## /\* THIS C++ PROGRAM ILLUSTRATES THE CONCEPT OF \* STATIC DATA MEMBERS (STATIC DATA CLASS) \*/ /\*NAME : SAGAR GIRI, SECTION: A, ROLL NO. 205 \*/ #include <iostream> using namespace std; class Distance private: int feet; float inches; public: static int count; //static data member Distance() feet = 0;inches = 0.0; count++; //increments count for every object created Distance (int ft, float in) feet = ft; inches = in;count++; //increments count for every object created } void display() cout<<feet<<"\'-"<<inches<<"\""; }; //end class Distance int Distance::count = 0; //definition of static variable count int main() { Distance d1(5,7.6),d2(4,3.9),d3; cout << end | < "Total Objects = " << Distance::count; cout<<endl<<"Distance One =";d1.display(); cout<<endl<<"Distance Two =";d2.display();</pre> cout<<endl<<"Distnce Three=";d3.display();</pre> Distance d4(4,9.2); cout<<endl<<"Total Objects ="<<Distance::count;</pre> cout<<endl<<"Distance four =";d4.display(); } **OUTPUT:** Total Objects=3 Distance One =5'-7.6" Distance Two =4'-3.9" Distnce Three=0'-0' Total Objects =4

Distance four =4'-9.2"

## /\* THIS PROGRAM ILLUSTRATES THE CONCEPT OF "CONST" QUALIFIER \* "CONST" IS A KEYWORD IN C++ \*/ /\*NAME : SAGAR GIRI, SECTION: A, ROLL NO. 205 \*/ #include <iostream> using namespace std; class Distance private: int feet; float inches; public: Distance() { feet = 0; inches = 0.00;Distance (int ft, float in) feet = ft; inches = in;void display() const //constant display member function cout<<feet<<"\'-"<<inches<<"\""<<endl; //here we cannot do feet++ or inches++ but can change the //the value of feet and inches of the other objects }; //end class Distance int main() { Distance d1(5,7.6),d2; cout<<"Distance One=";d1.display();</pre> cout<<"distance Two=";d2.display();</pre> } **OUTPUT**: Distance One=5'-7.6" distance Two=0'-0"

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/* THIS PROGRAM ILLUSTRATES THE CONCEPT OF
* PASSING ARGUMENTS BY REFERENCE IN A MEMBER FUNCTION */
/* NAME : SAGAR GIRI, ROLL : 205, SECTION : A*/
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class exchange
     private:
           int a;
           int b;
     public:
           exchange(int x, int y) //two argument constructor
                 a = x;
                 b = y;
           void exch(exchange& c1) //swap the value of a and b
                 int temp=0;
                 temp = c1.a;
                 c1.a = c1.b;
                 c1.b = temp;
           void display1()
                  cout<<"after exchange"<<endl;
                  cout<<"a = "<<a<<endl<<"b = "<<b<<endl:
           void display2()
                 cout<<"after exchange"<<endl;
                 cout<<"a = "<<a<<end!<<"b = "<<b;
}; //end class exchange
int main()
{
      exchange c1(3,4);
      c1.display1();
      c1.exch(c1);
      c1.display2();
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
before exchange
a = 3
b = 4
after exchange
a = 4
b = 3
```

## /\* THIS PROGRAM ILLUSTRATES THE CONCEPT OF \* INLINE MEMBER FUNCTION \*/

```
/* NAME : SAGAR GIRI, ROLL : 205, SECTION : A*/
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Distance
      private:
            int feet; float inches;
      public:
            Distance()
            {
                   feet = 0;
                   inches = 0.0;
             }
            Distance(int ft, float in)
                   feet = ft;
                   inches = in;
             }
            inline Distance addDistance(Distance dd1) //defining inline function
                   Distance temp;
                   temp.feet = feet + dd1.feet;
                   temp.inches = inches + dd1.inches;
                   if(inches >= 12.0)
                   {
                         inches -= 12.0;
                         feet++;
                   return temp;
            }
            void display()
                   cout << feet << "\'-" << inches << "\"" << endl;
            }
};
int main()
{
      Distance d1(5, 6.7), d2(7, 3.2), d3;
      d3 = d1.addDistance(d2);
      d3.display();
}
OUTPUT:
```

```
total Distance = 12'-9.9"
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```
/* THIS PROGRAM ILLUSTRATES THE CONCEPT OF
* PASSING AS POINTER IN A MEMBER FUNCTION */
/* NAME : SAGAR GIRI, ROLL : 205, SECTION : A*/
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class exchange
     private:
           int a;
           int b;
     public:
           exchange(int x, int y) //two argument constructors
                 a = x;
                 b = y;
           void exch(exchange* c1) //swap the value of a and b
                 int temp=0;
                 temp = c1->a;
                 c1->a = c1->b;
                 c1->b = temp;
           void display1()
                  cout<<"before exchange"<<endl;</pre>
                  cout<<"a = "<<a<<endl<<"b = "<<b<<endl;
           void display2()
                 cout<<"after exchange"<<endl;
                 cout<<"a = "<<a<endl<<"b = "<<b;
}; //end class exchange
int main()
{
      exchange c1(3,4);
      c1.display1();
      c1.exch(&c1); //passing address of the object
      c1.display2();
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
before exchange
a = 3
b = 4
after exchange
a = 4
b = 3
```