# 华南理工大学 《PKI 原理与技术》课程实验报告

实验题目: C/C++实现证书的读取与验证数字签名
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合作者:
指导教师:_徐玲玲
实验概述
【实验目的及要求】 实验目的: 掌握证书的结构, 学会验证数字签名。 实验要求: 利用 OpenSSL 提供的库函数, 用 C/C++编写:
<ol> <li>对于已经签发的一张个人数字证书,读出证书中每一个字段的内容,并显示出来,如果是二进制内容请用十六进制数来显示。</li> <li>验证证书中 CA 的数字签名是否为有效的(假设某根 CA 为可信的)。</li> </ol>
【实验环境】
Linux 内核 2.6 及以上,安装有 OpenSSL。 <b>实验内容</b>
【实验过程】
一、实验步骤:
1. 显示个人证书的内容
得到一个 x509 的数据结构,调用 OpenSSL 库函数显示证书

#### 代码:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<openssl/ssl.h>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc,char *argv[]) s file());

{

//得到一个x509的数据结构
    auto b=BIO_new_file(argv[1],"rb");
    auto x=PEM_read_bio_X509(b,NULL,NULL,NULL);
    BIO_free(b);
    //调用函数显示到标准输出
    b=BIO_new(BIO_s_file());
    BIO_set_fp(b,stdout;BIO_NOCLOSE);

X509_print(b,x);
}
```

#### 结果

```
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# g++ display.cpp -lcrypto
root@cslp:/var/MyCA# ./a.out client.crt
Certificate:
    Data:
         Version: 3 (0x2)
         Serial Number: 1 (0x1)
    Signature Algorithm: md5WithRSAEncryption
         Issuer: CN=My Test CA, ST=HZ, C=CN/emailAddress=test@cert.com, 0=Root Certification Authority
         Validity
              Not Before: May 8 01:45:15 2019 GMT
Not After : May 7 01:45:15 2020 GMT
         Subject: CN=scut.tanglab.tang, ST=GD, C=CN/emailAddress=12345@126.com, O=SCUT, OU=TANGLAB
         Subject Public Key Info:
Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
Public-Key: (1024 bit)
                    Modulus:
                         00:f1:b5:dc:6b:98:85:c0:17:35:d3:70:3c:03:9a:
                         19:18:1b:f5:f1:6d:f7:7c:40:d0:f5:cf:da:05:94:
f3:ee:74:61:fb:bc:f9:8b:3c:6b:b4:4d:7f:03:bc:
                         33:d7:65:9d:bf:b9:a5:0f:2a:c9:99:e4:4a:0c:13:
                        84:30:5c:31:35:ea:f5:d7:15:c0:40:1c:89:84:7b:
bb:82:c9:6b:44:18:71:0f:f7:99:71:88:19:ae:92:
                        e7:97:d5:7c:bc:ec:ac:ae:le:62:8e:ce:41:09:9f:
8c:b3:73:87:69:02:f4:48:15
         X509v3 extensions:
               X509v3 Basic Constraints:
                   CA: FALSE
```

```
Signature Algorithm: md5WithRSAEncryption
     a5:ca:29:25:9f:b5:da:b2:a5:00:c1:8e:4c:b9:ad:fa:4f:94:
     fe:15:85:db:8a:dc:6c:22:bd:8c:31:e7:1f:a6:a2:9a:9c:6a:
     7c:06:13:48:8b:50:9b:b2:dc:c3:5a:6e:66:72:8d:e9:80:9f:
     le:6c:48:b1:9e:ef:b4:30:07:81:fe:72:8c:5e:b1:2d:2b:ba:
     63:00:c8:30:7a:6d:31:64:ee:a2:f2:52:59:87:94:b0:84:96:
     26:c5:78:62:d2:4e:da:0f:d7:85:31:d4:cc:84:35:b0:05:35:
     7d:d1:83:7a:ae:3a:da:6b:6c:08:73:6f:5e:66:9a:f6:03:f4:
     f0:4e:e3:5d:28:6c:64:79:af:49:f6:0c:f2:09:6d:c6:df:5b:
     da:96:b1:a4:2a:6d:3a:c7:d4:df:47:8d:fb:00:9d:8a:4b:8d:
     82:b6:09:8e:eb:76:91:e7:22:dc:82:b4:98:bb:77:54:11:d8:
     90:e3:2c:29:70:18:17:c8:7a:1a:5f:b3:dc:d2:7d:fd:43:9d:
     cd:ed:3a:5b:fe:5d:f2:59:5e:c8:8b:95:7e:ec:f8:c4:f1:6a:
     cf:54:2a:05:4a:62:fc:ab:d5:32:25:91:00:f4:29:05:b7:4c:
     d4:48:20:11:6c:df:a3:90:b0:70:48:78:47:71:e4:dc:d8:a2:
     f1:2e:c8:1a
```

### 2. 验证证书中 CA 的数字签名是否为有效的 代码:

```
#include
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <openssl/bio.h>
#include <openssl/bio.h>
#include <openssl/x509.h>
#include <openssl/x509.h>
#include <openssl/x509v3.h>
 void app_abort (char *msg) abort("open certfile error
                           fprintf(stderr, msg);
exit(-1);
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
                           int i,ret;
X509_L00KUP *lookup;
                           BIO *in = NULL;
X509 *x = NULL;
                            X509 STORE *cert ctx = NULL;
                           X509_STORE_CTX *csc;
                          if (argc!=3)
     app_abort("./a.out <CAfile> <certfile>");
if ((cert_ctx = X509_STORE_new()) == NULL)
     app_abort("Can't create cert_ctx");
                           if ((lookup = X509_STORE_add_lookup(cert_ctx, X509_L00KUP_file())) == NULL)
                           app_abort("Lookup CA file error");
if (!(i = X509 LOOKUP_ctrl(lookup, X509 L_FILE_LOAD,
argv[1],(long)X509_FILETYPE_PEM, NULL)))
    app_abort("Can't open CAfile");
ERR_clear_error();
                                   if ((in = BIO_new(BIO_s_file())) == NULL)
                                   app_abort("certfile BIO error");
if (BIO_read_filename(in, argv[2])<=0)</pre>
                                  app_abort("open certfile error"); 海海市城市
if ((x = PEM_read_bio_X509(in, NULL, NULL, NULL)) == NULL)
app_abort("load_certfile error");
                                   if ((csc = X509 STORE CTX new()) == NULL)
                                                                       app abort("
                                   X509 STORE CTX_init(csc, cert_ctx, x, NULL);
                                   if ((i = X509_verify_cert(csc)) == 1)
                                                                        printf("Status=OK(%d)\n", i);
                                   else
                                                                        printf("Status=Error(%d)\n", i);
结果:
```

## 小结

学过 x509 证书,也基本掌握了它的内容和结构,这次用 openssl 编程实现显示其内容以及验证其正确性的功能.加深了对证书的认识.主要的困难就是对 openssl 库不熟悉,不了解其各种库函数的使用以及要包含的头文件,不过最后这些问题都通过上网查找解决了.

## 指导教师评语及成绩

评语:

成绩: 指导教师签名:

批阅日期: