

华南理工大学

《PKI 原理与技术》课程实验报告

实验题目： CA 证书的签发与认证

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实验概述

【实验目的及要求】

实验目的：

学会签发根 CA 证书，使用根 CA 证书签发下级证书。

实验要求：

利用 OpenSSL 提供的命令行工具实现：

1. 生成根 CA 密钥对、生成自签名的根 CA 证书；
2. 生成普通个人用户的密钥对，并生成证书请求；
3. 以 CA 管理员的角色，给上一步生成的证书请求签发个人证书。

【实验环境】

Linux 内核 2.6 及以上，安装有 OpenSSL。

实验内容

【实验过程】

一. 安装 openssl

```
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# openssl version
OpenSSL 1.1.0g  2 Nov 2017
```

二.OpenSSL 建立自己的 CA

1. 环境准备

```
wuyulp@cslp:/var$ sudo mkdir MyCA
[sudo] password for wuyulp:
wuyulp@cslp:/var$ cd MyCA/
wuyulp@cslp:/var/MyCA$ mkdir certs private
mkdir: cannot create directory 'certs': Permission denied
mkdir: cannot create directory 'private': Permission denied
wuyulp@cslp:/var/MyCA$ sudo mkdir certs private
wuyulp@cslp:/var/MyCA$ ls
certs  private
wuyulp@cslp:/var/MyCA$ chmod g-rwx,o-rwx private
chmod: changing permissions of 'private': Operation not permitted
wuyulp@cslp:/var/MyCA$ sudo su
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# chmod g-rwx,o-rwx private
new_certs_dir = $dir/certs
Command 'chmod' not found, did you mean:
  serial = $dir/serial
  command 'chmod' from deb coreutils
Try: apt install <deb name>
default_days = 365
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# chmod g-rwx,o-rwx private
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# echo "01" >serial
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# touch index.txt
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# ls
certs  index.txt  private  serialons
```

```
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# vim openssl.cnf
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# cat openssl.cnf 会有一个 OpenSSL 配置文件,
[ ca ] 修改: (查找文件命令: 切换到/目录下然后输入 find -name (
default_ca = myca
[ myca ] 万事俱备, 我们可以生成根的密钥对和根证书了。
dir = /var/MyCA
certificate = $dir/cacert.pem
database = $dir/index.txt
new_certs_dir = $dir/certs
private_key = $dir/private/cakey.pem.....+++
serial = $dir/serial
default_crl_days = 7
default_md = md5
policy = myca_policy 执行过程中, 会首先生成 CA 的密钥对, 然后
x509_extensions = certificate_extensions
[ myca_policy ]
commonName = supplied
stateOrProvinceName = supplied
countryName = supplied
emailAddress = supplied
organizationName = supplied
organizationalUnitName = optional
[ certificate_extensions ]
basicConstraints = CA: false
[ req ]
default_bits = 2048
default_keyfile = /var/MyCA/private/cakey.pem
default_md = md5
prompt = no
distinguished_name = root_ca_distinguished_name
x509_extensions = root_ca_extensions
[ root_ca_distinguished_name ] server.key:(asdfasdf)
commonName = My Test CA
stateOrProvinceName = HZ
countryName = CN
emailAddress = test@cert.com
```

2. 生成根证书

```

root@cslp:/var/MyCA# openssl req -new -x509 -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt -config openssl.cnf
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key
.....+++
.....+
writing new private key to 'ca.key'
Enter PEM pass phrase: .....+++++
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
-----
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# ls
ca.crt ca.key certs index.txt openssl.cnf private serial

```

三. 生成普通个人用户的密钥对,并生成证书请求

1. 生成普通个人用户的密钥对(key 文件)

```

root@cslp:/var/MyCA# openssl genrsa -des3 -out client.key 1024
Generating RSA private key, 1024 bit long modulus
.....+++++
.....+++++
e is 65537 (0x010001)
Enter pass phrase for client.key:
Verifying - Enter pass phrase for client.key:
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# ls
ca.crt ca.key certs client.key index.txt openssl.cnf private serial

```

2. 生成普通个人用户的证书请求

```

root@cslp:/var/MyCA# openssl req -new -key client.key -out client.csr
Enter pass phrase for client.key:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:CN
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:GD
Locality Name (eg, city) []:GZ
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:SCUT
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:TANGLAB
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:scut.tanglab.tang
Email Address []:12345@126.com
name is as follows
countryName = PRINTABLE:'CN'
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:qwer
An optional company name []:tanglab
name = PRINTABLE:'SCUT'
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# ls
ca.crt certs client.key openssl.cnf serial
ca.key client.csr index.txt private

```

四. 以 CA 管理员身份给普通用户请求签发个人证书

1. 给普通用户签发证书

```

root@cslp:/var/MyCA# openssl ca -in client.csr -out client.crt -cert ca.crt -key
file ca.key -config openssl.cnf
Using configuration from openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for ca.key:
Can't open /var/MyCA/index.txt.attr for reading, No such file or directory
139831024574912:error:02001002:system library:fopen:No such file or directory:..
/crypto/bio/bss_file.c:74:fopen('/var/MyCA/index.txt.attr','r')
139831024574912:error:2006D080:BI0 routines:BI0_new_file:no such file:../crypto/
bio/bss_file.c:81:
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
The Subject's Distinguished Name is as follows
countryName             :PRINTABLE:'CN'
stateOrProvinceName     :ASN.1 12:'GD'
localityName            :ASN.1 12:'GZ'
organizationName        :ASN.1 12:'SCUT'
organizationalUnitName  :ASN.1 12:'TANGLAB'
commonName              :ASN.1 12:'scut.tanglab.tang'
emailAddress            :IA5STRING:'12345@126.com'
Certificate is to be certified until May  7 01:45:15 2020 GMT (365 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y

1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated

```

2. 验证生成的证书

```

root@cslp:/var/MyCA# openssl version
OpenSSL 1.1.0g  2 Nov 2017

```

小结

以前只是掌握了证书,CA,普通用户等相关的理论概念,这次通过 linux 的 openssl 命令行工具实践了公钥私钥对,证书的生成以及证书请求的生成与签发.加深了对整个 PKI 体系的理解,并学会了一定的应用.

指导教师评语及成绩

评语:

成绩:

指导教师签名:

批阅日期: