



#### **About Sec3**

- The Sec3 audit team combines industry leading security professionals, CS professors, as well as exceptional whitehats
- Top CTF competitors six-time DEF CON CTF finalist and auditors from elite teams around the world
- Team members frequently invited to present at prestigious industrial conferences such as Black Hat, DEF CON, and Pwn2Own
- www.sec3.dev



#### Content

- > Intro
- > Solana Basics
- Our CTF Challenges
- ➤ Web 2.5 Security



# Why Security?





Hackers abuse 'chaotic' Nomad exploit to drain almost \$200M in crypto

### DeFi disasters: \$31M drained from MonoX and BadgerDAO losses top \$120M

A disappointing week of exploits has put a temporary grim cloud over the end of 2021, with NEWS > CRYPTOCURRENCY NEWS

Crypto Worth Over \$320 Million Taken in Wormhole Hack

Popular bridge linking Ethereum and Solana later retrieved the stolen assets

By MARK KOLAKOWSKI Published February 03, 2022



MOTHERBOARD

Decentralized Crypto Exchange Offline After Hacker Steals \$113M

\$100 million worth of crypto has been stolen in another major hack

Carly Page @carlypage / 2:03 PM GMT+2 • August 2, 2022

PUBLISHED FRI. JUN 24 2022-6:38 AM EDT | UPDATED FRI. JUN 24 2022-9:28 AM ED



Ryan Browne
@RYAN\_BROWNE







Comment

According to DefiLlama, total value hacked this year is ~1.3 billion



# Why I Prefer Solana?



### Why I Prefer Solana?

No "gas stress"

Superfast

Safer smart contracts (written in Rust)

Code and data decoupling



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### Accounts



```
1 #[derive(Clone)]
2 pub struct AccountInfo<'a> {
3    /// Public key of the account
```

```
pub key: &'a Pubkey,
      /// Was the transaction signed by this account's public key?
       pub is_signer: bool,
      /// Is the account writable?
       pub is_writable: bool,
 9
       /// The lamports in the account. Modifiable by programs.
10
       pub lamports: Rc<RefCell<&'a mut u64>>,
11
       /// The data held in this account. Modifiable by programs.
       pub data: Rc<RefCell<&'a mut [u8]>>,
13
       /// Program that owns this account
14
       pub owner: &'a Pubkey,
15
      /// This account's data contains a loaded program (and is now read-only)
16
       pub executable: bool,
17
      /// The epoch at which this account will next owe rent
18
       pub rent_epoch: Epoch,
19 }
```



#### Program Derived Addresses (PDAs)

- PDAs are 32-byte strings that look like public keys, but don't have corresponding private keys
- findProgramAddress will deterministically derive a PDA from a programId and seeds (collection of bytes)
- A bump (one byte) is used to push a potential PDA off the ed25519 elliptic curve
- Programs can sign for their PDAs by providing the seeds and bump to invoke\_signed
- A PDA can only be signed by the program from which it was derived



### **Transactions**



 $Signature \\ 2tdRmSExF3rYQNfHGgAPEcQoaig1CiZRJ83TfXZjrK2nr61zzzMkeUirJwr6P3JAcYTspjzUtmAVSY7GbwUvGekG \\ \boxdot$ 

Block # 233484472 🕞

Result

Signer

Fee

Main Actions

**唱 Tx Map** 

Timestamp 21 minutes ago | ① December 02, 2023 05:10:15 +UTC

Success | Finalized (MAX confirmations)

Hqo1t5oFRfKkHCPuf5rTPvcnUQPbk9zVGshyRtB71NnN 🕞

0.000014333 SOL

Swap 9,169,100,434.59 ACL for 0.2935615 SOL on Raydium Liquidity Pool V4

Transfer from Hqo1t5...B71NnN 🕝 to Raydium Authority V4 🕝 for 9,169,100,434.59 🧰 ACL 🕞

Transfer from Raydium Authority V4 ( to As6ByN...ZNLYtZ ( for 0.2935615 SOL (



#### #3 - Create Associated Account

Inner Instructions

Interact With Associated Token Account Program - ATokenGPvbdGVxr1b2hvZbsiqW5xWH25efTNsLJA8knL

Input Accounts #1 - Authority - Hqo1t5oFRfKkHCPuf5rTPvcnUQPbk9zVGshyRtB71NnN Writable Signer Fee Payer

#2 - AssociatedAccount - As6ByNm1bDP48p8741AsvXVgAf7FZQbbvBc2WRZNLYtZ Writable

#4 - TokenProgramId - Token Program

#3.1 GetAccountDataSize

Interact With Token Program - TokenkegQfeZyiNwAJbNbGKPFXCWuBvf9Ss623VQ5DA

Input Accounts ExtensionTypes immutableOwner



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### N1CTF 2022

**Utility Payment Service** 



```
1 let base_fee = 15_u16;
2 if escrow_data.amount >= 10 {
      if amount < base_fee {</pre>
           escrow_data.amount -= base_fee;
      } else {
 6
           assert!(escrow_data.amount >= amount);
           escrow_data.amount -= amount;
9 } else {
       msg!("ABORT: Cannot make payments");
10
11 }
12
13 escrow_data
14
       .serialize(&mut &mut (*escrow_account.data).borrow_mut()[..])
15
       .unwrap();
```



### N1CTF 2022

Simple Staking



#### Simple Staking

Initialize

Register (org\_name, employee\_id)

Deposit (org\_name, employee\_id, amount)

Withdraw (org\_name, employee\_id, amount)



```
1 #[account]
2 #[repr(C, align(8))]
3 #[derive(Default)]
4 pub struct Catalog {
5    pub orgs: Vec<String>,
6    pub ids: Vec<String>,
7 }
```

```
1 #[account]
2 #[repr(C, align(8))]
3 #[derive(Default)]
4 pub struct EmployeeRecord {
5    pub org: String,
6    pub id: String,
7    pub key: Pubkey,
8 }
```



```
1 #[account(
       init_if_needed,
       seeds = [org_name.as_bytes(), employee_id.as_bytes()],
      bump,
       space = Vault::SIZE,
 6
       payer = user
7)]
 8 pub vault: Account<'info, Vault>,
 9
10 #[account(
       seeds = [user.key().as_ref()],
12
      bump,
13
       constraint = employee_record.org == org_name,
14
      constraint = employee_record.id == employee_id,
15
       constraint = employee_record.key == user.key(),
16 )]
17 pub employee_record: Account<'info, EmployeeRecord>,
```



#### Simple Staking

- Rich victim:
  - org\_name = "product",
  - employee\_id = "employ\_A"



#### Simple Staking

- Rich victim:
  - org\_name = "product",
  - employee\_id = "employ\_A"
- Malicious user:
  - org\_name = "producte",
  - employee\_id = "mploy\_A"



## N1CTF 2023

**Pool** 



#### Pool

InitPool (args)

Deposit (amount, account\_name)

Withdraw (amount, account\_name)



17 }

```
1 #[repr(C)]
 2 #[derive(BorshSerialize, BorshDeserialize, PartialEq, Debug, Clone)]
 3 pub struct DepositRecord {
     /// Deposit amount
       pub amount: u64,
      /// LP token amount
      pub lp_token_amount: u64,
     /// Pool address
       pub pool: Pubkey,
10
     /// User address
11
       pub user: Pubkey,
12 }
13
14 impl DepositRecord {
15
       pub const SEED_PREFIX: &'static str = "RECOOORD";
16
       pub const LEN: usize = 0x2000; // I'm too lazy to calculate this
```





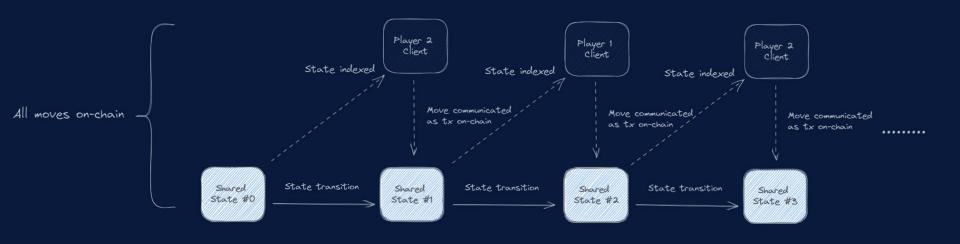
```
1 // Calculate the amount of SOL to withdraw
2 let total_supply = Mint::unpack(&lp_token_mint.data.borrow())?.supply;
3 let mut lamport_amount = (amount as u128)
4    .checked_mul(**pool_account.lamports.borrow() as u128)
5    .and_then(|mul_result| mul_result.checked_div(total_supply as u128))
6    .unwrap() as u64;
```



#### Content

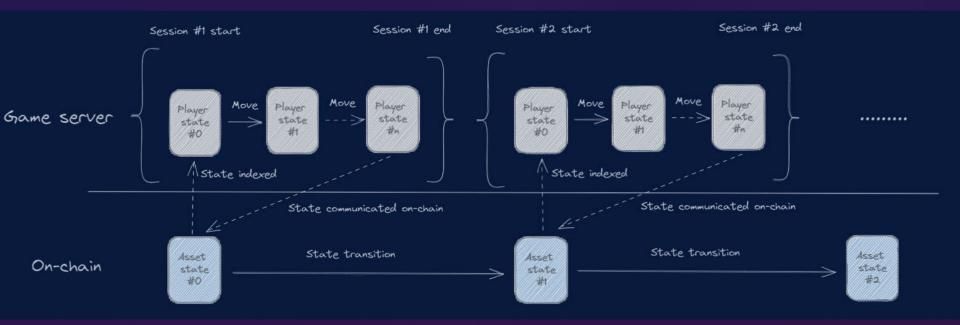
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Reference: https://jumpcrypto.com/writing/defining-on-chain-gaming/





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# 京麒CTF 2023 CTFDAO



#### **CTFDAO**

CreateDao (quorum\_votes)

CreateProposal (description)

Vote (amount, support)

CloseProposal



```
1 /// Event emitted when a proposal is finalized
2 #[event]
3 #[derive(Debug)]
 4 pub struct ProposalFinalized {
      /// The public key of the DAO that owns this proposal
      #[index]
      pub dao: Pubkey,
      /// The unique identifier of this proposal
 8
 9
      #[index]
10
      pub id: u64,
11
      /// The public key of the proposal's creator
12
      pub proposer: Pubkey,
13
      /// The number of votes in support required for this proposal to succeed
      pub quorum_votes: u64,
14
15
      /// The number of votes in support of this proposal
16
      pub for votes: u64,
17
      /// The number of votes in opposition to this proposal
18
      pub against_votes: u64,
19
      /// Whether the proposal succeeded
20
      pub did_pass: bool,
21 }
```



```
1 for log in logs {
     if let Some(data) = log.strip_prefix("Program data: ") {
      let bytes = general_purpose::STANDARD.decode(data.as_bytes())?;
      let (discriminantor, event) = bytes.split_at(8);
      let discriminantor: [u8; 8] = discriminantor.try_into()?;
      match discriminantor {
         . . .
         chall::ProposalFinalized::DISCRIMINATOR => {
           let event = chall::ProposalFinalized::try_from_slice(event)?;
10
           if event.did_pass && event.dao == dao && event.id == 0 {
             writeln!(socket, "Congrats!")?;
11
12
             . . .
13
14
15
           => {}
16
17
18 }
```



### 京麒CTF 2023

闪耀! 优俊CTFer (by wupco)



```
1 if (item.type === 'exp') {
      player_gold = BigInt(player.gold)
      player_exp = parseFloat(player.exp)
      if (player_gold < BigInt(cost) || BigInt(cost) <= 0) {</pre>
           return res.status(400).json({ error: 'Insufficient gold.' });
 6
       player_gold -= BigInt(cost);
 8
       player.gold = player_gold.toString();
      player_exp += cost;
      player.exp = player_exp.toString();
10
11
       await player.save();
12
       await levelUp(player);
```



```
1 > BigInt(233) - BigInt([1])
2 232n
3 > BigInt(233) + [1]
4 '2331'
```

JS is weird (.com)

