Software

- Meets customer requirements
- Dependable and secure
- Efficient
- Maintainable
- Primarily developed by more than 2 people

Software Engineering uses a structured set of activities

- Specification (Requirements)
- Design (Look and Feel, Code Architecture)
- Implementation (Coding)
- Validation (testing)
- Evolution (maintenance)
- 1. Primarily Focused on Two Software Development (Waterfall)
- 2. Iterative Development (agile)

3 software process models

- 1. Waterfall model
 - a. Pland driven model
 - b. Separate and distinct phases of specification, design, implementation, etc.
- 2. Incremental model
 - a. Iterative model
 - b. Phases of development are interleaved in time
- 3. Integration and Configuration
 - a. Plan driven or incremental

Two main drawbacks to Waterfall

- 1. Difficulty in handling change
- 2. Each phase must be completed before work begins on next

Waterfall Benefits

- 1. When requirements are well understood and few changes anticipated
- 2. Large engineering projects where many teams work on the project

Benefits of Incremental Development

- 1. Accommodates customer requirement changes
- 2. Customers involved in process and provide feedback
- 3. More Rapid Delivery of useful software

Drawbacks of iterative method

- 1. More Difficult to manage
- 2. System Structure degrades over time