

The Title of Your Paper Goes Here

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Abstract

Because of the spread of the Internet, social platforms become big data pools. From there we can learn about the trends, culture and hot topics. This project focuses on analyzing the data from Instagram. It shows the relationship of Instagram filter data with location and number of likes to give users filter suggestion on achieving more likes based on their location. It also analyzes the popular hashtags in different locations to show visual culture differences between different cities.

Keywords: data visualization, instagram, filter, hashtag

1 Introduction

As "a picture is worth a thousand words", more and more people are sharing their daily life, personal interests, news and events using images on social platform. Instagram is such a platform which is a popular mobile photo sharing application. It launched in October 2010, and rapidly gained popularity, with over 100 million active users as of April 2012 and over 300 million as of December 2014. Because of these huge amount of information in the dataset of Instagram, and we are interested in analyzing and visualizing the patterns of them.

This project is focusing on analyzing Instagram data to learn about the culture differences between different places. This project analyzes how filter usage are distributed in 50 cities, which are the cities with most population in each state of United States. This give us the information about how filter preference and vision culture varies in different states. The project also analyzes the number of hashtags been labeled on the posts for each city. It shows the popular hashtags for each city which reveal the popular event or hot terms in different cities.

While you are using the Instagram, you may also have ever scrolled through the Instagram filter list back and forth worrying about which one to use, and how to make more people like it. But since culture background and contents varies a lot from photo to photo, it is hard to make a simple suggestion that let everyone like it. Our project also analyzes the Instagram filter data based on location and like to help you solve this problem.

The goal of this project is to learn about visual culture and content differences to help catch both the artistic trends and event trends for different places. It can also help user to make better filter selection to improve photo quality and reach more likes.

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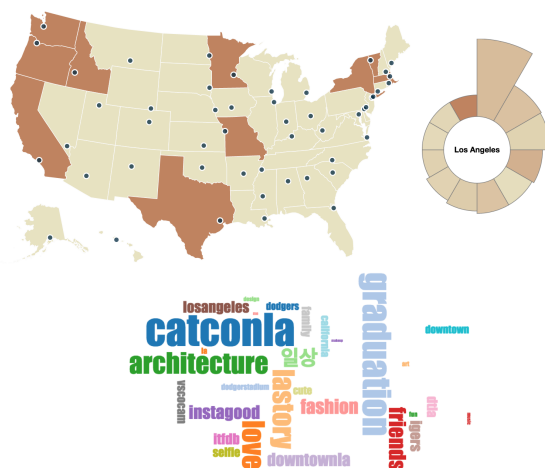


Figure 1: *Word cloud design*

2 Related Work

Due to the popularity and the amount of data information, there are couple groups of people are also interested in the culture information reflected in the Instagram photo data. Hochman’s Zooming into an Instagram city [1] [2] visualizes and analyzes samples from a data set of about 550,000 Instagram photos from New York City and Tokyo, by applying visualization and Cultural Analytics techniques. They show all the images in the collection. They download data based on latitude and longitude criteria and use specified tools to analyze the data. One interesting result of this paper is that there seem to be reoccurring spatio-temporal visual deviations in a specific time period and a set place. Based on those large sets of Instagram photos, they show how visual social media can be analyzed at multiple spatial and temporal scales. They also present analysis of social and cultural dynamics in specific places and particular times, and introduce new visualization techniques which can show tens of thousands of individual images sorted by their metadata or algorithmically extracted visual features. But as they only focuses on photo color and photo style, but our project cares more anout the label information and filter data. They shows the differences of visual styles in different time different cities, while we are analyzing the exact events and objects that people are captured and marked in different cities.

There are also some existing analytical tools for Instagram. Iconosquare (formerly Statigram) [3] provides useful statistics about Instagram. It can also respond to comments and monitor hashtags. Instagram-analytics [4] contains huge amount of raw instagram data for users. Instastats [5] is python scripts to pull data from Instagram API. Those work shows us what data information are available from Instagram and our project uses some of the tools to get our desired data for analysis.

There are three main functionality, focusing on location, filter and tag data.

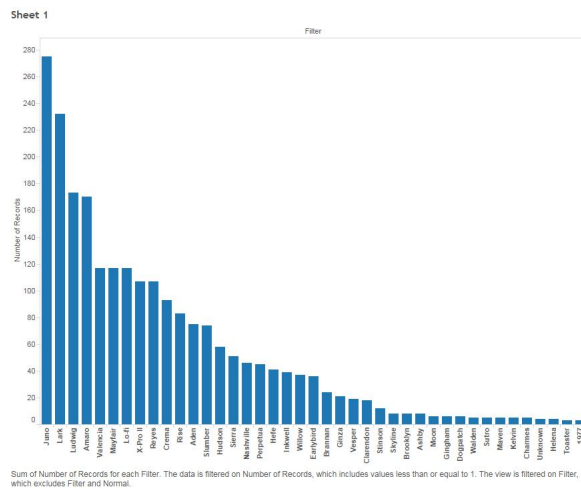


Figure 4: *Number of photos in different filters. Normal excluded*

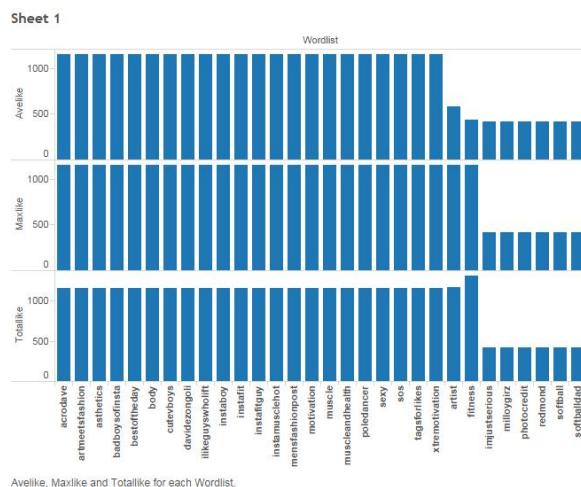


Figure 5: *Hot hashtags in Seattle*

3.3.1 Location

User can click on dark blue dot, which is the city with largest population in a state. Then, the system shows the filter and tag visualization result based in the specific location. We want to use location as a filter for visualization results.

3.3.2 Filter

In the filter visualization result, we want to show the average likes of photos using these filters. We also want to show how many photos using those filters, which indicates the popularity of each filter.

3.3.3 Hashtags

In the tags visualization result, we want to show the average likes of photos using these tags.

3.4 Visual Design

We design our tool color theme using Instagram color patterns since we are analyzing Instagram data, this can provide users a more related and clear connection between the data information and the

tool. At the top of the page it shows a brief introduction of the project and overall functions to gives users a understanding about how to navigate and explore the tool.

3.4.1 Location - Map

The project uses the map of United States. The color of the map is also chosen based on the Instagram color, the states with darker brown color are the top ten most Instagram posts states in the given time period, which is the recent past week. Lighter yellow color are the rest states. Since darker color presents more and higher density, so we choose darker color to represent more posts. Using dark blue color as the city dot is to form a contrast with the yellow and match the Instagram color theme.

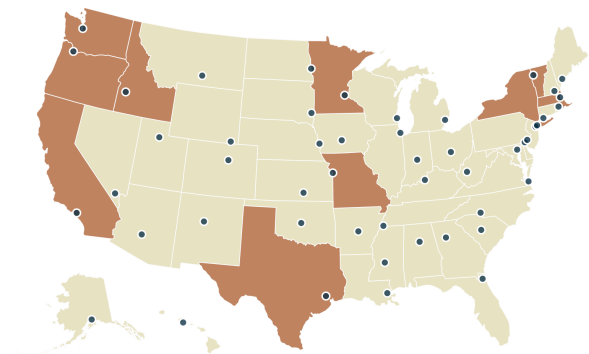


Figure 6: Map design

3.4.2 Filter - Aster Chart

When click on the city dot, an Aster chart[6] that shows the relationship between the filters and likes for the selected city shows up. Larger slice means more posts for that filter and smaller slice means less posts for that filter, because the size can be related to the amount information. As for the color, lighter color of the chart slice means less likes for that filter, and darker color means more likes for that filter. Most liked one uses the brown color and the least liked one uses the yellow color where the colors are match the color of the map. The color for the rest filters are the color within this range and equally scaled. When mouse hovering on the slice, the slice turns into red color to use contrast color to indicate one filter type is selected, and a window pop up near by the mouse showing the detail information with the number of posts and likes and sample images for selected filter type. The color of the text information are using couple bright colors selected from Instagram logo which can gives the sense of users that they are viewing Instagram posts and draw some attention on the text because of the brightness.

3.4.3 Hashtags - Word Cloud

After clicking the city dot, there is also a words cloud[7] with tags showing underneath the map. Larger size of text means more posts with that tag and smaller size of text means less posts with that tag. The color of the text are all bright colors with large contrast to distinguish words from words and also for user easy to read.



Figure 7: Filter chart design



Figure 8: Word cloud design

4 Discussion

4.1 Results Discussion

We present our work in the poster session. We are happy to see that all of our audiences find great pleasure in our work. Out of our expectation, they seem to be very interested in the word cloud. It is amazing to see what is happening in different cities, and it is quite interesting to see the different culture directly. They are also interested in the recommendation for advanced filters. Some people say they may apply the recommendation to become fancy.

However, they also express some confusion on the design. Most people asked about the meaning of different colors on the map. This is reasonable, since the color is the most notable element in the design. They also asked about the meaning of the pie chart of the filters. We think this is because we do not provide enough text explanations. We have modified our final design to meet the requirement of the audience.

4.2 Future Work

Since not all the photos are labeled with hashtags and not all the hashtags are correctly showing the content in each photo, using computer vision to analysis the real photo content, the style of the scenes and the major color theme may have stronger correlation with the filter types.

As the time changes people's visual preference may also changes, so the preference of filters may shifts as the time changes, we can learn the relationship with filters, likes and time to learn how visual preference changes and give out more current filter suggestion.

Since all the location analysis are based on the United States, so culture variety may be less between each cities, to extend the data to world based to learn some culture different between continents may give us more meaningful data. But world-wise spread of the Instagram usage may be the limit of this extension.

5 Conclusion

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<https://github.com/rldw/instastats>
- [6] Aster Plot in D3
<http://bl.ocks.org/bbest/2de0e25d4840c68f2db1>
- [7] Word Cloud
<https://www.jasondavies.com/wordcloud/>