### **Tinder Clone Design ocument**

### 1.0 Introduction

Creating a clone of Tinder and creating with regards to the same usability and functionality as the original Tinder application

### 1.1. Goals and Objectives

This document describes important aspects of the implementation of how users will be able to match with other users and how user data will be tracked and stored.

### 1.2. Statement of Scope

Decisions in this document are made based on the following priorities (most important first): Reliability, Usability, Portability, Efficiency

### 1.3 Software Context

Blocking information will be maintained in the ConnectionToClient objects. The various commands will update and query the data using setValue and

### 1.4. Major Constraints

**Issue 1:** Where should we store the information regarding the Users username, password, and user ID?

**Option 1.1:** We can store the information in a User class, that class will then be uploaded to a User DB, which will then feed into a DataEntryList. This way we will be able to keep track of all user Logins and IDs

**Decision: 1**. User information will be stored in a User database (text file), this will include the username, password, and a user ID (which will not be available to normal users). This userid is how the User DB will validate the username and password which is being entered and if it is present with a registered username/password, then the user will be able to log into their account. If not a error message will occur.

**Issue 2:** How shall matches appear in front of a user in the match screen

**Option 2.1:** A match queue will be present in which users with the closest location will appear first. We will need to manually enter information about how far each city is from each other. This will then get pulled from the Location DB, and get filtered according to the city which the current user is residing in. And potential matches will be shown accordingly.

**Decision 2:** Users will be shown a queue of potential matches based upon distance, this distance will be called upon from the Location DB, to see how far a user is from another. The user will then see other users which are closest within their region.

**Issue 3:** How will we keep track of user choices?

**Option 3.1:** Once a user has begun to swipe left or right on potential matches, each swipe will be stored in a Match DB. This will keep track of all of the swipes a specific user ID has swiped upon. In order for a match to occur, two user IDs must swipe on each other. When the Match DB is able to verify two user IDs both swiped right on each other, this will call the match pop up saying Congratulations. Only if two user IDs swipe right then a match will occur.

**Decision 3:** Every swipe which a user has given will be stored in the Match DB under their specific user ID. Only if two user IDs swipe right on each other, will a match be prompted for both users. If both users swipe left or if only one user swipes right, then this will be stored in the Match DB, under their specific user IDs. Matches will only occur if both user IDs swipe right.

Issue 4: Where will each Profile information get stored?

**Option 4.1:** Profile information will be stored in a Profile DB. This will be unique to each user ID, and will contain the user's location, age, display name, gender preference, and short description. Once logged out and relogged in, the Profile DB will then access the user ID which logged in and retrieve all of their data.

**Decision 4:** Profile information will be stored in a Profile DB, this will be called upon when prompted as a potential match. The profile information will include the users age, location, gender preference, picture, and bio. The rater user will only be able to view the ratee's profile information but will not be able to edit it. If a user is prompted to swipe right on the ratee, then the information will be passed to the Match DB.

**Issue 5:** How will all of the databases interact with each other?

**Option 5.1**: All databases will be linked to a datastore module, this module will include databases from the User DB, the Profile DB, the Match DB, and the Location DB.

**Decision 5:** The datastore module will be able to store the User DB, Profile DB, Match DB, and Location DB. This will allow the user to access specific data criteria when prompted by the user filter option.

### 2.0 Data Design

The classes will be separated into three main categories, which shall be referred to as modules.

### 2.1 Login Module

- the login module will store user account information in an instance of the DataStore class, named UserDB
- profile information will be stored in another instance of the DataStore class, named ProfileDB
- UserDB will include fields such as: user id, user name, user password
- ProfileDB will include fields such as: profile\_id, profile\_uid, profile\_fname, profile\_lname, profile\_gender, profile\_bdate, profile\_picture, profile\_pref\_agemin, profile\_pref\_agemax, profile\_pref\_locrange, profile\_pref\_gender
- ProfileDB will utilize the user id to obtain the current user's profile details

### 2.2 Match Module

• the match module will store match information in an instance of the DataStore

- class, named MatchDB
- the match module will store distance between locations in the LocationDB for filtering Profiles
- MatchDB will include fields such as: match\_id, match\_rater, match\_ratee, match option
- LocationDB will include fields such as: location\_id, location\_initial, location final, location distance
- the Filter class will be used to limit results obtained before they are stored in a ProfileList

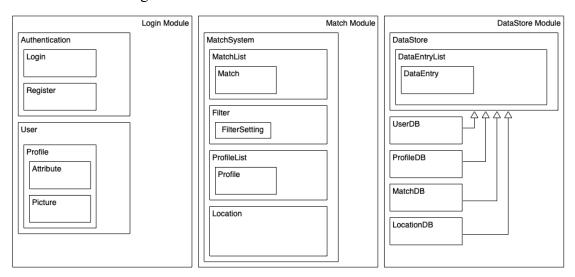
### 2.3 DataStore Module

- the datastore module will provide the class necessary for data storage, manipulation and retrieval: DataStore
- the datastore module will provide 4 instances of DataStore: UserDB, ProfileDB, MatchDB, and LocationDB
- information will be stored in row format with a series of columns describing each entity
- entries will be retrieved by specifying field value ranges to filter results into a DataEntryList

### 3.0 Architectural and Component-level Design

### 3.1 Program Structure

### 3.1.1 Architecture diagram



### 3.2 Description of Login Module

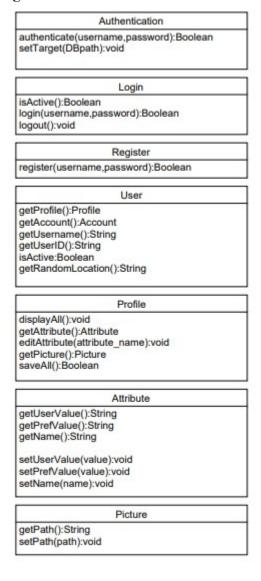
### 3.2.1 Login Module processing narrative

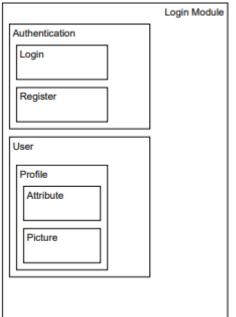
• Provides user login, registration, and profile management functionality.

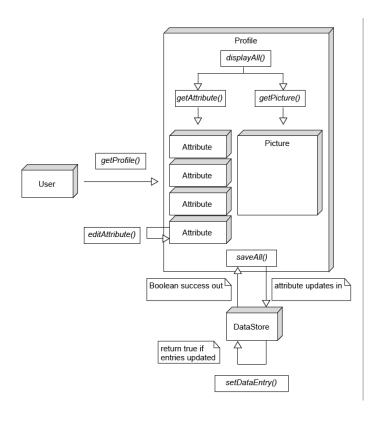
### 3.2.2 Login Module interface overview

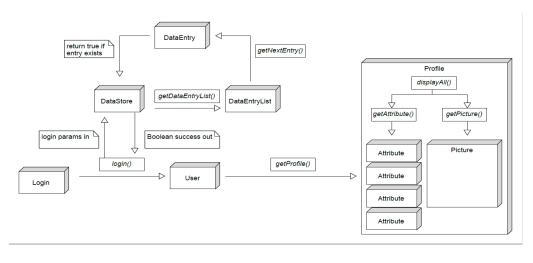
- login will take user's credentials
- logout will end a user's session
- register will take a new user's credentials and save them in user database.
- isActive returns if the user is currently logged in

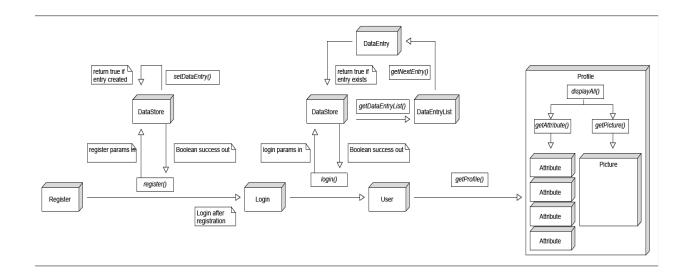
### 3.2.3 Login Module interface details











### Login

-username: String-password: String

+isActive(): Boolean

+login(username, password): Boolean

+logout():void

### User

-active: Boolean

+getProfile(): Profile

+getAccount():Account

+getUsername():String

+getUserID():String

+isActive:Boolean

+getRandomLocation():String

### Picture

-path:String

+getPath():String +setPath(path):void

### Authentication

-found: Boolean

+authentication(username,password): Boolean

+setTarget(DBpath): void

### +displayAll():void +getAttribute():Attribute +editAttribute(attribute\_name):void +getPicture():Picture +getLocation(): void +saveAll():Boolean

-name: String -age: int -gender: String -bio: String -UserValue: String -PrefValue: String
+getUserValue():String +getPrefValue():String +getAge():String +getGender():String +getBio():String +getBio():String +setUserValue(value):void +setPrefValue(value):void +setName(name):void +setAge(age):void +setGender(gender):void +setBio(bio):void

Attribute

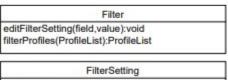
### 3.3 Description of Match Module

- 3.3.1 Match Module processing narrative
  - Match system lets user find potential matches and view matches
- 3.3.2 Match Module interface overview
  - addMatch will add a match to the match list that will be displayed to the user
  - addProfile will add a profile to the profile list of potential matches that are displayed to the user
  - **getNextProfile** gets the next available Profile for rating
  - createMatch adds a line entry to the MatchDB file
  - editFilterSettings adjusts user preferences used to filter match results
  - **getDistance** returns the distance between two cities retrieved from LocationDB
- 3.3.3 Match Module interface detail

### MatchSystem getMatchHistory():MatchList getMutualMatches():MatchList createMatch():Boolean getMatches():ProfileList MatchList addMatch():Boolean getNextMatch():Match getMatch(index):Match Match Match getMatch(index):Date getMatchDate():Date getUserID():String

addProfile():Boolean getNextProfile():Profile getProfile(index):Profile getProfile(user_id):Profile	
Profile	
displayAll():void	
getAttribute():Attribute editAttribute(attribute name):void	
getPicture():Picture	
saveAll():Boolean	

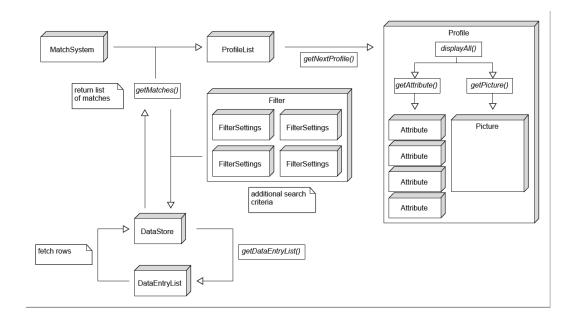
ProfileList

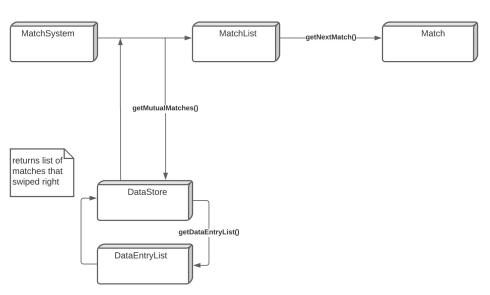


getName():String getValue():String compare(Attribute):Boolean

Location getDistance(city1,city2):Integer

N	Match Module
MatchSystem	
MatchList	
Match	
Filter	
FilterSetting	
ProfileList	
Profile	
Location	





```
-profile: arraylist <userid>
-matchDate: int
-user_id: string

-getProfile(): Profile
-getMatchDate(): Date
-getUserID(): string
```

3.3.4 Match Module class detail

# -MatchHistory: arraylist <string> -new\_match: Boolean -MutualMatches: string -getMatch: string -getMatchHistory(): MatchList -getMutualMatches(): MatchList -createMatch(): Boolean -getMatches(): ProfileList

## -user\_id: string -getMatch: arraylist <string> -addMatch(): Boolean -getNextMatch(): Match -getMatch(index): Match

Location
-City: string -Distance: int
-getDistance(city1,city2): Int

### -user\_id: string -profile: string -profile: string -index: string -addProfile(): Boolean -getNextProfile(): Profile -getProfile(index): Profile -getProfile(user\_id):Profile

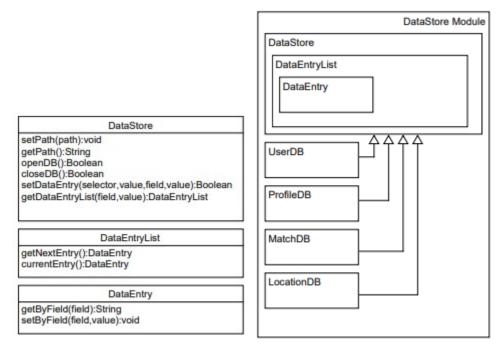
```
-Age: int
-Gender: string
-Distance: int

-editFilterSetting(field,value):void
-filterProfiles(ProfileList):ProfileList
-getName(): String
-getValue(): String
-compare(Attribute): Boolean
```

### 3.4 Description of DataStore Module

- 3.4.1 DataStore Module processing narrative
  - Accesses and inserts data into databases
- 3.4.2 DataStore Module Interface overview
  - **setDataEntry** will add the corresponding information needed to be stored in the databases
  - setPath will set path to the corresponding database
  - openDB will open the connection to the corresponding database
  - **closeDB** will close the connection to the corresponding database
  - **getDataEntryList** will return the relevant rows of information from the database in the form of a DataEntrylist.

### 3.4.3 DataStore Module interface detail



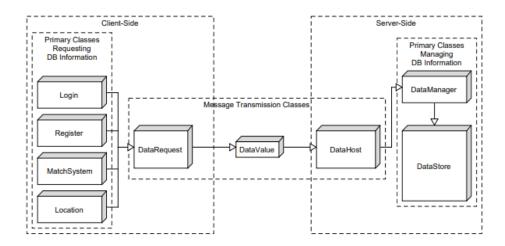
### 3.5 Description of Client and Server Side

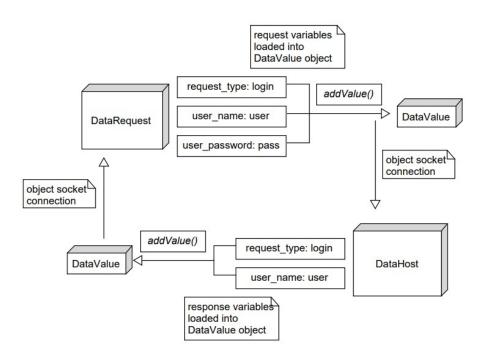
- 3.5.1 Client-Side processing narrative
  - Client requests data from the server

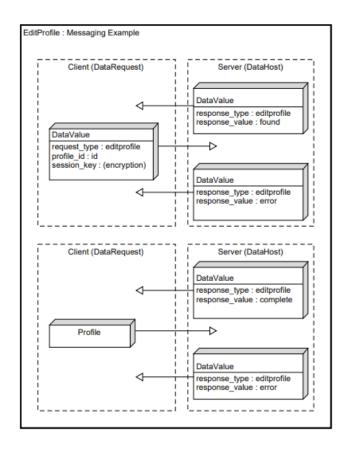
### 3.5.2 Client-Side Interface Overview

• DataRequest will allow Client to request information from primary class databases

- DataValue will define a value for the data point requested
- 3.5.3 Server-Side processing narrative
  - Server stores requests and returns confirmation to Client
- 3.5.4 Server-Side Interface Overview
  - DataHost receives request from Client
  - DataManager\* provides an intermediate layer between DataHost and DataStore
  - DataStore processes database requests
- 3.5.5 Client-Server Interface Detail







Server Classes I DataHost DataStore -path:String -max\_clients:Integer -clients:ArrayList<String> -validateClient(String user\_id):Boolean -connected:Boolean +setPath(String path):void -addClient(String ip:user\_id):void -removeClient(String ip:user\_id):void +getPath():String +openDB():Boolean +closeDB():Boolean +listen(Integer port):void +send():void +setMaxClients(Integer max):void +addValue(String name, String value):void +setDataEntry(String selector, String svalue, String field, String fvalue):Boolean +getDataEntry(String field, String value):DataEntryList DataManager -userDB:DataStore DataEntryList DataValue -profileDB:DataStore
 -matchDB:DataStore -name:String -entries:ArrayList<DataEntry> -locationDB:DataStore -value:String +addEntry(DataEntry entry) +getNextEntry():DataEntry +currentEntry():DataEntry +login(String user, String pass):Boolean +addProfile(String user):Boolean +addMatch(String user, String pid, Boolean option):Boolean +getName():String +setName(String name):void +getValue():String +register(String user,String pass):Boolean +getProfile(String name):Profile +editProfile(String name,Profile prof):Boolean +setValue(String value):void +editProfile(String name, Profile prof):Boolean
+getMatches(String name):ArrayList<Profile>
+getNearbyMatches(String user, HashMap<String, String> users):ArrayList<Profile>
+getUserID(String name):String
+getRange(String name):int
+getRandomLocation():String
+getDistance(String origin, String destination):int DataEntry -values:HashMap<String,String>
-addValue(String name, String value):void +getByField(String field):String +setByField(String field, String value):void DataRequest -server:String -port:Integer -data:ArrayList<DataValue> +send():ArrayList<DataValue> +setServer(String server):void +setPort(Integer port):void +addValue(String name, String value):void Client Classes

	Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
	key	value	key	value	key	value
Login	request type	login	response_type	login	response_type	login
	user_name	user	response_value	valid	response_value	error
	user_password	pass	session_key	(encryption)		
	Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
	key	value	key	value	key	value
Logout	request_type	logout	response_type	logout	response_type	logout
	user_name	user	response_value	valid	response_value	error
	session_key	(encryption)				
	Reque	st	Response Positive		Response Negative	
	key	value	key	value	key	value
Register	request_type	register	response_type	register	response_type	register
	user_name	user	response_value	valid	response_value	error
	user_password	pass				
	Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
	key	value	key	value	key	value
	request_type	getprofile	response_type	getprofile	response_type	getprofile
GetProfile	user_name	user	response_value	found	response_value	error
	session_key	(encryption)				
			Profile Object			
EditProfile	Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
	key	value	key	value	key	value
	request_type	getprofile	response_type	editprofile	response_type	editprofile
	user_name	user	response_value	complete	response_value	error
	session_key	(encryption)				
	Profile Ol	bject				

Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
kev	value	kev	value	kev	value
,	findmatch		findmatch		findmatch
	[values]		found		error
session_key	(encryption)				
Filter Object		ProfileList Object			
		Γ		Γ	
Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
key	value	key	value	key	value
request_type	getdistance	response_type	getdistance	response_type	getdistance
origin	city1	response_value	(distance)	response_value	error
destination	city2				
session_key	(encryption)				
Reque	st	Response Positive		Response Negative	
key	value	key	value	key	value
request_type	addmatch	response_type	addmatch	response_type	addmatch
user_name	user	response_value	valid	response_value	error
session_key	(encryption)				
profile_id	id				
Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
key	value	key	value	key	value
request_type	getmatches	response_type	getmatches	response_type	getmatches
user_name	user	response_value	valid	response_value	error
session_key	(encryption)				
local	true/false				
		ProfileList Object			
Request		Response Positive		Response Negative	
key	value	key	value	key	value
request_type	heartbeat	response_type	heartbeat	response_type	heartbeat
user_name	user	response_value	valid	response_value	error
session_key	(encryption)				
	key request_type [attributes] session_key  Filter Ob  Reque key request_type origin destination session_key  Reque key request_type user_name session_key profile_id  Reque key request_type user_name session_key profile_id  Reque key request_type user_name session_key local	key value request_type findmatch [attributes] [values] session_key (encryption)  Filter Object  Request  key value request_type getdistance origin city1 destination city2 session_key (encryption)  Request  key value request_type addmatch user_name user session_key (encryption) profile_id id  Request  key value request_type getmatches user_name user session_key (encryption) profile_id true/false  Request  Request  key value request_type getmatches user_name user session_key (encryption) local true/false	key       value       key         request_type       findmatch       response_type         [attributes]       [values]       response_value         session_key       (encryption)       ProfileList (encryption)         Request       Response P         key       value       key         request_type       getdistance       response_type         origin       city1       response_type         destination       city2       session_key       (encryption)         Request       Response P         key       value       key       response_type         user_name       user       response_value         Request       Response P       Response P         key       value       key         request_type       getmatches       response_type         user_name       user       response_value         session_key       (encryption)       local       ProfileList (encryption)         local       true/false       ProfileList (encryption)       ProfileList (encryption)         local       true/false       ProfileList (encryption)       ProfileList (encryption)         local       true/false       ProfileList (encryption)	key         value         key         value           request_type         findmatch         response_type         findmatch           [attributes]         [values]         response_value         found           session_key         (encryption)         ProfileList Object           Request         Response Positive           key         value         response_type         getdistance           origin         city1         response_value         (distance)           destination         city2         response_value         (distance)           session_key         (encryption)         Response Positive           key         value         response_type         addmatch           user_name         user         response_value         valid           request_type         getmatches         response_type         getmatches           user_name         user         response_value         valid           response_value         valid         response_value         valid           Request         Response Positive         Response Positive         response_value         valid	key         value         key         value         key         value         key         response_type         findmatch         response_type         findmatch         response_type         findmatch         response_type         response_value         response_value         found         response_value         response_value         response_value         response_value         response_value         response_value         response_type         response_type

<sup>\*</sup>DataManager was added in V5 to help simplify access calls to DataStore objects

<sup>\*\*</sup>AddMatch, GetMatches, and Heartbeat messages were added in V5 to accommodate client/server functionality

### 3.6 Description of Graphical User Interface Components

### 3.6.1 Components Overview

- The Graphical User Interface will be comprised of four main window classes, each derived from JFrame: SplashWindow, LoginWindow, RegisterWindow, and MainWindow
- Smaller panel classes will be incorporated into the four main classes: AttributePanel, FilterPanel, ProfilePanel, ProfilePanelSmall, and RatePanel

### 3.6.2 Components Detail

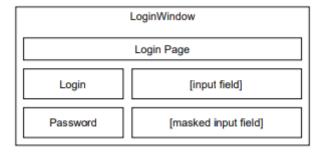
### 3.6.2.1 SplashWindow

- The SplashWindow will greet clients when the program is run and offer them the option to login or register
- Once the user selects an option, the SplashWindow will close and a new LoginWindow or RegisterWindow will be created in its place



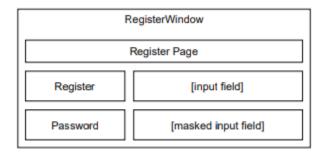
### 3.6.2.2 LoginWindow

- The LoginWindow will open after the user selects the login option from the SplashWindow
- Once the user enters valid credentials, the LoginWindow will close and a new MainWindow will be created in its place



### 3.6.2.3 RegisterWindow

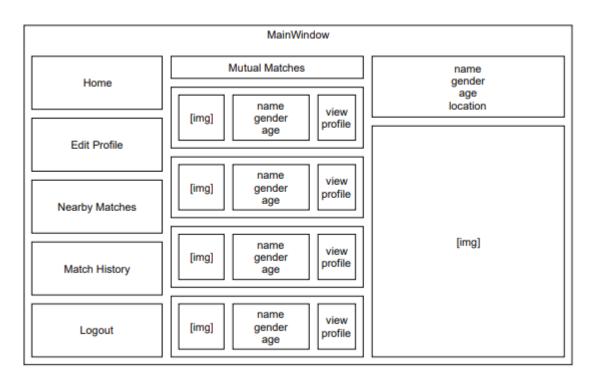
- The RegisterWindow will open after the user selects the register option from the SplashWindow
- Once the user enters valid credentials, the RegisterWindow will close and a new MainWindow will be created in its place



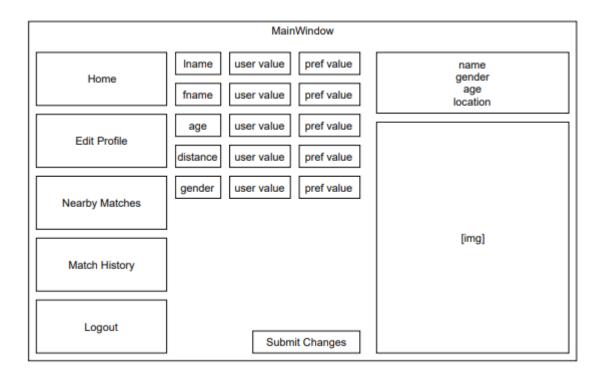
### 3.6.2.4 MainWindow

- The MainWindow will open after the user enters valid credentials from either the LoginWindow or RegisterWindow
- The MainWindow component facilitates most of the core functionality of the software: profile viewing/editing and finding/viewing/creating matches
- The MainWindow component is divided into 3 main areas: navigation on the left-most side, page specific content in the center, and the profile view on the far right
- The MainWindow includes 4 states that serve as main pages for the program: **Home**, Edit **Profile**, **Nearby Matches**, and **Match History**

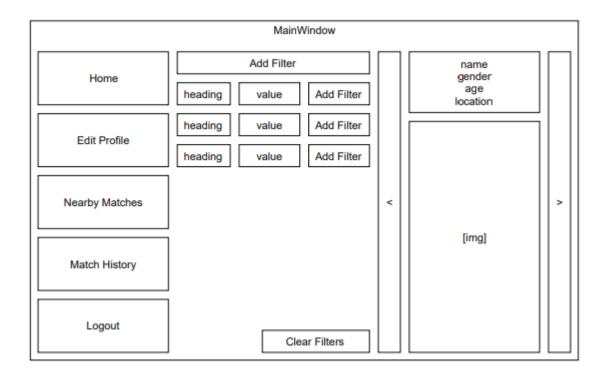
### Home



Edit Profile



### Nearby Matches



### Match History

