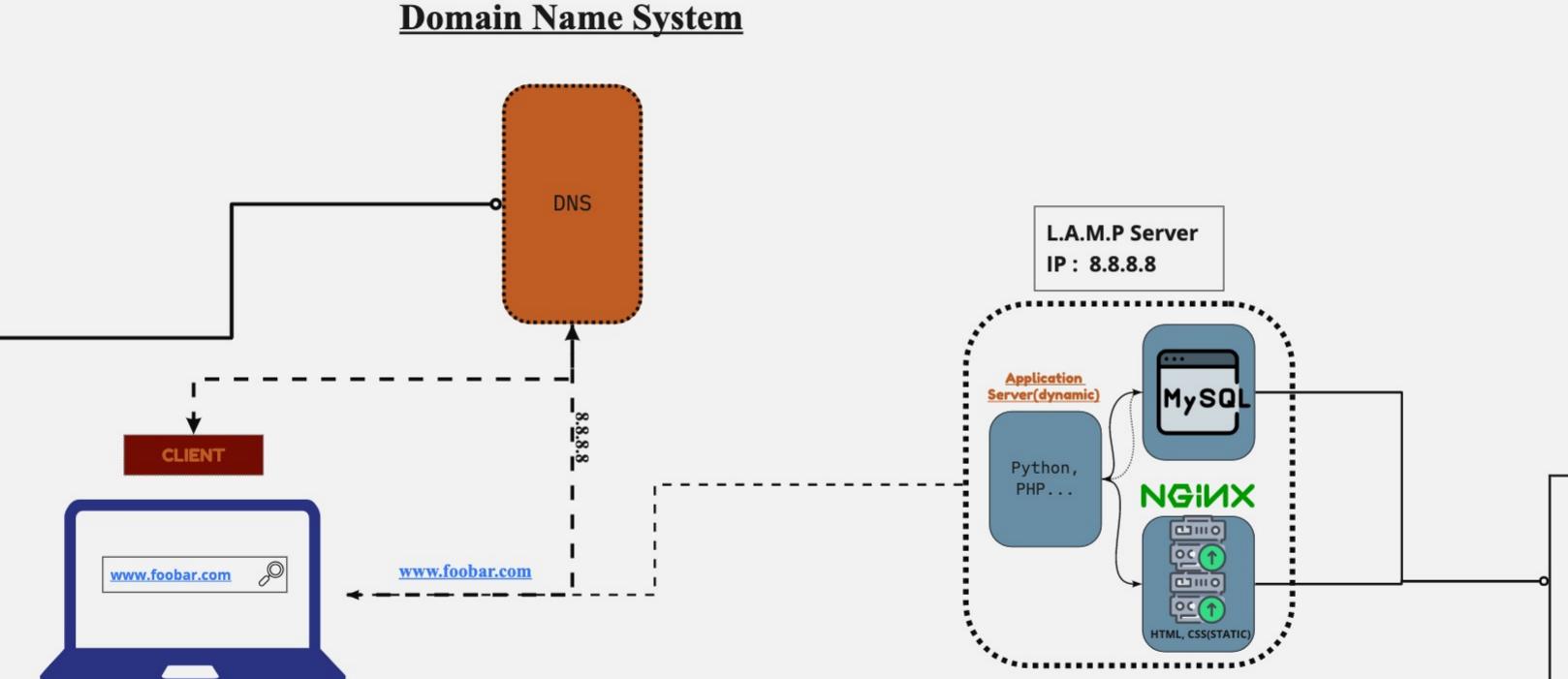
The User of the computer asks the browser for the website.

- The OS(operating system) and browser check cache.
- Checks with Resolver and check its cache.(ISP is resolver).
- Checks Root Server for TLD(Top-Level Domain) server.
- Checks authoritative name server for the corresponding Name Server.
- The Resolver then save the memory of the IP address and returns it directly to the OS, subsequently giving it to the browser which then connects to their browser.



- The Server contains an application server that allows for the use of MySQL database. As well as Web Server that handles the HTML & HTTP Protocols on port 80. This give the static content of the website HTML and CSS.
- The database is used for the storage of information in a way that makes a
 website more dynamic, such as filtering of information on a website, the
 addition of new users and user information.
- These two works alongside the application server which is what host the MySQL Database and the Web application server.