Introduction to GitHub

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What is GitHub?

GitHub is an open-source development platform that enables easy collaboration and versioning, which means that all saved versions are archived and attributed to each user. It is possible to revert back to any previous version, which is incredibly useful to not only to document what work has been done, but how it differs from work done in the past, and who is responsible for the changes.

Similar to Dropbox, you have certain folders on your local computer that will be synched online, although you have more control about the synching. You can store, share, track changes and collaboratively edit many filetypes (including this presentation!), using any program to edit, and can use a shared to-do list (called Issues).

Why use GitHub?

There are so many reasons to use GitHub. Personal organization, switching between your home and work computers, backing up, version control. Also for collaboration, sharing, learning, contributing. . .

Nicely explained by Hadley Wickham in his Git and GitHub Tutorial And also by Karl Broman in his GitHub Tutorial And also by Ben Best in his ds-git Tutorial

Resources

Learn more about GitHub:

- Git and GitHub by Hadley Wickham
- ► Good Resources for Learning Git and GitHub by GitHub
- Learn Git Branching by Peter Cottle
- Git/GitHub Guide by Karl Broman
- ► Git & GitHub by Ben Best
- ▶ Hello World GitHub Guide, a 10-minute tutorial by GitHub

Just Google 'GitHub Tutorial...'

Workshop Outline

- 1. GitHub Structure
- 2. GitHub Vocabulary
- 3. GitHub Workflow
- 4. Best Practices
- 5. Cloning and Synching Options
- 6. Workflow demo using RStudio
- 7. Practice

GitHub Structure

GitHub stores files in repositories, owned by an organization.

Repositories ('repos') are essentially folders containing files pertaining to a specific project. Repositories are version controlled so that any modifications to files, additions or deletions, are tracked and attributed to contributors with the correct permissions.

- eco-data-science is an organization
- github-intro is a repository

Let's navigate through a github repo: eco-data-science/github-intro

GitHub Vocabulary

All collaborators will work locally on their own computers, syncing their changes back online so others work from the most current version.

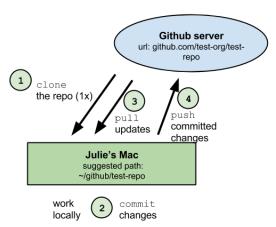
- clone: download to your computer from online version with synching capabilities enabled
- commit: message associated with your changes (see some best practices)
- ▶ pull: sync a repo on your computer with online version
- push: sync the online repo with your version, only possible after committing

sync ~ pull + commit + push



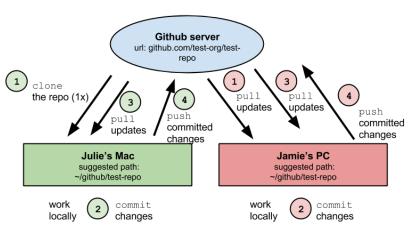
GitHub Workflow

$sync \sim pull \, + \, commit \, + \, push$



GitHub Workflow

sync ~ pull + commit + push



Best Practices

Pull often!

Commit frequently

Be mindful of filepaths

We work from a in a folder in our home directory called 'github' (all lowercase!), so that everyone can access the repo with the filepath ~/github.

▶ Windows: Users\[User]\Documents\github\

Mac: Users/[User]/github/

Please make a github folder in your home directory.

Cloning and Synching Options

You will clone a repository to your computer so you can work offline.

When you work on your computer, any edits you make to any files in your repo, using any program, will be tracked by GitHub. You can then commit and sync your changes back to GitHub. There are many options you can use to first clone and then sync your edits on a repo with the online version:

- GitHub App for Mac and for Windows
- RStudio
- shell (Terminal on Mac)

We will just use RStudio today.

Workflow demo using RStudio

- 1. clone a repo
- 2. edit a file: test_script_ohi-uswest.Rmd
- 3. commit
- 4. pull
- 5. push

Practice

If you haven't already (you can refer to the OHI Manual):

- 1. Create a GitHub account
- 2. Download and install git software, set up your git identity
- 3. Email your GitHub username to lowndes@nceas.ucsb.edu
- 4. Create a folder called **github** on your computer
- 5. Clone github-intro repository to your computer

Practice

Now:

- 1. Pull
- 2. Edit test_script_ohi-uswest.Rmd in RStudio
- 3. Commit changes
- 4. Pull
- 5. Push
- 6. Repeat!