

## overflowing put-wisdom's local var wis that takes the wisdom entry question

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Karen West · 2 hours ago 🔒



Using the GDB command: x/48xw \$esp, after entering the put\_wisdom function, I noticed that after the local variable wis that takes the wisdom input (128 bytes in size allocated on stack), that the return address to main()'s line 102 (tmp() - the line that called put\_wisdom() when we entered 2 into buf), that return address was at word 48, and the wis local variable within the stack allocation ended 10 words before the return address of tmp() in main. I noticed before wis was allocated on the stack, that \$esp pointed to this address, but after wis was allocated, it was located 10 words beyond wis. I noticed the local variable to put\_wisdom, r, is located just past the end of the 128 bytes of wis. So my entry to wis to overwrite the return address of tmp() was done where originally I saw that address (0x804880d) and I replaced it with write\_secret's address written little endian style (0x8048534) so after 128 bytes of wis, I counted 10 words ahead where the return address of tmp() was on stack and entered it by: \x34\x85\x04\x08, but this caused a seg fault. Any help appreciated, that does not violate the honor code, since it's Sat. at noon time, and it's due Mon. by 8am (the extended due date!) I got started just this week, since I almost dropped the class when I could not get the VM to work on my machine, and then, last minute, someone helped, and I was able to attempt the project and stick with the course. Thanks!

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Carsten Hansen · 2 hours ago 🔒

Does your analysis agree with what I posted here [https://class.coursera.org/softwaresec-001/forum/thread?thread\\_id=118#comment-846](https://class.coursera.org/softwaresec-001/forum/thread?thread_id=118#comment-846).

If you enter only 771675175\x00, can you in gdb manually overwrite the return address to e.g. 0x8048534 and get the program to print the secret?

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Karen West · an hour ago



Carsten - isn't that the previous question? (the one where we over write bytes 65-68 of buf with write\_secret?) This one was posted when we select option 2 to enter wisdom, and then overwrite the wis local variable (a 128 byte buf) so that the return address is write\_secret when it attempts to go back to main that called it. Weren't we instructed in the previous question to write the 771675175\x00(56 A's)\x34\x85\x04\x08? I thought in this question we were overwriting the return address for put\_wisdom, and I'm confused as to how the entry to buf you wrote above is related to this question.

I did see the stack you printed though in the link, and saw that you were saying that after wis[128]'s allocation on the stack, that the return address follows 6 words later, not 10 words? It did not appear that way when I printed the stack within put\_wisdom when I was running gdb, since I saw the tmp() function from main 10 words ahead of where wis[128] was allocated upon entry to put\_wisdom.

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Karen West · just now



I got this one to correctly print the secret key and you were correct, it did seg fault, but did print the secret key anyway.

I had counted the number of bytes from where wis ended on the stack to where you write the return address. Thank you for your help.

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