### Welcome to 2019 M&M Short Course X-15

#### Data Analysis in Materials Science with



#### Presented by (a selection of) the HyperSpy developers:

- Duncan Johnstone
- Katherine MacArthur
- Magnus Nord
- Eric Prestat
- Joshua Taillon



# Session 1: An Introduction to Python and HyperSpy:

The multi-dimensional data analysis toolbox

**Josh Taillon** 

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### **NIST Disclaimer**

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What is this "Python" that I've heard of?



## What is python™?

- High-level, general purpose programming language with "batteries included"
- Simple enough for quick scripts; featured enough for complex projects
- Used extensively on the web, in applications, and throughout science
- Syntax emphasizes readability and explicitness



A "Hello, World!" comparison:



# Java:

```
public class HelloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello, World!");
    }
}
```



# C++: #include <iostream> using namespace std; int main() { cout << "Hello, World!" << endl;</pre> return 0;



#### **Python:**

```
print("Hello, World!")
```

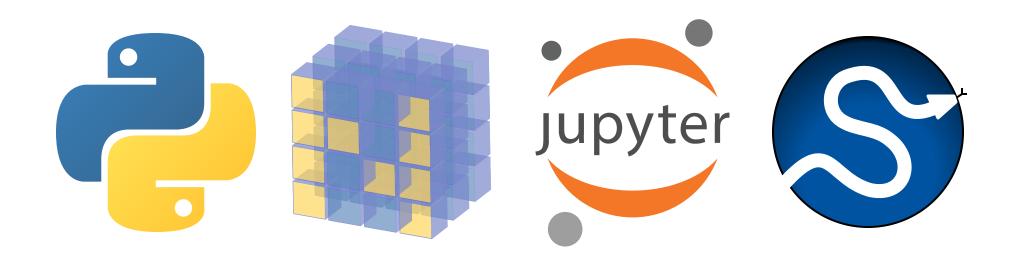
#### Matlab:

```
disp("Hello, World!")
```

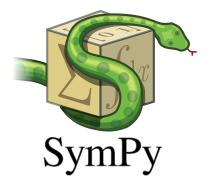


#### Okay, but what does this have to do with science?

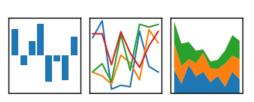
The "scientific Python" ecosystem provides almost any functionality you may need:









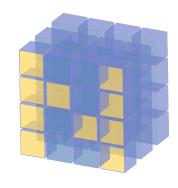






#### Linear algebra, optimization, machine learning...

• Numerical computing with NumPy (like what you would use Matlab for):



• Signal processing, numerical integration, optimization, etc. with SciPy:



• Machine learning with <a href="mailto:scikit-learn">scikit-learn</a> (and others):





#### Visualization, statistics, computer algebra...

• Scientific visualization with <a href="matplotlib">matplotlib</a>:



• Data series and statistical analysis with <a href="mailto:pandas">pandas</a>:

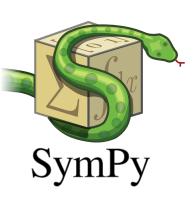








• Symbolic computation with <a href="SymPy">SymPy</a>:





#### A better (?) way to create and publish your work

• Literate programming using a notebook interface with <u>Jupyter</u>:



- Creation of interactive computational analysis documents (not just scripts):
  - Facilitates reproducability
  - Makes analyses more accessible (anyone can recreate your figure)
- Easy to contribute back to the "open source" scientific ecosystem

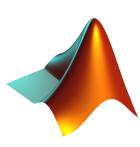


### Can't I just use Matlab?



End To End development to execution	Slightly more code required than Matlab to do same procedures
Vast array of open source scientific packages	Quality of third-party packages varies quite a bit
Great for general programming and application development	Package management (dependencies) can be difficult (getting easier with tools like conda)
Can be a "glue" language to connect R, C++, and others	IDE is not "built-in" like Matlab
Free (as in speech and as in beer)!	By default, some operations are slower

VS.

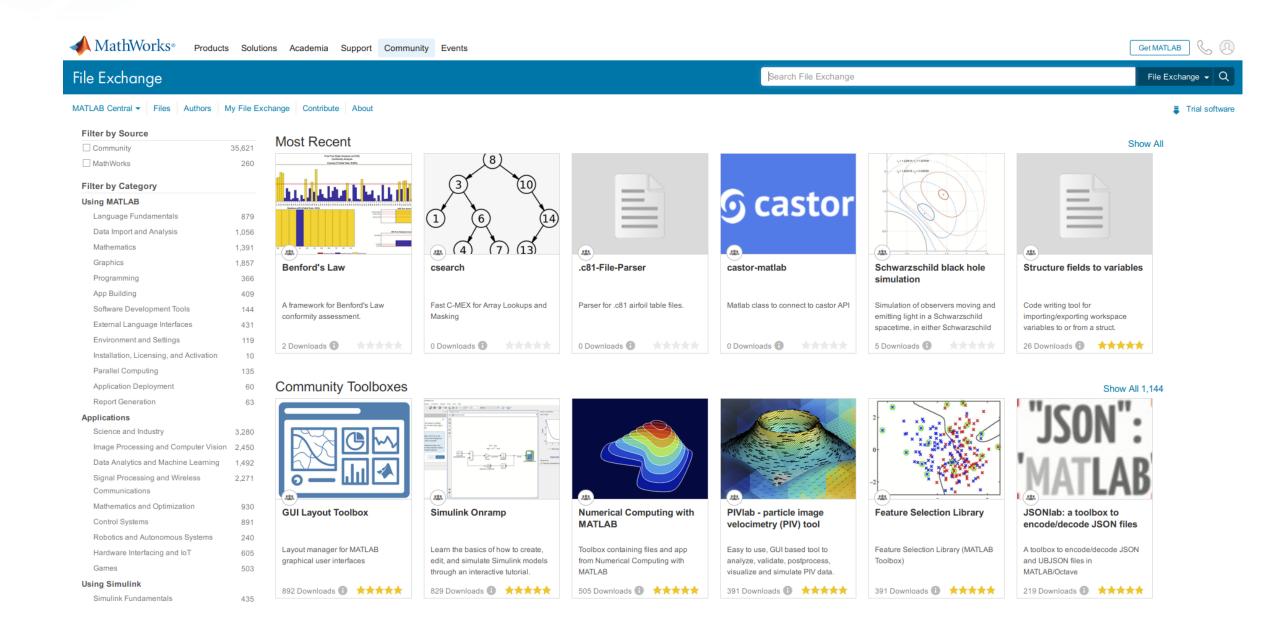


Scripts tend to be short due to high level of	Can not execute code; must be compiled into
integration	another language at runtime
Easy visualization and GUI development	Expensive! Must be licensed per-user (\$\$)
Well-tested and supported (commercial	Does not integrate well with other languages
product)	large projects are extremely difficult to manage
Built-in IDE and powerful debugger	Much functionality locked away in extra
	licensed packages (\$)
Multi-threading easier than in Python	Cannot develop stand-alone applications (must
	distribute Matlab runtime)

Adapted from: https://towardsdatascience.com/r-vs-python-vs-matlab-vs-octave-c28cd059aa69



### File Exchange is good, but...



#### Distributing code is simple in the Python community

(and integrated directly into Python tools)

• GitHub: Community standard is to (at least) release code on GitHub (or similar service)



: Placing into the PyPI, the Python Package Index enables installing with simple:

- pip install my-awesome-package
- : Anaconda enables multiple environments and complex dependency management
  - conda install my-awesome-package



#### What does it mean to be "open source"?

...something people can modify and share because its design is publicly accessible

opensource.com

#### What about "open science"?

...science must be done in an open, and reproducible fashion where all components of research are open

- Marcus Hanwell (also opensource.com)



### Open-source in the microscopy ecosystem:

https://github.com/LiberTEM/LiberTEM

	General Purpose		Others
HyperSpy	http://hyperspy.org/	PyQSTEM	https://github.com/jacobjma/PyQSTEM
Nion Swift	https://nionswift.readthedocs.io/en/stable/	HRTEMFringe Analyzer	https://github.com/ialxn/HRTEMFringeAnalyzer
pycroscopy	https://github.com/pycroscopy/pycroscopy	Atomap	https://atomap.org/
Pixelated STEM		Tomography	
pyXem	https://pyxem.github.io/pyxem/	tomopy	https://tomopy.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
pixStem	https://pixstem.org/	tomotools	https://github.com/AndrewHerzing/tomotools

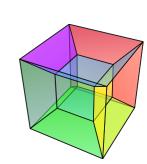
tomviz

https://tomviz.org/

fpd <a href="https://gitlab.com/fpdpy/fpd/">https://gitlab.com/fpdpy/fpd/</a>



LiberTEM



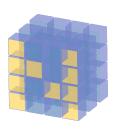
What is HyperSpy, anyway?





- Open-source Python library for interactive data analysis of multi-dimensional datasets
- Leverages the Scientific Python ecosystem for much of its functionality:















Accessed like any other Python library:

import numpy as np



import hyperspy.api as hs





- Makes it easy to operate on multi-dimensional arrays as you would a single spectrum (or image)
- Easy access to cutting-edge signal processing tools
- Modular structure makes it easy to add custom features
- Use of Jupyter notebooks encourages reproducible and sharable analyses (FAIR data)



### Why would you use



- Beyond generic signal processing, provides many tools specifically for electron microscopy:
  - Provides facilities for easy access to proprietary software formats
  - EDS:
    - Background removal
    - Net intensity line map extraction
    - $\circ$  Quantification (k-factor,  $\zeta$ -factors, ionization cross sections)



#### Why would you use



- Beyond generic signal processing, provides many tools specifically for electron microscopy:
  - EELS:
    - Background removal
    - Curve fitting for quantification (including ELNES)
    - All of Egerton's famous methods
  - "Advanced" methods:
    - Multivariate statistical analysis
    - General curve fitting
    - Dimensionality reduction/signal separation



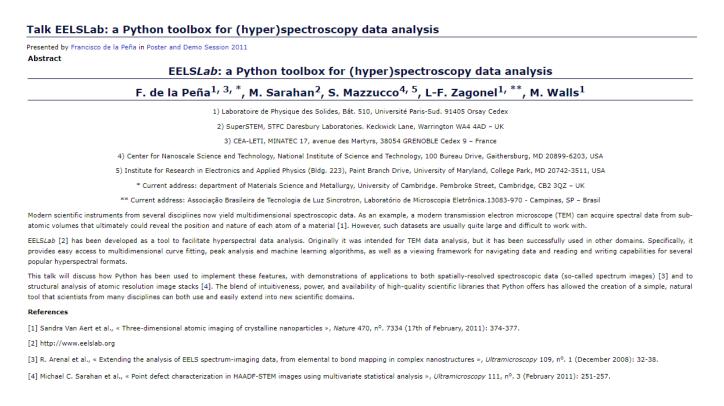
# Why python™?

- Quickly becoming the *de facto* standard of scientific computing
- Free (as in speech and as in beer)
  - No pesky licenses to checkout
- Vast array of scientific libraries available:
  - pip install antigravity
- Thanks to numpy and other libraries, similar (or often better) performance than MATLAB



#### History of HyperSpy

- Developed by <u>Francisco de la Peña</u> in 2007 2012 as part of his Ph.D. Thesis at Université Paris-Sud in Orsay, France
- See <u>Chapter 5</u> of the dissertation for a historical introduction
- Originally called EELSLab:





#### History of HyperSpy

• Open-sourced (on Github) in 2010:



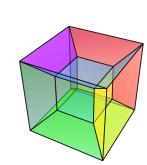
- Renamed to HyperSpy in 2011
- Now... over 350 citations, 37 releases, 38 contributors, 100K lines of Python code, and rapidly growing!



#### Design philosophy of HyperSpy

- HyperSpy is a Python library, rather than standalone program
  - Part of the greater scientific Python ecosystem
- Data storage is in an open hierarchical format (HDF5)
  - Saves all metadata by default (including most processing steps)
- Analysis done via reproducible notebooks
- Feature development is completely open-source (GPLv3)





Welcome to the community!



#### The power of community

- One of the best parts of HyperSpy is the community that surrounds it (personal opinion)
- This software is made by researchers, for researchers
- HyperSpy is built from collaboration:
  - By collaborating, we advance faster and avoid reinventing the wheel



#### How to get help?

HyperSpy website (<u>www.hyperspy.org</u>):



Home Download Documentation Demos News Support Citing Credits

#### HyperSpy: multi-dimensional data analysis toolbox

HyperSpy is an open source Python library which provides tools to facilitate the interactive data analysis of multi-dimensional datasets that can be described as multi-dimensional arrays of a given signal (e.g. a 2D array of spectra a.k.a spectrum image).

HyperSpy aims at making it easy and natural to apply analytical procedures that operate on an individual signal to multi-dimensional arrays, as well as providing easy access to analytical tools that exploit the multi-dimensionality of the dataset.

Its modular structure makes it easy to add features to analyze different kinds of signals.

#### Highlights

- Two families of named and scaled axes: signal and navigation.
- Visualization tools for multi-dimensional spectra and images.
- Easy access multi-dimensional curve fitting and blind source separation.
- Built on top of NumPy, SciPy, matplotlib and scikit-learn.
- Modular design for easy extensibility.

#### **VERSIONS**

#### Stable

1.5.1

Documentation Demos

Known issues

#### Development

View on Github Documentation

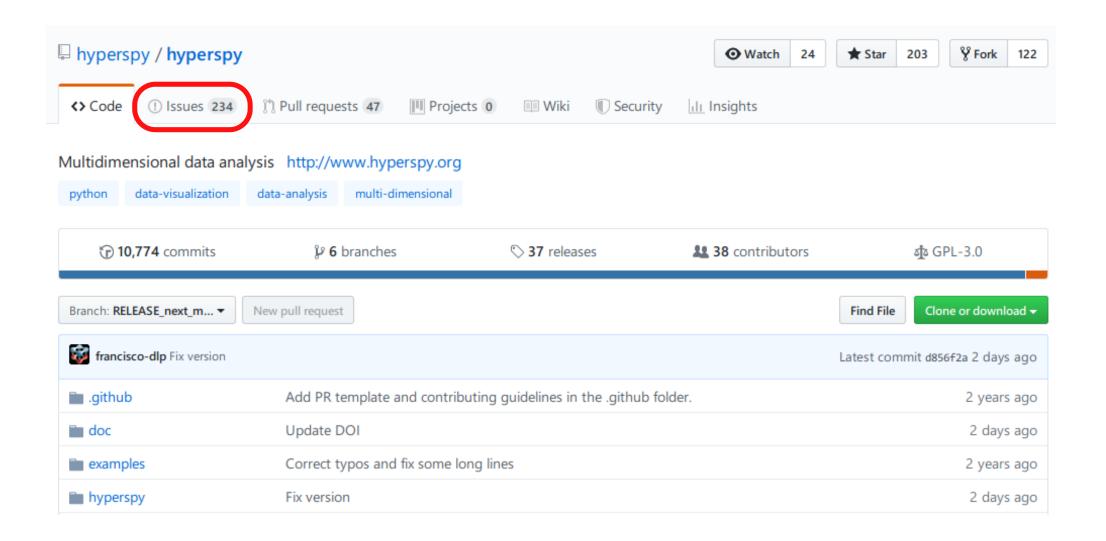
#### SUPPORT

Issue tracker Mailing list Gitter chat



#### How to get help?

HyperSpy repository (<a href="https://github.com/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hype





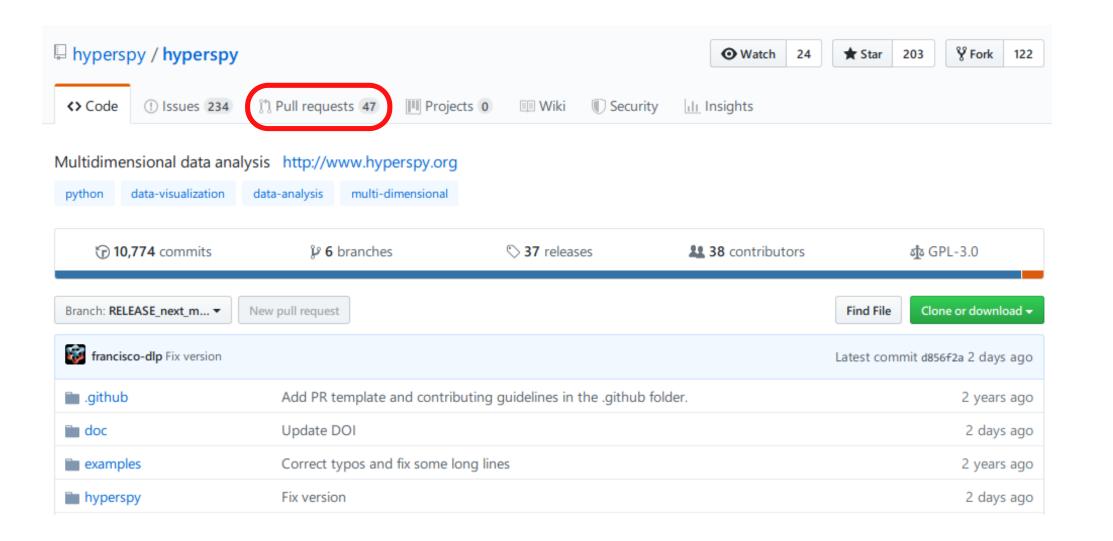
#### How to get (more) help?

- Sessions like this (good job!)
- Expansive user guide and documentation:
   <a href="http://hyperspy.org/hyperspy-doc/current/user\_guide/index.html">http://hyperspy.org/hyperspy-doc/current/user\_guide/index.html</a>
- Tutorials and demos: <a href="https://github.com/hyperspy/hyperspy-demos">https://github.com/hyperspy/hyperspy-demos</a>
- User group list: <a href="https://hyperspy-users@googlegroups.com">hyperspy-users@googlegroups.com</a>
- Gitter chat: <a href="https://gitter.im/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hypers
- Developer guide (if you're into that sort of thing):
   <a href="http://hyperspy.org/hyperspy-doc/current/dev\_guide/index.html#dev-guide-label">http://hyperspy.org/hyperspy-doc/current/dev\_guide/index.html#dev-guide-label</a>



#### Anyone can make HyperSpy better!

HyperSpy repository (<a href="https://github.com/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hyperspy/hype





#### What about general Python questions?

- There are vast numbers of resources about Python online (and in print):
  - Official documentation: <a href="https://docs.python.org">https://docs.python.org</a>
  - Getting started with scientific Python: <a href="https://scipy-lectures.org">https://scipy-lectures.org</a>
  - NumPy for Matlab users:
     <a href="https://docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/user/numpy-for-matlab-users.html">https://docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/user/numpy-for-matlab-users.html</a>
- StackOverflow for general programming/Python questions: <a href="https://stackoverflow.com/">https://stackoverflow.com/</a>





