

DOT^ω Candidate Rules

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	$X, Y, Z \dots$	Type Variable
	$x, y, z \dots$	Term Variable
	M	Type Label
	ℓ	Term Label
$A, B, C ::=$	$X \mid \lambda(X : K).A \mid x.A \mid X \ Y$	Type
(τ, ρ, S, U)	$\mid \top \mid \perp \mid (x : \tau) \rightarrow \rho \mid \tau \wedge \rho \mid \mu(x.\tau)$ $\mid \{\mathbf{val} \ x : \tau\} \mid \{\mathbf{type} \ X : K\}$	(Proper types)
$J, K ::=$	$\ast \mid S..U \mid \Pi(X : J).K$	Kind
$e ::=$	$\dots \mid \mathbf{let} \ \mathbf{type} \ X = \tau \ \mathbf{in} \ e$	Term
$\Gamma ::=$	$\emptyset \mid \Gamma, x : A \mid \Gamma, X : K \mid \Gamma, X = K$	Context

Figure 1: Syntax

$\frac{}{\emptyset \ \mathbf{ctx}}$	$\frac{\Gamma \ \mathbf{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash K \ \mathbf{kd}}{\Gamma, X : K \ \mathbf{ctx}}$	$\frac{\Gamma \ \mathbf{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A : \ast}{\Gamma, x : A \ \mathbf{ctx}}$
	$\frac{\Gamma \ \mathbf{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A : k}{\Gamma, x = A \ \mathbf{ctx}}$	

Figure 2: Context formation

$\frac{\Gamma \vdash S : \ast \quad \Gamma \vdash U : \ast}{\Gamma \vdash S..U \ \mathbf{kd}}$	WF-INTV	$\frac{\Gamma \vdash J \ \mathbf{kd} \quad \Gamma, X : J \vdash K \ \mathbf{kd}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi(X : J).K \ \mathbf{kd}}$	WF-DARR
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Figure 3: Kind formation

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash S_2 \leq S_1 : * \quad \Gamma \vdash U_1 \leq U_2 : *}{\Gamma \vdash S_1..S_1 \leq U_2..U_2} \text{SK-INTV} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Pi(X : J_1).K_1 \text{ kd} \quad \Gamma \vdash J_2 \leq J_1 \quad \Gamma, X : J_2 \vdash K_1 \leq K_2}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi(X : J_1).K_1 \leq \Pi(X : J_2).K_2} \text{SK-DARR}
\end{array}$$

Figure 4: Subkinding

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\Gamma, X : K \text{ ctx}}{\Gamma, X : K \vdash X : K} \text{K-VAR} \quad \frac{\Gamma, X = A \text{ ctx}}{\Gamma, X = A \vdash X : K} \text{K-ALIAS} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \top : *} \text{K-TOP} \\
\\
\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \perp : *} \text{K-BOT} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : S..U}{\Gamma \vdash A : A..A} \text{K-SING} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : * \quad \Gamma \vdash B : *}{\Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B : *} \text{K-ARR} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash J \text{ kd} \quad \Gamma, X : J \vdash A : K \quad \Gamma, X : J \vdash K \text{ kd}}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda(X : J).A : \Pi(X : J).K} \text{K-ABS} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash X : \Pi(Z : J).K \quad \Gamma \vdash Y : J \quad \Gamma, Z : J \vdash K \text{ kd} \quad \Gamma \vdash K[Y/Z] \text{ kd}}{\Gamma \vdash X Y : K[Y/X]} \text{K-APP} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : S_1..U_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash B : S_2..U_2}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B : S_1 \vee S_2..U_1 \wedge U_2} \text{K-INTERSECT} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : S..U}{\Gamma \vdash \{\text{val } \ell : A\}} \text{K-FIELD} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash K \text{ kd}}{\Gamma \vdash \{\text{type } M : K\}} \text{K-TYP} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash x : \{\text{type } M : K\}}{\Gamma \vdash x.M : K} \text{K-TYP-MEM} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash \tau : K}{\Gamma \vdash \mu(x.\tau) : K} \text{K-REC} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : J \quad \Gamma \vdash J \leq K}{\Gamma \vdash A : K} \text{K-SUB}
\end{array}$$

Figure 5: Kind assignment

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : K}{\Gamma \vdash A \leq A : K} \text{ST-REFL} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \leq B : K \quad \Gamma \vdash B \leq C : K}{\Gamma \vdash A \leq C : K} \text{ST-TRANS} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : S..U}{\Gamma \vdash A \leq \top : *} \text{ST-TOP} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A : S..U}{\Gamma \vdash \perp \leq A : *} \text{ST-BOT} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, X = \tau \text{ ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau : k}{\Gamma, X = \tau \vdash X \leq \tau : k} \text{ST-ALIAS}_1 \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma, X = \tau \text{ ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau : k}{\Gamma, X = \tau \vdash \tau \leq X : k} \text{ST-ALIAS}_2 \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B : K}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B \leq B : K} \text{ST-AND-}\ell_1 \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B : K}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B \leq B : K} \text{ST-AND-}\ell_2 \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash S \leq A : K \quad \Gamma \vdash S \leq B : K}{\Gamma \vdash S \leq A \wedge B : K} \text{ST-AND-R} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \leq B : K}{\Gamma \vdash \{\mathbf{val} \ell : A\} \leq \{\mathbf{val} \ell : B\} : *} \text{ST-FIELD} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash J \leq K}{\Gamma \vdash \{\mathbf{type} M : J\} \leq \{\mathbf{type} M : K\} : *} \text{ST-TYP} \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash X = \lambda(Z : J).A : \Pi(Z : J).K \quad \Gamma \vdash Y : J}{\Gamma \vdash X Y \leq A[Y/Z] : K[Y/Z]} \text{ST-}\beta_1 \\
\\
\frac{\Gamma \vdash X = \lambda(Z : J).A : \Pi(Z : J).K \quad \Gamma \vdash Y : J}{\Gamma \vdash A[Y/Z] \leq X Y : K[Y/Z]} \text{ST-}\beta_1
\end{array}$$

Figure 6: Subtyping

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \leq B : K \quad \Gamma \vdash B \leq A : K}{\Gamma \vdash A = B : K} \text{Eq}$$

Figure 7: Type equality

Type assignment rules are the same as Rapoport et al. [2] and Amin et al. [1], with changes and additions below.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : k \quad \Gamma, X = \tau \vdash e : \rho}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } \mathbf{type} \ X = \tau \text{ in } e : \rho} \text{LET-TYPE}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \tau : k}{\Gamma \vdash \{\mathbf{type} \ M = \tau\} : \{\mathbf{type} \ M : k\}} \text{DEF-TYPE}$$

Figure 8: Type assignment, adjusted rules