Course Logic and Computer Science Introduction to Formal Logic Review Questions

## **Review Questions**

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~	Premise
	A numeral
~	Conclusion
	Consequent
~	Logical relation
M	ultiple choice
0	All programmers use computers
0	Some math specialists code
0	No math specialists are JavaScript programmers
•	All programmers are math specialists
Cł	neckbox
	All data is somewhere above the Empire State Building
~	All your data is stored in large collections of servers accessible over the internet
	How your data is stored is ambiguous and unclear
<b>▽</b> Mio	All the data you manage is stored in data storage services on systems like crosoft's Azure or Amazon's AWS
	All data you manage is stored on your computer

# Checkbox All mammals give live birth to their offspring ☐ Stop it! ☐ Would you shut the door please? Pluto is the third planet from the sun All computer programs are not created equal Multiple choice Fleas are biting the dog O Dogs like to scratch fleas • The dog has fleas The dog does not have fleas Multiple choice A premise

• A logical relation between the premises and conclusion

Course Logic and Computer Science Symbolizing and Logical Operators Review Questions7

#### **Review Questions**

Premises with truth value

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Statements

# Multiple choice

- 3
- 4
- 5
- ° 6

Multiple choice

- O FvE
- F v (E v D & G)
- F v (E & G)
- Fv(E&D&G)

Multiple choice

- (G --> S) v P
- O G --> (S & P)
- (G --> S) v ~P
- G v (S --> P)

Multiple choice

- O 2
- O 3

- 0 4
- 5
- 6

# Multiple choice

- A v (B --> (S v (C & M)))
- O A v B --> (S & C)
- A v (B --> S)
- O A v (((B --> S) & C v M) & G)

- 1. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- O Deductive Argument
- 2. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument
- 3. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument
- 4. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- O Deductive Argument
- 5. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- O Deductive Argument
- 6. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument
- 7. Multiple choice

- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument
- 8. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument
- 9. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument
- 10. Multiple choice
- Inductive Argument
- Deductive Argument

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1.Multiple choice
○ Valid
• Invalid
2.Multiple choice  • Valid
© Invalid
3.Multiple choice
Valid
O Invalid
4.Multiple choice
○ Valid
<ul><li>Invalid</li></ul>
5.Multiple choice
○ Valid
<ul><li>Invalid</li></ul>
6.Multiple choice
○ Valid

• Invalid
7.Multiple choice
C Valid
• Invalid
8.Multiple choice
<ul><li>Valid</li></ul>
○ Invalid
9.Multiple choice
• true premises and a false conclusion
true premises and a true conclusion
false premises and a false conclusion
false premises and a true conclusion
none of the above
10.Multiple choice
true premises and a false conclusion
C true premises and a true conclusion
C false premises and a false conclusion
false premises and a true conclusion
none of the above, for any combination is possible in an invalid argument
Course Deductive and Inductive Arguments Deductive Arguments Review Questions 2

- 1. Multiple choice
- $\bigcirc$  p --> (q v r); p; therefore, q v r
- (p & q) v (r v t); ~(r v t); therefore p & q
- p --> q; q; therefore p
- p --> q; ~q; therefore p
- 2. Multiple choice
- $\bigcirc$  p --> (q v r); p; therefore, q v r
- (p & q) v (r v t); ~(r v t); therefore p & q
- p --> q; q; therefore p
- (p & r) --> q;  $\sim$ q; therefore  $\sim$ (p & r)
- 3. Multiple choice
- $\bigcirc$  p --> (q v r); p; therefore, q v r
- [(p & q) v (r v t)] --> r; r --> (s & t); therefore [(p & q) v (r v t)] --> s & t
- op --> q; q; therefore p
- $\bigcirc$  [(p & q) v (r v t)] --> r; ~r; therefore ~[(p & q) v (r v t)]
- 4. Multiple choice

- $\bullet$  p --> (q v r); p; therefore, q v r
- $\bigcirc$  (p & q) v (r v t); ~(r v t); therefore p & q
- $\bigcirc$  p --> q; q; therefore p
- $\bigcirc$  p --> q; ~q; therefore p

## <u>Course</u> <u>Deductive and Inductive Arguments</u> <u>Inductive Arguments</u> <u>Review Questions</u>

## **Review Questions**

1.Multiple choice	
Strong	
© Weak	
2.Multiple choice  Strong	
• Weak	
3.Multiple choice	
Strong	
• Weak	
4.Multiple choice	
Strong	
© Weak	
5.Multiple choice	
Strong	
© Weak	
6.Multiple choice	

0	Strong
•	Weak
7.	Multiple choice
•	Strong
0	Weak
8.	1 Multiple choice
0	Strengthen the argument
•	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
8.	2 Multiple choice
•	Strengthen the argument
0	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
8.	3 Multiple choice
•	Strengthen the argument
0	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
8.	4 Multiple choice
0	Strengthen the argument
•	Weaken the argument

0	Unchanged
8.	5 Multiple choice
•	Strengthen the argument
0	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
8.	6 Multiple choice
0	Strengthen the argument
•	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
9.	1 Multiple choice
0	Strengthen the argument
•	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
9.2	2 Multiple choice
0	Strengthen the argument
•	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged
9.3	3 Multiple choice
•	Strengthen the argument
0	Weaken the argument
0	Unchanged

#### 9.4 Multiple choice

- Strengthen the argument
- Weaken the argument
- Unchanged

#### 9.5 Multiple choice

- Strengthen the argument
- Weaken the argument
- Unchanged

## 9.6 Multiple choice

- Strengthen the argument
- Weaken the argument
- Unchanged

## 9.7 Multiple choice

- Strengthen the argument
- Weaken the argument
- Unchanged

#### 9.8 Multiple choice

- Strengthen the argument
- Weaken the argument
- Unchanged

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- 1. Multiple choice
- A (Universal Affirmative)
- © E (Universal Negative)
- I (Particular Affirmative)
- O (Particular Negative)
- 2. Multiple choice
- A (Universal Affirmative)
- E (Universal Negative)
- I (Particular Affirmative)
- O (Particular Negative)
- 3. Multiple choice
- A (Universal Affirmative)
- © E (Universal Negative)
- I (Particular Affirmative)
- O (Particular Negative)
- 4. Multiple choice

0	A (Universal Affirmative)
•	E (Universal Negative)
0	I (Particular Affirmative)
0	O (Particular Negative)
5.	Multiple choice
0	A (Universal Affirmative)
0	E (Universal Negative)
•	I (Particular Affirmative)
0	O (Particular Negative)
6.	Multiple choice
•	A (Universal Affirmative)
	A (Universal Affirmative) E (Universal Negative)
0	
0	E (Universal Negative)
0	E (Universal Negative)  I (Particular Affirmative)
<ul><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>7</li></ul>	E (Universal Negative)  I (Particular Affirmative)  O (Particular Negative)
<ul><li>0</li><li>0</li><li>7.</li></ul>	E (Universal Negative)  I (Particular Affirmative)  O (Particular Negative)  Multiple choice
<ul><li>•</li><li>•</li></ul>	E (Universal Negative)  I (Particular Affirmative)  O (Particular Negative)  Multiple choice  A (Universal Affirmative)
<ul><li>•</li><li>•</li></ul>	E (Universal Negative)  I (Particular Affirmative)  O (Particular Negative)  Multiple choice  A (Universal Affirmative)  E (Universal Negative)

•	A (Universal Affirmative)
0	E (Universal Negative)
0	I (Particular Affirmative)
0	O (Particular Negative)
9.	Multiple choice
•	A (Universal Affirmative)
0	E (Universal Negative)
0	I (Particular Affirmative)
0	O (Particular Negative)
10	).Multiple choice
0	A (Universal Affirmative)
•	E (Universal Negative)
0	I (Particular Affirmative)

O (Particular Negative)

#### <u>Course</u> <u>Categorical Logic</u> <u>Categorical Form and Syllogism</u> Review Questions

## **Review Questions**

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I .IVI	uitip	ole (	SNO	ice

0	Some drops of seawater are salty things	
0	Most drops of seawater are salty	
•	All drops of seawater are salty things	
0	A drop of seawater is salty thing	
2.Multiple choice		
•	All olives are things that are a good source of cooking oil	
0	All olives are used for cooking oil	
0	Olives are things used in cooking	
0	An olive is a good source of cooking oil	
3.	Multiple choice	
0	Some critical thinkers are calm and rational	
0	All critical thinkers are calm and rational when faced with criticism	
•	All critical thinkers are persons who accept criticism calmly and rationally	
0	Any calm and rational person when faced with criticism is a critical thinker	
4.Multiple choice		
0	No irrational person accepts criticism calmly	

•	No irrational person are persons who accept criticism calmly	
0	All irrational persons are persons who do not accept criticism calmly	
0	No rational persons accepts criticism calmly	
5.Multiple choice		
0	No rocks are a good source of cooking oil	
•	No rocks are things that are a good source of cooking oil	
0	No rocks are things and no rocks are a good source of cooking oil	
0	Some rocks are not things that are a good source of cooking oil	
6.	Multiple choice	
•	Some citizens are people that voted	
0	Some people are voting citizens	
0	All citizens are people that voted	
0	Some citizens are people that did not vote	
7.	Multiple choice	
0	All computer programmers are fashionable	
0	Some fashionable people program computers	
0	Some computer programmers are fashionable	
•	Some computer programmers are fashionable people	
8.	Multiple choice	

O No critical thinkers are artists
<ul> <li>Some non-artists are critical thinkers</li> </ul>
Some critical thinkers are not artistic people
<ul> <li>Some artists are not critical thinkers</li> </ul>
Course Categorical Logic Venn Diagrams Review Questions
Review Questions
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1. Multiple choice
Valid
• Invalid
2. Multiple choice
Valid
○ Invalid
3. Multiple choice
Valid
□ Invalid
4. Multiple choice
○ Valid
• Invalid
5. Multiple choice

- Valid
- Invalid