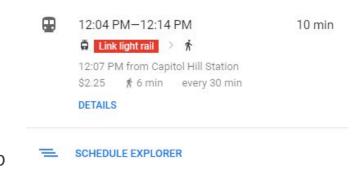
# Where's My Bus At? (Transit Vis)



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## Intro

- Bus delays have an element of chaos and are somewhat unpredictable, but aggregated data often reveals troublesome locations and routes
- Google's Real-Time General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS-RT) has created a standardized format built on top of the GTFS schedule specification for tracking location data in any bus system
- We have developed an interactive route-delay mapping tool for the King County Metro transit system that interfaces with the GTFS-RT data collected by OneBusAway
- Our tool is generalizable to any transit system operating on GTFS-RT, where the only prerequisite is a SQL database containing scraped trip location data





#### **Users and Use Cases**

- Planners, Engineers, Data Scientists
  - Identify locations/routes with low transit speeds
  - Aid in drawing conclusions on relationships between transit speeds and socioeconomic variables
  - Set up backend for automated aggregation of transit data
- Community members
  - Identify locations/routes to avoid when moving to a new neighborhood
  - Answer questions about network-wide transit reliability that officials don't always make
    - available







## Functional Specification - Data Sources

#### Bus Delays

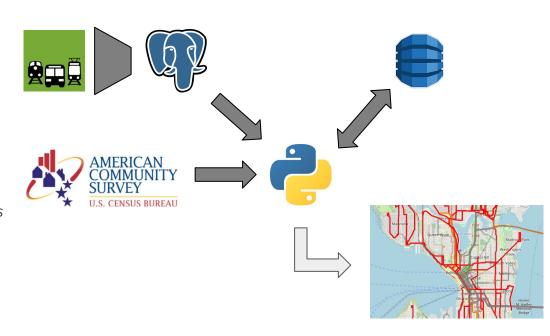
- Relational database (RDS) filled with bus position data scraped from OneBusAway GTFS-RT
- NoSQL database (DynamoDB) filled with daily summarized average speeds

#### Socioeconomic Census Data

- American Community Survey (ACS) data from:
  - Table s0801: Commuting Characteristics
  - Table s1902: 12-Month Mean Income

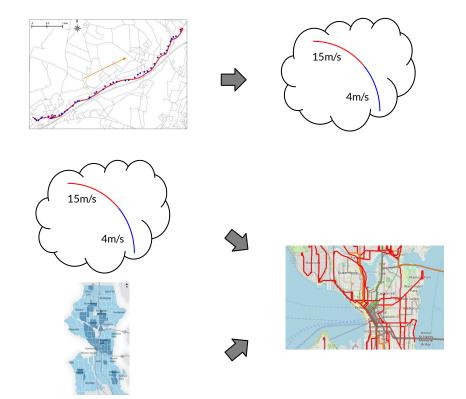
#### Shapefiles

- o TIGER census tracts shapefile
- King County Metro bus routes shapefile



## **Functional Specification - Components**

- Backend Local/EC2
  - a. Initialize\_Dynamodb.py
    - Create database and upload KCM Routes
  - b. Summarize\_RDS.py
    - Query location data from RDS and calculate average speeds
    - Upload to database
- Frontend Local
  - a. Transit\_Vis.py
    - Handles database I/O
    - Primary functions for drawing together data sources, creating Folium map, and displaying it
    - Interface for user to create the map from the terminal



## **Tour of Software - Project Structure**

#### **Repository Files:**

 New from last time: moved src, test, data into new "transit vis" directory

#### Included Files

```
transit vis/
  I- README.md
  |- LICENSE.md
  |- widget_generate_transit_vis_map.ipynb
  |- transit vis/
     I- src/
        |- initialize dynamodb.py
        |- summarize_rds.py
        |- transit vis.py
        |- create_gtfs_tables.sql
        |- test transit vis.pv
       |- test_backend_helpers.py
        I- data/
           |- kcm_routes.geojson
           1- ...
     I- data/
        I- kcm routes.geoison
        I- s0801.csv
        |- s1902.csv
        |- seattle_census_tracts.geojson
     I- component specification.md
     |- functional specification.md
```

#### **Generated Files:**

New from last time: added descriptions in readme

#### Generated Files

Created in the data folder during tool operation:

- kcm\_routes\_w\_speeds\_tmp.geojson: A shapefile with added properties containing the speed data from the
  most recent run of the tool
- seattle\_census\_tracts\_2010\_tmp.csv: A data file containing the combined s0801 and s1902 census tables
- google\_transit.zip/google\_transit: A zip file and extracted folder containing the most up to date GTFS (tripids, routeids, stopids, etc.) information from King County Metro
- kcm\_routes\_histogram.png: An image file that shows the distribution of transit speeds for the entire network from the most recent run.

Created in the top-level folder during tool operation:

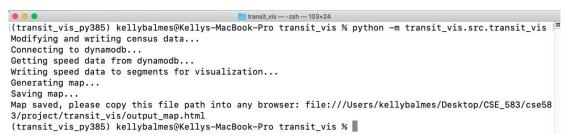
- · output\_map.html: The final result from the most recent run which can be viewed in any web browser.
- output\_map\_widgets.html: The final result from the most recent run of the jupyter notebook which can be viewed in any web browser.

## **Tour of Software - Setup**



#### **Planners, Engineers, Data Scientists**

- If interested in collecting transit data:
  - python -m transit\_vis.src.initialize\_dynamodb
  - python -m transit\_vis.src.summarize\_rds
- Run main script: python -m transit\_vis.src.transit\_vis



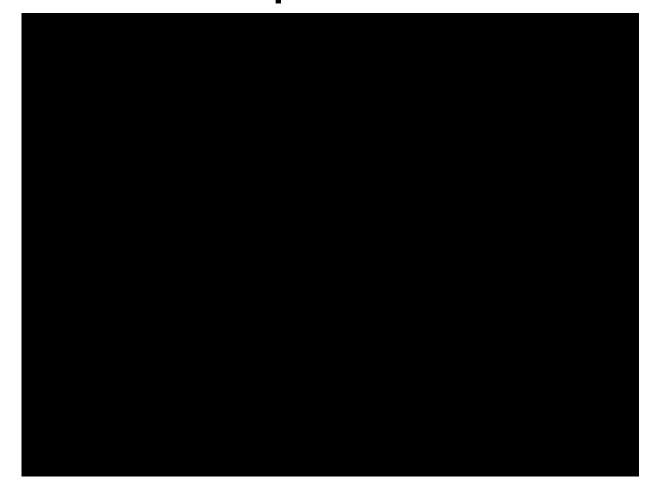


#### **Community members**

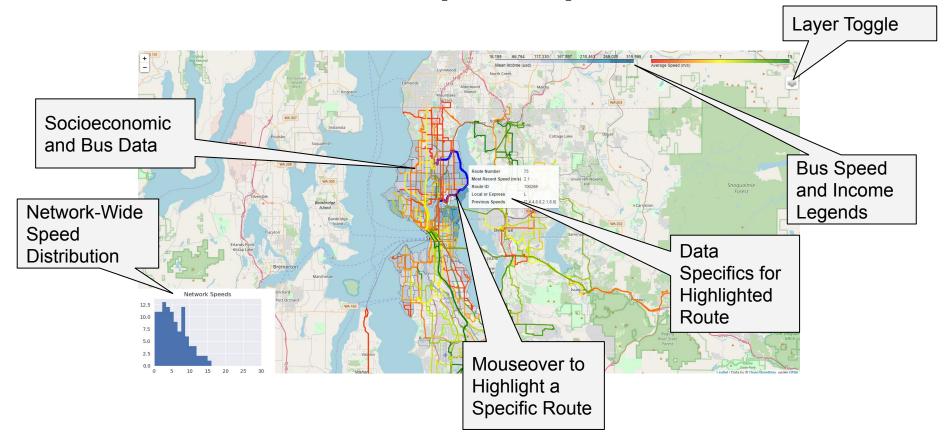
- Obtain AWS credentials
- Run jupyter notebook widget\_generate\_transit\_vis\_map.ipynb

Home: 47.653834, -122.307858			
Destination: 47.606		47.60	06209, -122.332069
Income Minimum:		num:	Enter minimum yearly income (\$)
Income Maximum:		num:	Enter maximum yearly income (\$)
Generate Map			

# **Tour of Software - Operation Demo**



## **Tour of Software - Map Components**



# **Tour of Software - ipynb User Interface**

Home: 47.653834, -122.307858

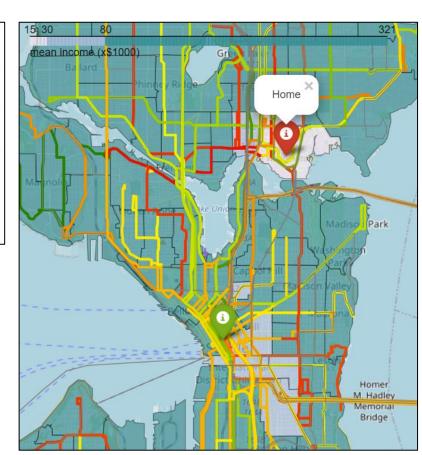
Destination: 47.606209, -122.332069

Income Minimum: Enter minimum yearly income (\$)

Income Maximum: Enter maximum yearly income (\$)

Generate Map

- Made with Ipywidget package
- Allows creation of objects for filtering from inputs
- Generates a folium map with markers for user's home and destination of interest; changes the tile colors based off income upper and lower limits



## **Unit Tests**

From terminal: coverage run -m unittest discover

- Smoke, One-Shot, and Edge tests for all functions that do not include database I/O
- Coverage for:
  - Constructing map elements
  - Drawing together data and generating map
  - Helper functions in backend modules
- Separate data folder for simulating local file I/O while testing

## **Lessons Learned**

- Github Security (AWS Keys)
- Package Capability/Simplicity Tradeoff (Folium
   Widgets/Interactivity/Secondary software installs)
- OS Compatibility (Mac vs PC)
- Writing Tests for File I/O (Separate Testing Data Files)
- Limitations in Processing Large Amounts of Data with Free-Tier Cloud Hardware (Run Locally)
- Github Upload Limits (Keep Data in Cloud)

