LFB0:
endbr64
pushq %rbp
movq %rsp, %rbp
movl \$0, -8(%rbp)
movl \$0, -4(%rbp)
movl \$0, -8(%rbp)
jmp .L2

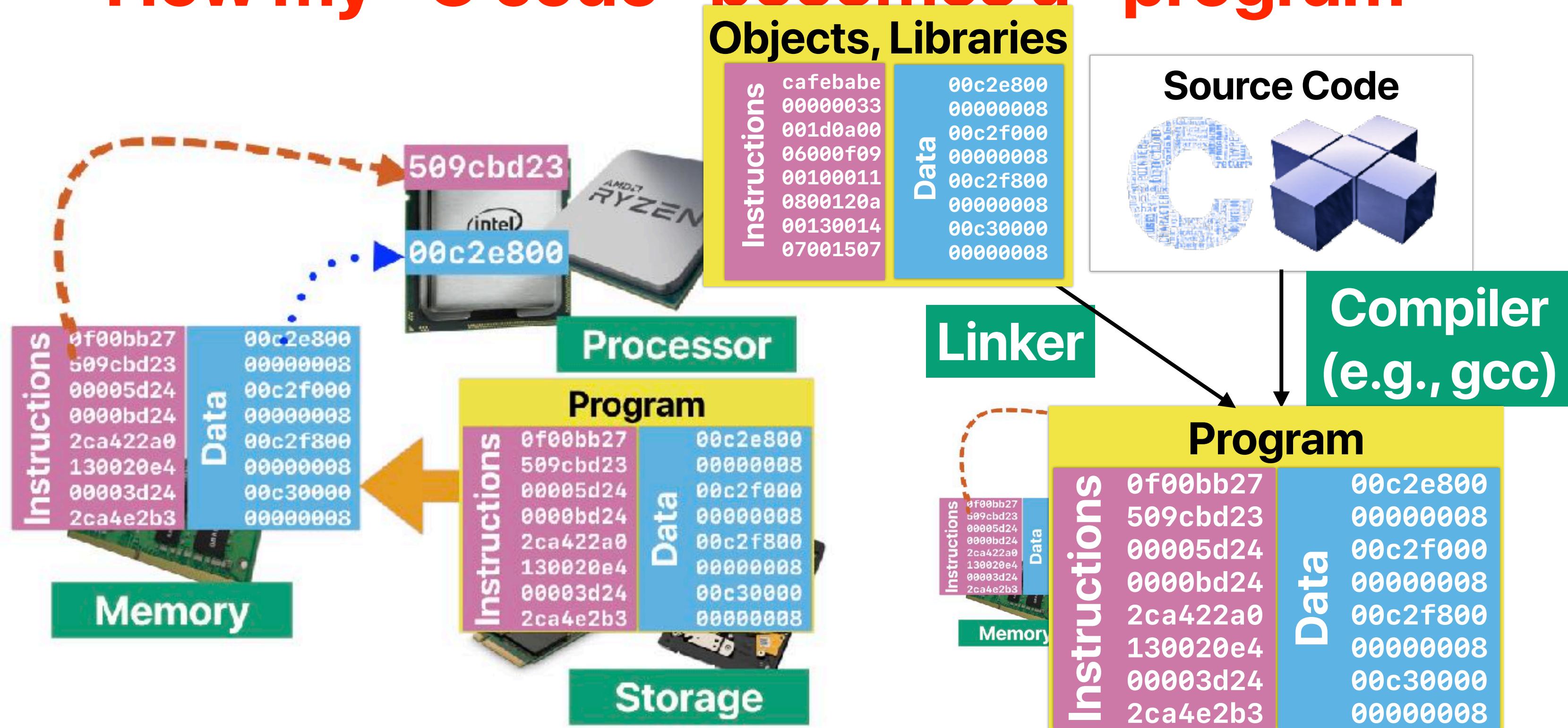
.L3:
movl -8(%rbp), %eax
cltq
leaq 0(%rax,4), %rdx
leaq A(%rip), %rax

Compiler

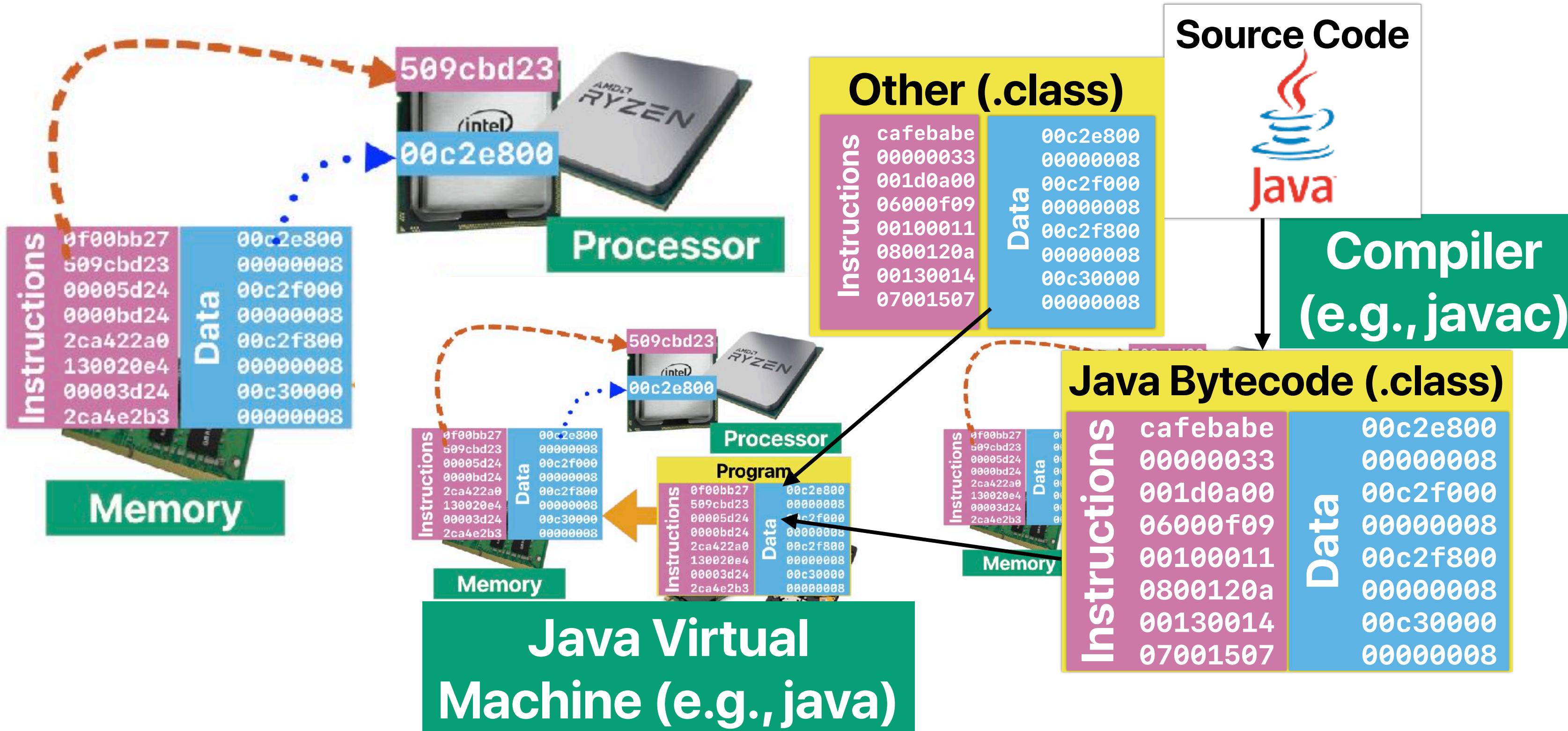
Contents of section .text:
0000 f30f1efa 554889e5 c745f800 000000c7
0010 45fc0000 0000c745 f8000000 00eb1e8b
0020 45f84898 488d1405 00000000 488d0500
0030 0000008b 04020145 fc8345f8 01837df8
0040 137edcb8 00000000 5dc3

Instructions

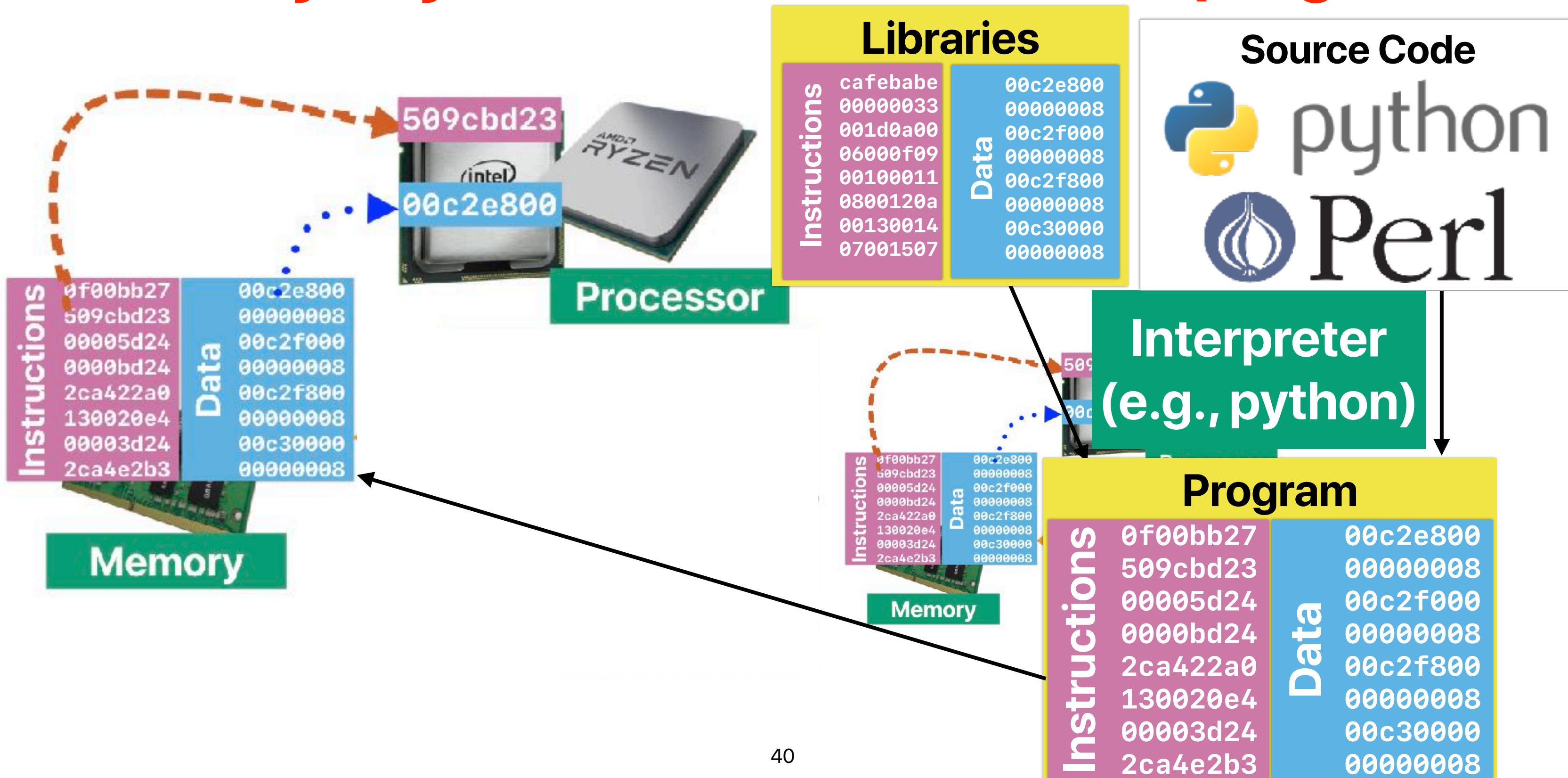
How my “C code” becomes a “program”



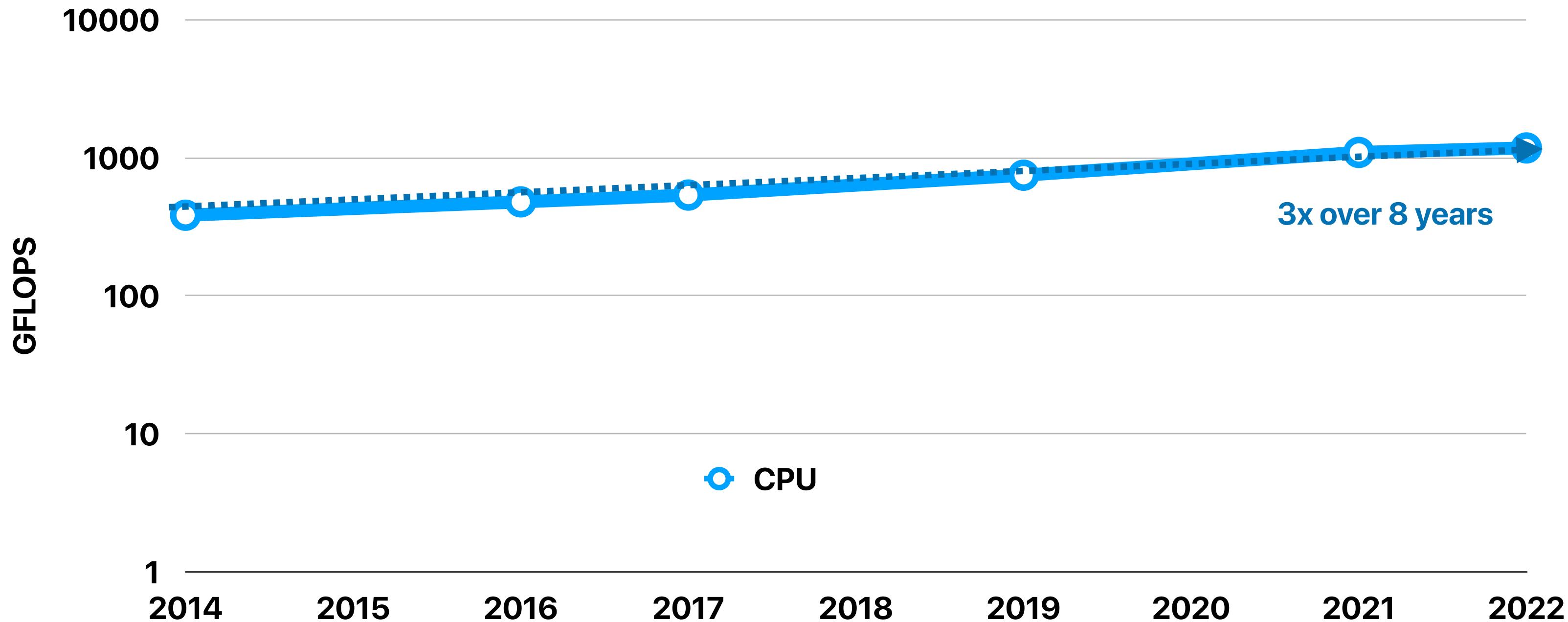
How my “Java code” becomes a “program”



How my “Python code” becomes a “program”



Processor performance does not improve anymore



Challenges of von Neumann Architecture

Moore's Law⁽¹⁾

- The number of transistors we can build in a fixed area of silicon doubles every 12 ~ 24 months.

Moore's Law⁽¹⁾

Present and future

By integrated electronics, I mean technologies which are referred to today as well as any additional result in electronics functions supplied as irreducible units. These technologies include the ability to miniaturize electronics equipment, increasingly complex electronic functions in space with minimum weight. Several evolved, including microassembly of individual components, thin-film and semiconductor integrated circuits.

Two-mil squares

With the dimensional tolerances already being employed in integrated circuits, isolated high-performance transistors can be built on centers two thousandths of an inch apart. Such a two-mil square can also contain several kilohms of resistance or

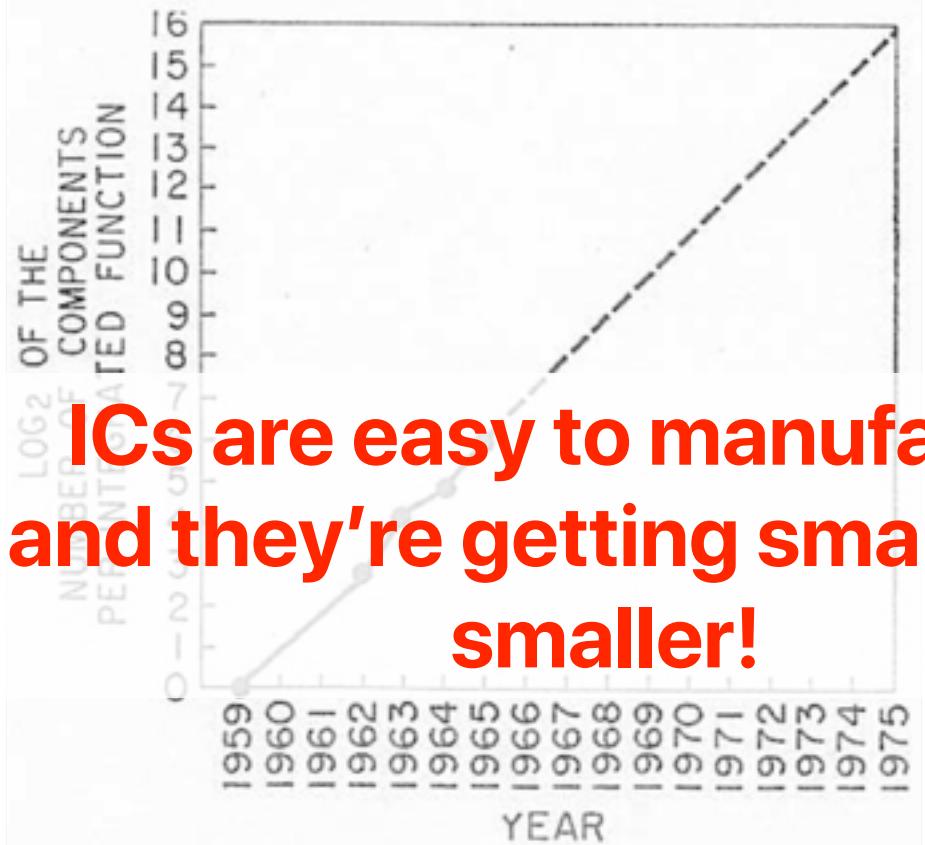
ICs are small

(1) Mo

The establishment

Increasing the yield

There is no fundamental obstacle to achieving device yields of 100%. At present, packaging costs so far exceed the cost of the semiconductor structure itself that there is no incentive to improve yields, but they can be raised as high as is economically justified. No barrier exists comparable to the thermodynamic equilibrium considerations



ICs are easy to manufacture and they're getting smaller and smaller!

Linear circuitry

Integration will not change linear systems as radically as digital systems. Still, a considerable degree of integration will be achieved with linear

units. The lack of large-value capacitors and

inductors makes it difficult to implement linear

circuits. The lack of large-value capacitors and

inductors makes it difficult to implement linear

circuits. The lack of large-value capacitors and

inductors makes it difficult to implement linear

circuits. The lack of large-value capacitors and

inductors makes it difficult to implement linear

circuits. The lack of large-value capacitors and

inductors makes it difficult to implement linear

Reliability count

In almost every field of application, ICs have demonstrated higher reliability than discrete components—low compared to that of discrete components—it offers reduced systems cost, and in many systems improved performance has been realized.

ICs are more reliable

Heat problem

Will it be possible to remove the heat generated by tens of thousands of components in a single silicon chip?

**Moore's Law sets the pace
in establishing the importance of
heat removal in integrated circuits**

Day of reckoning

Clearly, we will be able to build such component-crammed equipment. Next, we ask under what circumstances we should do it. The total cost of making a particular system function must be minimized. To do so, we could amortize the engineering over several identical items, or evolve flexible techniques for the engineering of large functions so that no disproportionate expense need be borne by a particular array. Perhaps newly devised de-

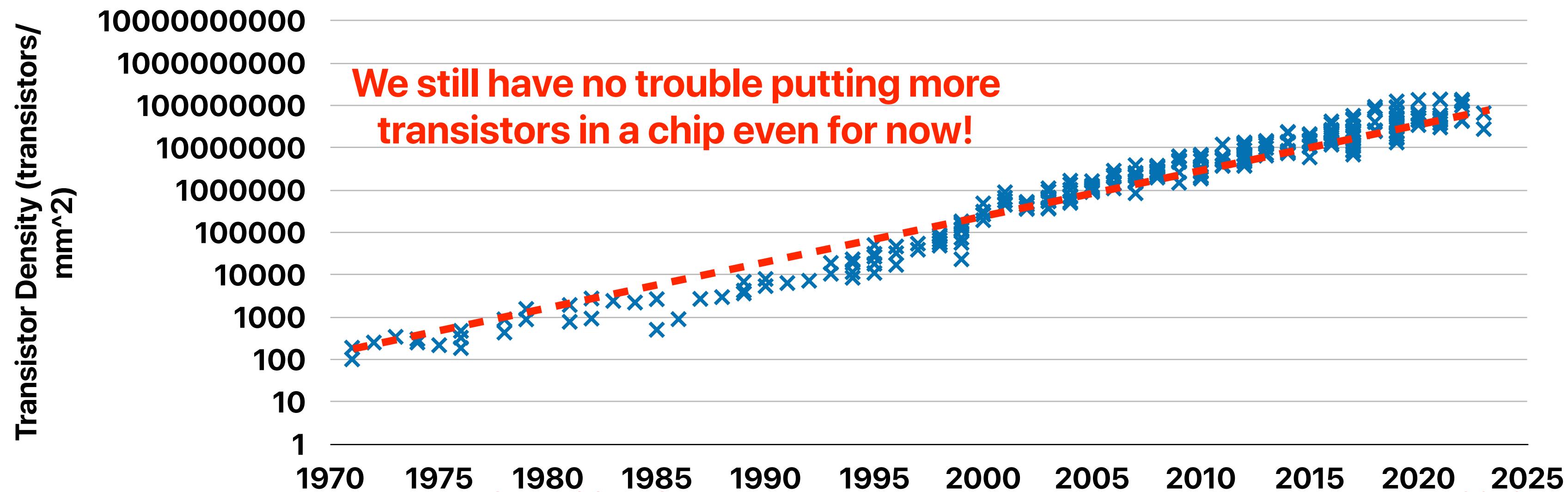
sign automation procedures could translate from any special engineering.

Designing ICs can be easy

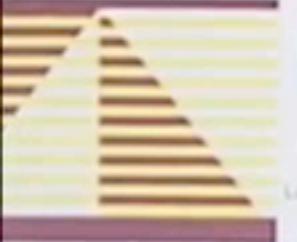
'components onto integrated circuits', Electronics 38 (8).

Moore's Law⁽¹⁾

- The number of transistors we can build in a fixed area of silicon doubles every 12 ~ 24 months.
- Moore's Law "was" the most important driver for historic CPU performance gains

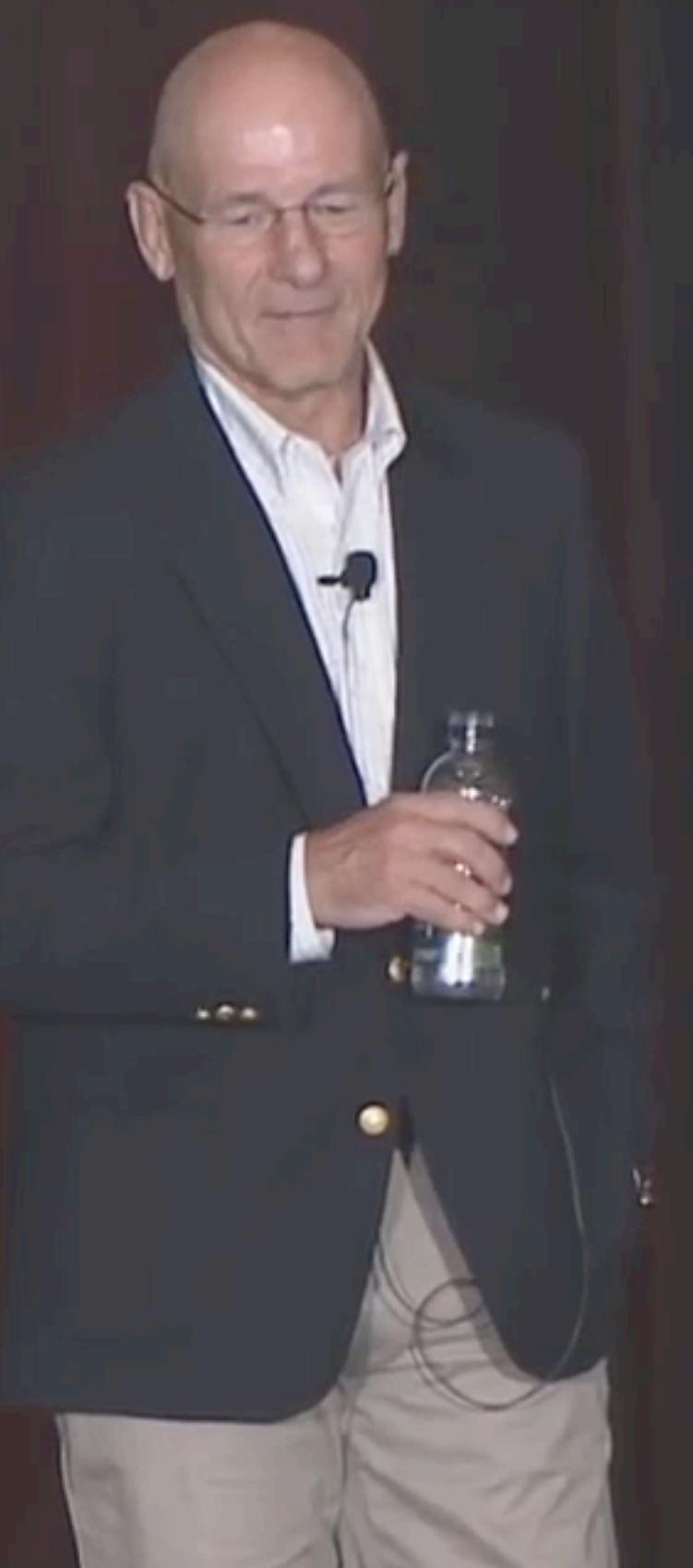
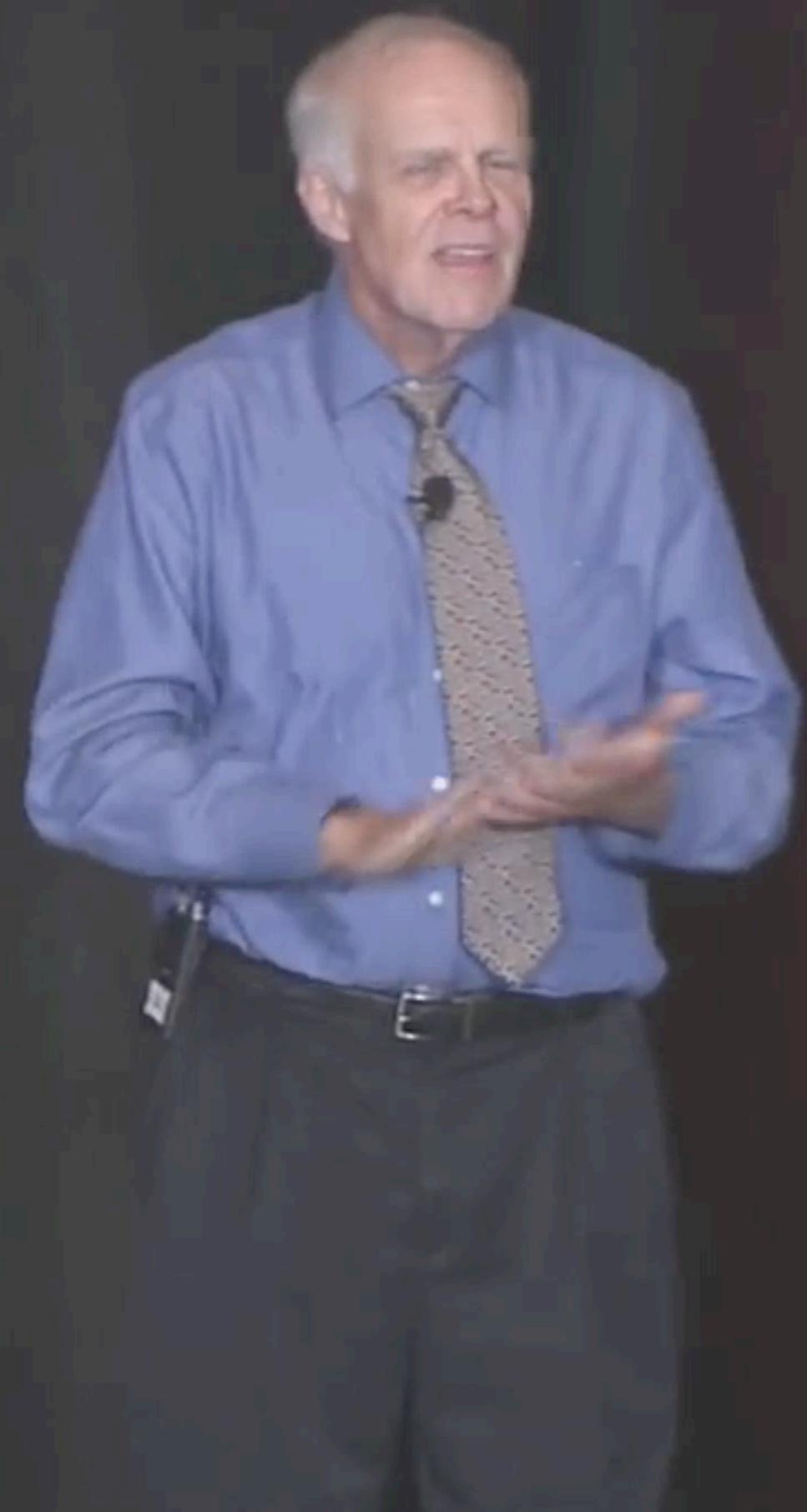


(1) Moore, G. E. (1965), 'Cramming more components onto integrated circuits', Electronics 38 (8).



The 45th
ACM/IEEE
International
Symposium
on Computer
Architecture
Los Angeles, USA

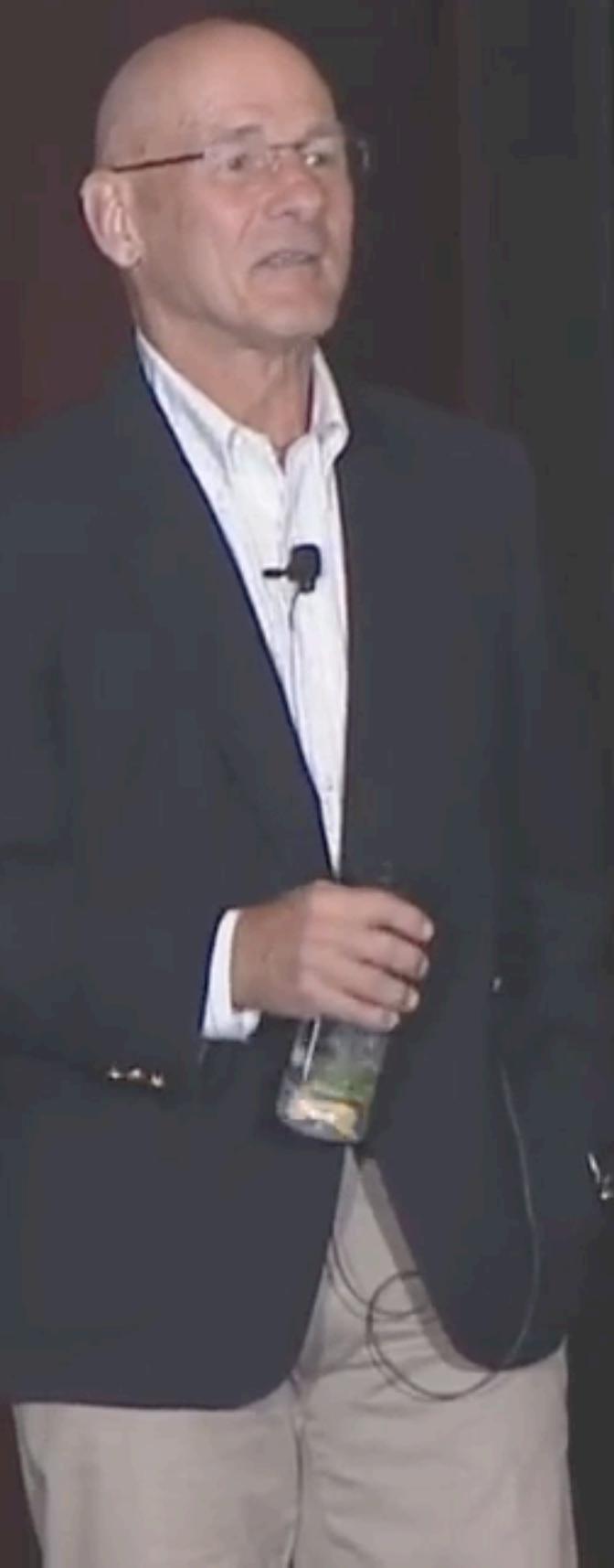
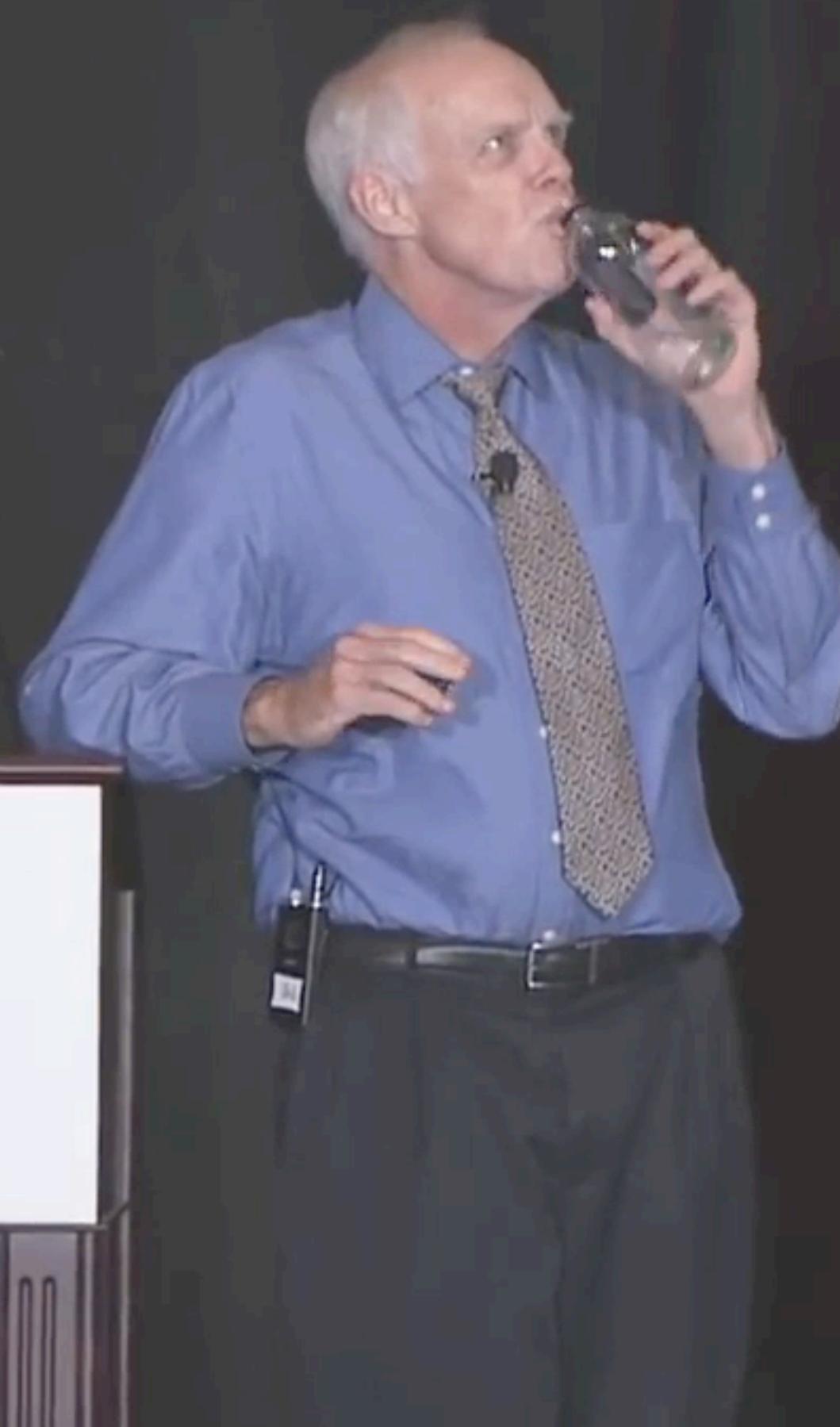
ISCA 2018
uring Lecture



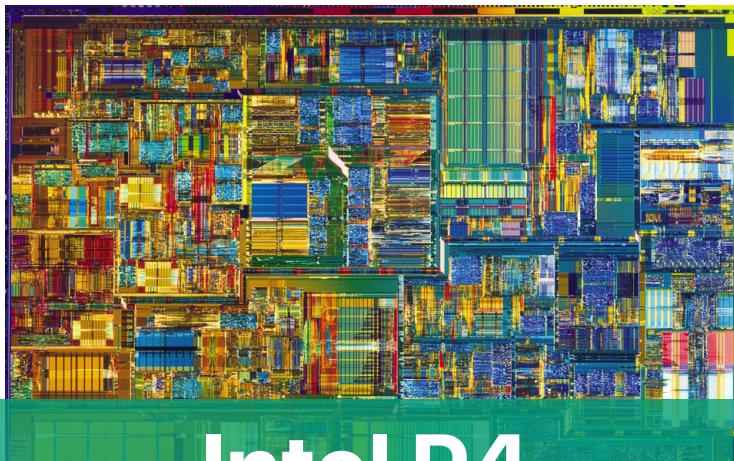


The 45th
ACM/IEEE
International
Symposium
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Los Angeles, USA

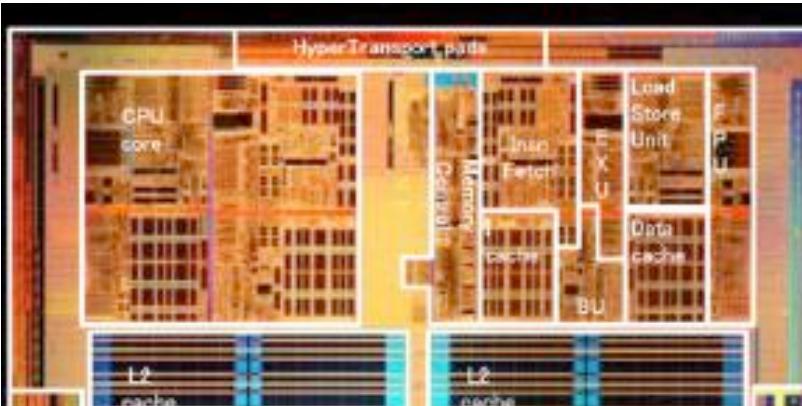
A 2018
g Lecture



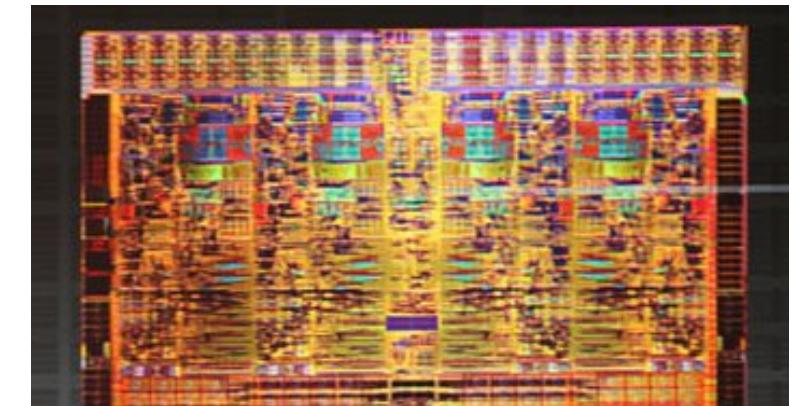
Multicore processors



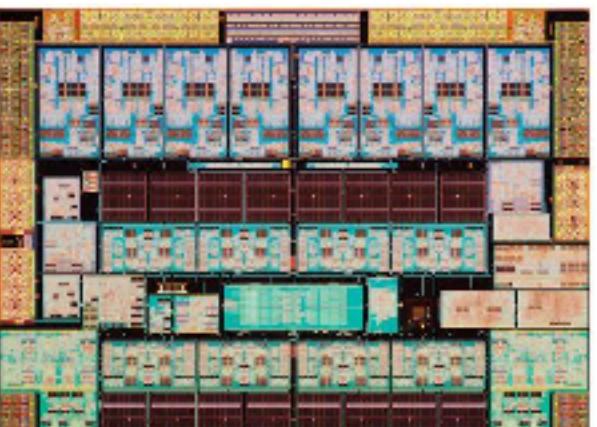
Intel P4
(2000)
1 core



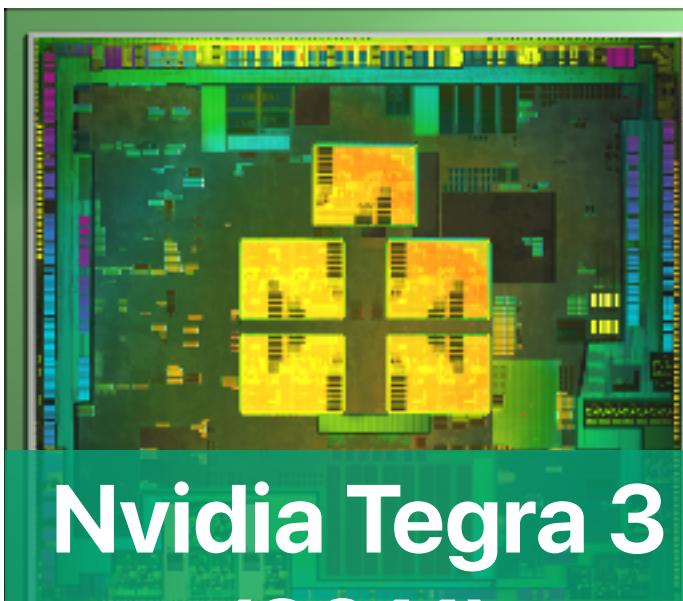
AMD Athlon 64 X2
(2005)
2 cores



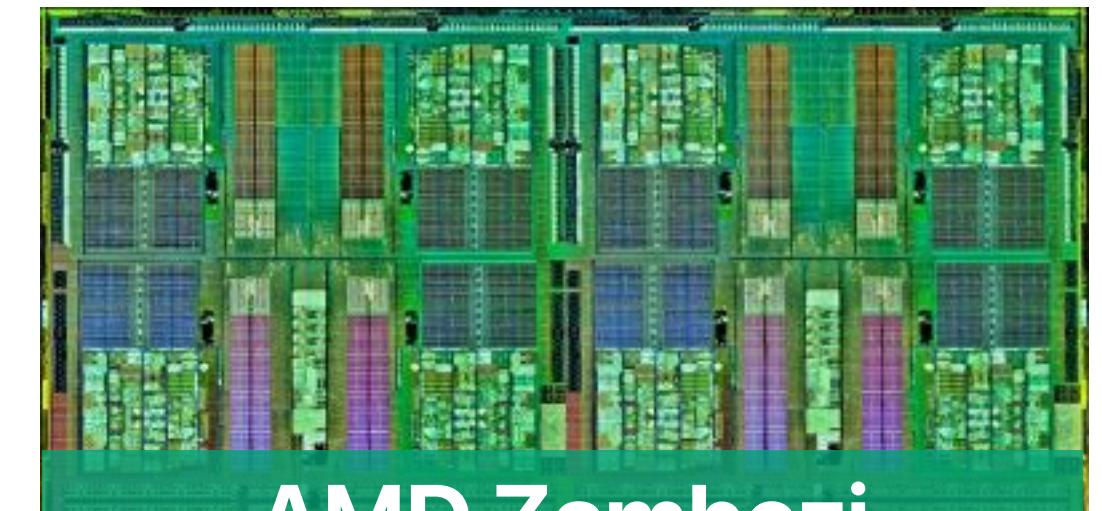
Intel Nahalem
(2010)
4 cores



SPARC T3
(2010)
16 cores

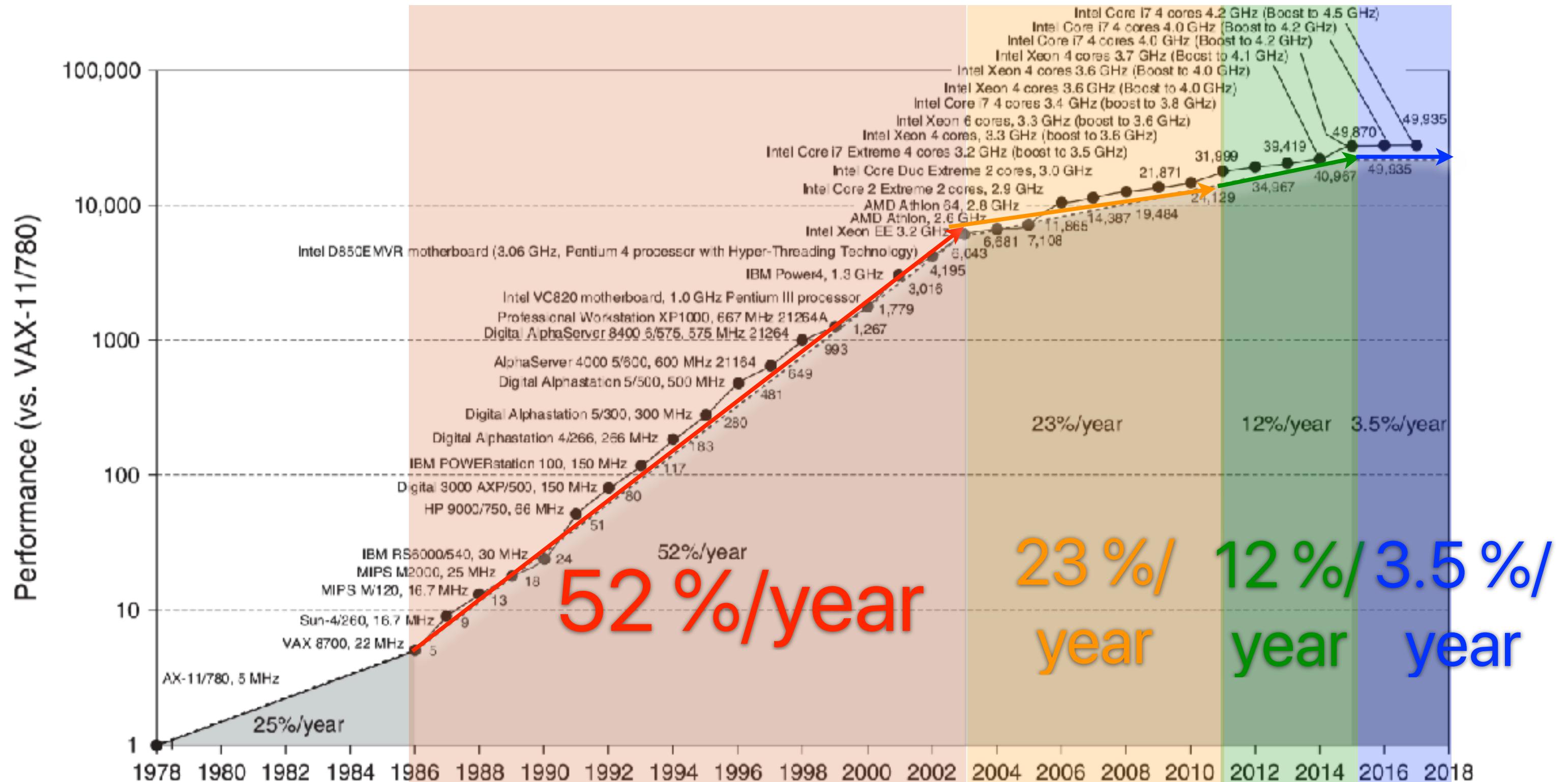


Nvidia Tegra 3
(2011)
5 cores

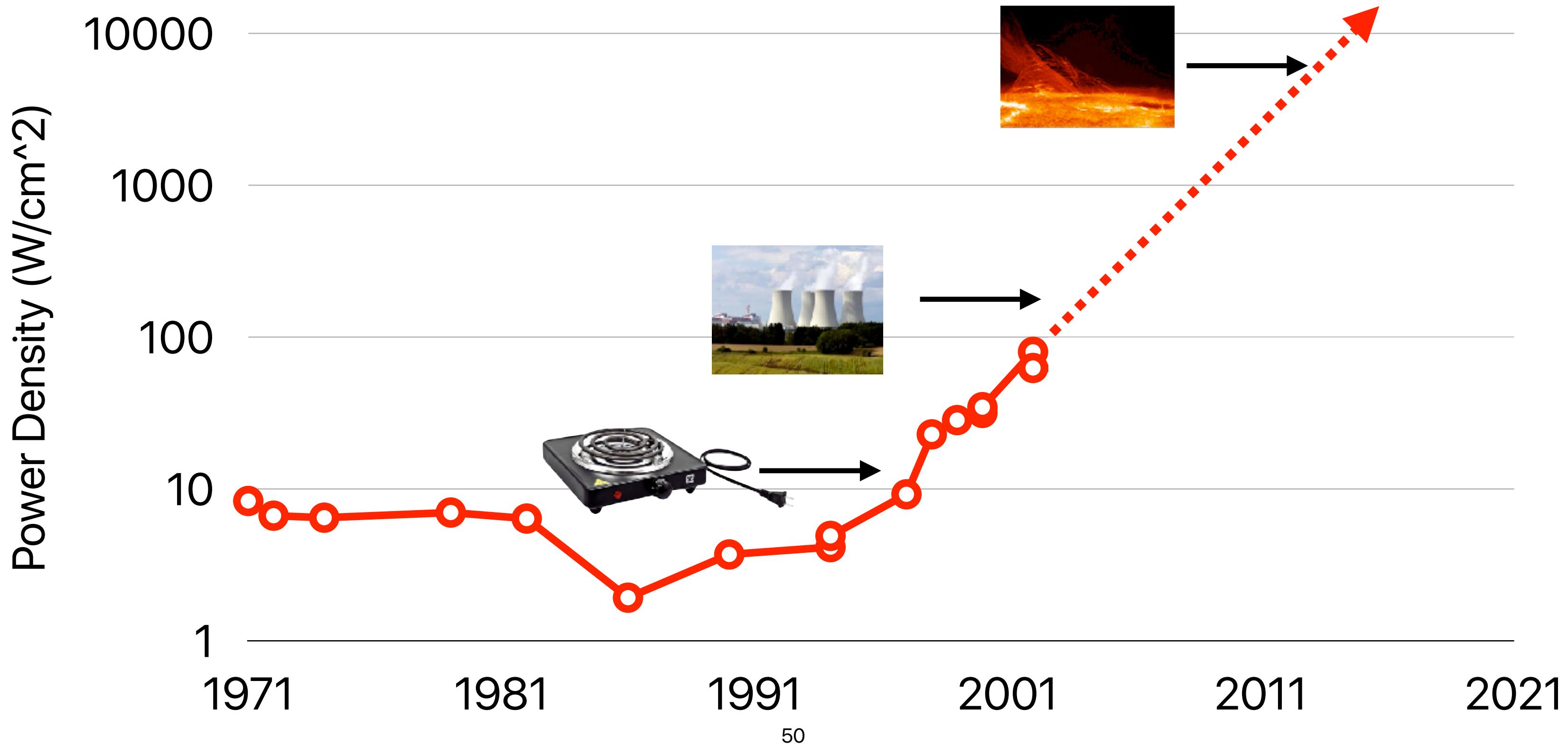


AMD Zambezi
(2011)
16 cores

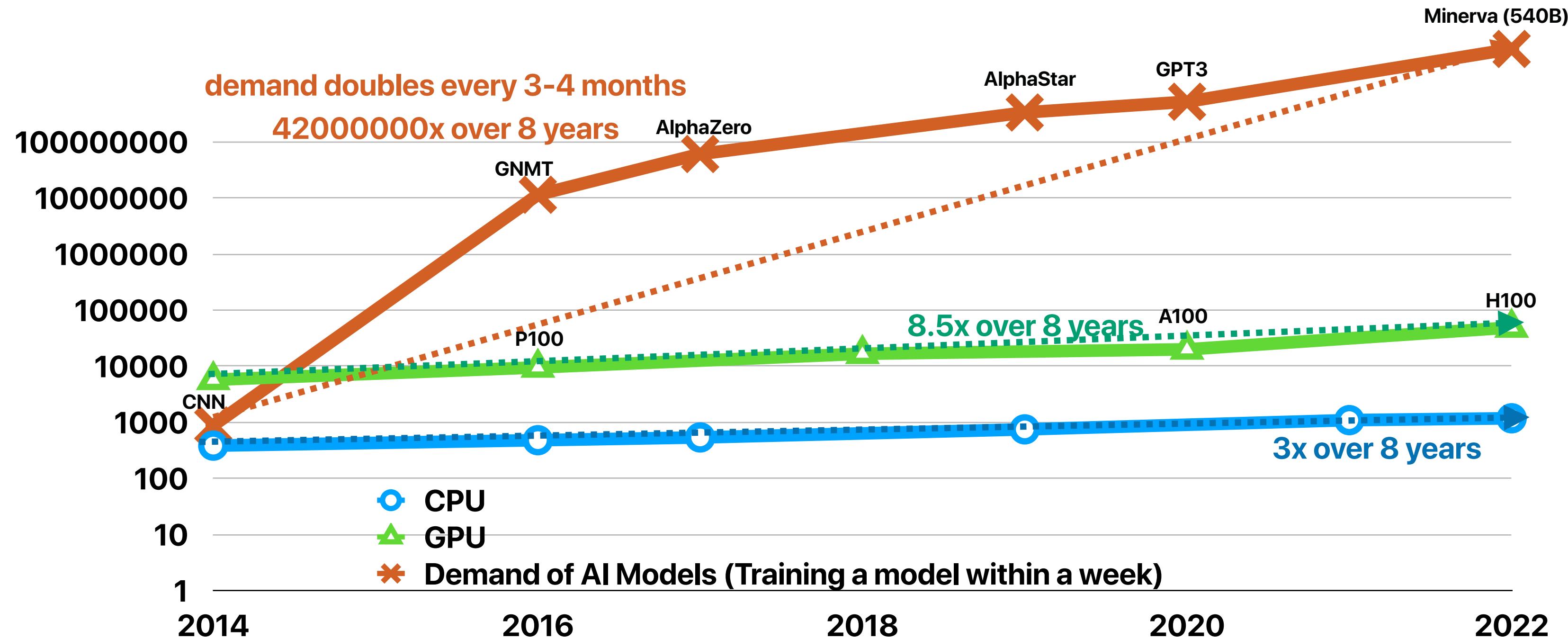
CPU performance does not scale with Moore's Law



Power Density of Processors

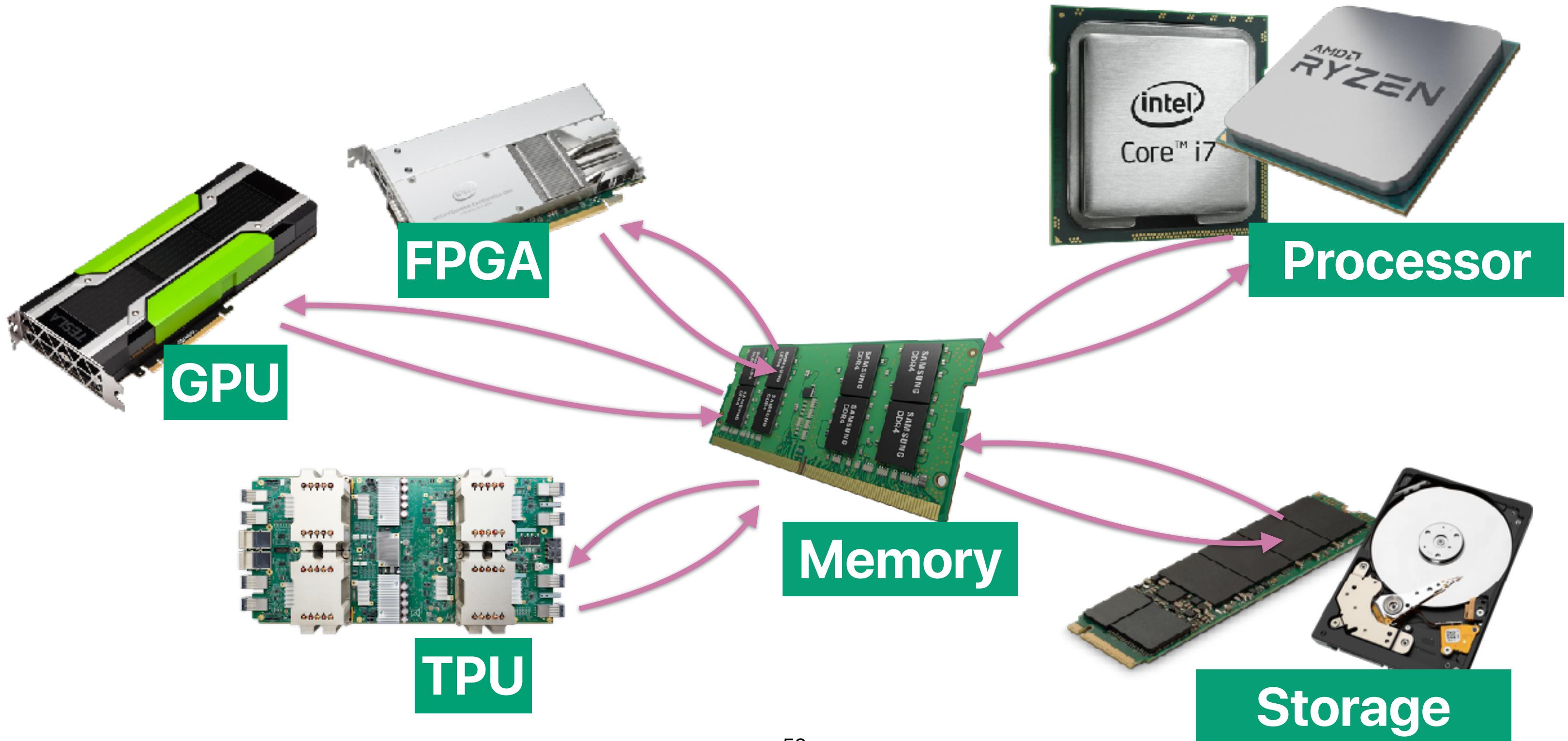


Mis-matching AI/ML demand and general-purpose processing

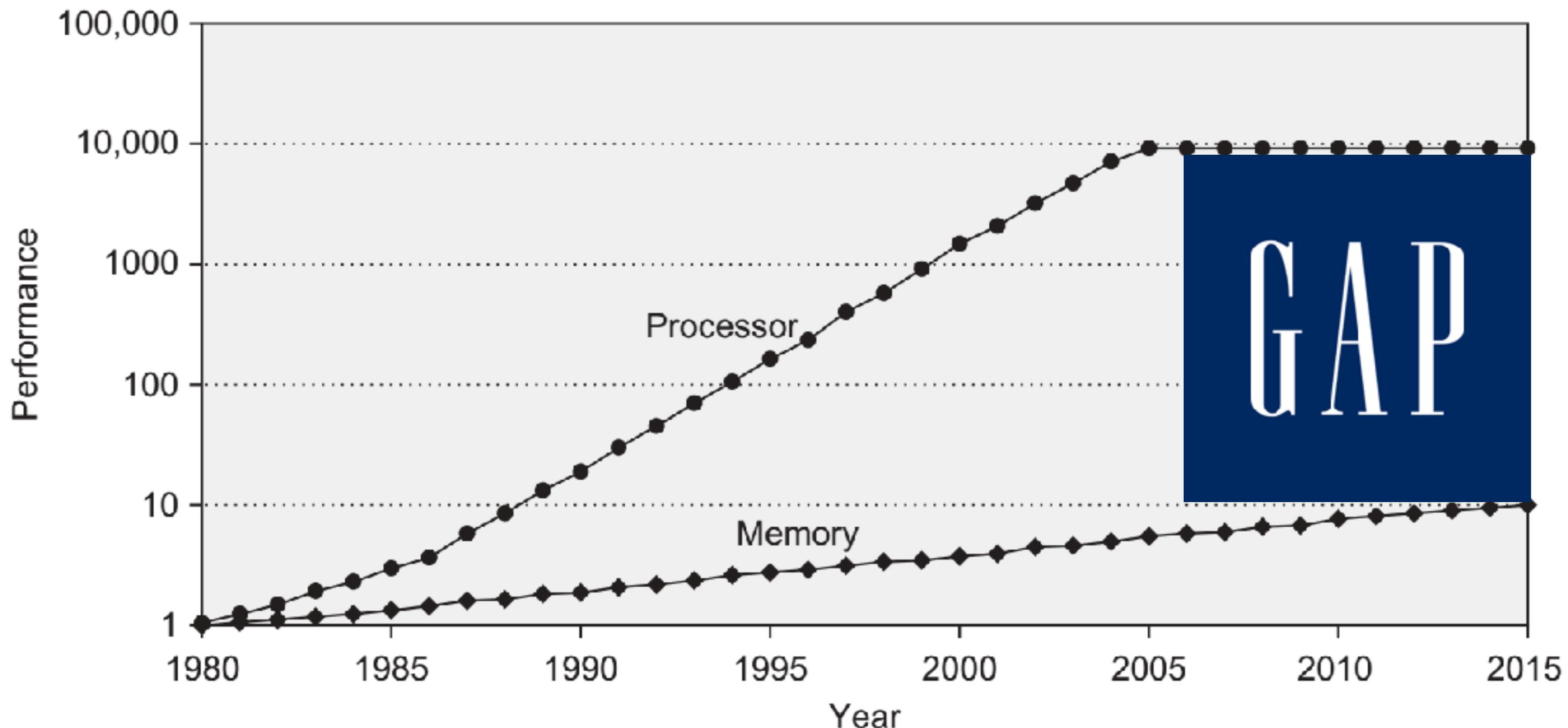


<https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/artificial-intelligence-training-computation>

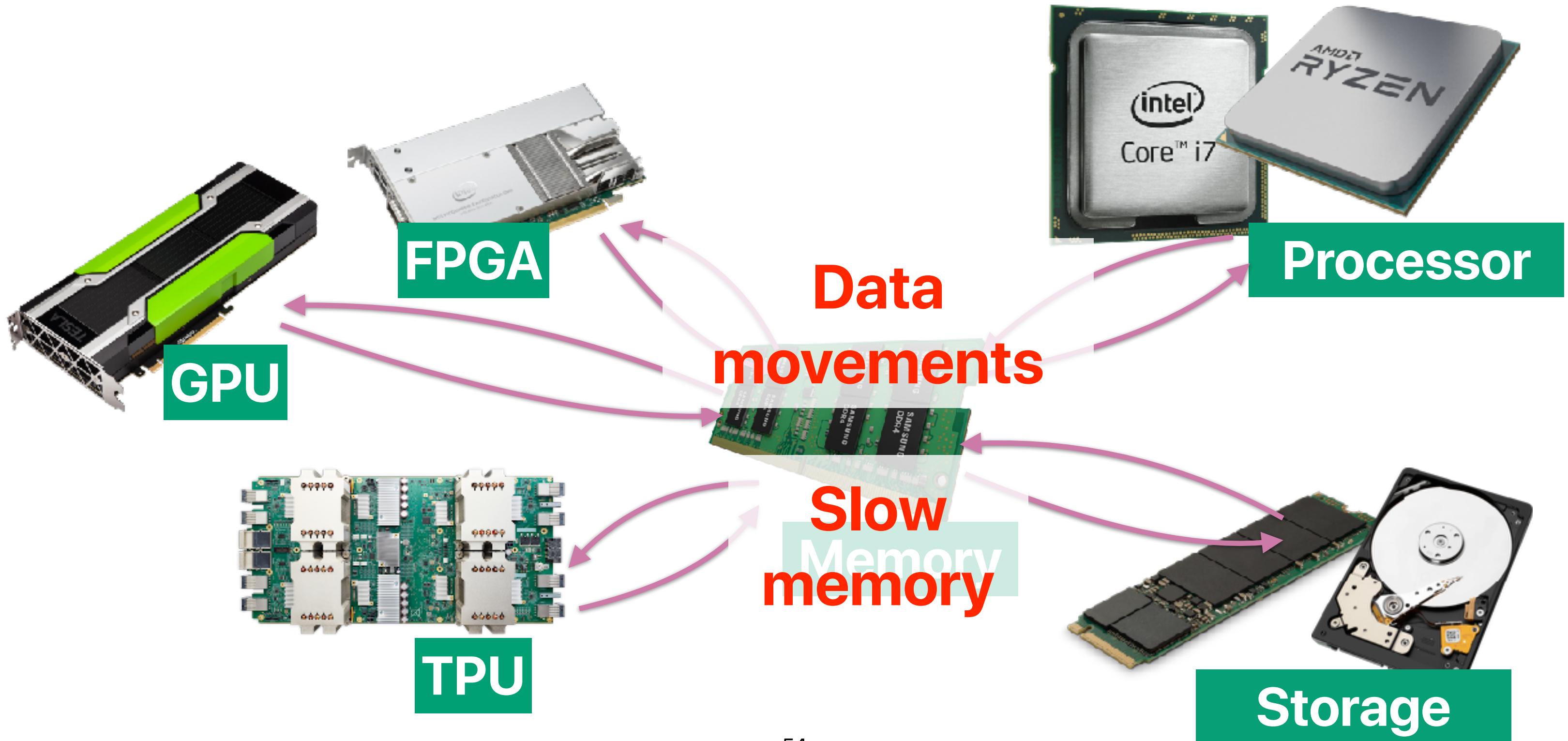
Heterogeneous Computer Architecture



Performance gap between Processor/Memory



Heterogeneous Computer Architecture



What's going to be in the class?

Heterogeneous Computer Architecture

- ## Performance
- Performance measurement
 - What affects performance
 - Amdahl's Law
 - Metrics

- ## Memory
- Memory hierarchy
 - Hardware optimizations
 - Software optimizations

- ## Processor
- Pipelining
 - OoO Execution
 - Branch predictions
 - Software optimizations

- ## Parallelism
- Parallel hardware
 - Thread-level
 - Data-level
 - Accelerators
 - Software optimizations

TPU

Storage

Tentative Schedule

Topic	Reading	Reading	Slides (Preview)	Slides (Release)	Due
08/07/2023	Introduction: the Big Picture of Computers	1.1-1.5, 2.1 – 2.5, 2.12, 2.14, 2.17, 2.18, 2.19, 2.20, 2.21			
08/08/2023	Performance: What affects performance?	1.6, 1.8 & 1.11			-_Reading quiz for 1.6, 1.8 and 1.10
08/09/2023	Performance (II)				
08/10/2023	Performance (III)				-_Assignment #1 due 8/11 midnight
08/14/2023	Memory Hierarchy	5.1 – 5.3			-_Reading quiz for 5.1-5.3
08/15/2023	Memory Hierarchy (II)				
08/16/2023	Memory Hierarchy (III)	5.4, 5.8			-_Reading quiz for 5.4 and 5.7-5.8
08/17/2023	Memory Hierarchy (IV)	5.7			-_Assignment #2 due 8/15 midnight
08/21/2023	Midterm				
08/22/2023	Virtual Memory				
08/23/2023	Pipeline Processors	4.1-4.3, 4.6			-_Reading quiz for 4.1-4.3, 4.6 and 4.9
08/24/2023	Pipelined processors (II)	4.9			-_Assignment #3 due 8/25 midnight
08/28/2023	Pipelined processors (III)	4.8			-_Reading quiz for 4.8 and 4.11
08/29/2023	Pipelined processors (IV)	4.11			
08/30/2023	Parallelism (I): ILP				-_Reading quiz for 6.1-6.7
08/31/2023	Parallelism (II): TLP				-_Assignment #4 due 9/1 midnight
09/04/2023	Parallelism (III): CMP				
09/05/2023	Parallelism (IV): SIMD and DSA				
09/06/2023	The Golden Age of Computer Architecture				
09/07/2023	Final Review				Assignment #5 due 9/7 midnight
09/08/2023	Subject to change Final Exam (Sp-6p)	You need to complete the reading of assigned reading materials			Check due dates here

Learning eXperience

We're back in-person (still supporting online)

fortune.com/2023/03/07/google-sundar-pichai-staff-office-ghost-towns-microsoft-cloud/

SEARCH SIGN IN

TECH · GOOGLE

Google boss Sundar Pichai says staff are bemoaning office ghost towns—‘It’s just not a nice experience’

BY CHRISTIAAN HETZNER

March 7, 2023 at 4:56 AM PST

Bloomberg

• Live Now Markets Economics Industries Technology Politics Wealth Pursuits Opinion Businessweek

Work Shift | Work in Progress

Meta, Amazon Among Firms Calling Workers Back to the Office in 2023

A running list for major US companies' return-to-office mandates in 2023

Most lectures today ...



I expect the lecture to be...



Peer instruction

- Before the lecture — You need to complete the required **reading**
- During the lecture — I'll bring in activities to ENGAGE you in exploring your understanding of the material
 - Popup questions
 - Individual **thinking** — use your clicker to express your opinion
 - Group discussion — **discuss** with your surroundings and use your clicker to express your group's opinion
 - Whole-classroom **discussion** — we would like to hear from you

Read

Think

Discuss

Before lectures: reading quizzes

- We need to prepare you for peer instruction activities and discussions!
- Reading assignments from
 - Computer Organization and Design MIPS Edition: The Hardware/Software Interface 6th Edition
by John Hennessy and David Patterson
 - Or other assigned materials
- Reading quizzes:
 - On Canvas
 - Due before the lecture, usually twice a week. Check the schedule on our webpage
 - You will have two chances. We take the average
 - No time limitation until the deadline
 - No make up reading quizzes — we will drop probably your lowest two at least

Peer instruction

- I'll bring in activities to ENGAGE you in exploring your understanding of the material
 - Let you practice
 - Bring out misconceptions
 - Let us LEARN from each other about difficult parts.
- You will be GET CREDIT for your efforts to learn in class
 - By answering questions with **Poll Everywhere**
 - Answer **50%** of the **clicker questions** in class, get 10% of your final grade
 - Typically more than 50% of questions are individual thinking questions as individual thinking comes first
 - If you don't feel comfortable to talk with others, you can still get full credits if you made choices on all individual thinking questions

About the time of the Lecture — Setup Poll Everywhere

The image consists of four screenshots of the Poll Everywhere mobile application, showing the process of logging in and joining a presentation.

- Screenshot 1 (Top Left):** The app's listing on the App Store. It shows a 4.8-star rating, 1,960 ratings, #52 in Education, and an age rating of 4+. A large "OPEN" button is visible.
- Screenshot 2 (Top Middle):** The app's main menu. It includes options like "Participants", "Join a presentation", "Register with a presenter", "Respond by keyword", and "Response history".
- Screenshot 3 (Top Right):** The login screen. It features a "Log in" button, a text input field containing "htseng@ucr.edu", and a "Log in with UCR" button. There are also "Sign up", "Privacy", and "Terms" links.
- Screenshot 4 (Bottom Right):** The presentation selection screen. It shows a URL "PollEv.com/hungweitseng" and a large blue "Join" button. Below it, "Recent presentations" are listed with the same URL.

Text overlay:

**Login through the app using
UCSD_username@ucsd.edu**

**Join
PollEv.com/
hungweitseng**

Grading Breakdown

	In-person session	Online session
Reading Quizzes	15% Drop lowest 2	15% Drop lowest 2
Participation	10% Answer 50% in-lecture questions	
Assignments	20% Drop lowest 1	20% Drop lowest 1
Midterm	20% In-person version test — closed book	30% Online version test — open book
Final	35% In-person version test — closed book	35% Online version test — open book

Assignments

- Assigned on Wednesdays, due on **Fridays 11:59p**
- The best way to prepare the examines
- Use templates in jupyter notebook format
- Submit through gradescope
 - **We do not accept scanned handwritten ones**
 - Only PDF version made from the jupyter notebook template
 - You have to click the GitHub classroom link to begin with (will post the link of each assignment on the course webpage once released)
 - You may use the escalab.org/databut service to finish your assignment

Logistics

Instructor — Hung-Wei Tseng

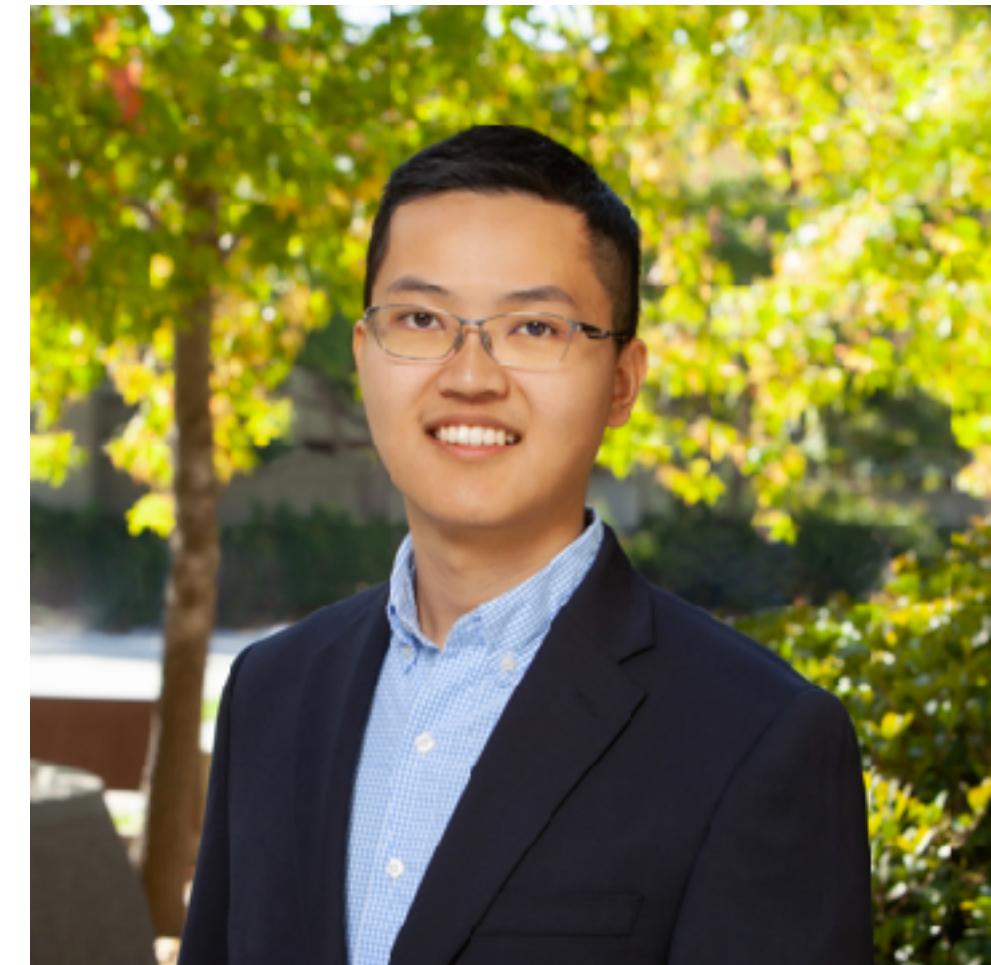
- Associate Professor @ UC Riverside, 05/2019—
- Website: <https://intra.engr.ucr.edu/~htseng/>
- E-mail: htseng @ ucsd.edu
- Visiting Researcher @ Google, 01/2023—03/2023
 - Working for TensorFlow Lite
- PhD in **Computer Science**, University of California, San Diego, 2014
- Research Interests
 - General-purpose computing on AI/ML/NN accelerators
 - Intelligent storage devices & near-data processing
 - Or anything else fun — we have an OpenUVR project recently
- Fun fact: Hung-Wei was once considering a career path as a singer but went back to academia due to the unsuccessful trial



Teaching Assistants

Leon Li

- Office hours: Th 10a-12p on Zoom
- E-mail: [xul065 @ ucsd.edu](mailto:xul065@ucsd.edu)
- <https://ucsd.zoom.us/j/95484637243>
- Fun fact: I'm an avid payment geek and play the real-world churning game to rack up points for free travel.



Jerry Ho

- Office hours: M 4p-6p on Zoom
- E-mail: [chh009 @ ucsd.edu](mailto:chh009@ucsd.edu)
- <https://ucsd.zoom.us/j/95484637243>
- Fun fact: He won Third Place in Section 1 of San Diego Go Tournament 2023... with 1-2 record.

Discussion sessions

- Wednesday 4p-5p Pepper Canyon Hall
- Covers hints for your assignments
- Highly recommended

The website

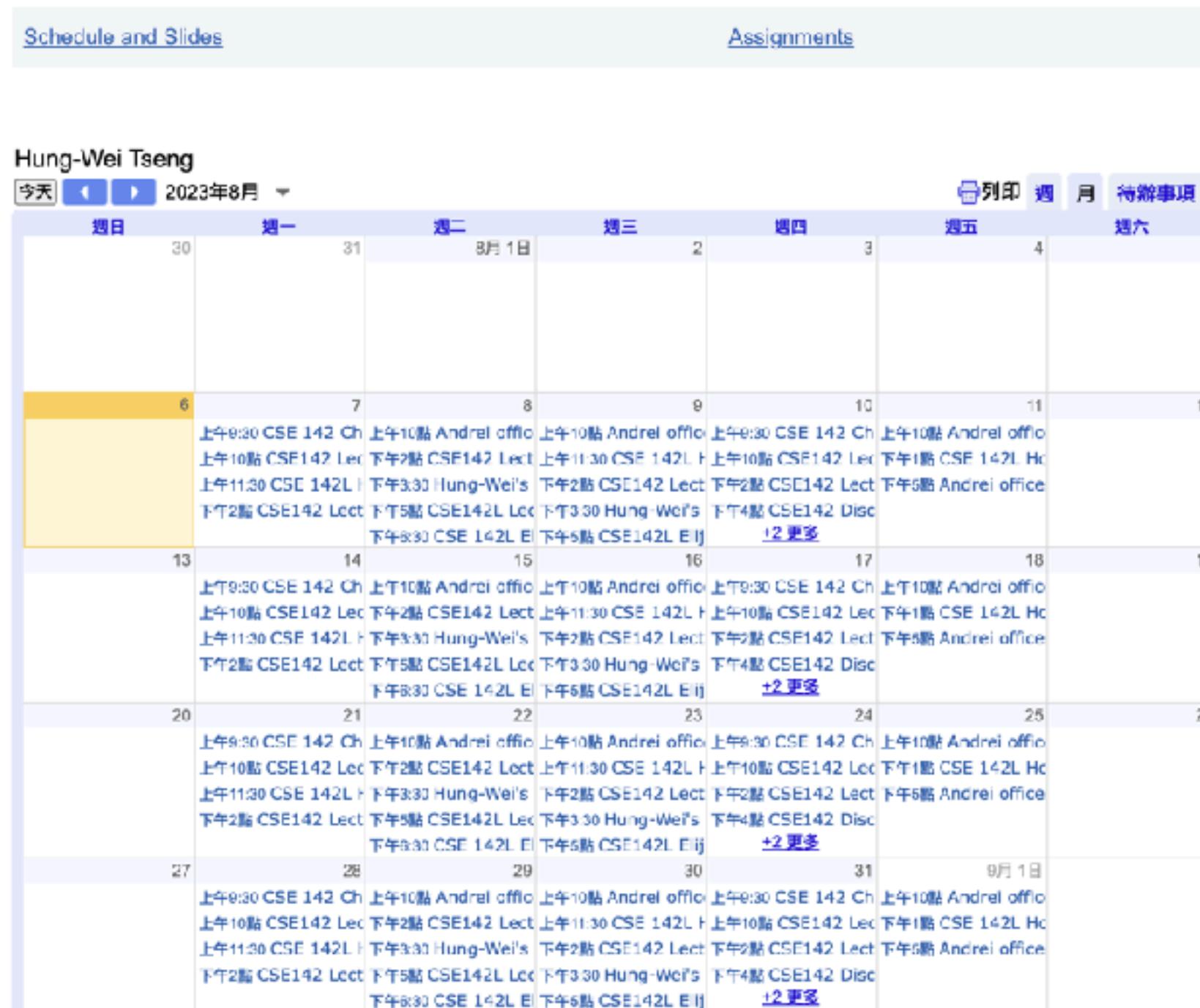
- Calendar
 - Schedule
 - Slides
 - Preview — for the ease of note taking
 - Release — the actual slides

CSE142: Computer Architecture: S

Summer Session II)

Online: Zoom or <https://www.youtube.com/profusagi>

Lecture: MTuWTh 2:00p – 3:20p @ WLH 2205 or Zoom



Grading

- You can see your grades on Canvas.

The screenshot shows the 'Grades for Test Student' page in Canvas. The left sidebar has a dark blue background with white icons and text: Account, Dashboard, Courses, Calendar, Inbox, and Help. The main area shows the course 'CSE141_S220_B00 > Grades > Test Student'. It has a 'Print Grades' button. Under 'Arrange By', 'Due Date' is selected. A table lists assignments and quizzes:

Name	Due	Status	Score	Out of
Reading quizzes for 2.1-2.8 and 2.10	Aug 4 by 2pm	-	5	
Assignments		N/A	0.00 / 0.00	
Total		N/A	0.00 / 0.00	

- Errors in grading
 - If you feel there has been an error in how an assignment or test was graded, you have one week from when the assignment is returned to bring it to our attention. You must submit (via email to the instructor and the appropriate TAs) a written description of the problem. Neither I nor the TAs will discuss regrades without receiving an email from you about it first.
- For arithmetic errors (adding up points etc.)
 - you do not need to submit anything in writing, but the one week limit still applies.

Summary of course resources

- Lectures:
 - In-person @ WLH 2205
 - Live on **Zoom** — please check your e-mail/Canvas for the link
 - Live on **Youtube** (you cannot participate): <https://www.youtube.com/profusagi>
 - Repository on **Youtube**: <https://www.youtube.com/profusagi>
- Schedule, slides on **course webpage**:
<https://www.escalab.org/classes/cse142-2023su>
- Discussion on **piazza**:
<https://piazza.com/class/lkwy1ccytqc3ct/>
- Reading quizzes, grading on **Canvas**:
<https://canvas.ucsd.edu/courses/48362>
- Assignments through **gradescope**:
<https://www.gradescope.com/courses/564382>
- Office Hours & Locations
https://calendar.google.com/calendar/embed?src=c_373ea7ba1adb25dcb44c3a3d1cb62af934f7601955381cdc89116d91596ba4af%40group.calendar.google.com

Academic Honesty

- Don't cheat.
 - Cheating on a test will get you an F in the class and no option to drop, and a visit with your college dean.
 - Cheating on homework means you don't have to turn them in any more, but you don't get points either. You will also take at least 25% penalty on the exam grades.
- Copying solutions of the internet or a solutions manual is cheating
 - They are incorrect sometimes
- Review the UCSD student handbook
- When in doubt, ask.

Comp Arch's Importance In CS

low-level workings of the CPU and memory, which is particularly important for systems programming, device drivers, and operating systems development. Writing low-level code that interacts directly with hardware requires a deep understanding of the architecture.

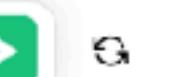
7. **Problem Solving:** Understanding computer architecture fosters a problem-solving mindset. When faced with performance issues or limitations in software, computer scientists can apply architectural knowledge to diagnose and address problems effectively.

8. **Emerging Technologies:** As new technologies and architectures emerge, such as quantum computing or specialized accelerators, computer scientists with a solid foundation in computer architecture will be better equipped to adapt and leverage these advancements.

In summary, computer architecture is essential because it bridges the gap between hardware and software. It empowers computer scientists to create efficient software, design robust systems, and make informed decisions that lead to improved overall system performance. While not all computer science professionals may work directly with hardware, a strong understanding of computer architecture provides a solid foundation for various areas within the field.



Who is Hung-Wei Tseng?



Comp Arch's Importance In CS

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Who is Hung-Wei Tseng?



Hey, I need help...

- Is question 3 on the homework asking for execution time or speedup
 - piazza
- I'm lost on the homework – I don't know what speedup or execution time are...
 - Office Hours (maybe discussion)
- I need to turn in the homework late
 - No late homework (you get to drop one)

Hey, I need help... (part 2)

- I'm going to miss class
 - Sorry to miss you! Please watch my youtube channel!
<https://www.youtube.com/profusagi>
 - In-depth class concept question (e.g., what's the difference between pass-by-value vs. pass-by-reference)
 - Class or Discussion (possibly piazza)
- I can't get into canvas
 - E-mail Academic Services (ACMS) if you can't log in. Private piazza post if waitlisted and can't see course.
- I can't login to escalab.org/datahub
 - E-mail Hung-Wei

Hey, I need help... (part 3)

- “I’m sick....”
 - Can miss 20% of classes and drop two assignments. Issues impacting Midterm and Final require exceptional circumstances, e-mail professor
- Disability
 - E-mail paperwork from campus disability services to the Prof. by the end of week 2.

Why...

- Do I really need the textbook
 - Again, we need to prepare you for lectures
 - Textbook helps to make sure we're all on the same page when we talk about something
- Why do we use so many different resources...
 - Gradescope does not allow multiple trials of reading quizzes...
 - Canvas' discussion feature isn't great and not accessible after you graduated
 - I hope some of you can start up a company to provide a one-fit-all solution...

UC San Diego

NC STATE UNIVERSITY

UC RIVERSIDE



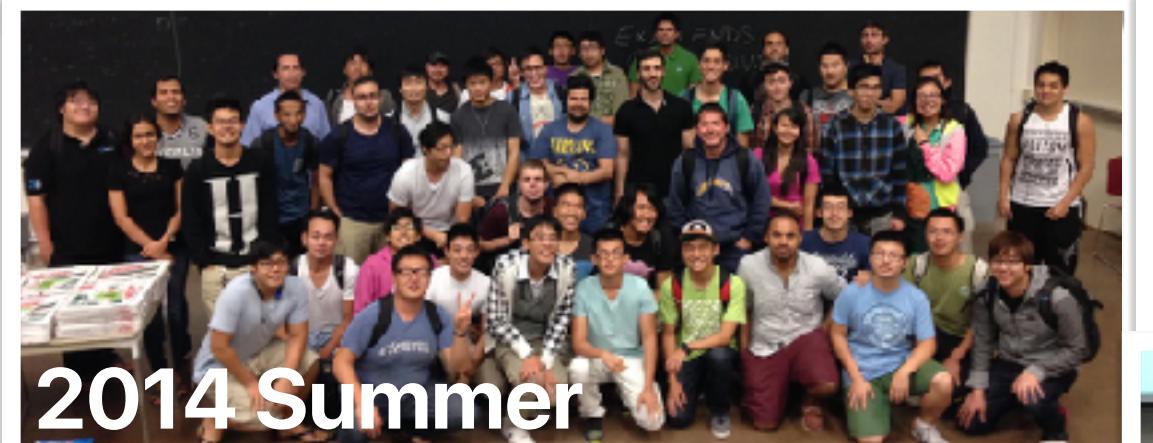
2012 Summer



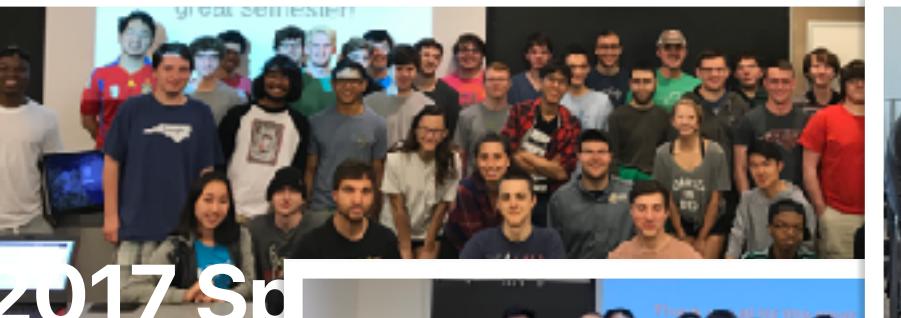
2016 Fall



2022 Winter



2014 Summer



2017 Sp



2022 Fall



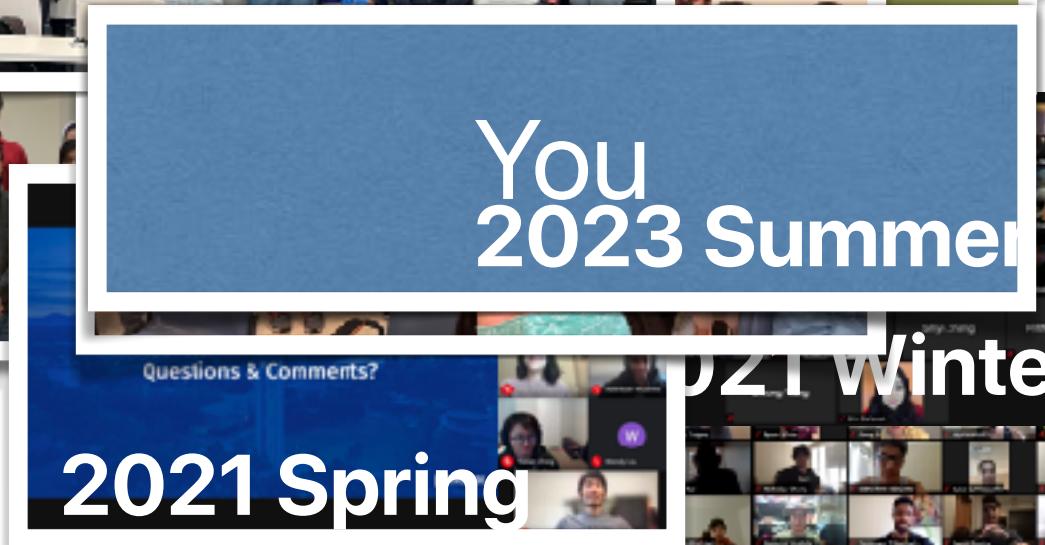
2021 Fall



2016 Spring



2018 Spring



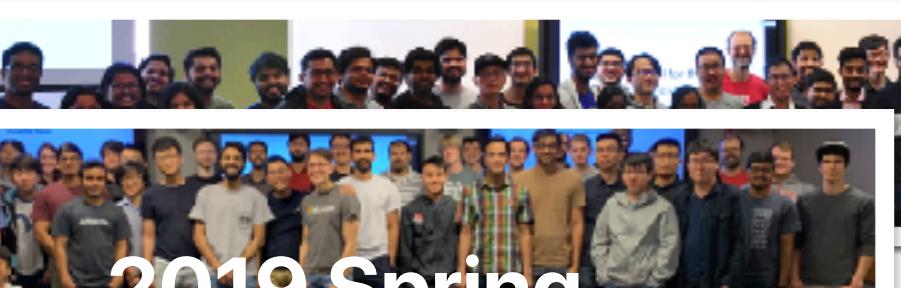
2021 Spring



2021 Winter



2016 Summer



2019 Spring



2018 Fall



2019 Summer I



2019 Summer II



2020 Summer



2020 Spring

Q & A





Start the presentation to see live content. Still no live content? Install the app or get help at PollEv.com/app

Announcements

- Login piazza, Canvas
- Check our website
 - Check the lab website if you got sometime as well!
- Reading quiz due **tomorrow before the lecture**

Computer Science & Engineering

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