Data Exploration: U.S. City Daily High Temperautes

Setting up code chunk specifications

- echo = TRUE: Code chunks will be included in the document unless specified in the specific code chunk (echo = FALSE)
- warning = FALSE: Warnings generated by code will not be included in the knitted document
- message = FALSE: Messages generated by code will not be included in the knitted document
- root.dir = "": Sets the root directory for the document. When loading in data or images, the path will automatically be set to the root directory.

```
# Load in libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
# Source user functions
source("Functions/CreateTempHistogram.R")
source("Functions/GetDayTemp.R")
# Get specific date's historical TMINs and TMAXs
GetDayTemp = function(data) {
  current_day = format(Sys.Date(), "%m-%d")
  filtered_data = data %>%
   filter(grepl(current_day, date))
 return(filtered_data)
# Read in temperature data for St. Paul and Urbana
stpaul_data = read.csv("Data/stpaul-temps.csv")
urbana_data = read.csv("Data/urbana-temps.csv")
# Combine St. Paul and Urbana data in a list to use lapply functions
data_list = list(stpaul_data, urbana_data)
# Change the date column to Type Date for summary statistics
data_list = lapply(data_list, mutate, date = as.Date(date))
# Create a variable that holds the current date in "Month Day" format to add to document text
today = format(Sys.Date(), "%b %d")
# Filter temperature data to only include days that mach the current day and month
clean_data = lapply(data_list, GetDayTemp)
# Find the number of missing years in St. Paul to add to written report
```

```
# Find the number of missing years in Urbana to add to written report
urbana_missing = sum(is.na(clean_data[[2]]$TMAX))

# Create a histogram of maximum temperatures in the given location on today s date
hist_MN = CreateTempHistogram(clean_data[[1]], location = "St. Paul, MN")
hist_IL = CreateTempHistogram(clean_data[[2]], location = "Urbana, IL")

# Set the file name to save the histogram as
stpaul_filename = "stpaul-TMAX-hist.pdf"
urbana_filename = "urbana-TMAX-hist.pdf"

# Set the folder path for where to save the histogram
path = "Plots/"
```

Saving plots using ggsave()

• ggsave() allows us to save plots with a specified filename and path.

Summary Statistics

Combining text and code

• We can combine text and values stored in variables using 'r'. This method is used in the paragraph below.

Maximum daily temperature records were taken in St. Paul, MN from 1938 - 2021. Maximum daily temperature records were taken in Urbana, IL from 1903 - 2021. The table below shows the summary statistics for historical maximum temperatures in Minnesota and Urbana, IL on May 26.

Creating a summary table using kable

	St. Paul	Urbana
Min.	50.00	48.92
1st Qu.	64.04	69.08
Median	69.98	77.00
Mean	71.70	76.28
3rd Qu.	80.06	82.94
Max.	96.08	95.00
NA's	210	134

Combining multiple plots in a grid

• To access outside images, we can use 'file.path()' to hold the path to the given image file and then render the image to our document using 'knitr::include_graphics()'. In our code chunk header, we included 'figures-side', 'fig.show = "hold"', and 'out.width = "50%' in order to have our images rendered side-by-side.

```
hist_MN = file.path("Plots/stpaul-TMAX-hist.pdf")
hist_IL = file.path("Plots/urbana-TMAX-hist.pdf")
knitr::include_graphics(c(hist_MN, hist_IL))
```

